

# Bromesberrow St Mary's C of E Primary School Maths Curriculum Overview.

We believe that <u>all</u> children can deepen their understanding within mathematics across our school through motivated teachers, courage and perseverance. At Bromesberrow St Mary's Primary School, we are developing the mindsets of both children and staff, building resilience and a 'can do' attitude to be well rounded, motivated and successful mathematicians. With high quality first teaching and expectations, intelligent practice, collaborative learning and intervention and support, all our children will be given every opportunity to develop key concepts and explore mathematics deeply, being positively enabled to *Reach for the Stars* in their learning of mathematics.

Skill it: demonstrates fluency – being quick in solving questions (procedural knowledge).

**Apply it:** demonstrates verbal and written reasoning. Children are able to explain why something has happened, how it can be done (proving) and what needs to be done to correct it – declarative knowledge/conceptual knowledge. This is an area for children to show a 'can do' attitude and persevere to improve, developing resilient learners at Bromesberrow.

**Deepen it:** demonstrates problem solving skills, which we encourage to be open ended. Children will show a depth in understanding a specific mathematical concept in a range of different ways and in different scenarios. Transferring the skills they have learnt in that concept to wider fields (conditional knowledge).

#### **Early Years Foundation Stage:**

In Preschool and Reception note that the definition alter slightly in line with the characteristics of effective teaching within Early Years:

Skill it - through adult modelling and imitation, children will play and explore by giving things a go.

**Apply it** – children being able to say if something is right/wrong or good/bad and are **actively learning** where they are concentrating and willing to try out new things.



**Deepen it**- children use their learning in different circumstances and can change something using concrete materials to make it correct; demonstrating an ability in **creativity and thinking critically** to make links.

The Early Years Foundation Stage provides our children with the fundamental components to mathematics and our curriculum reflects this by ensuring the children are provided with the opportunities to develop a deep understanding within mathematics with a 'can do' attitude. Within Early Years, their mathematical development is hugely influenced by our children being able to explore, practice and enjoy Maths through concrete and pictorial representations to deepen understanding. To support this deepened understanding, the children will continuously be developing five key skills throughout all their learning objectives and continuous provision;

Subitising: instantly recognise small quantities.

Counting: regular opportunities to practise counting forward and back. This is broken into 5 principles:

- The one-one principle: children assigning one number name to each object that is being counted. Children need to ensure they count each object only once ensuring they have counted every object.
- The stable-order principle: children understand when counting, the numbers have to be said in a certain order.
- The cardinal principle: children understand that the number name assigned to the final object in a group is the total number in that group.
- The abstraction principle: involves children understanding that anything can be counted including things that cannot be touched including sounds and movements e.g. jumps.
- The order-irrelevance principle: involves children understanding that the order we count a group of objects is irrelevant. There will still be the same number.

Composition: recognise that all quantities are composed of smaller quantities.

Sorting and matching: notice similarities and differences as they match and sort objects in different contexts.



Compare and order: compare and order quantities and measures by noticing more than/fewer than and equal amounts.

		Pre School		
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk
Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising').	Point to small groups of two or three objects: "Look, there are two!" Occasionally ask children how many there are in a small set of two or three.	Able to correct someone or themselves if recognition is incorrect.	Child picks up equipment as part of their play independently and is able to subitise quickly and accurately.	Count One, two, three, four, five. More than, fewer than, circles, rectangles, triangles, cuboids, sides, corners, straight,
Recite numbers past 5.	Regularly say the counting sequence accurately.	Able to correct someone or themselves if recognition is incorrect.	In a variety of playful contexts, inside and outdoors, forwards and backwards, sometimes going to high numbers. For example: hide and seek, rocket-launch countdowns.	flat, round, sharp corner, straight edge, pointy, curvy, off, on, under, on top, on, beside, next
Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5.	Count things and then repeat the last number. For example: "1, 2, 3 – 3 cars". Point out the number of things whenever possible; so, rather than just 'chairs', 'apples' or 'children', say 'two chairs', 'three apples', 'four children'.	Recognise if someone has counted correctly or incorrectly and able to verbalise if something is incorrect.	Children to use this counting within their own independent play.	to, between, down, large, small, exactly, size, length, long, short, heavy, light, first, then, after, before, morning, afternoon, evening
Know that the last number reached when counting a	Ask children to get you a number of things, and emphasise the total	Children able to say yes or no to the number of objects they have in relation to what they	Children independently show an adult remembering earlier conversations e.g 'I	and night-time, earlier, later, too late, too soon, in a



small set of objects	number in your conversation with	have been asked. Some	have 3 cars' may then go and find	minute, yesterday,
tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle').	the child.	children may then self-correct/ some may need adult support e.g. you need 2 more cars. Now we have 4 cars	another set of 3 objects.	tomorrow
Show 'finger numbers' up to 5	When counting shows on fingers. Adult models counting up to 5 on fingers.	Able to say if the number of fingers is right or wrong	Transfer this into counting other objects.	
Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5.	Use small numbers to manage the learning environment. Suggestions: have a pot labelled '5 pencils' or a crate for '3 trucks'. Draw children's attention to these throughout the session and especially at tidy-up time: "How many pencils should be in this pot?" or "How many have we got?" etc.	Able to say if the number of objects is correct or incorrect and can change where needed.	Able to transfer knowledge of amount into different scenarios.	
Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.	Encourage children in their own ways of recording, for example how many balls they managed to throw through the hoop. Provide numerals nearby for reference.	Talk about the numerals they have written.	Use in play – independently	
Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.	Discuss mathematical ideas throughout the day, inside and outdoors. Suggestions: - "I think Adam has got more crackers" "I wonder how many sticks I need to make a potion"	'I have given Adam 4 crackers' – actually give child three crackers. Child should recognise if that is right or wrong.	Support children to solve problems using fingers, objects and marks: "There are four of you, but there aren't enough chairs"	



Compare	Draw children's attention to	Correctly say who has more or	Able to share objects out so one has	
quantities using	differences and changes in	who has fewer.	more or one has fewer etc. can do this	
language: 'more	amounts, such as those in stories		through visually seeing a bigger pile and	
than', 'fewer than'.	like 'The Enormous Turnip'. 'You		then count after.	
	have more than me'			
Talk about and	Encourage children to play freely	What is the same and what is	When playing independently or in another	
explore 2D and 3D	with blocks, shapes, shape	different?	environment, children to spot 2D and 3D	
shapes (for	puzzles and shape-sorters.		shapes in those environments and name	
example, circles,			these without any adult intervention.	
rectangles,	Encourage children to talk			
triangles and	informally about shape properties			
cuboids) using	using words like 'sharp corner',			
informal and	'pointy' or 'curvy'. Talk about			
mathematical	shapes as you play with them:			
language: 'sides',	"We need a piece with a straight			
'corners';	edge."			
'straight', 'flat',				
'round'.				
Understand	Discuss position in real contexts.	Is the ball under the table?	Children use in play.	
position through	Suggestions: how to shift the	Children able to say yes/no		
words alone – for	leaves off a path, or sweep water	and explain accurately where		
example, "The bag	away down the drain.	it is.		
is under the table,"				
<ul> <li>– with no pointing.</li> </ul>				
Describe a familiar	Use spatial words in play,	Is the troll under the bridge?	Children using this language in play.	
route.	including 'in', 'on', 'under', 'up',	Children able to say yes/no		
	'down', 'besides' and 'between'.	and explain accurately where		
	Suggestion: "Let's put the troll	it is.		



	under the bridge and the billy goat		
	beside the stream."		
Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.	<ul> <li>Take children out to shops or the park: recall the route and the order of things seen on the way.</li> <li>Adult model the vocabulary as they make any route.</li> </ul>	Did they go the right way? Yes or no. Which way should they have gone?	Set up obstacle courses, interesting pathways and hiding places for children to play with freely. When appropriate, ask children to describe their route and give directions to each other. Provide complex train tracks, with loops and bridges, or water-flowing challenges with guttering that direct the flow to a water tray, for children to play freely with. Read children stories such as Rosie's walk.
Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity.	Provide experiences of size changes. "Can you make a puddle larger?", "When you squeeze a sponge, does it stay small?", "What happens when you stretch dough, or elastic?" Talk with children about their everyday ways of comparing size, length, weight and capacity. Model more specific techniques, such as lining up ends of lengths	Able to explain why something is larger or smaller in an age appropriate way.	See children using the modelled learning in their own play.



	and straightening ribbons,		
	discussing accuracy "is it exactly		
	the same?"		
Select shapes	Flat surfaces for building, a	Will this be good to use on the	If something isn't working within their
appropriately	triangular prism for a roof etc.	bottom?	construction, they adapt and alter what
	Provide a variety of construction		they are doing to find success.
	materials like blocks and	Did that work? Discussion of	
	interlocking bricks. Provide den-	why not or why it did.	
	making materials. Allow children		
	to play freely with these materials,		
	outdoors and inside. When		
	appropriate, talk about the shapes		
	and how their properties suit the		
	purpose.		
Combine shapes to	Provide shapes that combine to	Explain what their design is	Able to find what they need to complete
make new ones -	make other shapes, such as	and how they made it.	their design independently.
an arch, a bigger	pattern blocks and interlocking		
triangle etc.	shapes, for children to play freely		Occasionally suggest challenges, so that
	with. When appropriate, discuss		children build increasingly more complex
	the different designs that children		constructions.
	make.		
	Use tidy-up time to match blocks		
	to silhouettes or fit things in		
	containers, describing and		
	naming shapes. Suggestion:		
	"Where does this <i>triangular one /</i>		
	cylinder/ cuboid go?"		



Talk about and	For example: stripes on clothes,	Able to spot mistakes within	Provide a range of natural and everyday
identify the	designs on rugs and wallpaper.	the pattern.	objects and materials, as well as blocks
patterns around	Use informal language like		and shapes, for children to play with
them.	'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc.		freely and to make patterns with. When
			appropriate, encourage children to
	Provide patterns from different		continue patterns.
	cultures, such as fabrics.		
Extend and create	Engage children in following and	Notice and correct an error in	Create their own pattern for someone to
ABAB patterns	inventing movement and music	a repeating pattern.	follow.
	patterns, such as clap, stamp,		
	clap, stamp.		
Denin (e.denenikere	Stick, leaf, stick, leaf.		
Begin to describe a	Talk about patterns of events, in	When retelling a story or	When role playing with small world/dolls,
sequence of	cooking or getting dressed.	sequence of events children are able to correct themselves	children use the language freely and
events, real or fictional, using	Suggestions: - 'First', 'then', 'after', 'before' -	or correct someone else by	correctly to describe events that are happening in a sequence.
words such as	"Every day we"	saying where something is	riappening in a sequence.
'first', 'then'	- "Every evening we"	right/wrong.	
mot, men		ngno wrong.	
	Talk about the sequence of		
	events in stories.		
	Count down to forthcoming		
	events on the calendar in terms of		
	number of days or sleeps. Refer		
	to the days of the week, and the		
	day before or day after,		
	'yesterday' and 'tomorrow		



		Reception		
		Number		
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk
Able to make comparisons between amounts.	<ul> <li>Children shown smaller and larger quantities to compare. Adults model this language. Show children amounts in quantity and size.</li> <li>E.g. more or less cake, size of each item, number of items in each group. Building blocks outside – challenge the children to make a shorter tower and a taller tower. How many crates/blocks did you use?</li> <li>Loose parts – one child grabs a handful as does another child. Does your friend hold more than you, fewer than you or the same amount?</li> </ul>	Children given different groups of different sizes/quantities and they are able to explain which one is smaller or larger. Adult could make an error with the expectation of the child correcting them.	Recognise comparison in other day to day activities, such as snack time or when sharing. Children may link this to the idea of fairness.	Number, one, two, three to twenty and beyond, none, count on/up/to/from/down , before, after, more, less, many, few, fewer, fewest, smaller, smallest, equal to, the same as, odd, even, digit, numeral, compare, order, size, value, between, halfway between, number line, add, more,
Count 1,2,3	<ul> <li>Subitise or count to find how many objects they have.</li> <li>Encouraged to make their own collections.</li> </ul>	Use cards that show the number and a picture card set that represents the numbers. Show an	Children create their own games and create a scoring system using their knowledge of representing 1, 2 and 3.	plus, make, sum, total, altogether, double, half, halve, equals, is the same (including equals



	<ul> <li>Match number names we say to numerals and quantities.</li> <li>Use own mark making to represent 1,2,3 e.g. scoring in their own game.</li> <li>Have a number hunt inside and out.</li> <li>Prepare dot card for children to call out 1, 2 and 3 depending on the number of dots they see.</li> <li>Hickory dickory dock nursery rhyme.</li> <li>Children could count the number of beats on a drum.</li> </ul>	example of matching card together. Is this true or false? What is wrong? How can we make this right?		sign), how many more to make? How many more is? How much more is? Subtract, take away, minus, share, share equally, group in pairs, equal groups of, divide, split, whole, equal, one half, number track, tens frame, number cards,
Comparing 1,2 and 3.	<ul> <li>Children begin to recognise that as we count, each number is one more than the number before. Similarly as we count back, each number is one less than the previous number.</li> <li>Use a range of representations to support understanding and encourage children to represent one more/ one less patterns as the count.</li> <li>Use stories and number songs that count one more or one less.</li> <li>e.g. The Three little bears</li> </ul>	Ask children to compare how far they can travel in 3 giant steps or in 1 or 2. In 1, 2 and 3 tip toes. 'I think we got further when we made 1 step' children should recognise that this is incorrect and correct the mistake.	With the children, count how many items are in a hidden bag? Ask the children to watch as you add one more item to the hidden group. How many will there be now? What if you take one out? Drop stones on marbles into a bucket and children count how many sounds they hear. How many are there? What if we add one more? How do you know? How can we check?	number squares, numicon, count, work out, Subitise, compare, smaller, larger, zero, number bonds, if I add one more how many will there be? If I take one out how many will there be? How do you know? How can we check?



	Furthers and as the different			
Composition of 1, 2	Explore and notice the different	If I have 1 and 1 there	Place 1, 2 or 3 items into a feely bag. Ask	Could there be
and 3.	compositions of 2 and 3 e.g. $1+1 = 2$	will be 3? – Children	the children to feel inside the bag and try	zero? What do you
<ul> <li>Introduce that</li> </ul>	1+1+1= 3 1+2=3 2+1=3.	should recognise this is	to count how many there are without	notice when you try
all numbers are		incorrect and say the	looking. Count to check.	to make pairs
made of smaller	Use hands to make bunny ears – using	correct answer.		with
numbers.	two hands show me different ways to	Encourage children to		Can you arrange
	make 1, 2 and 3.	use fingers or		smallest to largest?
	Create the numbers using numicon.	equipment to show the		How many do you
	When children are playing with small	correct answer.		have to start? How
	world – ask the children how many			many do you have
	animals they have in one field, how			now? Why? Can
	many have we got in the other?			you represent what
Children count on and	Children could make their own	When counting,	With the children, count how many items	we did using
back to four.	collections of up to 4 items.	children able to self-	are in a hidden bag? Ask the children to	counters?
- Count objects,		correct if a mistake has	watch as you add one more item to the	Read, write, listen,
actions and	Have a basket of something interesting to count. Ask the children	been made or highlight	hidden group. How many will there be	join in, tell me,
sounds up to	to count out 4 items and arrange them on a whiteboard.	the mistake someone	now? What if you take one out?	describe, work out.
four to find how	How many are there altogether?	else has made.		
many.	Does your 4 look the same as mine?	e.g. there are 4 items		
- Subitise sets of	Rearrange the items. How many are there now? Can you make yours look the same as mine?	but they only count 3.		
up to 4 objects	Can you arrange your 4 in a different pattern to mine?	Child may respond with		
to find how	What smaller groups can you see in your 4?	'there are 4! You didn't		
		count this one.'		
many.	Set up a number hunt outside. In the	Recount then with the		
- Match number	pictures have 4 represented in different	child leading that.		
names to	ways.			
numerals and				
quantities.				
<ul> <li>Able to say</li> </ul>				
which set has				



more or fewer items. - Use own mark marking to represent numbers to 4.				
<ul> <li>Final number they say is the quantity.</li> <li>Children able to link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value (how many of something).</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Subitise up to 5 items.</li> <li>Count forwards and backwards with 5.</li> <li>Represent up to 5 objects.</li> <li>Children able to link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use 5 frames to r number.</li> <li>Link in children's counting forward.</li> <li>Counting 5 on fing five'. 'let's count</li> <li>Use 5 bean bags, numerals 1-5 and hat. Arrange the r around the edge of Hide a quantity of</li> </ul>	birthdays when birthdays when gers. 'Show me back from 5' , fly swatters, l a bucket or numerals of an area.	Encourage them to join their blocks to build a tower	d iny.



number value (how many of something).	under the bucker to hat and then reveal. Children subitise how many and then run to swat the correct number.			
One more and one less. - Count, subitise and compare number.	Use five frames to represent number and predict how man there would be if you add one and subtract 1. Use songs and stories e.g. 5 current buns/five little ducks Ask children to make a number on a five frame. $\overbrace{o}$ $\overbrace{o}$ $\overbrace{o}$ $\overbrace{o}$ Can you show me one more? One less? Use a 1-5 number track underneath the five frame. Can you point to the number you made? Can you point to one more and one less than your number?	Show/ say an incorrect way when showing one more or one less. Children should then pick up on the mistake and then correct what you have done.	Provide children with pictures of objects to arrange on the washing line in order. As the children order the pictures encourage them to use the language of one more and one less. What can you tell me about 3? Prompt the children to see that 3 is one more than 2 and also one less than 4. Hide one of the cards and ask the children to work out which number is missing. What strategies will they use to work out which number is missing?	
<ul> <li>Introducing Zero <ul> <li>Know the number name zero.</li> <li>'0' in relation to 'nothing there' and 'all gone'</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Popular counting back songs like 5 little monkeys jumping on the bed. – Children could predict how many monkeys would be left on the bed after one falls off. Encourage children to represent numbers including zero.	Adult to say there are zero apples on the tree when there are more than zero. Children would then correct this mistake and could draw a tree showing zero apples.	Children independently recording zero in games they play that may involve scoring. Able to say there is zero and what zero means for that score.	



	'Show me 3 fingers, show me 5 fingers, show me 0 fingers'			
	'Can you park zero cars in this space?'			
Comparing numbers	Is it fair?	Hold up the incorrect	Whilst children are in their continuous	
to five	Has everyone got the same?	number of fingers e.g. I	hear the language being used	
- Continue to	Use snack time to reinforce the	have more than 3	independently – being able to comment	
recognise that quantities can	language use of comparing. 'Hold up more than 3 fingers, fewer	fingers showing but hold up less than 3.	on if something is fair or unfair due to the quantities they have.	
be more than,	than, the same'.	Children should then		
fewer/less than	Provide opportunities to compare smaller quantities of large	recognise this mistake		
or the same as.	items with larger quantities of small items to help children make the distinction between size and quantity.	and give examples on		
	E.g. 2 large balls take up more space than 3 small balls but	how to make it correct.		
	Make towers using pebbles – who can			
	make the tallest tower?			
	How many pebbles are in each tower?			
Composition of 4 and	Does your tower have more or less?	Mistaka waada in		
Composition of 4 and 5	Encourage children to Subitise (instantly recognise these small	Mistake made in composition of number	Exploring Possibilities	
- Explore and	quantities without counting) throughout	and would want to see	Show the children an empty feely bag.	
notice the	this objective.	the child self-correct or	Together, count 4 pebbles into the bag.	
different	-	child is able to correct	Take out an unseen amount in your hand. Ask the children to discuss how many could be in your	
compositions of	e.g 5 can be made up of 1+1+1+1+1 or	someone ese and show	hand and how many could be left in the bag.	
4 and 5.	3+2	how to make it correct.		



	Respect, Motivation, Coopera	ation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance	
Represent, count and compare 6, 7 and 8 in different ways.         -       Continue to apply counting principles.         -       Count out required number of objects from a larger group.         -       Order and compare representation.         -       Continue to recognise one more/less as they count on/back to 8.         -       Children able to link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value (how many of something).	How many spots? misco Do you know any other creatures with 6 legs? object Use counters to add 6 spots to the other ladybird Can you find more than one way to do it? or corr	bunt the number of ts etc – expect en to self-correct rrect others and how to do it	in different ways and



#### Children independently pair items Making pairs Have objects paired Have a basket of unsorted socks or wellies and ask the together with an odd together. They could go on a pair hunt for children to help you sort them into pairs. Begin to Can they spot which pairs go together? one – 'All my objects items and are able to independently pair understand a Why do they match? are in a pair'. Children items together. Recognising that pair is pair is two. should recognise that two. Able to clearly explain their pairing Children to one of the objects is on rules. arrange small its own and not in a quantities into Encourage children to investigate making pairs using differen pair. Provide each child with a blue 'pool' and 8 fish. Ask them to pairs. quantities of small world creatures cubes or counters. Which

-

-

- Begin to notice some quantities will have odd one.	quantities of small world creatures, cubes or counters. Which quantities will make pairs and which will have one left out? Do they notice a pattern? Draw children's attention to when objects are grouped into twos and calling this a pair.		<ul> <li>arrange their fish into pairs.</li> <li>Ask the children what they notice.</li> <li>Ask the children to arrange their fish in a different way and to discuss the different compositions of 8 that they notice.</li> <li>Encourage them to explore the composition of 6 and 7 in a similar way.</li> <li>You can vary the contexts. For example, cars in a car park, horses in a field, ladybirds on a log.</li> </ul>
Combining two groups. - Combine two groups to find out how many altogether. - Children continue to practise subitising.	Tell your partner about the flowers. How many purple flowe can you see? How many blue flowers? How many flowers altogether? Provide an assortment of 1-5 number shapes. Ask the children to choose a number shape. Next, find a friend and combine their shapes to see what number they can make altogether? Repeat by moving to different friends.	groups together.	Spread a set of dominoes out face down. Ask the children to pick a domino and tell their partner how many spots there are on each side. Can their partner tell them how many spots on the domino altogether? What if my domino has 6 spots? How many could be on each side? Can you draw a domino with 6 spots? Can you draw more than one?



9 and 10	Show children a number card and ask	Have number cards	Within children's play, they independently	
<ul> <li>Apply counting</li> </ul>	them to show you the number using	lined up. Hide one of	use their knowledge of counting forward	
principles when	their fingers or other objects.	the cards – can the	and back with 9 and 10. They represent	
counting 9 and		children spot which one	9 and 10 in the games they play in writing	
10 (forwards	Finding 9 and 10 using numicon.	is missing?	and using objects from their environment.	
and backwards)			This is done without support.	
- Represent 9	Ask children to count out 9 or 10	Ask the children to help		
and 10 in	objects. Can they find different ways to	you order a set of		
different ways.	arrange their objects?	number cards up to 10.		
- Arrange 9 or 10		As you do this, make		
items into small		deliberate mistakes.		
groups	Show me 10 beads on a bead string.	Can the children spot		
•	Show me 9.	these and correct you?		
- Notice that a 10				
frame is full				
when there is 10				
- Subitise 9 and				
10 e.g. I know it				
is 9 because I	Ask the children to build a wall and set up 10			
see 3,3 and 3/ 4	green bottles. Each time a bottle 'accidently falls' ask the children how many have fallen			
and 5.	and how many are standing.			
<ul> <li>Children able to</li> </ul>	Do they always have 10 in total?			
link the number				
symbol				
(numeral) with				
its cardinal				
number value				
(how many of				
something).				



	Respect, Motivation, Coope	<mark>peration,</mark> Kindness, Prid	e, Perseverance	
Comparing numbers to 10. - Make comparisons by lining items up with 1-1 correspondence (match number to object) to compare directly or count each set. - Begin to compare/order 3 or more quantities.	Use cubes to build towers from 1 to 10. Can the children order the towers? What do they notice? Can they see that each number is one more than the number before? Ask questions to make comparisons for a real purpose.	ing dominos, ildren find the mino with 7 spots. nd 6 for fewer but ace as more than. ild to spot this stake and order rrectly.	During times in the day children can be using this language independently with numbers up to 10. E.g. voting on a class book/ comparing snack or toys with their peers. 'you have more than me. You have 8 and I have 5'.	
Bonds to 10. - Explore number bonds to 10 using real objects in different contexts e.g. there are 10 apples.	filled – how many more do we need to make 10? Can also use bead strings/fingers. 6 sp to th nee obje tens of c and	th a tens frame, have spaces filled in. Say the children you ed three more jects to complete the ns frame. Expectation children to correct d say that 4 more are eded not three.	How many ways can they find to park 10 cars in 2 car parks? Encourage independency when doing this.	



	<ul> <li>Provide each child with a numicon piece. Ask them to find a partner who can complete the numicon piece to make 10.</li> <li>10 hunt: draw a large tens frame on the ground outside. Hide 10 of the same object e.g. duck for children to find. As they children are finding them keep bringing them back to how many they already have and how many more they need to find.</li> </ul>	Pots to 10 Provide pots labelled with numbers 1-10 and a selection of loose parts such as beads or cubes. Ask the children to count the correct number of beads into each pot. Can they find 2 pots which have 10 beads in total? Is there more than one way to do it? Can they find a way to make 10 by combining 3 pots? How can they check they have 10? Is there more than one possible way? Can they draw what they found?	
<ul> <li>Building numbers</li> <li>beyond 10 <ul> <li>Build and</li> <li>identify numbers</li> <li>to 20 and</li> <li>beyond.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use tens <ul> <li>frames, bead</li> <li>strings, tower</li> <li>cubes.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Provide <ul> <li>opportunities for</li> <li>children to</li> <li>recognise that</li> <li>numbers 1-9</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Show the children 11 using the number shapes or 10 frame. What do the children notice? Can they see which number is represented? Now build 12. What's the same? What's different? Continue the pattern, ask the children to predict wha numbers come next and how they could represent each number. What happens when they get to 20 and beyond?	Provide black outlines of a cityscape for the children to fill using numicon. Independently they see which number fills each tower. They see if they can find more than one way of doing it. They could then go on to create their own cityscape for their peers to complete.	



repeat after every full 10.	Prepare some number card with numbers up to 20 (and beyond when necessary) show children the number card – they say the number then represent it using numicon. Children to have number card and pictorial cards representing number – play snap.		
Counting patterns beyond 10. - Count on beyond 10 - Count back beyond 10 - Count on and back from different starting points	<ul> <li>Provide children with representations which clearly show full 10s and part of 10 e.g. 14 one full 10 and 4.</li> <li>Use of a number line and 100 square to support children.</li> <li>Play a game 'I count, you count' – blue is what the adult says, red is what the child says 4, 5, 6 7,8,9, 10, 11, 12, 13,14,15 etc. 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7 etc.</li> <li>Provide a set of towers to 20 with one tower missing. Can they make the missing tower?</li> </ul>	Tell the children you are going to make the number 17 on a tens frame. Fill in the incorrect number on the tens frame. Children should recognise the mistake and correct it.	How Many is 100? Prepare collections of objects, some with exactly 100, some with fewer and some with more. Challenge the children to guess which sets have exactly 100 items. Once they have made their guess, they can check by arranging the objects onto ten 10 frames. Are they surprised? They might also like to make their own collections of 100 Encourage the children to investigate 100 in different ways: How far can you travel in 100 steps? How long would a paper chain with 100 links be? How tall is a tower of 100 linking cubes? (Building the paper chain and tower in 10s, changing the colour after each set of 10, makes it easier to keep track of the ten 10s)



	Race to 20. Provide children with a number line and counter. Children take it in turns to roll a dice and move the number of spaces. Whoever gets to 20 first wins. Board games such as snakes and ladders can also support learning.		
<ul> <li>Adding more <ul> <li>Use real objects to see quantity of a group can be changed by adding more.</li> <li>Can use language of first, then, now.</li> <li>Children may start by recounting objects to find total. Once confident encourage children to count on.</li> <li>Children able to link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Use tens frames, fingers to support children with number stories. First I had 5, then I added 2 more, now I have 7. Show me 5 fingers. Now show me 2 more. How many fingers now? How do you know there are 7? Did you count them all 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7? Is there another way to count them? We know we have 5 on this hand? Can we count on? 6, 7? The children take turns to roll a 1-3 dice and collect 1, 2 or 3 cubes to add to their tower If they are ready, encourage them to count on as they add their cubes. How high can they build their towers before they topple?	Children to create their own first, now and then stories using small world to support them. You would be expecting to see the children doing this independently.	



number value			
(how many of			
something).			
Taking away	Use tens frames, fingers to support	When taking away	Children able to play independently: Pick
<ul> <li>Use real objects</li> </ul>	children with number stories.	make a mistake and	a number card and count out the
to see a quantity		encourage children to	corresponding number using whatever
of a group can	Ask the children to show you 5 fingers	correct the mistake.	they wish. One player covers their eyes
be change by	and then to show you 4. Prompt the	They could prove this	whilst the second 'steals' some of the
taking items	children to notice that one less is the	by showing it on a tens	objects, hiding them in their hand. The
away.	same as taking away one. Extend to	frame to support their	first play has to work out how many
- Children able to	taking away two fingers or 3 and noticing how many are left each time.	explanation.	object shave been stolen.
count items to	noticing now many are left each time.		
start and take			
away required			
amount practically.			
- Children able to			
Subitise or	First there were 5 people on the bus.		
recount number	Then 2 people got off the bus. Now there are 3 people on the bus.		
left.			
- Children able to			
link the number			
symbol			
(numeral) with			
its cardinal			
number value			
(how many of			
something).			



Doubling - Know double means twice as	Children given the opportunity to see doubles in mirrors/ in barrier games.	When playing the barrier game you could deliberately make an	Provide a ladybird or butterfly templates and ask the children to draw or us the tweezers to pick up objects to make	
many. - Able to build doubles using mathematical equipment and real objects.	Allow the children to explore different ways to build doubles using real objects and practical equipment.	incorrect quantity and encourage the children to recognise the mistake and correct it.	doubles by adding the same number of objects (pompoms) to each side. How many different doubles can they make? Can they make one which is not a double and tell you why?	
<ul> <li>Able to build numbers using pair-wise patterns on 10s frames.</li> <li>Children able to say doubles as they see them e.g. double 2 is 4.</li> <li>Children able to sort and explain doubles.</li> </ul>	Play match my quantity: The children sit opposite each other in pairs with a barrier between them and a collection of small items such as pebbles or cubes. One child sets out a quantity. They show their partner quickly and then hide again. Their partner matches the quantity. Then the barrier is removed. Check – is it a double? Which double have we made? Children take it in turns to roll 2 dice. The score a point each time they roll a			
Sharing and grouping - Able to share items equally.	double. The first to reach 3 points wins the game. Provide opportunities for the children to share items equally e.g. sharing cards	Able to recognise a mistake in sharing	When sharing equally and there are items left – children to independently	



	Respect, Motivation,	Cooperation, Kindness, Prie	de, Perseverance
<ul> <li>Able to show how to share fairly.</li> <li>Able to make equal groups.</li> </ul>	Respect, Motivation,         before playing a game. Sharing a given number of counters.         This could be achieved during snack time.         Using small world – ask the children to make groups using the small world animals. Can they make groups of 2? What happens if they make groups of 3?	equally and explain why. Show the children a bowl of strawberries. Explain that you are going to share them into 2 equal groups so there will be half for you and half for your friend. Put a handful straight onto each plate without counting – make sure that one plate clearly has more strawberries than the other. Ask the children if it is fair? Prompt them to explain why this isn't fair and then ask them to show	de, Perseverance         share ideas on how to share or group these.         Make Equal Groups       Image: Comparison of the second state of the second s
		you how to share these strawberries fairly? What happens if another friend arrives? Expect children to say we need to share all the strawberries into three groups equally not 2.	



<ul> <li>Even and odd <ul> <li>Children begin to understand that some quantities will be shared into 2 equal groups and some won't.</li> <li>Children able to notice some quantities can be grouped into pairs and some will have one left over.</li> <li>Able to build pair-wise patterns on a 10s frame.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Ask 5 children to come to the front. Can we group the children into pairs? Does anyone not have a partner? Why not? What could we do to solve this problem? Use of the language 'we have 1 left over because there are an odd number of children' Encourage the children to investigate whether small quantities are odd or even by sharing into 2 groups and by making pairs. Prompt them to recognise that sometimes there is one left over.		Odd and Even Ask all the children to collect an odd number of cubes. Ask them to check each others and compare the different quantities. Are all the quantities odd? How could you check Now ask the children to collect one more cube and add it to their set. How many do you have now? Do you still have an odd number of cubes? Ask the children to continue adding one more cube and to discuss what they notice. What is the largest odd number you can build? How can you check that it is odd?	
---	---	--	---	--

Reception Geometry						
Objective						
Match and sort identical objects by	When given objects e.g. socks/wellies they match them	Able to recognise if a match or sort has been done incorrectly	Children able to find something that matches the object given to	Match, sort, same, different, group, cube,		
recognising what is the some and different. and are able to explain how to make it correct. and are able to explain how to make it correct. and are able to explain how to make it correct.						



	<ul> <li>Provide children with a selection of shapes that have been drawn around – children match to the correct outline.</li> <li>Children group by: colour, texture, size. Could be sorting blocks in construction or sorting beads into pots.</li> <li>Read the story of Noah's Ark – talking about matching animals.</li> <li>Snap card games Dutter here</li> </ul>	Can you find something that doesn't belong? Find the odd one out. - Adult join children in their play during constructions. Can we build towers that match? Do they look the same? Explain why not if needs be. Create an opportunity for the children to spot a mistake and correct it.	Provide children with objects already sorted and they have to come up with the rule on how it has been sorted. Any sensible rule is correct. - Give child one item with its pair being hidden outside for child to find.	circle, triangle, rectangle, square, shape, flat, curved, straight, round, solid, corner, face, side, make, build, draw, over, under, underneath, above, below, top, bottom, side, on, in, outside, inside, in front, behind, front, back, before, after, beside, next to,
Recognise and copy repeating patterns.	- Button box Children shown patterns that include three full units of repeat AB AB AB to copy. Red brick, blue brick, red brick, blue brick, red brick, blue brick. Shown in a range of contexts and ways e.g. sounds, actions, colours, shapes and sizes. e.g. In and out the dusty bluebells. Children say patterns and create their own patterns.	Show the children patterns which have a deliberate mistake. What do they notice? Ask the children to suggest ways to sort out the problem. They might swap the items around which means they will need to continue amending the pattern until the end of the line.	Children create their own patterns for others to follow – sharing the rule with others independently. What's My Pattern? Provide a range of different instruments such as drums, beaters, shakers and encourage the children to play and copy simple patterns. This could be made into a game with one child playing a pattern whilst the rest face the other way and listen. The listeners then try and work out which instrument was used and try to replicate the pattern.	middle, up, down, forward, backwards, sideways, close, far, though, towards, away from, side, roll, turn, what is the same? What is different, is the pattern correct?, what do you notice about the pattern?, can you make the same sound pattern? Can you make
Triangles and circles. - Know that circles have 1 curved side.	Children can build their own circles and triangles.	Miss name a shape in their play – children should correct and encourage them to explain why.	Children to use different resources (e.g. sticks, rope) to independently create their own	a different sound pattern? Which shapes can you build? Is there more than one way to



- Know that triangles have 3 straight sides	Go on a shape hunt for circles and triangles in everyday objects. Mark make their own circles and triangles. During all activities adults to highlight the feature of triangles and circles. Use 3D shapes to print triangles and circles using the flat faces. Show the children a picture which has been made of different shapes. E.g. a boat, a rocket, a house. What shapes can you see in the picture? How many triangles can you count? Can you make your own picture using the shapes?	Shape jigsaw boards – try and match a triangle with a circle hole. Child should recognise the mistake and correct this, explaining why it won't fit.	triangles and circles in different sizes. Is it possible to make a circle out of sticks?	build the shape? What shape can you make when joining two squares? Two triangles? Can you find a shape like this? Can you build a larger/smaller triangle than this one? Is there more than one way to make this shape?
Spatial awareness - Use positional language	Language model by adults – next to, on, over, under, around, though, behind. Build life size journeys and explore these from different perspectives. Where shall we put the car? Where shall we but the horse? Use small world to create models. When doing this highlight positions of different objects.	Place something in small world incorrectly. Say clearly where you have placed the object. Child should pick up on the wrong positional language being used and either correct the language or place the object where the adult said it was in the first place.	Children create their own treasure hunts for their peers to follow. They give different clues which use prepositional language. Children should do this with increased independency.	



<ul> <li>Shapes with 4 sides.</li> <li>Name a square/rectangle</li> <li>Know squares/ rectangles have straight sides and 4 corners.</li> <li>Be taught that squares are special</li> </ul>	Language use during tidy up time. Share the story of 'Going on a bear hunt' when reading highlight the prepositional language being used. - Children given the opportunity to build their own squares and rectangles. - Go on a shape hunt for squares and rectangles.	Miss say a shape and the children should correct you. Explain why a shape is a square e.g. this is a square because it has 4 straight sides and 4 corners.	Ask the children to investigate which shapes they can make by combining squares, rectangles and triangles in different ways. Can you build a small square, a medium square and a large square? You could draw outlines for the children to fill initially. Is there more than 1 way to make this shape?	
- Be taught that			2	

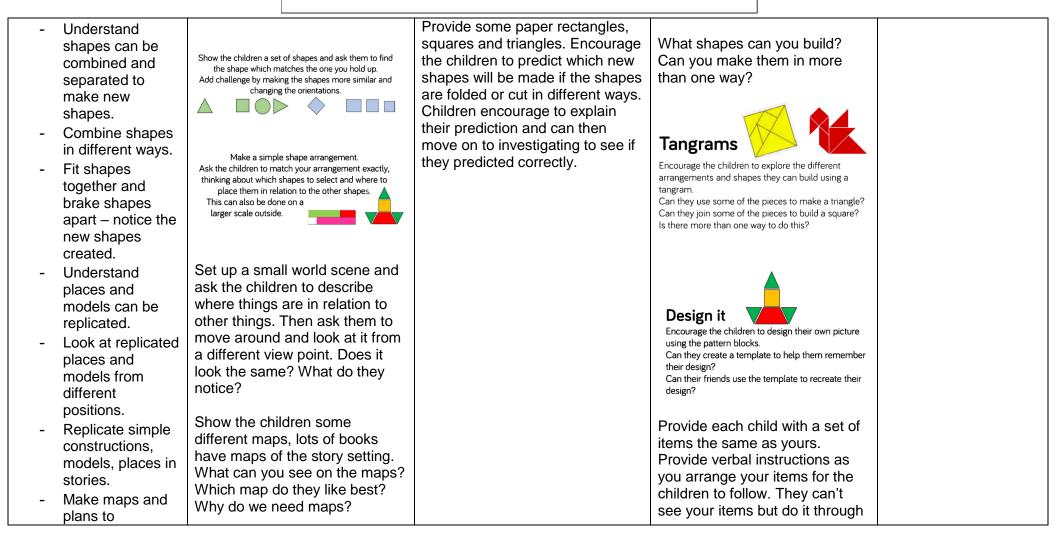


#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance 3D shapes Hide a shape from the children. Miss name a shape and Hold up an object for example a crisp tube or a cereal box. Which of the 3-D shapes is this like? encourage children to correctly Describe some of the properties Explore and -Why is it like this? tell you the name. to the children for them to guess manipulate 3D What other items have this shape? what it is. shapes through Show the children a collection of 3-D shapes. Choose one of the shapes. Ask the children to tell their partner as many block play and things as they can about the shape. Can they find another Children independently use 3D shape like this? Can they find a different shape? How is it modelling. different? shapes to support them in Recognise which constructing what they wish. shapes stack. They problem solve roll, and why. Sort the shapes into groups independently when something Ask: 'Why did you put these shapes together? Provided with isn't working in the way they How is this set different to this one? opportunities to Is there another way we could sort them?' want it to and are able to find a build and solution. Go on a 3D shape hunt. construct their own 3D shapes in Can you build a shelter to keep Children make 3D shapes out of different ways. everyone dry? playdough. Conversations had Introduced to the whilst the children make them names of 3D about the names and properties. shapes. Can this shape roll? Can we Explore stack this shape? similarities and differences Could we build a staircase out of between 3D the shapes we have here? shapes in their Provide children with a range of play. 3D shapes. Compose and decompose Find 2D shapes within 3D shapes so that shapes to support the children the children recognise a



shape can have	when exploring similarities and		
other shapes	differences.		
within it.			
<ul> <li>Pattern (needs 3 full units of repeat).</li> <li>Introduce more complex patterns</li> <li>Explore patterns which use items more than one in each repeat e.g. ABB/AAB/AABB</li> <li>Able to describe, continue and copy patterns.</li> </ul>	Provide opportunities for the children to describe, continue and copy patterns including movement pattern along a line or around a circle: stand, sit, stand, sit, stand, sit, stand, sit. Hands on heads, hands down, hands on heads, hands down, hands on heads, hands down. Etc. Show the children an AB pattern and a similar AAB pattern and ask them to tell you what they notice. What is the same and what is different? What is the same and what is different? Mathematical AB pattern. What is different this time? Mathematical AB pattern. What is different this time?	Introduce patterns with a deliberate error. This could include an extra item, a missing item or a muddled unit of repeat. Can the children identify the mistake and put it right?	Show the children examples of fabric showing patterns from different cultures or traditions. Encourage the children to discuss the patters and recreate them. Children then independently design their own patters in a similar style. <b>Which Patterns Fit?</b> Provide frames with a set number of spaces and cubes or counters in different colours. Ask the children to build patterns around the edge putting one item in each space. Ask them to try different patterns to investigate which will fit around the frame exactly and which won't. Which of these patterns will fit exactly around the frames? AB, ABC, ABB, AAB, AABB, AABBC
Spatial Reasoning	Regular opportunities for	Why does this shape not fit?	Investigate how many different
- Use positional	children to complete jigsaws and		ways a given shape can be built
language.	shape puzzles. Why did you		using smaller shapes
language.	choose this shape?		independently.







represent places	Children draw their own map of		the positional language given.	
and use them.	the places in the story.		Compare the finished	
			arrangements to see if they look	
	Children could make a map of		the same. Do the same activities	
	the classroom – what can you		but the children are the leader.	
	see on the map. Children will			
	use positional language when			
	drawing their map e.g. the door		Challenge the children to solve	
	is next to the board. The toilet is		problems on a large scale: the	
	in the make it room.		playground is a crocodile-	
			infested swamp. How could we	
	Provide the children with a map		rescue teddy without putting our	
	of the outdoor area with an		feet on the ground?	
	obstacle course. Children use			
	the map to create the obstacle		Children given a treasure map	
	course to be able to use it.		to follow 'X marks the spot'!	
Patterns and	Show the children a set of	Show the children one rabbit.	Children independently using	
relationships.	Cuisenaire rods. How many	How many ears do you see? Add	their knowledge of patterns and	
- Children explore	green rods measure the same	another rabbit? How many ears	relationships between shapes	
and investigate	as one blue block? What other	do you see because I see five?	and numbers in their play. This	
relationships	relationships can they find? Can	Children should correct you hear.	can come through in	
between numbers	they find a block that is double	Continue to add rabbits each time	construction or model making.	
and shapes.	the length of another block?	and encourage the children to	g.	
	How could they check?	recognise 2 ears get added each		
- Children able to		time.		
copy, continue,				
and create				
patterns and				
symmetrical				
constructions.				



		Reception			
	Measurement				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk	
Compare and order size, mass and capacity.	What could fit in the box? Which sized item fits where? Children could create homes for different sized bears. Sort items they find into different piles – large/small etc. Provide the children with a large bucket and a small bucket. Children to fill each bucket with sand and count how many scoops it takes.	Children able to explain why an item wouldn't fit in somewhere e.g. 'it is too short/long/tall'	<ul> <li>Children to be using comparison vocabulary when playing with peers and able to problem solve when something doesn't fit to find an appropriate size.</li> <li>Guess my rule.</li> <li>Get the children to secretly create their own rule for their peers to guess.</li> <li>Add a set of balance scales to the playdough area. Children can then compare mass of different sized balls. Problem solve to try and use the scales to balance equal sized dough balls.</li> <li>What else can we find that weighs the same as your ball of dough?</li> <li>Baking cupcakes.</li> </ul>	Short, tall, long, night, day, morning, afternoon, before, after, today, tomorrow, heavy, heavier than, heaviest, light, lighter than, lightest, longer, shorter, taller, wider, narrower, now, soon, before, then, next, after, yesterday, full, half, empty, holds, container, weigh, weighs, balance, scales, times, days of the week: Monday, Tuesday	



Night and day - Talk about night and day - Order key events in daily routine - Use time language events happen. - Measure time in simple ways e.g. counting number of sleeps to	Use visual timetable within the classroom that is referred to throughout the day. Use pictures to order familiar activities. Use stories and non-fiction books to introduce the idea of nocturnal animals and explain that as we go to sleep some animals are waking up. Put a calendar in the home corner for the children to mark their birthdays on. How many sleeps is it until	How could you score more goals in the time you have? How can we work out who came first? Order something incorrectly for children to self-correct. They explain why they need to do something in the order they do.	Provide a range of different sized and shaped containers and some pebbles. Ask the children to half-fill their containers with water. What happens to the water if they add pebbles to their container? How many pebbles will the need to make the containers overflow? Children independently using the visual time table within the classroom. Set up some mini goal posts. Ask the children to score as many goals as they can before the timer runs out. Each time they score a goal they can collect one bean bag and take it back to their bucket. At the end of the time ask each child to count their bean bags. How many goals did they score? Repeat the activity – if the children want to score more goals will they need to work more quickly or more slowly? Count up again – did they beat their score?	etc., seasons: spring, summer, autumn, winter, days, wee, month, year, weekend, birthday, holiday, bedtime, what else weights the same? What do we need to do first? What do I do next/after that/ then? How many minutes did you take? Who was the fastest? Did they take more minutes or less minutes than you? Which is the heaviest/lightest? How can we balance? Who threw the furthest? How could we eback? Who is the
sleeps to important events.	it until			check? Who is the tallest person? How
Compare Mass - Make direct comparisons when	Bring in a heavy case or box and show the children it is hard to lift and carry because it is really heavy. Ask them if they have	Children able to discuss what could be inside a mysterious box because of its weight	Provide a selection of wrapped parcels of various shapes and sizes. Children independently compare parcels to see which are heavier and lighter than others.	do you know?



estimating	carried anything heavy. Discuss	giving justified reasons for	They could group these parcels in
which object feels	as a group what could be inside.	their choice. E.G I think it could be a rock	different ways e.g. heavier/lighter.
<ul> <li>heaviest. Use balance scales to check.</li> <li>Recognise that the bigger item doesn't always mean the heaviest.</li> </ul>	Children be a human balance scale – place an item on one hand and then on the other. They tip to the side of the heavier. This could be done using buckets of water adding more in and taking some out to change the balance scales.	because when I picked a rock up on the beach it was so heavy.	Are larger parcels always heavier? They are able to find the lightest/heaviest independently and use this vocabulary when sharing. Show fully and empty using different material. Provide children with different sizes tall/thin/narrow/wide/shallow to investigate the weight of these items.
Length and height - Begin to use language to describe length and height. - Make direct comparisons - Use objects, blocks or cubes to measure items. Adults are mindful not to use the anguage of big.	Opportunities for comparing length and height will arise naturally during play. This could be they compare the height of their towers or the length of their roads. – Who has the longest scarf? Who can thread the longest string of beads? Children could draw around their footprint and find objects around the room that are longer than or shorter than their foot. With a group of children make comparisons by ordering their footprints in size order.	Children may be building in construction – adult uses this opportunity to deepen vocabulary use by modelling the correct vocabulary being used. After this – adult could incorrectly describe two blocks e.g.' this is the longer block'. Expect children to correct this language and use the resources to correctly describe.	Using dough: children independently use mathematical language relating to length as they play. Challenge: provide children with different amounts of dough, which amount can make the longest snake? The shortest snake? Why has this happened? 'Let's find something to measure these' – children independently find something suitable to measure e.g. blocks, cubes etc. Give each child a small object such as a bean bag or welly. In small groups or pairs, challenge the children to throw the object as far as they can. Who has thrown their item the furthest? How could we check?

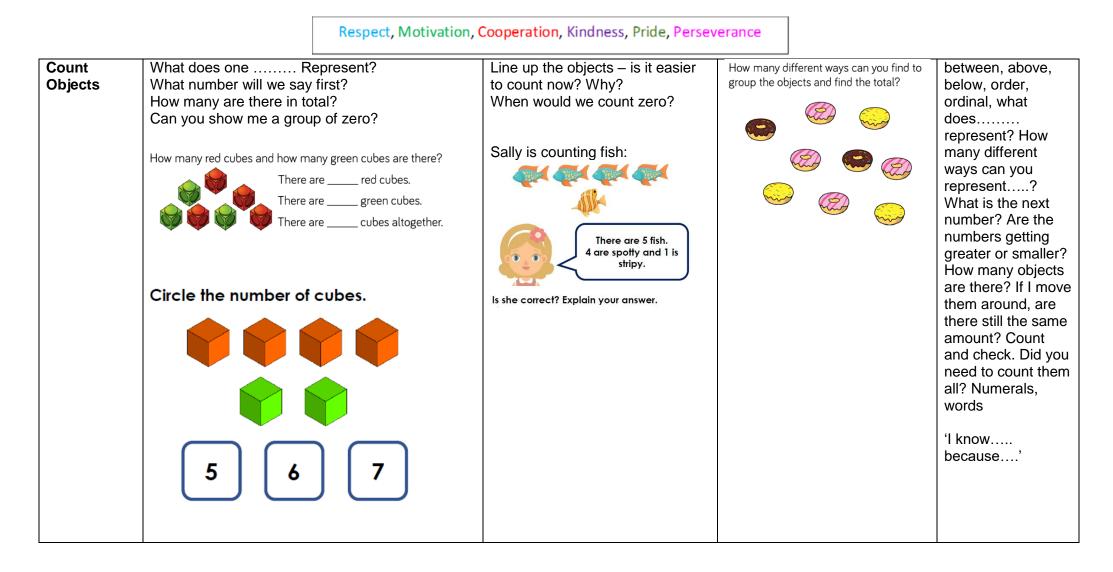


	Provide the children a mixture of measuring tools to explore e.g. tape measure, ruler, trundle wheels.		Encourage the children to discuss and try different ways to find this out. For example they could count strides or heel-to-toe footsteps or use a trundle wheel. Prompt them to use the language of further, nearer and closer. Encourage them to record their distances using their own methods. Have another throw – did they manage to throw their item further this time?	
<ul> <li>Time <ul> <li>Order and sequence important times in their day.</li> <li>Recognise that regular events happen on the same day each week.</li> <li>Describe and talk about specific events in their lives.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Ask children to see how many tasks they can complete in one minute/ how many circles they can draw in a minute etc.	Children able to actively say the order of events with little support. They can recognise if something in their day has been done in the wrong order. Can spot a change in the visual time table and then has a discussion around this change.	In own play children use stop watches/ hour glass to time activities they do with peers.	



		Year 1		
Objective	Skill it	lumber: Place Value within 10 Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk
Sort objects (by characteristi cs)	How can you sort the objects? How have you grouped the objects? E.G. Sort the fruit into different groups. Sort the flowers into two groups.	Are there any different ways they could be sorted? Can there be more than 2 groups? Two children are discussing how some objects have been sorted.	Are there any different ways they could be sorted?	Fewer, more, equal, less than, greater than, number, pair, zero, one, two, three to twenty, and beyond, none, zero, count (on/up/to/from/dow n), before, after, many, few, fewer, least, fewest, lesser, smallest, greater, same as, odd, even, units, ones, tens, ten more/less, digits, numeral, figure(s), compare, (in) order/ a different order, size, value, between, halfway







Count objects from a larger	Give children number cars from 1-10. Ask them to pick a card, then go outside and find that many number of leaves. Sticks etc.	Circle a group of 2 cats.	
<b>group</b> (children need to be	Circle 3 balloons.	Did you need to count all the cats? Explain your answer.	How many different ways can you group these sweets? Share the total of each group.
secure on cardinal counting principle)	₽₽₽₽₽	E.G. I know I don't need to count all the cats because I only needed to circle 2 so once I counted to 2 I could stop.	
Represent Objects	Show me different ways to show the number?	Do we always have to use counters to show an amount?	How many ways can you represent 6 apples?
	Using counters, show how many pineapples there are, then write the numerals for each.		Can you show me fewer than 4 sweets? How many ways can you do this?
			How can you show me that there are more green cars than blue cars?



		Which representation matches which group?		
		Explain how you know.		
Count forwards from any number (number line)	What is the next number? Are the numbers getting greater or smaller? Complete the number tracks. 1 3 4 5 6 8 9 10 one three four five six eight nine ten	Whitney says, When counting forwards, we always count from 0 Do you agree? Explain why.	I'm thinking of a number. The number I am thinking of comes one after nine. What number am I think of?	



Count backwards	Are the numbers getting greater or smaller? Fill in the empty boxes. 6 5 3 1 1	Do we always have to start at 10 when counting back? Alex is counting. 9, 8, 7, 6, 5 How do you know that Alex is counting	How many different starting points could you have if you wanted to count backwards and stop at 3?
Count one more	How can we show one more? Complete each box using a picture, a numeral and a word.	backwards? Teddy rolls the number that is 1 more than the dice below. He says that he rolls 2 Explain his mistake.	Using number cards 0 to 10, how many different ways can you complete the boxes below?



	R	espect, Motivation, (	Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Persev	rerance	
Count one less	How can we show one less? Roll a dice, represent the number using find 1 less. Then complete the sentence		Polly thinks the number of cars is 1 less than 7.	Complete the sentence stems.	
	1 less than		<b>7</b>	One less than 9 is One less than is 7 One less than is 6	
			ls she correct? Explain why.	What pattern do you notice with the numbers?	
				What would the next sentence be? Children should recognise that one less than any number is the number before it when counting.	
One to one corresponde nce (match objects to a number)	What does match mean? Children match one object with Draw sweets for each child so they all get		Are there any objects left over? Why has that happened?	Which group of beach balls belongs to the children?	

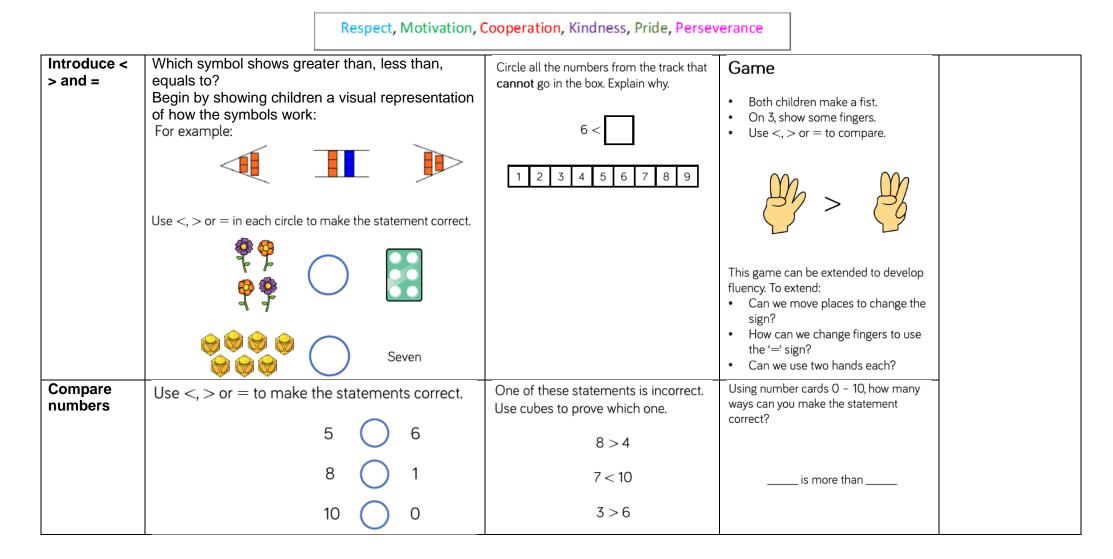


		There are four children going to the beach. Can every child have a bucket and spade?		
Recognise numbers as words	Make a class book with a double page spread for each number zero to ten. Stick in drawings, photographs, objects the children have collected and include the numeral and word on each spread.   How many counters does each ten frame show?   Match the ten frames to the words.   Image: Collected and include the numeral and word on each spread.   How many counters does each ten frame show?   Match the ten frames to the words.   Image: Collected and include ten frames to the words.   Image: Collected and include ten frames to the words.   Image: Collected and ten frames ten frames to the words.   Image: Collected and ten frames t	Thot, why hole zero, one, two, three, five, four, six, seven, eight, ten void the seven and the seven made?	See children using this knowledge in other areas of the curriculum e.g. Science, English.	

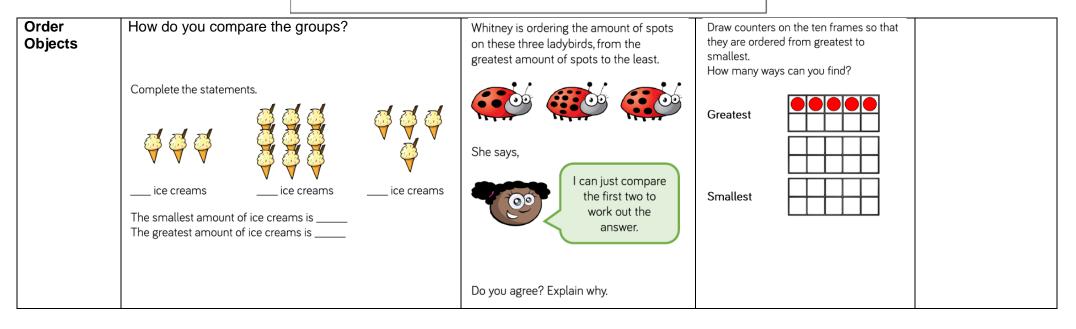


Compare objects	How can you tell which one has the least/most? Circle the picture with more trees.	Samia and Gino both think they have the fewest objects.	Whitney has this many cubes in one hand.
		Samia Gino Gino Gino Compared of the second Gino Compared	She has fewer cubes in the other hand. How many cubes could she have in her other hand?

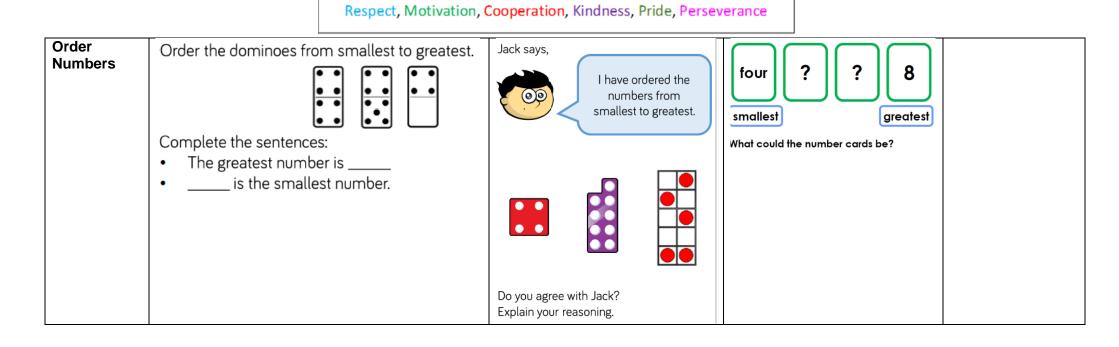








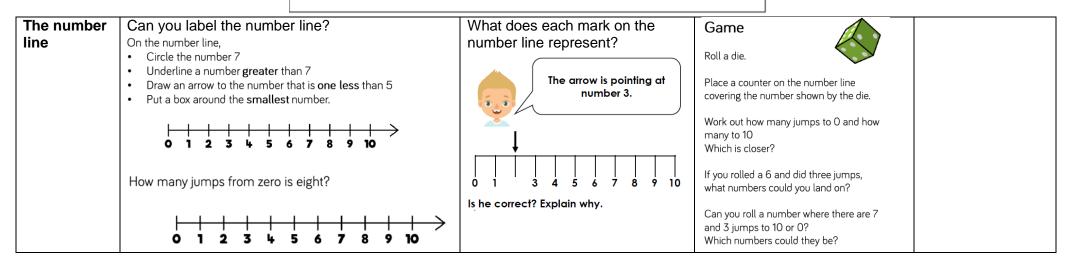




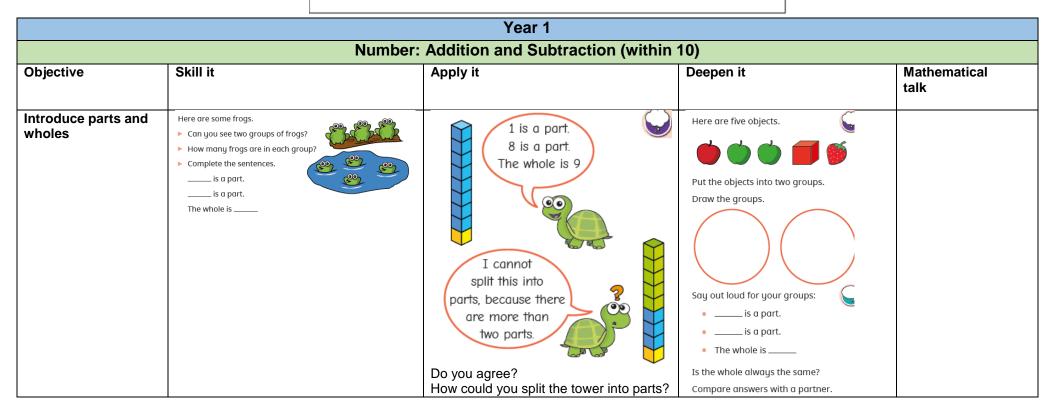


	Respect, Motivation, C	Сооре	ration, Kindness, Pride, Persev	verance
Ordinal Numbers	What does first mean? What does last mean? What do we mean by ordinal numbers?		children have used the instructions ake a pattern.	Write the correct letters in the boxes to crack the code.
	Colour the 7 <sup>th</sup> flower blue. Start counting from the left.		There are four shapes.	p b u z c k s h n
	\$		The first is a circle.	first 3 <sup>rd</sup> 7 <sup>th</sup> 8 <sup>th</sup> □ □ □ □
	Colour in another flower and complete the sentence.		The last is a square.	
	The flower is		The other two shapes are a triangle and a rectangle.	
		Here	are their patterns.	
			Amir 🔿 🛆 🗖 🗍	
		1	Dora	
		Who	is correct?	





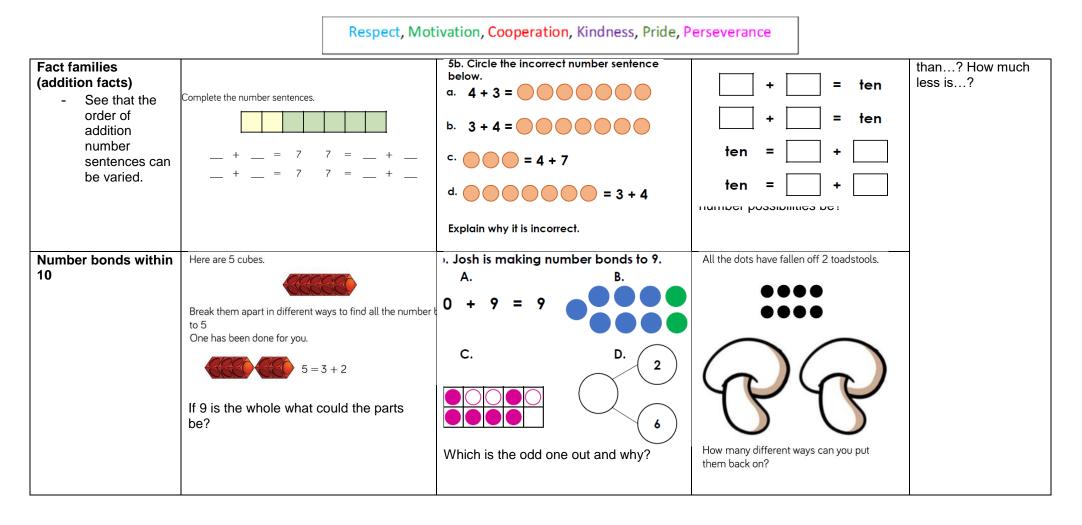






	Respect, Mot	ivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, P	erseverance	
Part-whole model - Recognise number can be partitioned into two or	Complete the part-whole models by drawing counters and then writing the numerals.	Can the parts be swapped around? Why? My part whole model is correct.	There are 6 animals.	What does part mean? What does whole mean?
more parts.	<ul> <li>Draw the part-whole model that represents the stem sentences:</li> <li>A part is 4</li> <li>A part is 3</li> <li>The whole is 7</li> </ul>	7 9 • • • • • • • • • • • • •	How many different ways can you sort the animals? Complete a part-whole model for each way. Can you partition the animals into more than 2 groups?	How many where there at the start? Which number represents the total? Number bonds, number line, add,
The addition symbol - Introduced to + and add this with = to make number sentences Write number sentences	Here are some counters.  Group the counters by colour. Fill in the gaps in the sentence and say it out loud.  red counters plusyellow counters is equal to counters. Complete the part-whole model and the number sentence.	I have written a number sentence to match the image. 2 + 3 = 6	Using the numbers 0 – 9, how many ways can you fill in the boxes to make the calculation correct? You can only use each number once.	more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether, inverse, double, near double, half, halve, equals, is the same as (including equals sign), difference
		Am I correct? Explain how you know.	How many different calculations are there? What do you notice?	between, how many more to, how much more is?, subtract, take away, minus, how many fewer is

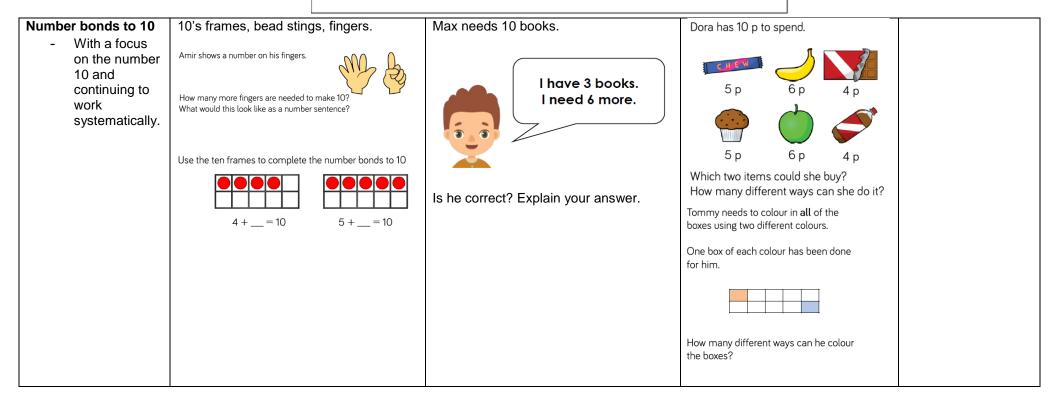




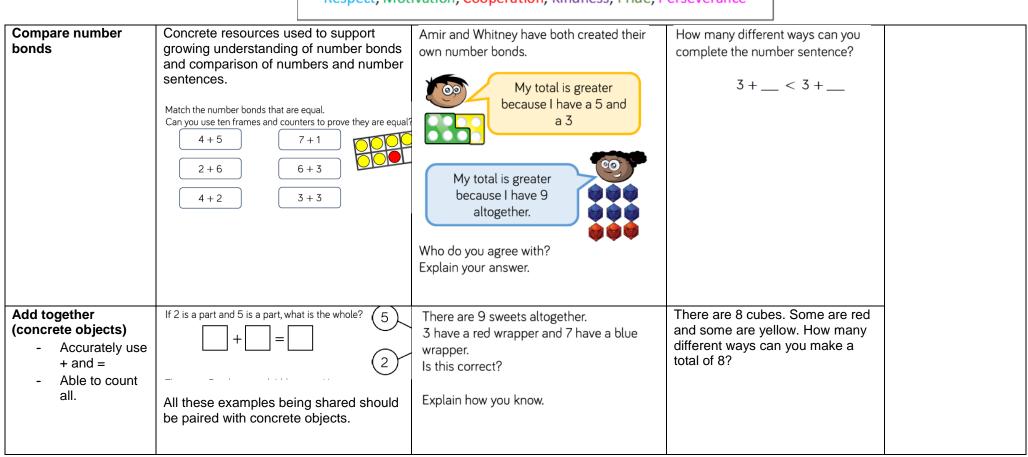


		Respect, Moti	vation, Coop	eration,	Kindness,	Pride, P	erseverance	
			Which numł 3 + 4 Explain your	5+2				
Systematic Number Bonds - Children to work systematically by starting with the whole.	Complete the number sente	ences. 5 = 5 + 0 5 = 4 + 1 $_= - + -$ $_= - + -$ $_= - + -$ $_= - + -$		istake in th 1 + 7 = 8 3 + 5 = 8 2 + 6 = 8 4 + 4 = 8 5 + 3 = 8	is sequenc	e.	A butterfly's spots have fallen off. How many different ways can you put the spots back on? Remember to be systematic.	





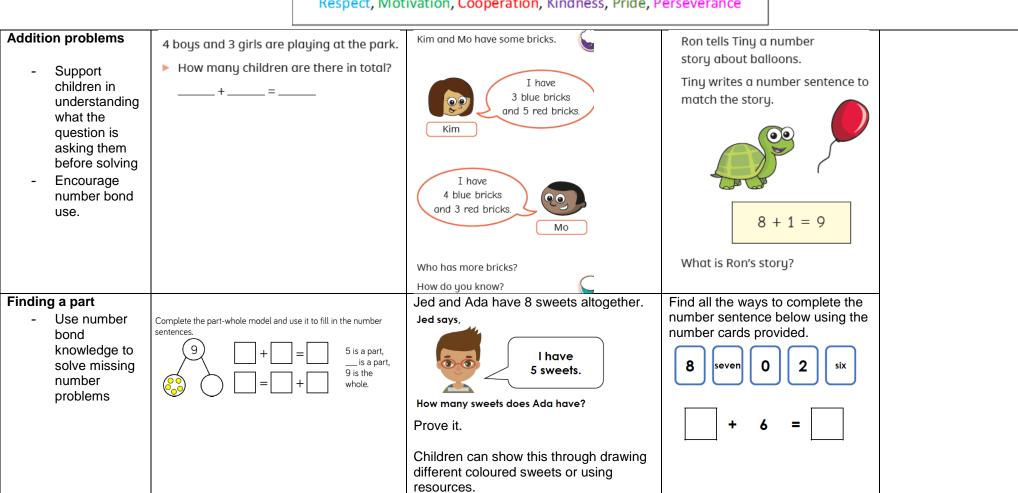






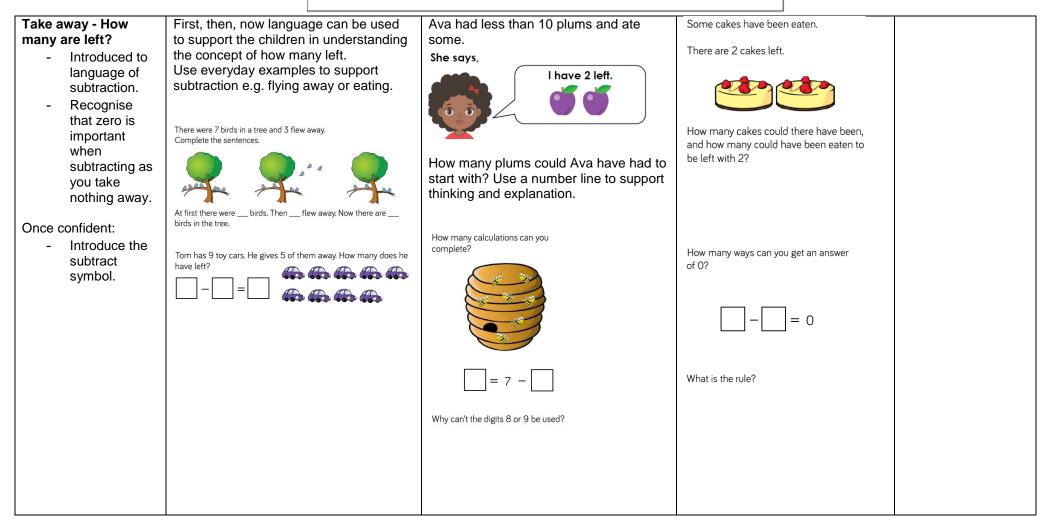
Add more (number line)	This can be shown pictorially and then in number sentences.	True or False?	Children could be given a set of number cards and they need to get to a target number using the
- Able to count on.	How many tractors are there in total?	If I add 0 to a number, the number stays the same. Can you use a number line or counters to help you explain your answer?	get to a target number using the number cards they have been given. Change the target number. Children have 4 buckets in front of them with numbers on. They have to throw bean bags into the buckets to reach a target number that has been given to them. Then move this on to them independently working out the
			highest number they can make following a set of rules you provide.







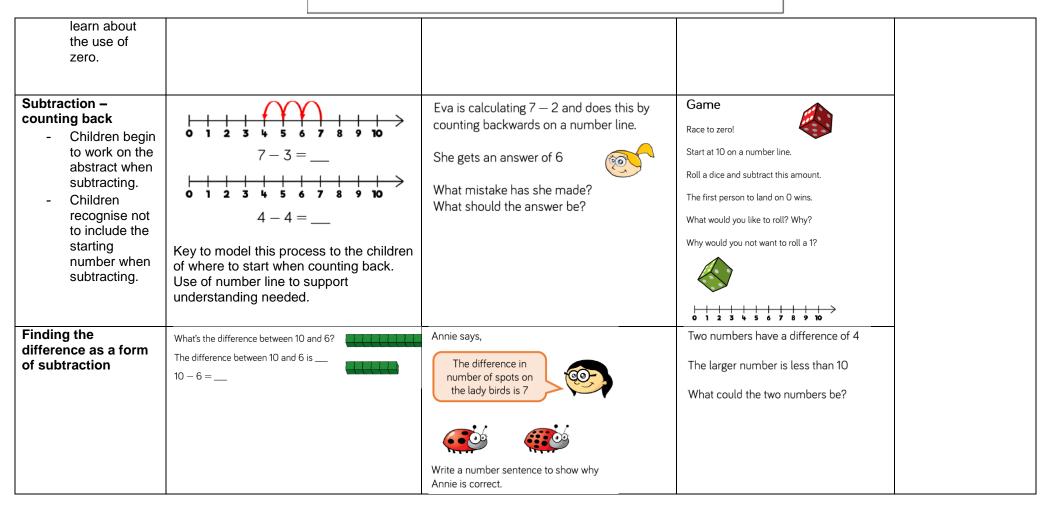






Subtraction – take away/ cross out (how many left?) - Children to use the knowledge finding a part to support this small step.	Shade in the counters below to complete the bar model. 6 4 How many ice creams do not have flakes? $\overrightarrow{0}$ $\overrightarrow{0}$ $$	Tammy is writing a number sentence to describe the image below. 6 - 2 = 3 Is she correct? Prove it.	Think of two questions to ask your friend about the image.
Fact families – 8 facts. - Children link addition and subtraction facts. - Children show and understand	Write 4 number sentences about this part whole model.	Provide children with 8 facts (number sentences) for them to find the odd one out. Explain why it is the odd one out. Explain the mistakes that have been made. 5+2=7 $7=5+2$	Susan has 8 lollies. Some are red and the rest are purple.
the links between numbers. - Children continue to	Children then supported in another 4 ways.	2+5=7   7=2+5  7-2=5   7=5-2  7-5=2   7=2-5	Write 8 related number sentences about the lollipops.







Begin to compare number sentences - Children use <,> and = to	Complete the number sentences. + is equal to 7	Ellen has made a mistake. Explain what she has done wrong. <b>3 + 5</b>	Using the numbers 0 – 10, how many different ways can you complete the boxes?			
compare number sentences.	+ 4 is less than 9 5 +is2 Remind children that there could be multiple answers, however they need to ensure they follow the rule.	A. It is equal to 8 B. It is less than 8 ✓ C. It is > 9 ✓	+7 = +>4 +<9			
Add or subtract 1 or 2	Tom has these cakes.	Tiny is adding 2 To add 2, I can just add 1 and then add another 1 Is Tiny correct? How do you know?	Children to write their own number sentences/ problems to share with a friend to add or subtract 1 or 2. Children to show this knowledge within their own play within different contexts.			
		Year 1		1		
	Number: Place Value (within 20)					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk		
Count numbers to 20.	Match the representations to the correct numeral.	Alex is matching some numbers.	Ella thinks of a number	Fewer, more, equal, less than, greater than, number, pair, zero, one, two, three to twenty, and		



#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance beyond, none, twenty 6 zero, count My number is (on/up/to/from/dow between ten and $\circ$ thirteen. n), before, after, 16 many, few, fewer, least, fewest, 00000000 20 lesser, smallest, 0000000 What could Sara's number be? Give your greater, same as, answer as a number and a word. 2 odd, even, units, six ones, tens, ten more/less, digits, Is he correct? Explain why? numeral, figure(s), compare, (in) Mr Monaghan says, order/ a different order, size, value, between, halfway I am going to count between, above, to 20 0)0 below. What does ten tell I will start at 8 us about a number? What comes after the number 10? Let's count on from Will Mr Monaghan say 11?

Explain how you know.

9, 10, 11, 12 etc.

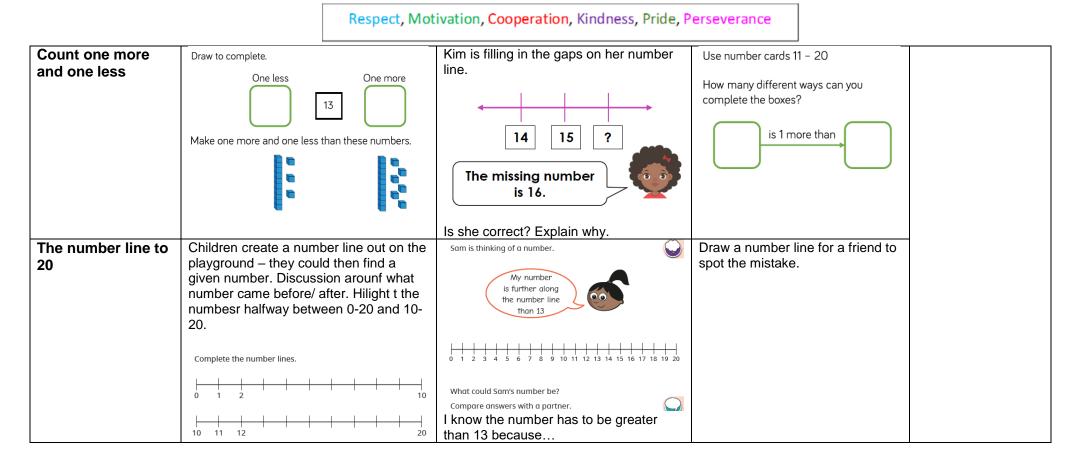


Write numbers to 20 in numerals and words.	Use your own ten frames to show me the number: Fourteen 18 Nine 16 Write the number shown on the ten frames in numerals and words.	Circle the odd one out and explain why. 11 12 13 14 15 61 17 18	Fred Fox is making his way through the maze.	How do we say this number? How do we write the number? Do we have to count from 1 every time? Which is the smallest – how do you know? Which is the greatest – how do you know? How could you
Numbers from 11- 20 - This step should be broken further for children to fully immerse into understandin g numbers beyond 10. - Understand 11,12 and 13	Draw a picture to show me 13 Compare yours with a partner. What's the same? What's different? Complete the table.	Teddy says, I can make all the numbers from eleven to twenty using the digits 1 – 9 Do you agree? Explain your answer.	Game Use two sets of number cards. 1 set with numerals 1 – 20 1 set with words 1 – 20 Play in groups of 3 or 4 Take it in turns to pick a numeral card and a word card. Say the number on each card out loud. If they match you win the pair, if they don't you put them back. Adam is guessing the code to unlock a secret safe. He knows the first two numbers.	order? Numerals, estimation I know Beacause



- Understand 14, 15 and 16. - Understand			11 twenty
17, 18 and			The last number is less than twenty and more than fifteen.
19. - Understand			What could the missing number be? Give your answer as a
20.			numeral and draw the representation to go with it.
м о	Use the part-whole model to complete the sentences. My number is One part is, the other part is The whole is	Alex makes a part-whole model. Alex makes a part-whole model. There are 8 tens and 1 one. Explain her mistake. What is her number?	How many ways can you complete the part-whole model to show numbers up to 20, using the Base 10 equipment – you do not have to use it all.

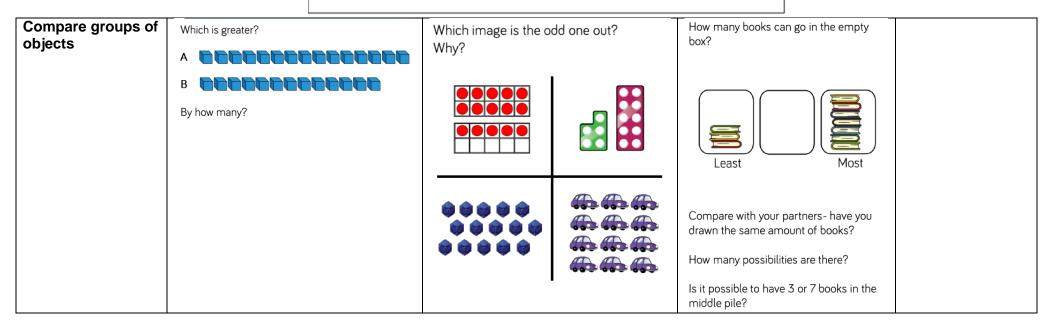




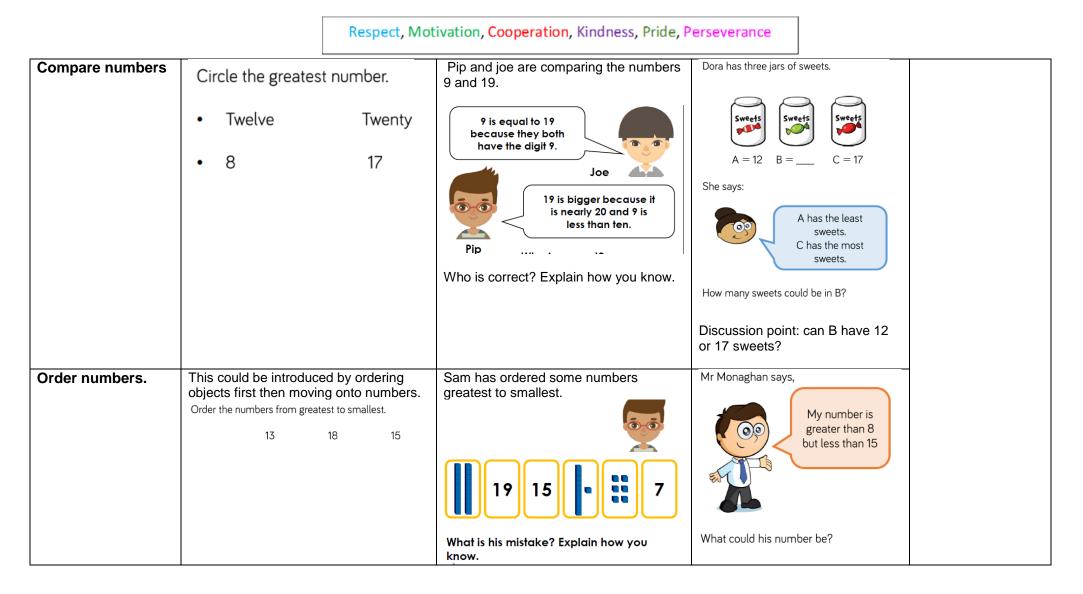


Use a number line to 20	Ann counts from 8 to 15 Circle all the numbers that she will s	-	All number lines	Children to number line	pick a number on the e.	
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	start from 1	jumps there number? H	ell you how many e are from zero to their ow many jumps are their number to 20? Is	
			Do you agree with Tiny? Why?	their number closer to 20 Repeat with	er closer to zero or	
Estimate on a	Estimate where 14 belongs on the r	umber line.	Tiny is trying to draw a number line from 0 to 20		seblank numberlines in	
number line to 20 -children to use their knowledge of number lines to support	 10	20			s of their earning to m in estimating o to 20.	
estimation. -introduce the idea of estimation with the						
children.			What is wrong with Tiny's number line? How would you draw the number line?			





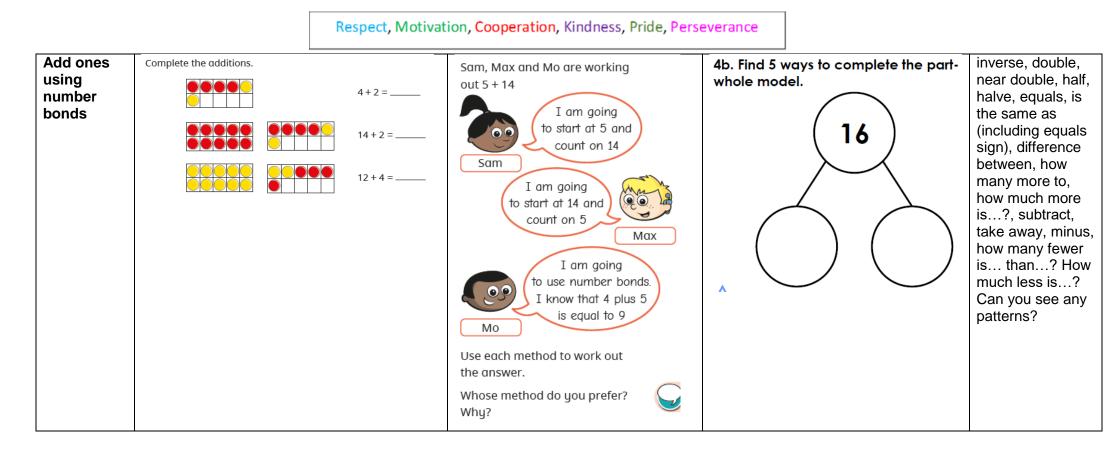




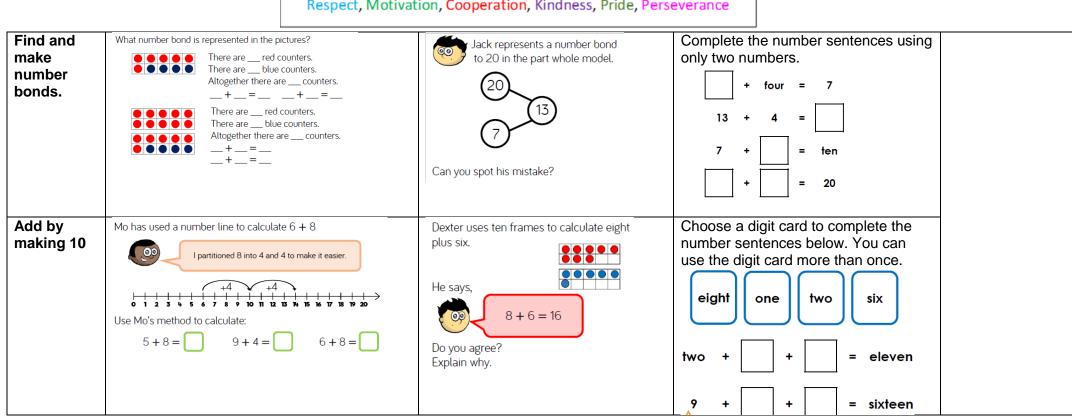


	Year 1					
	Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 20)					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk		
Add by counting on	Use ten frames to complete the number story. First Then Now First there were cars in the car park. Then more cars parked in the car park. Now there are cars in the car park. Mo starts at 9 and counts on 6 9 + 6 = Show his calculation on the number line. + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	Mo and Jack are working out 11 + 7 Mo says, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 Jack says, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 Use a number line to show who is correct.	Use the diagram and counters to tell your own number story for these calculations: $0 + 12 = \7 + 0 = \1$ $14 + \ = 17$	What does part mean? What does whole mean? How many where there at the start? Which number represents the total? Number bonds, number line, add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether,		

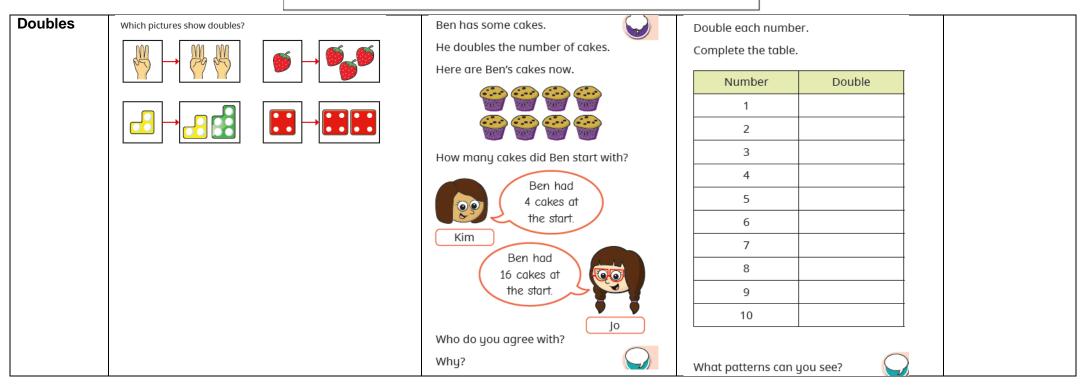












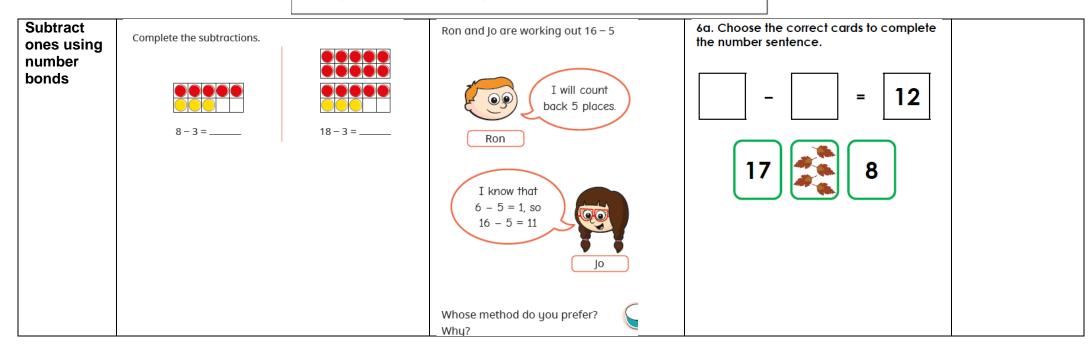


Near doubles	What double is shown on the ten frame?	Tiny uses doubles to work out 5 + 4	Write <, > or = to complete the
	Add one more red counter to the ten frame. What addition is shown now?	Double 5 is 10, plus 1 more is 11	double 6 6 + 7
	Complete the sentence. + is equal to double plus 1	What mistake has Tiny made? What is the correct answer?	double 9 9 + 8 9 + 8 double 8
Subtraction – not crossing 10	There are 16 biscuits on a plate. Mo eats 5 of them. Complete the sentences. First there were biscuits. Then were eaten. Now there are biscuits. $16 - 5 = \$ Use the number pieces and the number line to complete the	Rose has written a number sentence to describe the image below. 15-4=12 -4 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	How many ways can you complete this number sentence? Use the number line to help you.
	number sentences. Use this method to calculate: 20 - 7 = - 18 - 6 19 - 4	Is she correct? Prove it. Children could use physical resources to prove their thinking.	$\boxed{} - \boxed{} = 11$
Subtraction – crossing 10	First there were 13 jam tarts Then 5 were eaten jam tarts. Then 5 were eaten jam tarts.	True or False? 12 - 5 = 7 Use the ten frames to prove your answer.	I'm thinking of a number. When I subtract 5 from the number, the answer is 7. What is the number I am thinking of?

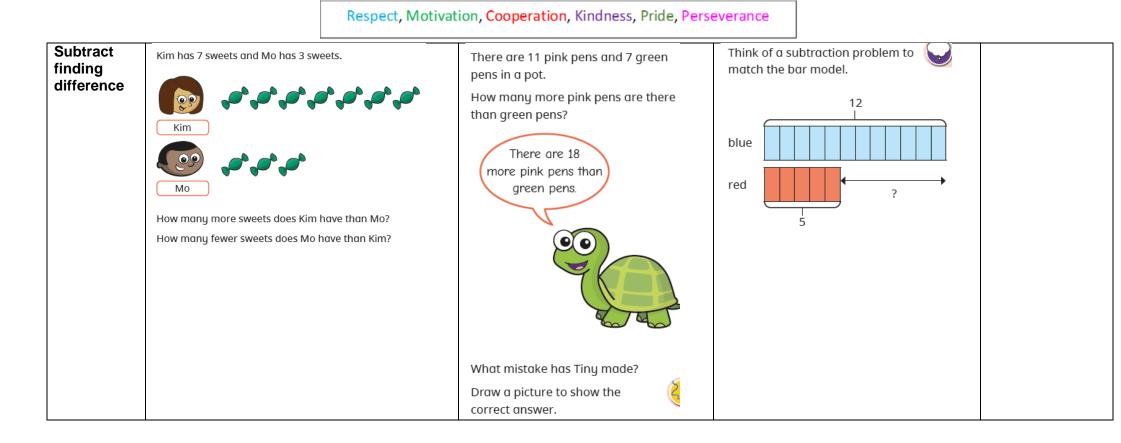


	Respect, M	otivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Per	severance
There are 12 cars 5 of them are blu How many are re of the cars are	ue. ud? )=	Amir has 16 apples. Ron has none. Amir gives Ron 9 apples. Who has the most apples now? Explain how you know.	Look at the following objects. Teddy works out these calculations. 15 - 4 =

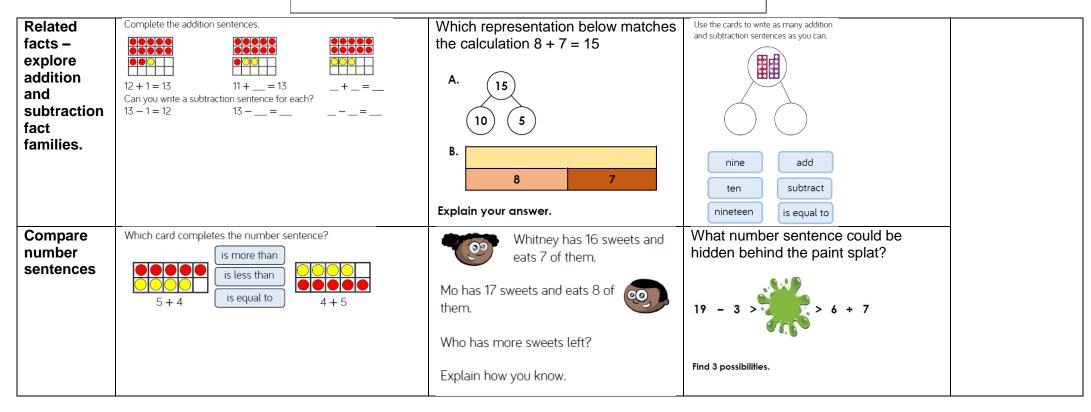




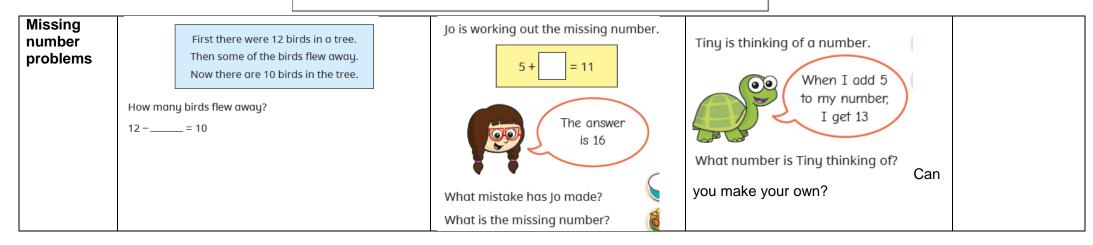










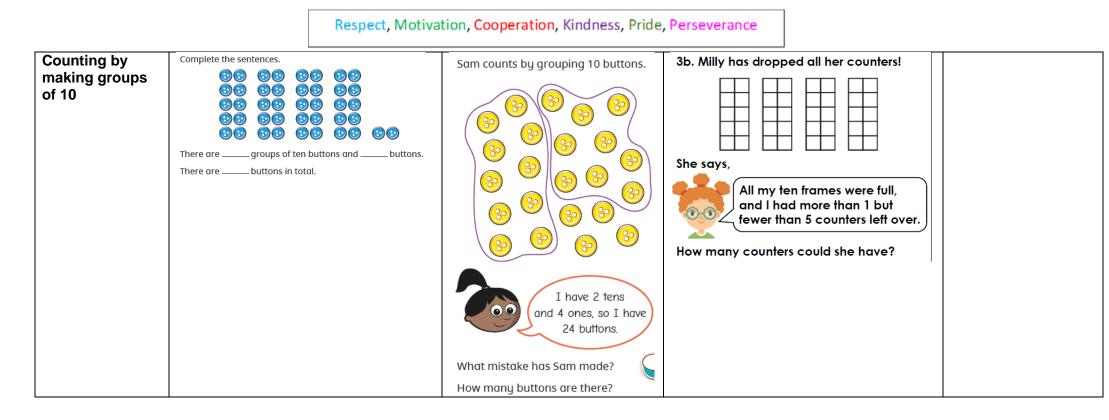


	Year 1						
	Ň	Number: Place Value (with	nin 50)				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk			
Numbers to 50	Use the number track to • count forwards from 35 to 49 • count back from 46 to 38 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 Can you count from	Ron and Whitney are counting. Ron says: 43, 42, 41, 40, 41, 42 Whitney writes: 10 // 12 13 41 /5 Can you spot their mistakes?	Will is counting forwards from 37 to 46 using the digit cards below.	Fewer, more, equal, less than, greater than, number, pair, zero, one, two, three to twenty, and beyond, none, zero, count (on/up/to/from/down),			

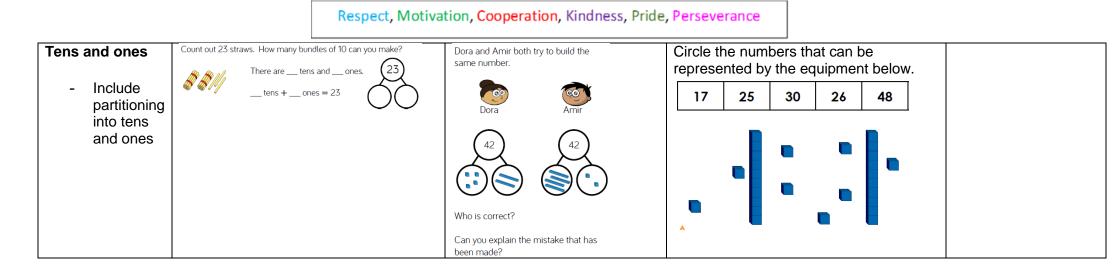


20, 20, 40 and 50			43       38       46       40         41       39       37         Which digit cards are missing?	before, after, many, few, fewer, least, most, fewest, lesser, smallest, greater, same as, odd, even, units, ones, tens, ten more/less, digits, numeral, figure(s), compare, (in) order/ a
20, 30, 40 and 50	Base 10       Number       How many tens?         1       1       1         20       2       tens         1       1       1         1       1	Mo is playing a game.Image: Image: Ima	How many ways can you show each number?   One has been done for you.   10 20   30 40   50     Image: Comparison of the state	different order, size, value, between, halfway between, above, below. How many tens are there? How many ones are there? How do we record this number in words? Which digit represents the tens? Which digit represents the ones? Can you record your ideas in a different way?

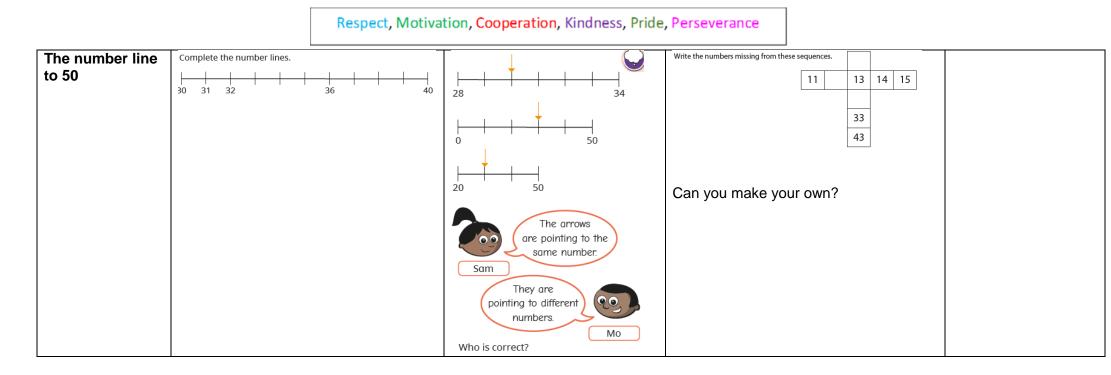




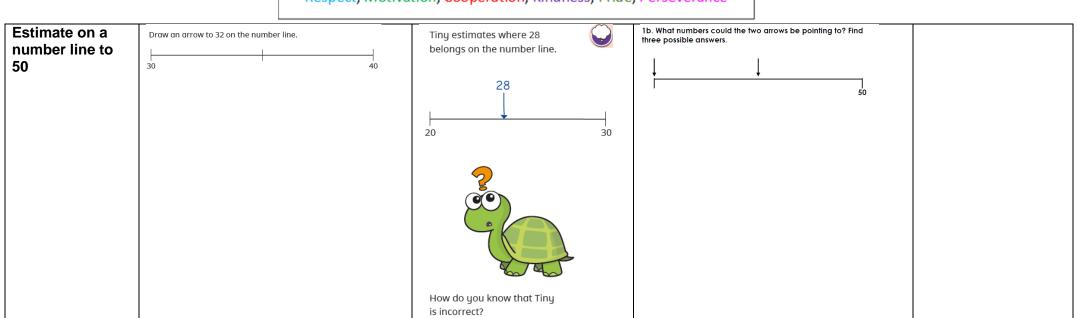














#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Represent Which is the odd one out? Complete the table. Sort the representations in to two groups. Ten numbers to 50 Tens and Words Number Straws Ones Frame 2 tens 26 Twenty-six 6 ones \_\_\_ tens オオオ Thirty ones C. D. Three tens 23 \_\_\_ tens and 2 ones 31 thirty-one \_\_\_ ones \_\_\_ tens Seventeen ones Explain why. Twenty and three Explain how you have sorted them. Can you add your own representations? Use the clues to work out the number. Stan has drawn a number track One more one Build and find one more and one less. One more than \_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_ to show one more than 39. less I have a number with 3 tens. One less than \_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_ • One less than my number makes the One more than is 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 One less than \_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_ tens digit change. • One more than my number has 1 one. Is he correct? Explain your answer. What is my number? Can you make some clues to describe your secret number?



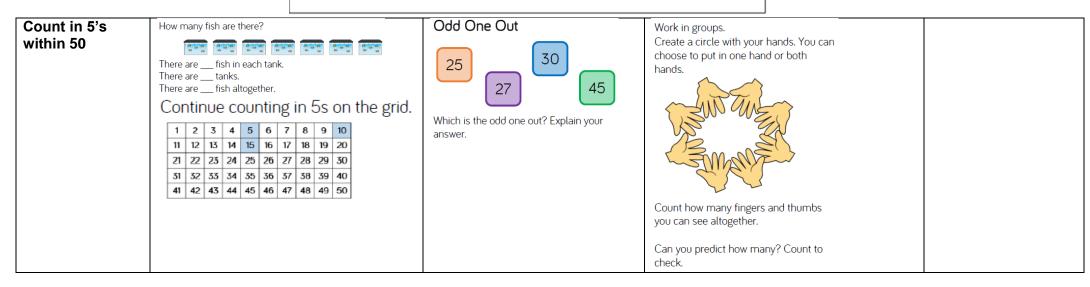
Т

	Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance				
Compare objects within 50	If children are struggling to understand how to use the inequality symbols a visual may help them, for example,	Dexter compares two numbers. 30 is less than 33 The second seco	Pick a card.		
		Dexter is correct but he has used the wrong symbol.	Children to be confident in using the language; more than, less than and equals to.		
Compare numbers within 50	Use the number track to compare the two numbers using words and inequality symbols. 19       20       23       24       25       28       29       29       31       32       33       34       55       36       37       38         21 is	Kya is using a number track to compare numbers. 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 She says, 39 is less than 42. Is she correct? Explain your answer.	Teddy is comparing two numbers.         My number is larger than 19 but not one more than 19         23		
			What could Teddy's number be? What can't it be?		



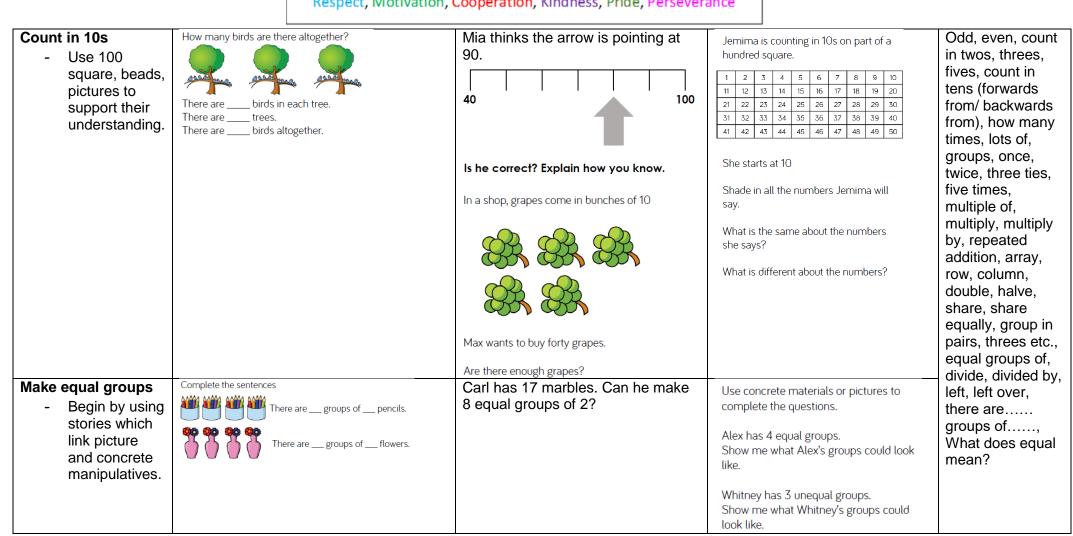
Order numbers within 50	Order the groups of cubes from smallest to largest.	Explain the mistake and can you correct it? 12 > 21 > 33 > 35	Find at least 5 different numbers that could complete the statement.				
Count in 2's within 50	How many socks are there?	Tim is counting the beads in 2s.	Always, sometimes, never When you count in twos, your digits will be 0, 2, 4, 6, 8 Prove it! Children should be provided with the opportunity to explore counting in 2s not from zero every time.				





Year 1					
	Number: Multiplication and Division				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk	

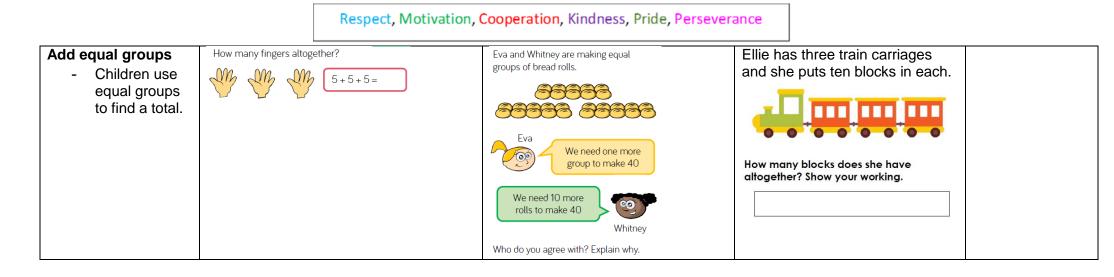




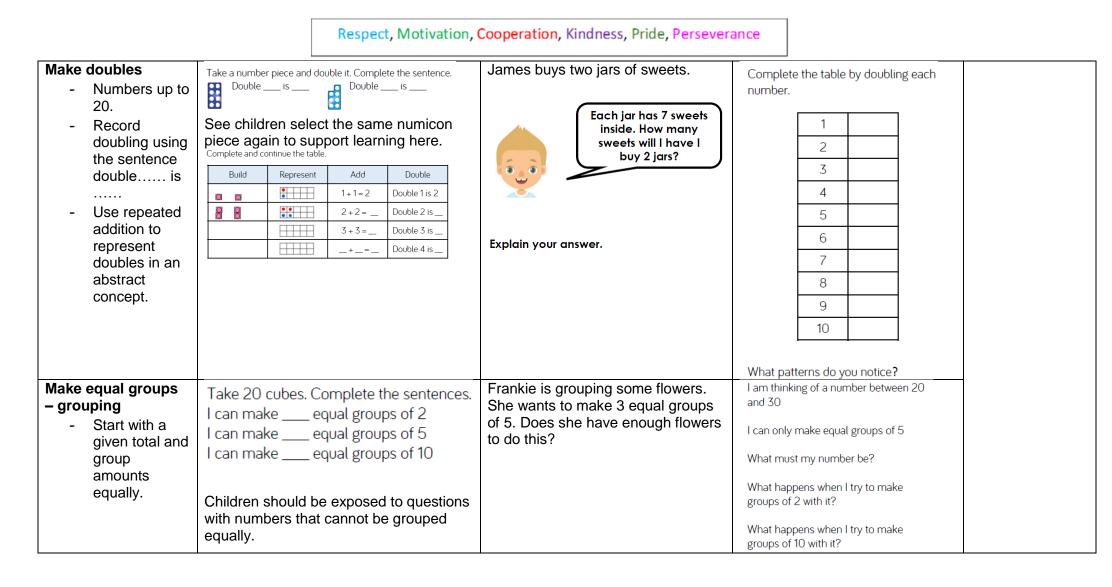


Are the groups equal or une			Children could then go on to showing it in another way. How many different ways can they show?	
There are pe	Amir and Wh	hitney are making arrays.	Eva begins to make an array with 40 counters. She has finished her first row and her first column. Complete her array.	







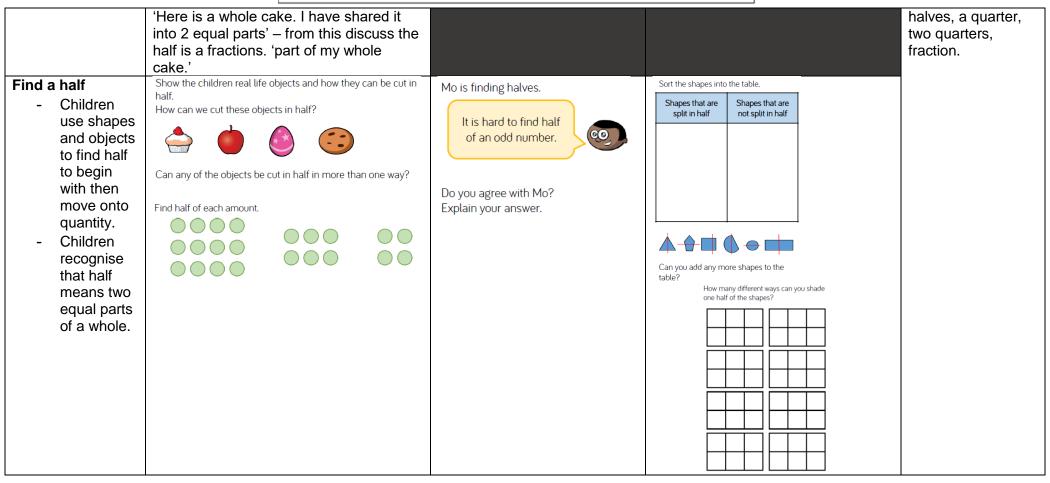




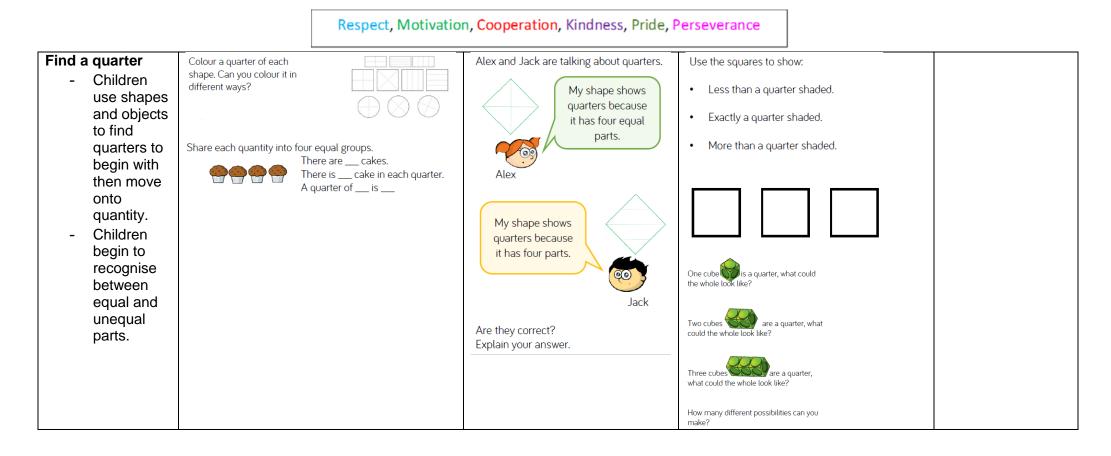
		**** *** ***	
Make equal groups – sharing	Children should be exposed to questions with numbers that cannot be shared equally. Share the muffins equally between the two plates. Complete the sentence. cakes shared equally between 2 is Complete the sentence.	Jane needs to share her biscuits equally. She has 2 biscuits. Her friends have some things she can put the biscuits into. Floella has 3 bags. Dexter has 2 boxes. Which friend should he ask for help? Explain your choice.	Dora has 10 biscuits.

	Year 1				
		Number: Fractio	ns		
Objective Skill it Apply it Deepen it Mathematic talk					
Recognise that fractions are part of a whole.	Explore the use of language around a fraction. Whole/ Equal parts.			Whole, equal parts, four equal parts, one half, two	











	Year 1					
	Numb	er: Place Value (within 1	(00)			
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk		
<ul> <li>Counting to 100 <ul> <li>Children <ul> <li>introduced to</li> <li>100 square.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children use <ul> <li>knowledge of</li> <li>counting to</li> <li>50 to support.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Continue <ul> <li>counting in</li> <li>10s.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	Use the hundred square to: • Count forwards from 80 to 92 • Count backwards from 73 to 65 • Write down the numbers between 75 and 81	Teddy has made a number using the number shapes. Teddy has made a number using the number shapes. Teddy $a$	<ul> <li>Correct the mistake in each sequence.</li> <li>34, 35, 36, 38, 39</li> <li>98, 97, 96, 95, 93</li> <li>78, 79, 18, 81, 82</li> </ul>	Fewer, more, equal, less than, greater than, number, pair, zero, one, two, three to twenty, and beyond, none, zero, count (on/up/to/from/down), before, after, many, few, fewer, least, fewest, lesser, smallest, greater, same as, odd, even, units, ones, tens, ten more/less, digits, numeral, figure(s),		

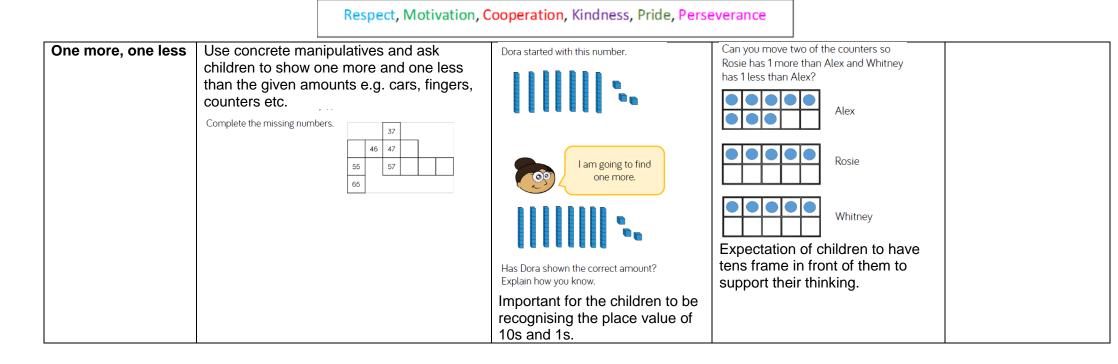


Partitioning numbers - Continue to identify how many 10s and 1s are in a number.	Use Base 10 to make these numbers. Complete the stem sentences. 70 36 64 81 22 66 49 70 has 7 tens and 0 ones.	I have 9 ones. Mo Jack I only have 1 ten so your number is bigger than mine. Is Jack correct? Prove it,	Use Base 10 to make a number: Greater than 84 Less than 70 Greater than 75 but less than 87	compare, (in) order/ a different order, size, value, between, halfway between, above, below. What happens when we have 10 ones? Why do we look at the tens before the ones? How are we going to order these
Comparing numbers - Children able to use a range of equipment to make comparison more visual. - Children able to compare using < , > , = as well as language linked to this. - Use concrete manipulatives then move	Use Base 10 to make these numbers on place value charts. Write how many tens and ones are in each number. 78 and 61 90 and 89 64 and 92 Tens Ones Tens Ones Which number from each pair is the largest? Discuss how you know. Compare the amounts using <, > or = Tens Ones Tens Ones Tens Ones Ones Tens Ones	Max says, My number is < 55 but more than 45.	How many ways can you complete the part-whole models to make the calculation correct?         Image: Constraint of the part of th	objects/numbers?



onto ordering number using the knowledge of tens and ones.				
Ordering numbers - Children to start by ordering sets of objects and then moving onto quantities (largest to smallest and smallest to largest).	In groups of 4 roll some different equipment. The furthest roll wins. Give a high five to the person who came first, second, third and fourth. Order the numbers from smallest to largest.	How have these objects and numbers been ordered?	Mo creates a traffic jam using some toy cars on the carpet. The red car is 3 <sup>rd</sup> from the front. It is also the 2 <sup>nd</sup> from the back. Use some cars or manipulatives to find out how many cars are in the traffic jam.	

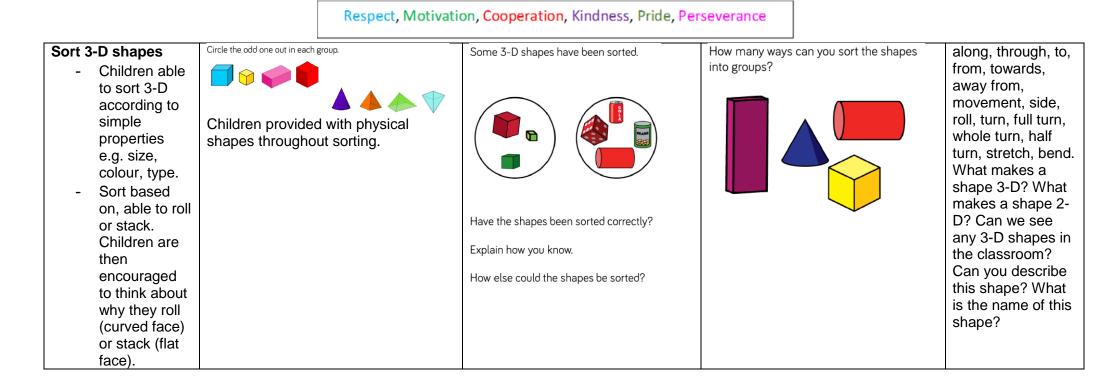






	Year 1					
Objective	Skill it	Geometry: Shape Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk		
Recognise and name 3-D shapes - Cuboids (including cubs), cylinders, pyramids, cones, spheres. - Children can name shapes in different orientations. - Children begin to consider the 2D shapes they see on 3D faces.	Match the shape to its name. A Match the shape to its name. Cube cylinder cuboid pyramid cone sphere Children build a model of their choice out of 3-D shapes. They then write sentences to say which 3-D shapes they used. Are there any they didn't use? Could they write a sentence about those? E.g. I used 3 cuboids. I did not use a sphere.	Put a selection of 3-D shapes in a feely bag. Choose a shape. What do you think it is? Explain how you know.	Use 3-D shapes to build a tower. Which shapes are the best for the bottom of the tower? Which shapes can only go on the top of the tower?	Group, sort, cube, cuboid, pyramid, sphere, cone, cylinder, circle, triangle, square, rectangle, shape, flat, curved, straight, round, corner (point, pointed), vertices, hollow, solid, face, side, edge, make, build, draw, direction, journey, left, right, up down, forwards, backwards, sideways, across, close, far, near,		







Recognise and name 2D shapes	Children could use the faces of 3-D shapes as stencils or prints for 2-D	Part of a shape is hidden.	Here is part of a shape.
<ul> <li>Children recognise that 2-D shapes are flat.</li> <li>Children can name triangle, circle, rectangle, and</li> </ul>	Match the 2-D shapes to their names.       Rectangle       Circle       Square       Triangle		How many different ways can you
square.		What shape could it be? Is there more than one possibility? Explain your thinking.	complete the shape using one or more straight lines? Compare your shape with a partner. What is the same and what is different?
Sort 2-D shapes - Children sort and group 2- D shapes according to simple properties, type, colour, size. - Children recognise	Go on a shape hunt around school. Take photos of 2-D shapes then sort them by their name. Can you sort them in another way? How are the shapes grouped? Label each group.	Tommy says that all shapes with 4 sides are squares. Is Tommy correct? Prove it. Children could draw a rectangle here to prove it or if they know of another shape.	Use a selection of triangles, rectangles, squares and circles. Put your shapes into groups. Ask a partner to label your groups. How many different groups can you create?
orientation of a shape does			



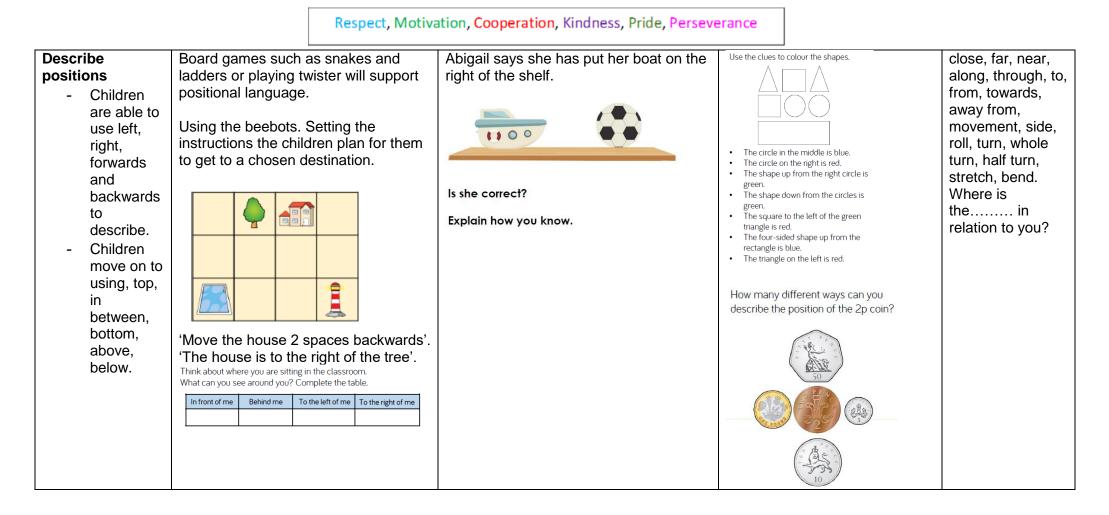
and affect the			
not affect its			
properties.			
Patterns with 2-D	Encourage the children to say the	Amir and Eva are making patterns.	Whitney is making a pattern in a circle.
and 3-D shapes	pattern out loud.	Eva	00
- Children are able to sue 2-	Annie is making a pattern.		
D and 3-D shapes to	rectangle, triangle, circle Which shape comes after the circle? Which shape comes before the rectangle?		
create and complete		Our patterns are exactly the same.	
simple patterns.	Name the missing shapes in each pattern.	Eva	
pationio		Our patterns are different.	Is Whitney's pattern correct?
			Explain why.
		Who do you agree with?	
		Fuelsie was accura	Can you make your own circular pattern
		Explain your answer.	using 3-D shapes?
			Can you make a pattern for your
			friend to be able to solve?

Year 1						
	Geometry: Position and direction					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical		
				talk		



#### Children given instructions to turn **Describe turns** Jennie was asked to turn the ruler one Over, under, Alex turns her number shape and it themselves or objects. underneath, half turn. Children finishes facing this direction. E.g. make a half turn. Once confident, above, below, are able to children could do this within their own top, bottom, side, practically on, in, outside, pairs. turn Draw what each shape will look like once it has turned a: inside, around, in objects, front, behind, shapes quarter turn front, back, and half turn below. after. themselves three-guarter turn full turn beside, next to, in different What direction could it have started Did she follow the instructions? Explain opposite, apart, directions Children provided with the physical facing? and correct any mistakes you find. resource to do this. between, middle, using the edge, centre, language -What turn could it have made? corner, direction, full, half, journey, left, right, quarter up, down, and three forwards. quarter to backwards, describe sideways, across, turns.



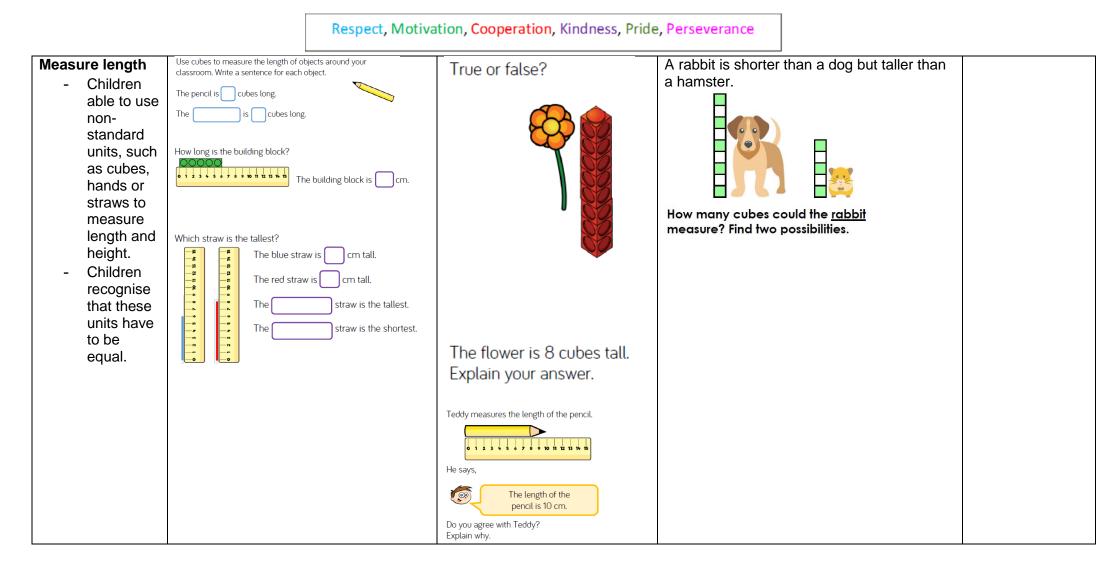


Year 1

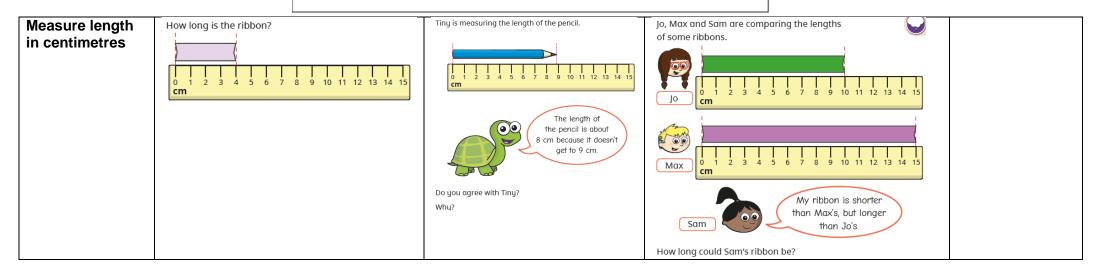


Measurement: Length and height					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk	
Compare lengths and heights - Children use and understand the language of length. - Children recognise language will change depending on what type of length. - Children understand that height is a type of length.	heights. From this they could use them stem sentence included in the example below to compare their own height to a	May is comparing items at school. She says, The book is the tallest. The pen is the shortest. Do you agree? Explain your answer.	Using classroom equipment, can you find an object which is longer than your rubber but shorter than your pencil? Can you find a friend who is shorter than you but taller than your other friend? Rosie, Alex and Mo are comparing the height of Mrs Rose and Jack.	Height, length, compare, measure, long, short, longer, shorter, narrow, wide, are we measuring the height or length of something? What would you use to measure the length of the classroom? What would you use to measure your shoe?	









Year 1					
	Measurement: weight, mass and volume				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical	
				talk	



Introduce weight and mass - Heavier and lighter.	Children introduced to weight and mass by holding objects and describing them using the vocabulary such as heavy, light, heavier than, lighter than before using scales to then check. Children may believe that larger objects ae always heavier and this misconception should be explored. Choose two objects. Which is heavier? Which is lighter? Can you be a human weighing scale? Now use the weighing scale to check. Which object is heavier? Which object is lighter? The is heavier/lighter than the	I think the pencil is heavier than the book. Am I correct? Prove your answer.	I'm thinking of an object. It is heavier than a pencil, but lighter than a dictionary. What object could Jack be thinking of? Prove it. How many objects can you think of? Encourage children to be using the balance scales to check their thinking.	Full, half full, empty, holds, weight, weighs, balances, heavy, heavier, heaviest, light, lighter, lightest, scales, capacity, volume, mass Are larger objects always the heaviest objects? Let's see shall we. If a balance scale is down what does this tell us? If the balance scale is
Measure mass - Children are able to start using non- standard units e.g. cubes to measure mass of an object.	Use the non-standard units to measure each item on your table. The weighs the same as cubes.	Amir says. Amir says. The apple is heavier than the peach, because it weighs 4 cubes. Teddy says. Teddy says. The apple and the peach weigh the same. Who do you agree with? Explain why.	The grapes weigh 10 blocks and the kiwi weighs half the mass of the grapes.	up, what does this tell us? Look at my bottle, is it full? Is it empty?

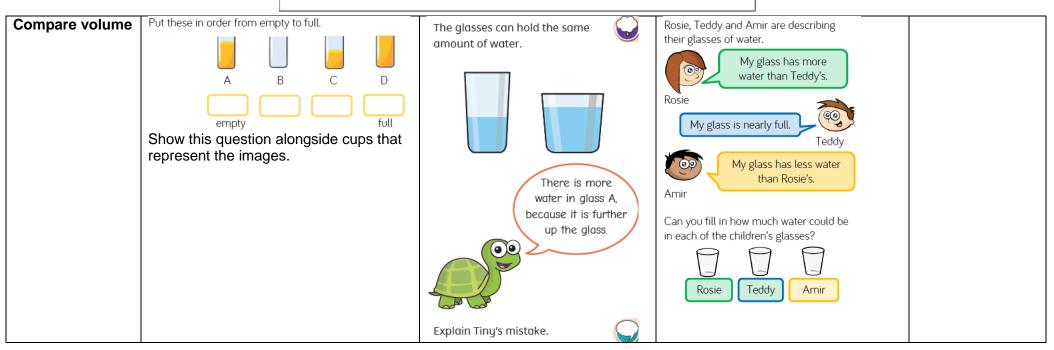


			Draw the blocks to balance the scale.
Compare mass - Children are able to use non- standard units to weigh objects to support comparing of two objects. - Able to use the language of < , >, =	Can you order the objects from heaviest to lightest? $\overbrace{Ball} = 3 \text{ pencils} \qquad \overbrace{Teddy \text{ Bear}} = 8 \text{ pencils} \qquad \overbrace{Sock} = 4 \text{ pencils}$	Hettie wants the scales to balance. She thinks she could move some marbles to do this.	Look at the balance scales below. Which statements are true? Mhich statements are true? The car is heavier than the van. The van is heavier than the car. The car is lighter than the car. The van is lighter than the car. The car and van weigh the same amount. Can you make a problem like this for your partner?



Introduce capacity and volume - Empty and full	<ul> <li>Children to practically explore capacity and volume by being provided with a range of containers using sand or water to explore capacity/volume.</li> <li>Show me full containers</li> <li>Show me empty containers</li> <li>Show me almost full</li> <li>Show me almost empty.</li> </ul>	Always, Sometimes, Never? The tallest container holds the most liquid. Identical containers can have a different capacity.	When at forest school, children transfer water using the language of empty/ full. They explore how they are able to travel without spilling much water. I.e. they fill a container and discuss whether this is easy or hard compared to a half full container.	
		Show me. Capacity = the maximum amount the <b>container</b> can hold. Volume = how much liquid/sand there is. Amount of space it takes up.		







		, , , ,	
Measure capacity	Work practically using a variety of containers. How many smaller containers does it take to fill one larger container?	Whitney pours her cups into the bottle and they fill it exactly. She says the bottle has a capacity of four cups. Do you agree? Emphasis made on the need to fill fully (equal).	It takes 5 to fill 1 It takes 2 to fill 1 It takes 2 to fill 1 How many will fill one ? What else can you find out? This should be done practically with the children. They could move the liquids between the containers to support their understanding writing down how many cups they use each time.



Compare	Take three different containers. Fill each	Alex has a bottle of juice. She pours	Chaosa three containers Investigate
capacity	container with liquid or rice using the	three glasses of juice.	Choose three containers. Investigate how you could compare the capacity of
- Children able to compare using non- standard units of measure.	<ul> <li>same unit of measure e.g. a small cup.</li> <li>Order thee containers smallest to largest capacity.</li> <li>Children could do this in pairs and take it in turns to challenge their friend in ordering. They set the rule of largest – smallest or smallest – largest.</li> </ul>	The bottle holds exactly three glasses of juice.	each one.
		Do you agree? Explain why.	

	Year 1				
	Me	easurement: Money			
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical vocabulary	
Recognising coins - Children able to recognise and know the value of different coins.	Organise the coins on your table into pence and pounds. Can you name each coin?	Dora says: All coins are round. Do you agree with Dora? Justify your answer.	Provide children with certain coins. 'make 17p in as many different ways as possible'.	Coins, notes, pounds, pennies, £, P, money, count, what is the value of each coin? How many 1 pound coins will you need to make 2 pounds?	



- Children able to use their knowledge of place value to match coin values.				
Recognising notes - Children able to recognise and know the value of different notes.	What is the value of each note? pounds pounds pounds pounds	Teddy is given one for Christmas. Eva is given two I got more than you did because my number is bigger. I got more than you did because I got two notes. Eva Who is correct? Explain your reasoning.	Always, sometimes, never Money in notes is worth more than money in coins. Children investigate the statement using practical resources. May recognise they could have 6 pound coins which is more than a five pound note.	



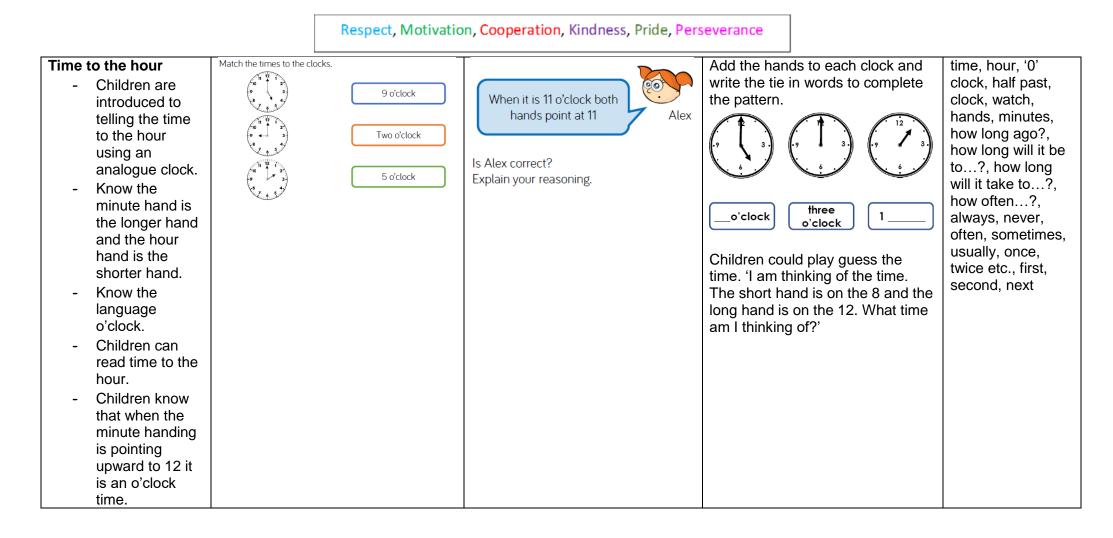
Counting coins - Children	<ul><li>Use or draw coins to show the given amounts.</li><li>10p in 5p coins.</li></ul>	Alex thinks he was 30 pence in his wallet. Is he correct?	Tommy's piggy bank is full of 2 pence pieces, 5 pence pieces and 10 pence pieces.
are able to combine their knowledge of counting and money to find amounts.	<ul> <li>Op in 5p coins.</li> <li>50p in 5p coins.</li> <li>50p in 10p coins.</li> <li>40p in 5p coins.</li> </ul>		Using one type of coin at a time, how can he make 30 p?
anounts.		Prove it.	

	Year 1			
	Measurement: Time			
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical
				vocabulary



Before and after - Children use vocabulary related to time (before and after) to describe, sort and order events.	Sort the activities into <b>before</b> and <b>after</b> school.	The smallest case was on the shelf before the purple case. Is Effie correct? Explain how you know.	Draw pictures to show what could have happened before and after. Before	Time, days of the week: Monday, Tuesday etc., seasons: spring, summer, autumn, winter, day, week, month, year, weekend, birthday, holiday, morning, afternoon, evening, night, midnight, bedtime, dinnertime, playtime, today,
<ul> <li>Dates</li> <li>Know days of the week.</li> <li>Know there are 7 days in a week.</li> <li>Children know months of the</li> </ul>	Link this in with children's birthdays. What month is your birthday in? Fill in the missing days of the week and complete the sente Sunday • Today is Wednesday, yesterday was Tuesday • Yesterday was Monday, today is Wednesday • Today is Saturday, tomorrow is	Eva is practising chanting the months of the year. She says, January, February, May, April, March, July, June, August, September, November, October, December.	Find three different ways to complete the sentence below using the months of the year. is before but after	yesterday, tomorrow, before, after, next, last, now, soon, early, late, quick, quicker, quickest, fast, faster, fastest, slow,
year.	Saturday	Eva is incorrect. Correct her mistakes.		lower, slowest, slowly, takes longer, takes less







	Respect, Motivat	ion, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Per	severance
Time to the half hour - Children know that, at half past the hour, the minute hand has travelled half way around the clock and now points at the 6 and the hour hand is half way between the hours.	Match the times to the clocks.	The time is 6 past 1 Tommy Can you spot Tommy's mistake?	<ul> <li>Read the instructions and draw the hands on the clock.</li> <li>The minute hand is pointing at the six.</li> <li>The hour hand is half way between 10 and 11</li> <li>10 and 11</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Writing time         <ul> <li>Children explore the differences between seconds, minutes and hours.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Decide which activities should be measured in which unit of time. Let's count 20 seconds in our heads. Stand up when you get to 20 seconds. How close where you? Children given the opportunity to use stop watches or sand timers to measure time. E.g. how many star jumps can you do in 20 seconds?	<ul> <li>Are the units of time chosen sensible for these activities?</li> <li>A football match measured in seconds.</li> <li>A lap around the school playground measured in minutes.</li> <li>A birthday party measured in hours.</li> <li>Explain your answers.</li> </ul>	Children provided with stop watches or sand timers to measure different activities they do with their friends.



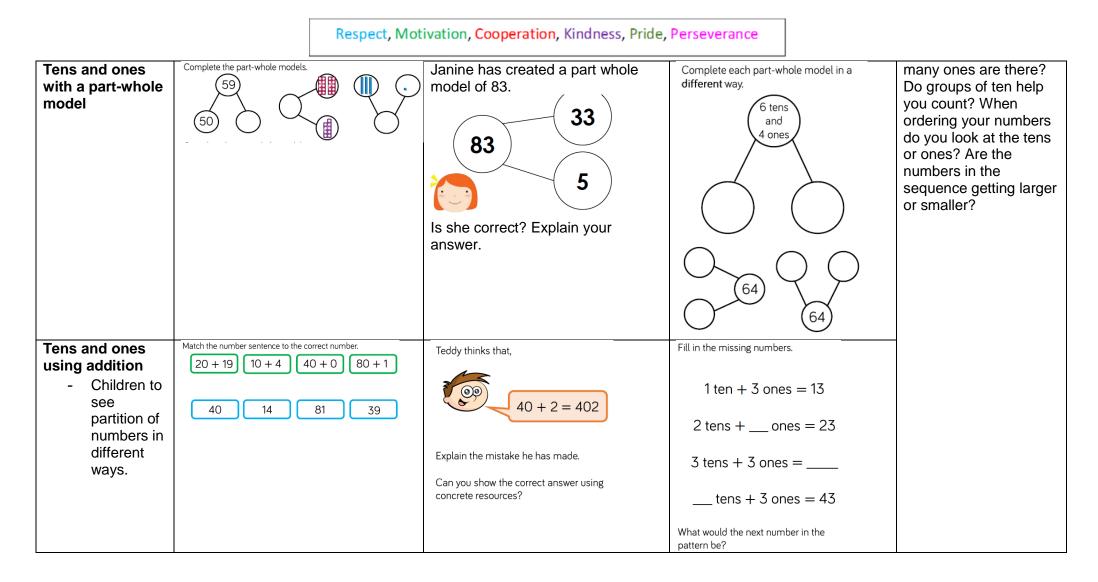
	Would you measure the duration of the activities in seconds, minutes or hours? Sort the activities into three groups: seconds, minutes and hours.         Brushing teeth       Reading a book       Saying the alphabet         Holiday flight       Playing outside       Sleeping at night			
Comparing time - Children ale to compare time using the language faster, slower, earlier and later.	Teddy, Mo and Whitney are running a race. Here are their times. Teddy - 52 seconds Mo - 48 seconds Use faster or slower to complete each sentence. Teddy is than Mo. Teddy is than Mo. Teddy is than Mo. Can you write any more sentences to describe the race using the words slower and faster? Children have a running race together and their times written down. Who was the fastest? Children then recognise a smaller time means they were quicker.	When racing or timing something make an error in the faster/ slower e.g. Child A got to me slower than Child B (even though Child A got to you first). Am I correct? Explain your answer.	<ul> <li>Work in small groups.</li> <li>Complete the following activities and record how long it takes each person.</li> <li>Build a tower of ten bricks.</li> <li>Run a lap of the playground.</li> <li>Write your name five times.</li> <li>Write three sentences about each activity using the words slower and faster.</li> </ul>	

Year 2					
	Number: Place Value				
Objective	ObjectiveSkill itApply itDeepen itMathematical talk				



Count objects to 100 - Children able to estimate the number of objects before counting. - Children can do this by making tens.	Count and write the number of cars in the car park.	Jack says he has 61 Is he correct?	Each jar contains 10 cookies. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Fewer, more, equal, less than, greater than, number, pair, zero, one, two, three to twenty, and beyond, none, zero, count (on/up/to/from/down), before, after, many, few, fewer, least, fewest, lesser, smallest, greater, same as, odd, even, units, ones, tens, ten more/less, digits, numeral, figure(s),
Read and write numbers in numerals and words to 100 - Children should also state how a number is made up.	Match the number to the correct representation. One ten and five ones Thirty-five 25 Represent the number 72 in different ways.	One of these images does not show 23 Can you explain the mistake?	How many two digit numbers can you make using the digit cards? 7002 What is the largest number? Prove it by using concrete resources. What is the smallest number? Prove it by using concrete resources. Why can't the 0 be used as a tens number?	numeral, figure(s), compare, (in) order/ a different order, size, value, between, halfway between, above, below. Numbers to one hundred, hundreds, partition, recombine, hundred more/less, estimate, how do we say this number? What numbers complete the part-whole? How many tens are there? How

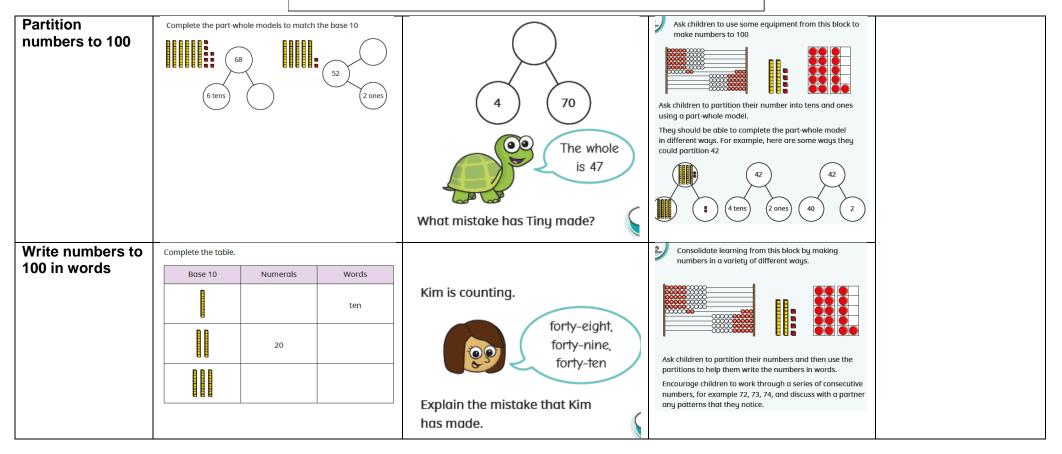




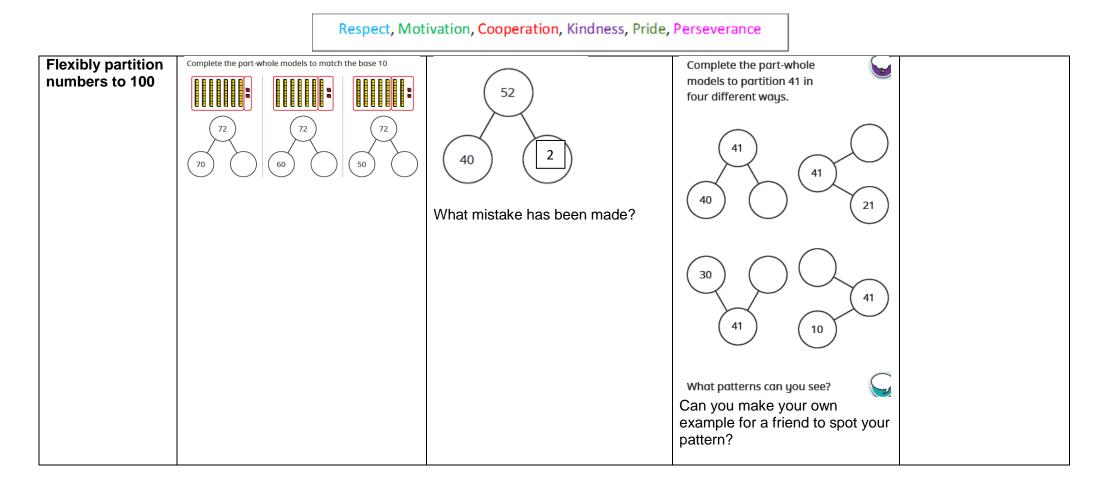


			Children could continue this pattern. Use resources to start and then be encouraged to move onto using number only.
Using a place value chart	r is represented in the place value chart?	Helen says, There are 6 tens and 2 ones in the number 62. Is she correct? Convince me using a place value chart. Tens Ones	How many two digit numbers can you make that have the same number of tens and ones? Show each one on a place value chart. Tens Ones

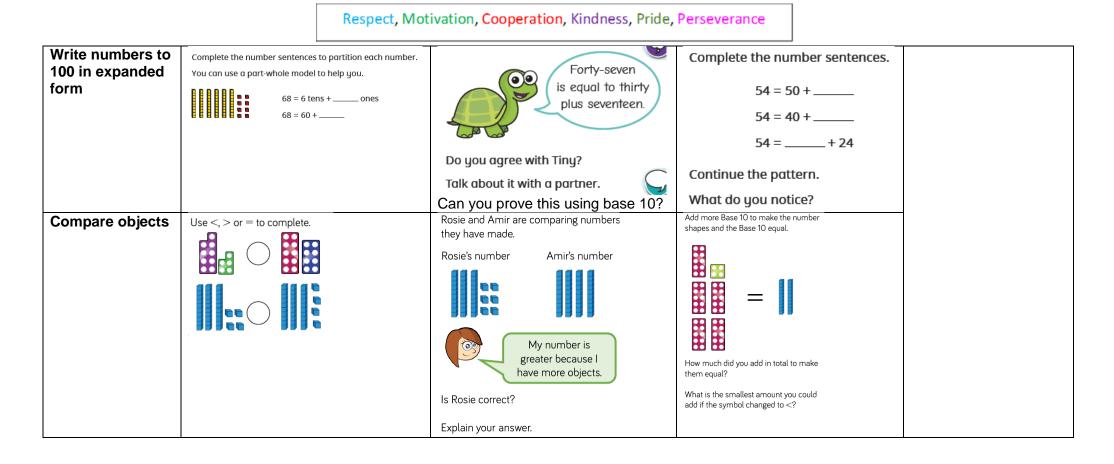














Compare numbers - Able to use the language less than, greater than and equals to.	Complete the statements using more than, less than or equal           42 is46           81 is60 + 4           30 + 8 isthirty-eight	When comparing numbers, the number with the highest number of ones is always the bigger number. Do you agree?	How many different numbers can go in the box? 13 < 20 Can you prove your answer using concrete resources?	
Order objects and numbers - Able to order greatest to smallest, smallest to greatest.	Circle the numbers 48, 43 and 50 on the number line. 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 Put the numbers 48, 43 and 50 in order starting with the smallest. Children provided with a range of opportunities to order objects and numbers.	Give some examples to support your answer. Which of these numbers cannot be used to complete the statement? A) eighty and two B) eighty-four C) seven ones and eight tens eighty-three < Convince me.	Order the numbers below. Which would be the fourth number? 33 53 37 29 34 43 Explain how you ordered them.	



#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Count in 3's True or False? Frank is counting backward in Complete the number sequences. 3s starting from thirty-eight. 15 Children count I start at 0 and count in 3s Every time he says a number forwards I say the number 14 with a 3 in it, he spins around. and 6 24 backwards How many times will he spin in 3s from 18 0 around before he says a number any smaller than 15? multiple of 3. Explain your answer. Count in 2's, 5's Circle the number you would not James is counting forwards in 10s. Find your way through the maze and 10's say if you counted forwards in 10s by counting forwards in 5s from from 32. the start number. Children -If I start at 12, I will say 20. able to Start→ 23 28 33 35 count in 2's, 5's and Α. Β. 25 20 38 40 10's from 10 10 1 zero. 10 10 1 75 12 43 48 → Finish Count in -10 10 Is he correct? Prove it. 10's from 55 21 89 60 C. D. E. any number. eighty-two 50 + 2 72 Count forwards True or false. This sequence of and numbers increases by 5 each time. backwards. 45, 40, 35, 30, 25, 20.

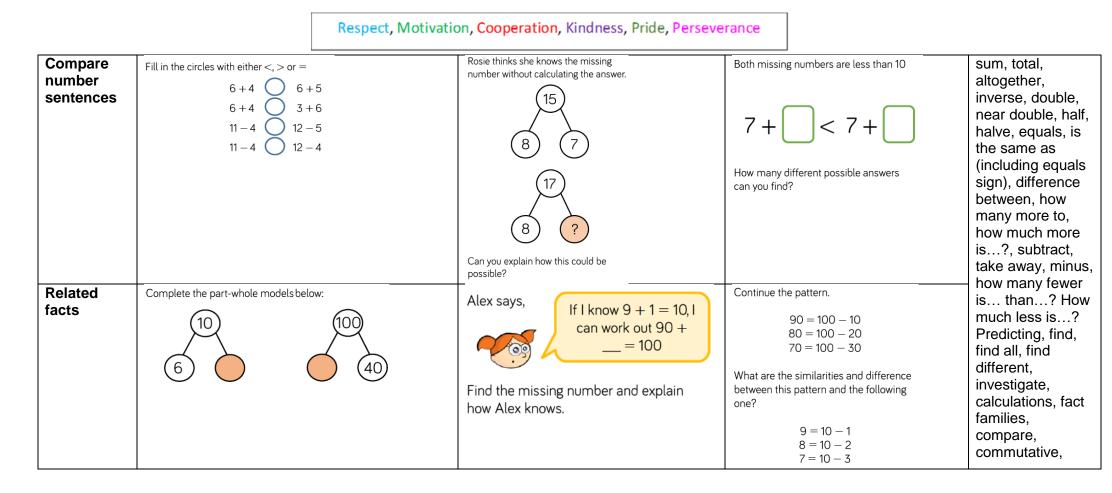


Fill in the blanks of the sequence	ne number	
8 10 12	16 18	

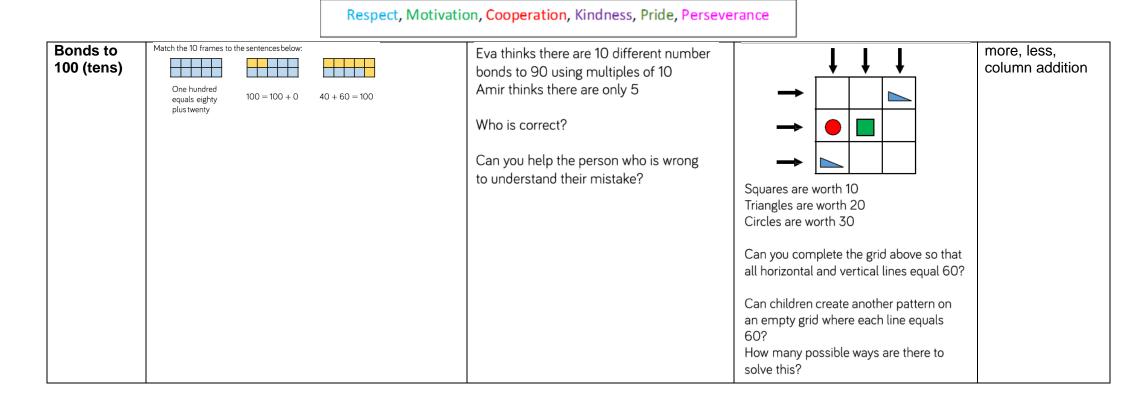


		Year 2				
	Number: Addition and subtraction					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk		
Fact families – addition and subtraction bond to 20	Using concrete apparatus, can you talk about the relationship between the different flowers?	8 - 5 = 3 $8 - 3 = 5$ $8 = 5 - 3$ $3 = 8 - 5$ Rosie says, I think that all of these facts are correct because the numbers are related Ron disagrees. Who is correct? Can you prove it?	Here is an incomplete bar model. The total is greater than 10 but less than 20 What could the missing numbers be? How many different combinations can you find?	What does part mean? What does whole mean? How many where there at the start? Which number represents the total? How many different number sentences are there in a fact family? What patterns can you see? Why do we check our calculations? Number bonds, number line, add, more, plus, make,		
Check calculations	Can you use inverse operations to check 5 + 12 = 17?	Eva did the following calculation: 12-8=4 She checked it by using the inverse. She did 12+8=20 and said that her firs calculation was wrong. What advice would you give her?	Rewrite the following to make it a subtraction word problem. I have eleven sticks in a pile. I add six more sticks to the pile. Now I have seventeen sticks all together.			





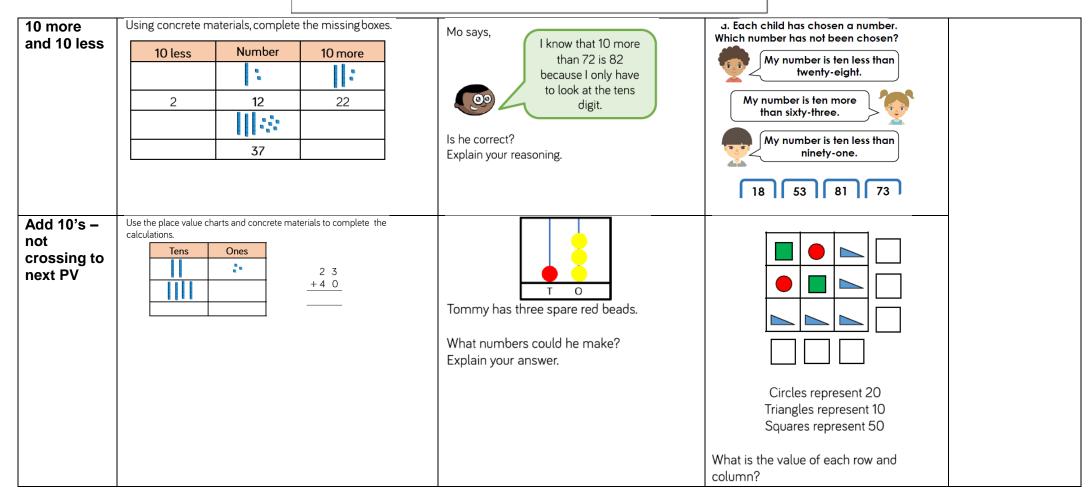




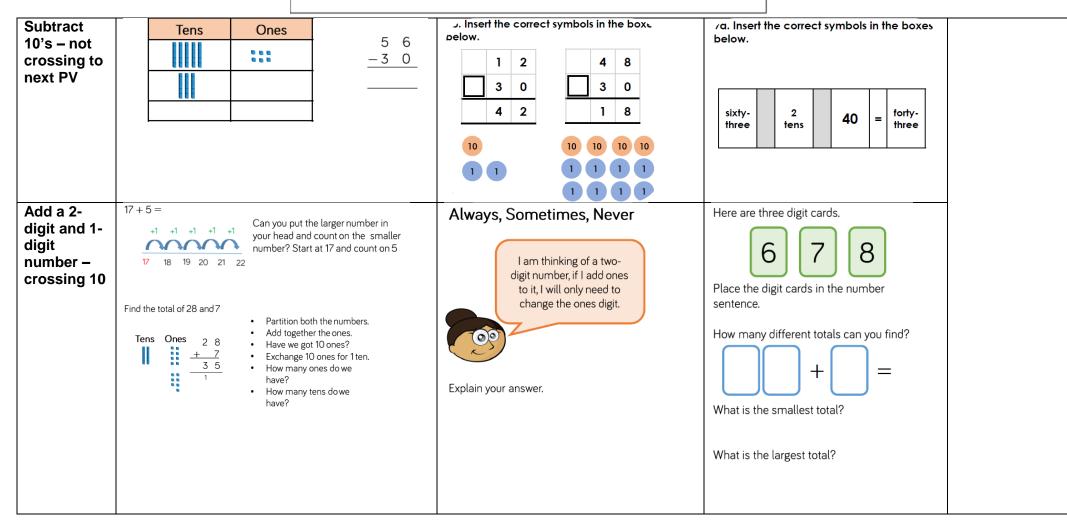


#### Add and /b. Insert the correct symbols into the Continue the number tracks below. True or False? boxes subtract 1's 31 34 45 48 These four calculations have the same answer. 98 Α. 4 = 94 67 13 1+4+2 4+2+1 2 + 4 + 1 4 + 1 + 23 Β. 59 56 = These four calculations have the same answer. 7-3-2 2 - 3 - 77 - 2 - 33-2-7 Add by The counters show that 8 + 5 = 10 + 3Tiny is working out 3 + 8 Work out the missing number. making 10 • +10 9+8= Use counters and ten frames to fill in the missing numbers. I am going ▶ 9 + 5 = 10 + \_\_\_\_\_ to add 5 and 8 + 4 = 10 + \_\_\_\_\_ then add 3 How did you do it? Will Tiny get the correct answer? Is there a better way to work out the addition?









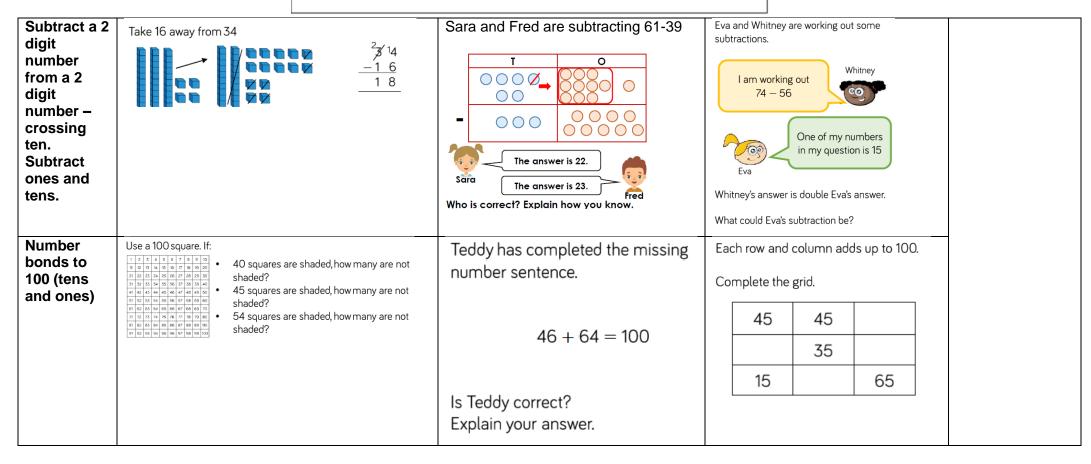


#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Mo is counting back to solve 35 - 7Use the number card to create 3 **Subtract a 1** 22 – 7 = digit subtractions. Can you put the larger 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 He counts number number in your head and 43 five 46 35, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29 from a 2 count back the smaller 19 20 21 15 18 22 digit number? Start at 22 and Is Mo correct? number – count back7 crossing 10 Explain your answer. nine 47 six Add two 2 Find the sum of 34 and 23 Amir has been asked to complete the What digits could go in the boxes? digit bar model. Tens Ones numbers -? not 5 = 872 +52 17 crossing ten. Add +The whole is 78 ones and because 5 + 2 = 7add tens. and 1 + 7 = 8Explain to Amir what he has done wrong. How could you help him work out the correct total? Find the sum of 35 and 26 Add two 2 Chloe says; Can you create a calculation where • Partition both the numbers. III ÷ digit there will be an exchange in the ones • Add together the ones. Have we got 10 numbers and your answer will have two ones and ones? + crossing Exchange 10 ones for 1 ten. be less than 100? How many ones do we have? ten – add • Add together the tens. How many do we ones and have altogether? add tens.



r					
			Is she correct? Prove it.		
Subtract a 2 digit number from a 2 digit number – not crossing ten.	78 minus 34 = 8 ones – 4 ones = 7 tens – 3 tens = We have tens andones.	Tens     Ones       IIIIIIIII     IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Mistake in calculation can be made for the child to correct and explain where the mistake happened. Encourage the language use of place value.	Find the missing numbers. 6 – 2 4 2 Is this the only possible solution? Explain your answer. Make the numbers using Base 10 to help you find your answer.	

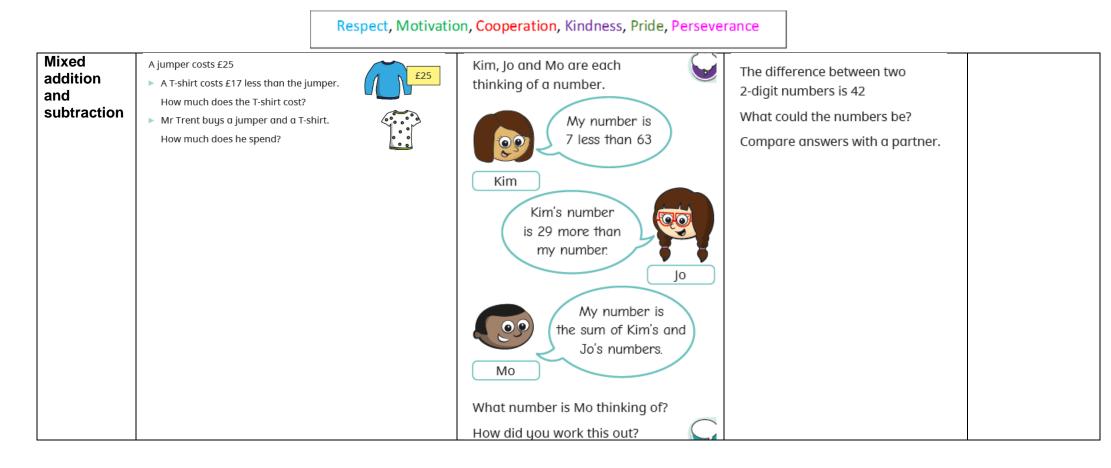




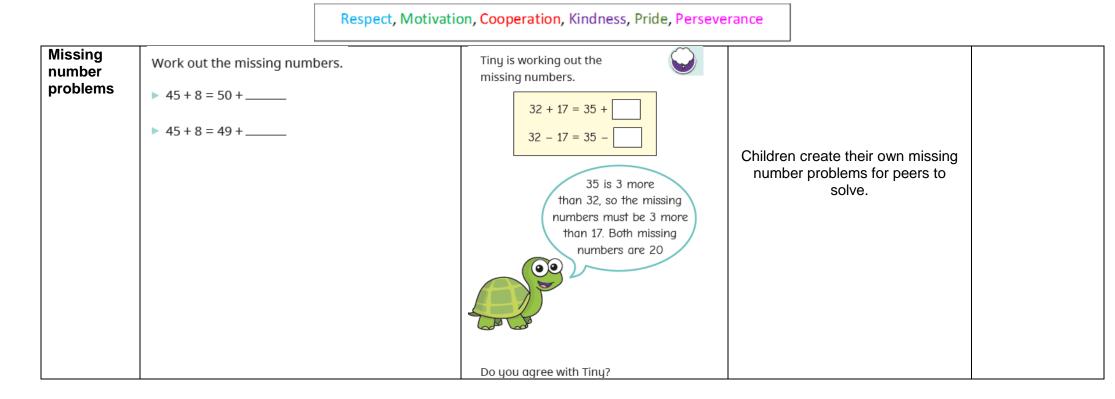


Add three 1	Use ten frames and counters to add thenumbers $4 + 3 + 6$	Always, Sometimes, Never	Which numbers would you add together
digit numbers.	Can you add the numbers in a different way to find a number bond to 102 10 + 3 = 13	bbo = bbo + bbo + bbo	first in the following number sentences? Why would you add those first?
		Use one-digit numbers to test if this is	3 + 5 + 7 =
		true e.g.	8 + 2 + 6 =
		3 + 5 + 7	4 + 3 + 4 =
			Is there always an easier order to add three one-digit numbers?











	Year 2				
Number: Multiplication and Division					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical	
				talk	
Recognise	Complete the stem sentences.	Spot the mistake.	Sort into equal and unequal groups.	Odd, even, count	
equal groups			Equal Groups Unequal Groups	in twos, threes,	
				fives, count in	
				tens (forwards from/ backwards	
	There are equal groups with in each group.			from), how many	
		Alex says, "There are 10 equal groups		times, lots of,	
		with 2 in each group. There are ten 2s."	Create your own picture to go in each	groups, once,	
			column.	twice, three ties,	
Make equal	What else do we need to show 'five 3s'?	Which example does not	How can you make the groups equal?	five times, multiple of,	
groups		show 7 groups of 1?		multiply, multiply	
		- ·		by, repeated	
		Provide children with a range of		addition, array,	
		groups to choose from. Encourage the		row, column,	
	The Base 10 shows six equal groups with ten in each group.	children to explain why they ARE NOT examples.		double, halve, share, share	
	There are six tens.			equally, group in	
				pairs, threes etc.,	
				equal groups of,	
				divide, divided by,	
	How else can you represent these as equal groups?			left, left over,	
	now cise can you represent these as equal groups:			describe the rule,	



Add equal groups	Complete:	True or False? 5 + 5 = 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 Draw an image or use cubes to help you explain your answer.	Which one does not belong? Which one does not belong? Which one does not belong? Two 5s Two 5s Ten 5 + 5 Which one does not belong?	Multiplication, lots of, arrays, commutative, times tables, how many do you have to begin with? Division
			What do we need to change to make them all represent the same?	2
Multiplication sentences using 'x' symbol	Complete the sentences to describe the equal groups.	$3 + 3 + 3 = 3 \times 3$ Is Mo correct? Explain why.	Think of a multiplication to comple $6 + 6 + 6 > \ x \$	te:
		Draw an image to help you.	The total is 18, what coul the addition and multiplication be?	d

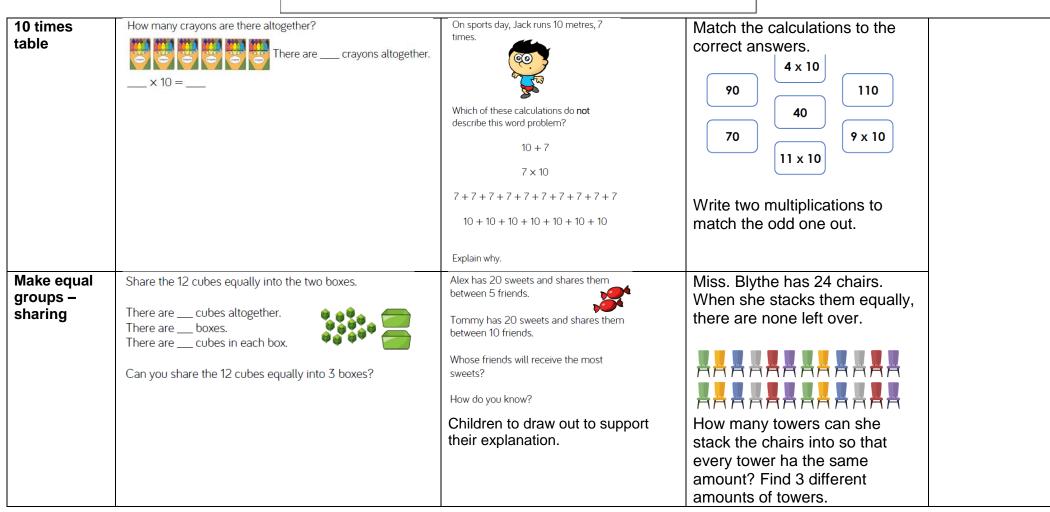


Multiplication sentences from pictures	Complete:		There are four baskets. There are three dolls in each basket. How many dolls are there altogether? Draw an image and write a calculation to represent the problem.
		$2 \times 5$ 5 + 5 $5 \times 2$ Each calculation could explain the image. Explain why.	Write a story for the calculation 5 x 3. Draw an image to illustrate your story.
Using arrays	Complete the number sentences to describe the arrays.	Use an array to find the odd one out. ******* *******	Part of this array is hidden.
	Draw an array for 4 x 2 = 2 x 4	A.4 lots of 5 B. 3 x 5 C. 5 x 3 Explain your answer.	



	Re	spect, Motivation,	, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Persev	verance
2 times table	Count in 2s to calculate how many	eyes there are.	Tommy says that $10 \times 2 = 22$	Use the cards below to complete the statement. You can use the
		Ì	Is he correct?	cards more than once.
	There are eyes in total. × = Resources such as number tra to support learning.	cks can be used	Explain how you know. Children can draw an image/array to support their explanation.	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
5 times table	How many petals altogether?		Is Mo correct?	Find two possibilities. Tube of tennis balls come in packs
	Write the calculation.	<mark>€</mark> 8€	Every number in the 5 times table is odd.	of 2 and 5. Whitney has 22 tubes of balls. How many of each pack could she have? How many ways can you do it?
			Explain your answer.	

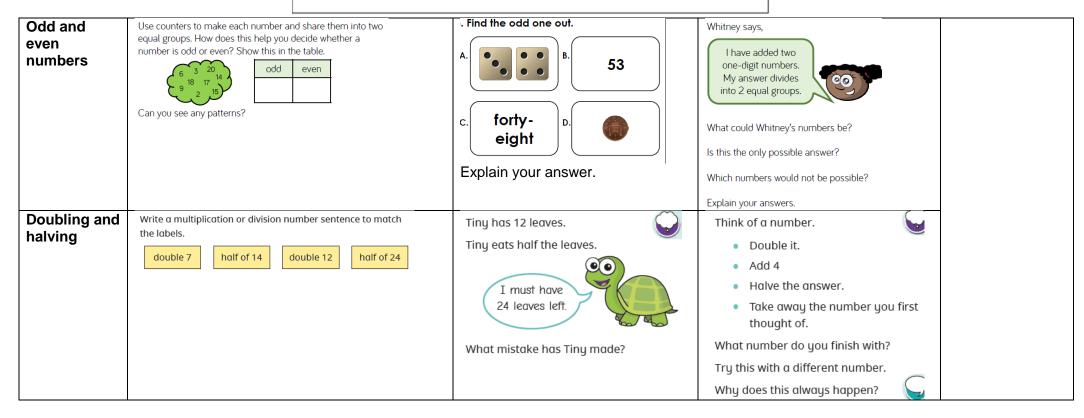




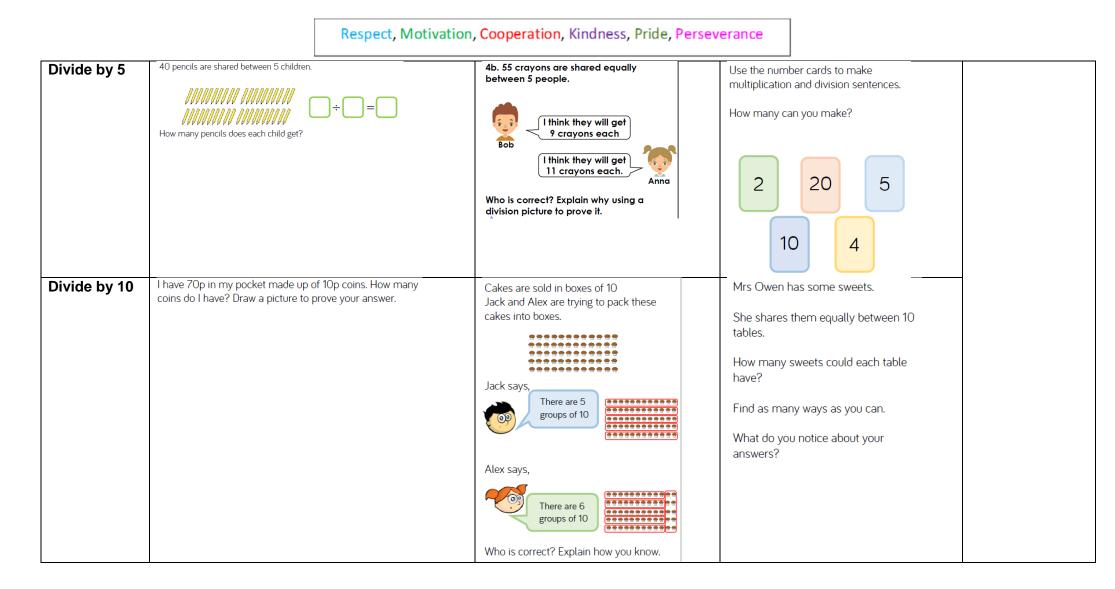


Make equal groups – grouping	Mrs Green has 18 sweets. She puts 3 sweets in each bag. How many bags can she fill? 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	6b. Ella and Wes have 36 counters. 6b. Ella and Wes have 36 counters. 6b. Ella 36 in equal groups of 6 makes 7 groups. 6b. Ella 36 in equal groups of 4 makes 9 groups. 6b. Ella and Wes have 36 counters. 9 groups of 6 makes 9 groups. 6 Wes 9 Wes	You have 30 counters. How many different ways can you put them into equal groups? Write down all the possible ways.
Divide by 2	Complete the stem sentences.	Lia has 22 pieces of chocolate. She gives half of them to Joe. Joe will get 11 pieces. Is Lia correct? Explain why.	I have 24p. I divide it equally between 2 friends. How much will they get each? I have 24p in 2p coins. How many 2p coins do I have? Consider the two questions above. What is the same and what is different?









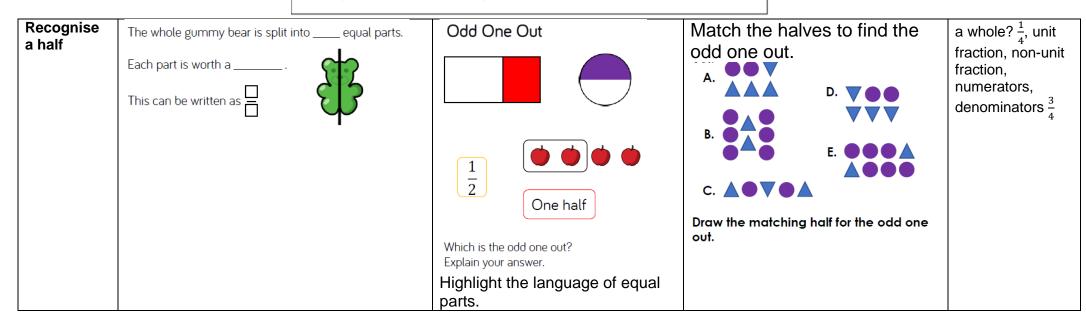


The 5 and 10 times-tables	Complete the number tracks.	Tiny is thinking about the 5 and 10 times-tables.	Use the 10 times-table to help you work out the multiplication.
-Children to recognise the relationship between 5 and 10 times- tables.	5       15         10       40         What do you notice?         Which numbers are in both number tracks?	Do you agree with Tiny? Why?	5 × 18



		Voor 2		
		Year 2 Number: Fractions		
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical
Make equal parts	Look at the representations. Decide which show equal parts and which show unequal parts.	Three children are splitting a square into equal parts.         Teddy         Alex         Alex         Mo         Who has split the square into equal parts? Explain why.         Children could explain this by physically making the shapes with the parts.	How many different ways can you put these beanbags into equal groups?	talkWhole, equal parts, four equal parts, one half, two halves, a quarter, two quarters, fraction, three quarters, one third, a third, equivalence, equivalent, unequal, are the parts equal? How do you know? 

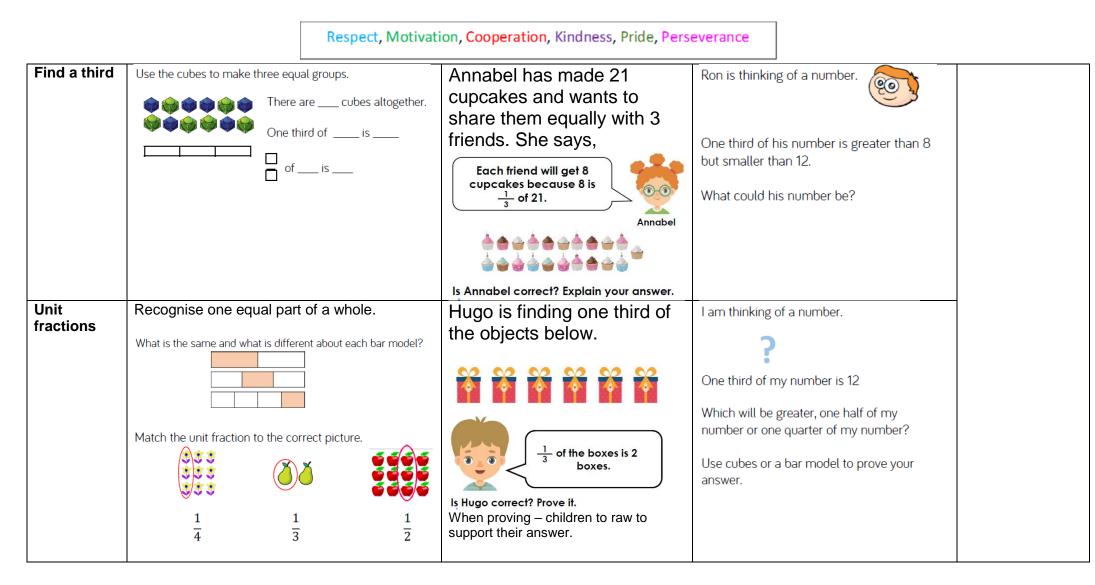




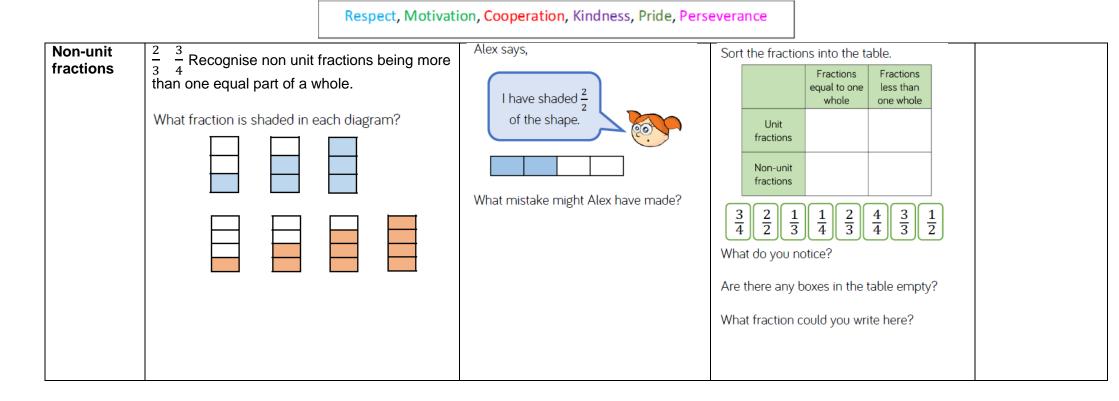


	Respect, Motiva	tion, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Per	rseverance
Find a half	Share 20 beanbags equally between two containers, then complete the stem sentences. The whole is Half of is Fill in the blanks. Use counters to help you if needed. $\frac{1}{2}$ of $4 = $ $\frac{1}{2}$ of $40 = $	Dora is asked to shade half of her shape. This is what she shades.	I am thinking of a number. Half of my number is more than 10 but less than 15. What could my number be?
Recognise a third	Three friends are sharing a pizza. The pizza is split into equal parts. Each part is worth a This is the same as	Dora says, I have one third of a pizza because I have one slice and there are three slices left. Do you agree? Explain your reasoning.	Leave $\frac{1}{3}$ of each shape unshaded.         Find four different ways.         Image: State of the s

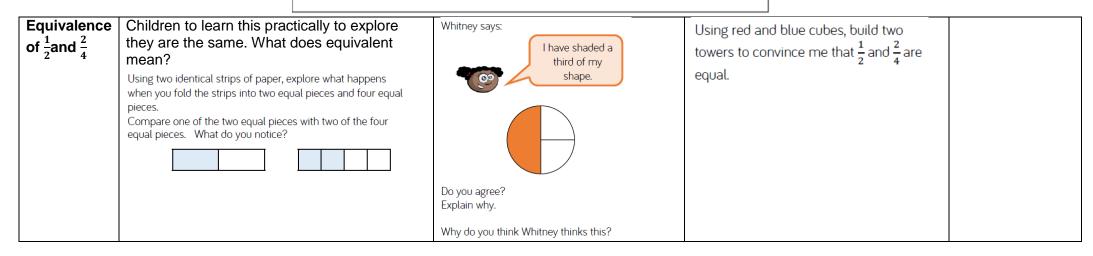




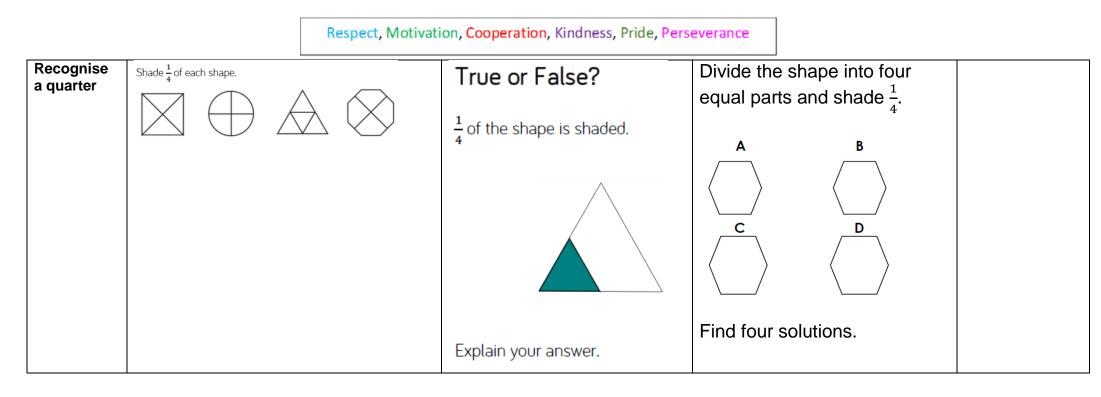








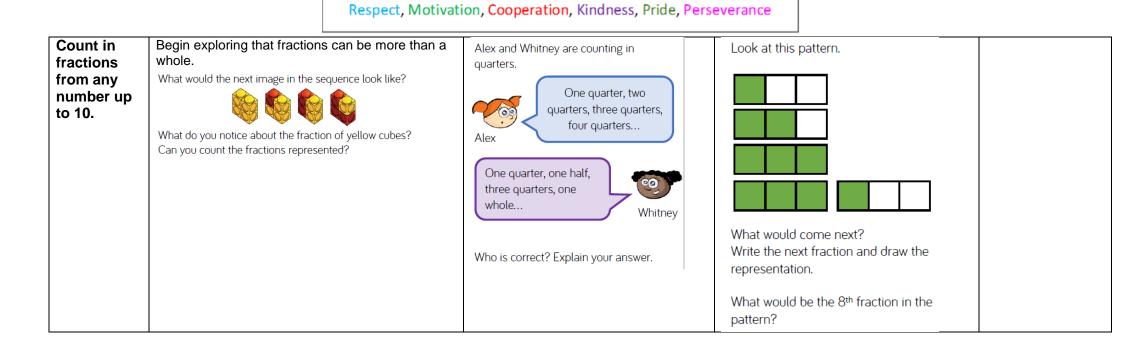






Find a quarter	Share the smarties equally between 4 people. The smarties are split intoequal parts. Each part is worth a This can be written as	Eva says, I have $\frac{1}{4}$ because I have 4 marbles. Do you agree? Explain why.	Mo has two ribbons. He cuts $\frac{1}{4}$ from earribbon. $\frac{1}{4}$ of ribbon A $\frac{1}{4}$ of ribbon B $\frac{1}{4}$ of ribbon B 4  cm
			How long were Mo's whole pieces of ribbon? Which ribbon was the longest? How much longer?
Find three quarters	Amir shares 12 beanbags into 4 equal groups. Use the image to complete the sentences. One quarter of 12 is equal to Two quarters of 12 is equal to Three quarter of 12 is equal to Four quarters of 12 is equal to	Amir is using beanbags and hoops to find three quarters of 20 Can you spot his mistake? $\underbrace{3\frac{3}{4} \text{ of } 20 = 14}^{4}$	Eva eats three-quarters of her sweets. She eats these sweets.
			Encourage practical resource use. Children could then make up their own question using this as their model.







	Year 2 Measurement: Money					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk		
Count money – Pence	Count the money. (a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	Which is the odd one out? A. B. C. 50p Explain your answer.	Jack selects four of these coins. What total could he make? What is the lowest total? What is the greatest total?	Coins, notes, pounds, pennies, £, P, money, count, pence, do the notes have greater value than coins? How do you know you have made amount? Greater than, less than, compare		



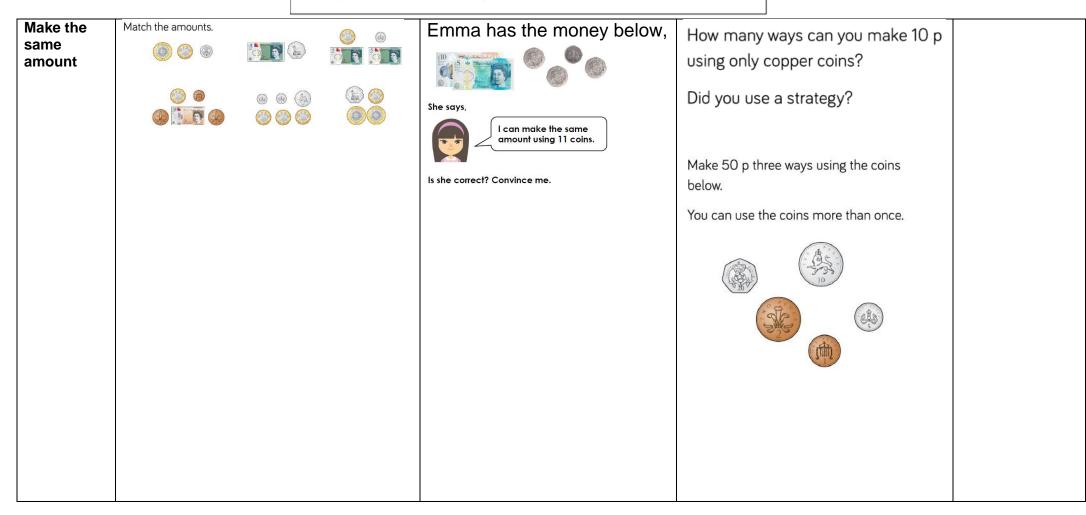
Count	Complete the bar models.	Ron thinks he has £13	Mel has more money than Tim.
money – pounds	£30		Mel as two notes and five coins. Time has two notes and eight coins. What notes and coins could they both have?
		Is he correct?	
		Explain your answer.	
Count	How much money is there altogether?	Mo has the following coins.	How many ways can you complete the
money – notes and coins Decimal notion not	There is £ andp.		part-whole model by drawing money?
used until KS2		He thinks he has 51 p.	
express answer as £5 and 30p		Explain his mistake.	



Select	Which does <b>not</b> show 50 p?	Circle the odd one out.	Use the money to fill the purses.
money		23 p = 20 p, 2 p, 1 p 25 p = 20 p, 5 p 28 p = 20 p, 8 p Explain your answer.	You can only use each coin or note once. Cross them out once you have used them.



Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance



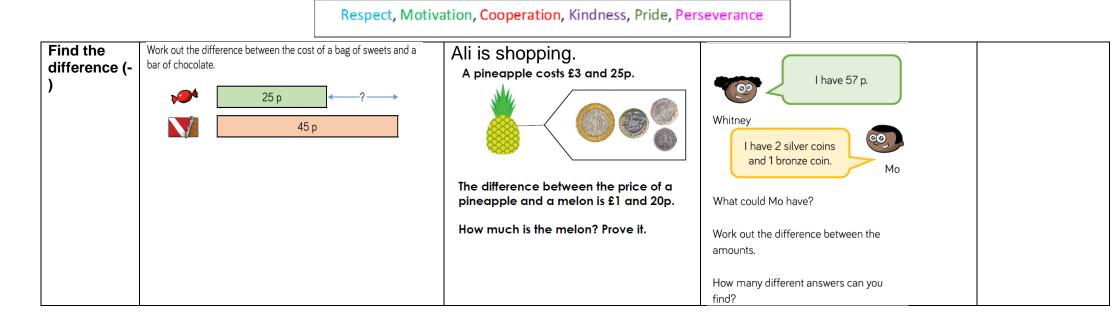


#### Compare Circle the box with the greatest amount. Four 5 pence coins are worth more than True or False? two 10 pence coins. money ( Fr 0 5 copper coins can be worth more than 1 (H) silver coin. Children to show many examples to support their conclusion. Do you agree? Explain why. Make a Draw money so that each purse has £1 Dan has 20 of the same coin. Make a £1 using the same pound value of coin. He has £1 altogether. only 50p coins What coin does Dan have 20 of? How do you know? only 20p coins only 10p coins only 5p coins only 2p coins • only 1p coins What patterns can you see? What is the maximum and minimum number of coins to make £1?

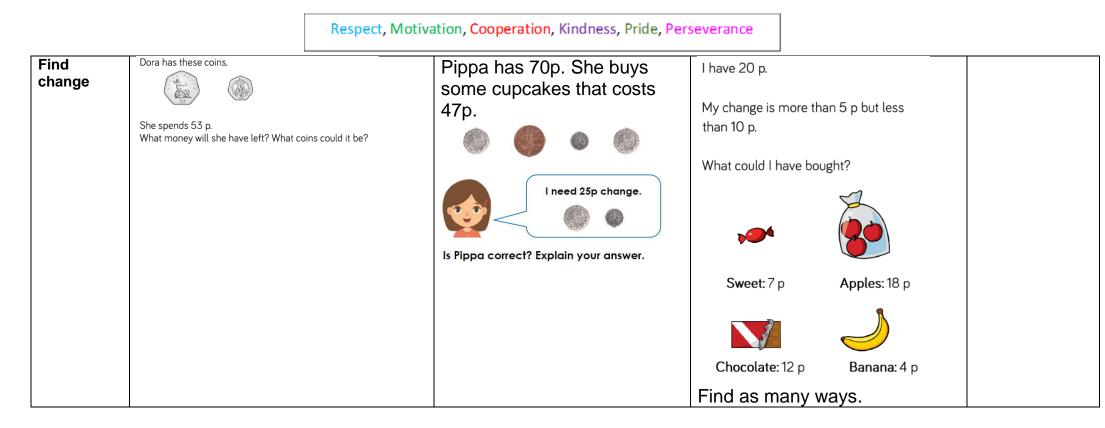


Find the total (+)	Complete the table. Pounds	Pence	Total		Olga is b her party		lloons fo	r	Dexter has these coins and notes.
	£4 £2	25 p	£ andp £2 and 40 p		red blue	yellow	ו		
		65 p	£20 and 65 pence			Dide			
		55 pence	£15 and 20 p		5 pounds		32p		He makes an amount greater than £20
					If I buy red, blue and yellow balloons, I will spend £5 and	but less than £30			
					Is she correct?	82p in t	otal.		Draw the money he could have used. You can use each coin or note more than once.
									How many different ways can you find?

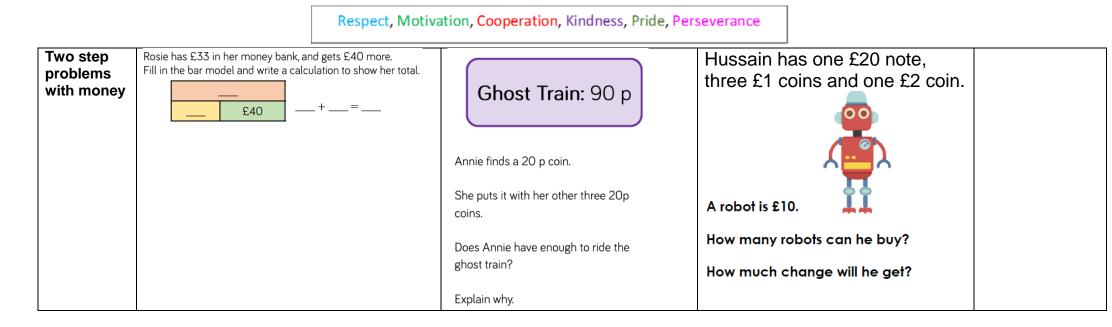












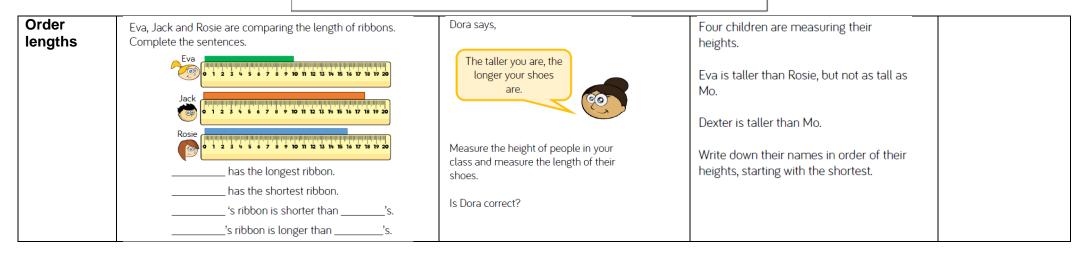


		Year 2		
	Meas	surement: Length and Heigh	t	
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk
Measure lengths (cm)	Choose a variety of objects and practice measuring them using a centimetre ruler. Remember to line up the object to the 0 mark on the ruler. e.g. How long is the pencil to the nearest centimetre?	Mo has used the ruler to measure the length of the car.	Franks teddy measures between 5cm and 15cm. What are the possible measurements his teddy could be? What could the possible measurements be if it is an odd number?	Height, length, compare, measure, long, short, longer, taller, shorter, narrow, wide, centimetre, metre, kilometre, nearest cm, measuring from 0, how long is? How tall is? Orientation, when would we

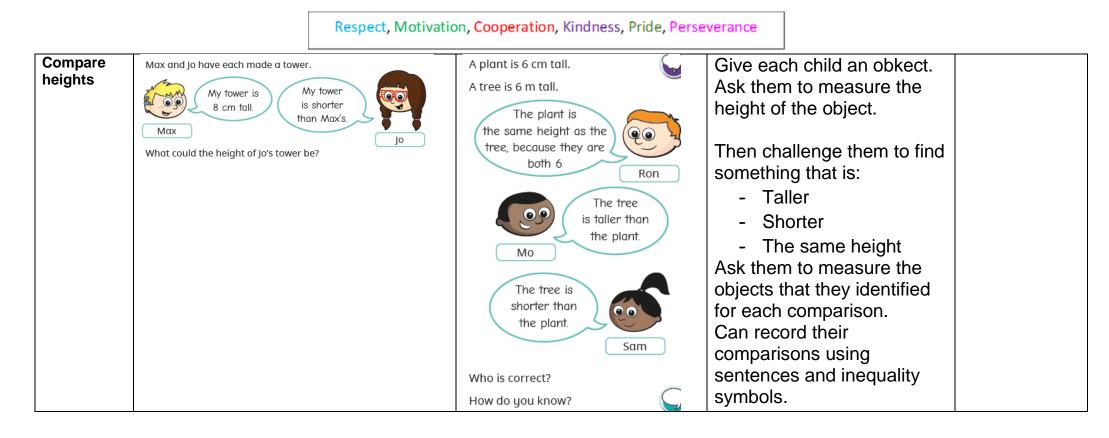


		Respect, Motivati	on, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perse	everance	
Measure lengths (m)	Use a metre stick to measure object place them into the groups.	Shorter than a metre	Amir has a metre stick. He wants to measure the length of his classroom. I can't measure the length of the classroom because my metre stick isn't long enough. Explain to Amir how he could measure the length of his classroom.	Usain Bolt can run 100 m in 9.58 seconds (just under 10 seconds). How far do you think you can run in 10 seconds? Do you think it will be more or less than 100 m? Measure how far you and your friends can run in 10 seconds. Record your answers in metres and centimetres.	measure in metres? When would we measure in cm? estimating prior to measuring.
Compare lengths	Compare the lengths using <b>longer than</b> same as. 15 cm is Sixty metres is 96 m is 80 cm is	, <b>shorter than</b> , or <b>the</b> 60 cm 60 m 69 m 80 m	<ul> <li>6b. Dylan uses a tape measure to find the length of two ropes.</li> <li>Rope A is 6 centimetres long and Rope B is 6m long.</li> <li>Dylan says,</li> <li>Rope A is the longest rope.</li> <li>Is he correct? Explain how you know.</li> </ul>	7b. Nadia has the shortest sunflower which measures 108cm. Jess's sunflower measures 2m, and Claudia's sunflower is the same height as Jess's.2cm200cm117cmChoose which measurement describes Claudia's sunflower.117cm	









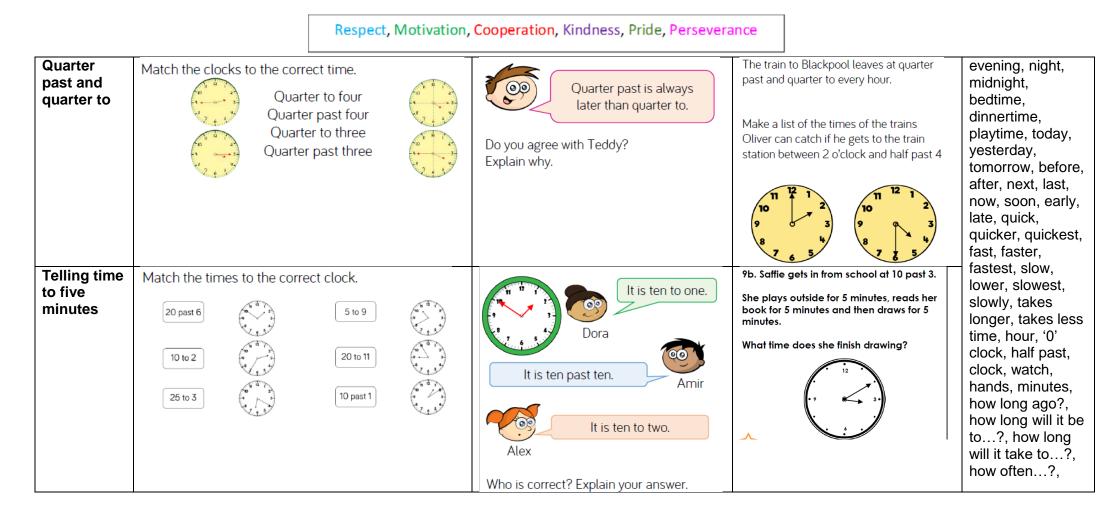


Order heights	The height of three buildings is shown.	An oak tree is 20 m tall. An elm tree is 15 m tall. A pine tree is taller than an elm tree, but shorter than an oak tree. How tall could the pine tree be?	Four children are measuring their heights. Fay is taller than Ann, but not as tall as Dan. Tom is taller than Dan. Write the children's names in order of their heights.
	<ul> <li>Which building is the tallest?</li> <li>Which building is the shortest?</li> <li>Put the buildings in order, from tallest to shortest.</li> </ul>	Explain how you got to that answer.	Start with the shortest child.
Four operations with length	<ul> <li>Teddy has a toy train and a toy plane.</li> <li>The train is 28 cm long. The plane is 16 cm longer.</li> <li>How long is the plane?</li> <li>The toy train is double the length of a toy car.</li> <li>How long is the toy car?</li> <li>Draw bar models to help you.</li> </ul>	Is Joe correct? Explain why.	There are 3 teddies in a box. The brown teddy is 15 cm taller than the yellow teddy. The yellow teddy is 3 cm shorter than the pink teddy. The pink teddy is 42 cm tall. How tall are the brown and yellow teddies? How much taller is the brown teddy than the pink teddy?

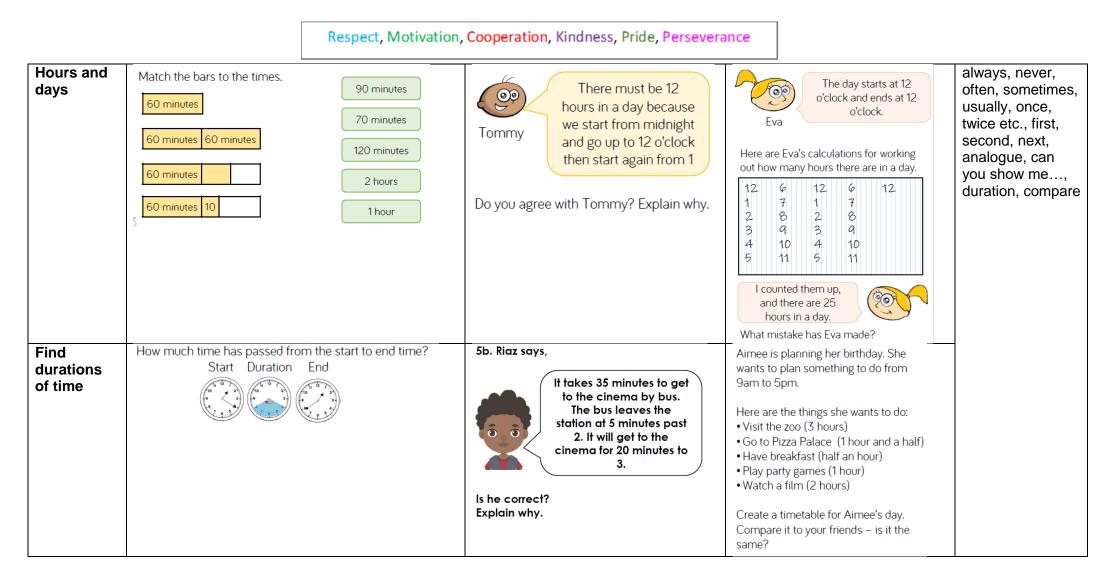


Year 2									
Objective Skill it				Measurement: Time Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical			
'O' clock and half past	Match the events to the approximate times they happen. Can you show the time on your clock?	9 o'clock Half past 10 12 o'clock Half past 3	Lunchtime Go to school Home time Playtime	It is half past 11 so the hour hand should be on the 11 Is Alex correct? Explain your reasoning.	Oh no! The minute hand has fallen off the classroom clock! Lunchtime is at 12:00	MathematicaltalkQuarter past/to,Time, days of theweek: Monday,Tuesday etc.,seasons: spring,summer, autumn,winter, day, week,month, year,weekend,birthday, holiday,			
					Have the children missed their lunchtime?	morning, afternoon,			

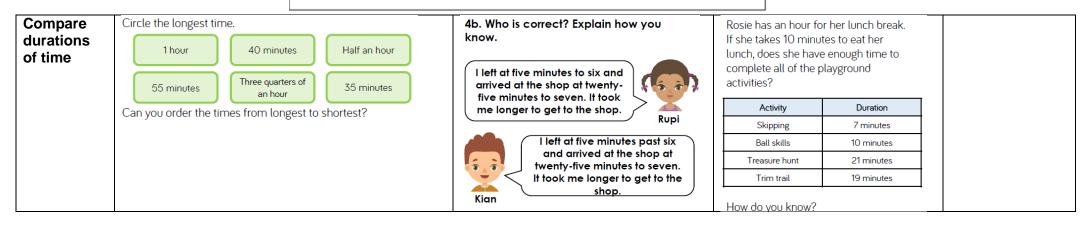












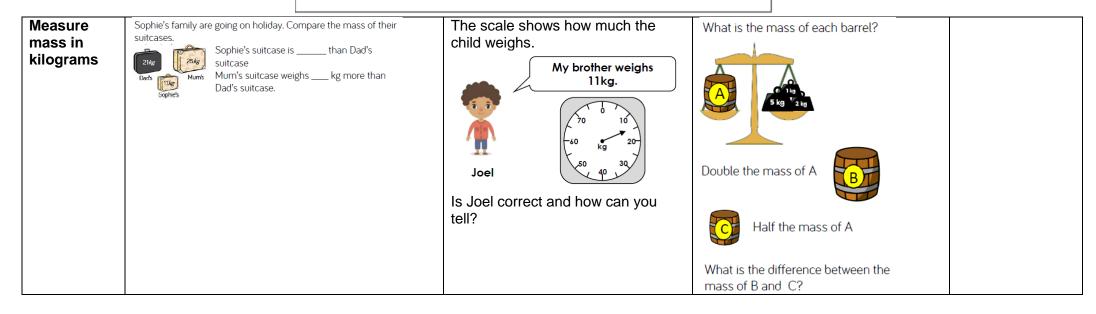


	Year 2								
Measurement: Mass, Capacity and temperature.									
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk					
Compare mass	Using the words 'more' and 'less' and the > or < symbols, describe the mass. The lettuce weighs than the pineapple. Investigation using a range of objects encouraging the language of less than and more than with the use of scales to support.	Apples weigh more than bananas. Tommy Two doughnuts weigh the same as two bananas. Do you agree? Explain why.	Always, sometimes or never true? The larger the box, the heavier it is. Investigation project for children to complete.	Full, half full, empty, holds, weight, weighs, balances, heavy, heavier, heaviest, light, lighter, lightest, scales, capacity, volume, mass, temperature, centigrade, thermometer, degrees, grams, kilograms, volume, millilitre,					

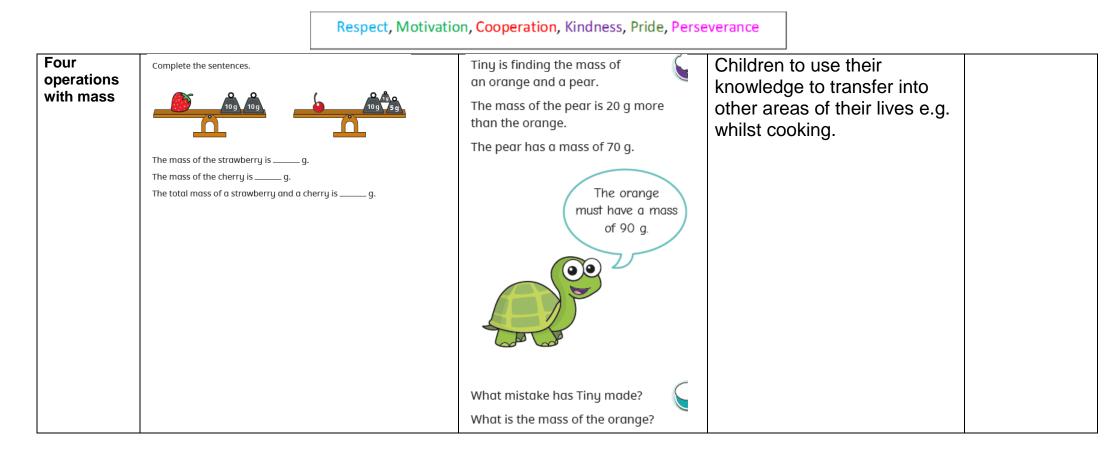


Measure mass in grams	Use gram weights to measure the mass of objects using a balance scale. The weighs grams.	Which is heavier, the red or the green beanbag? Explain why.	Children use a range of everyday objects to find the heaviest/lightest object. 8b. The ball weighs more than the windmill but less than the duck.	litre, how could you tell something is lighter than? How much heavier is than? Estimate
			Give 3 possible answers.	

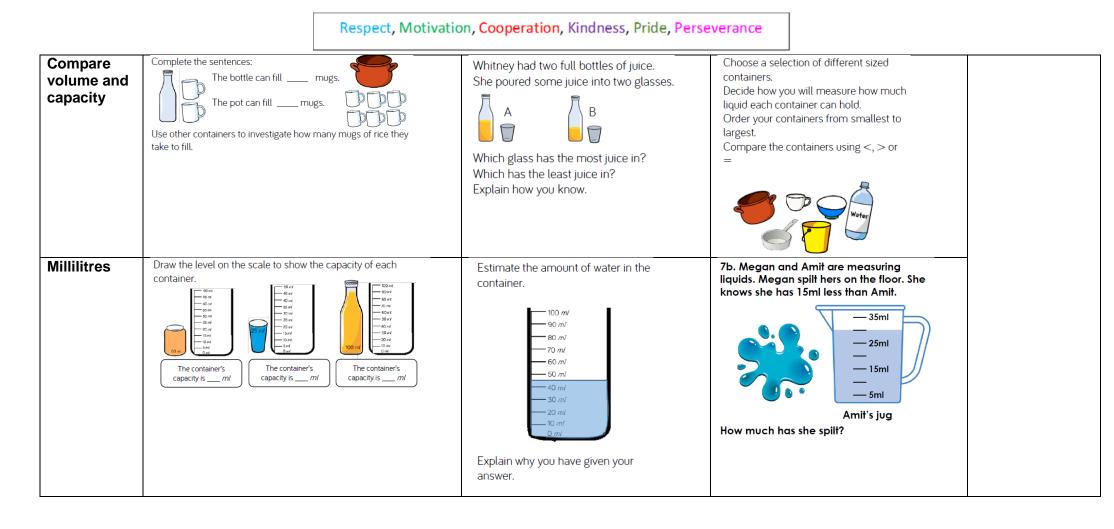




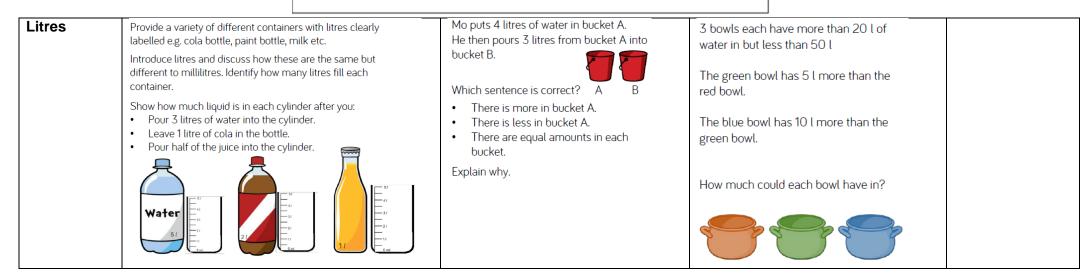




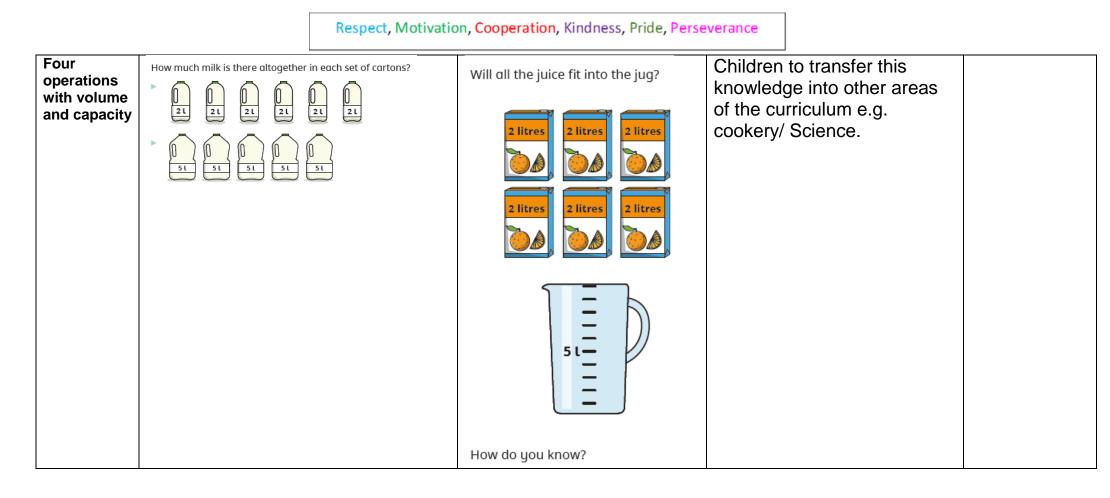














Temperature		What is the same and what is different about the thermometers/temperatures?	
	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Mollie took the temperature at 12 p.m and again at 5 p.m.
	$\begin{bmatrix} -w_{1} & 16 \circ C \\ -w_{1} & -w_{2} \\ -w_{1} & -w_{1} \\ -w_{2} \\ -w_{2} \\ -w_{1} \\ -w_{2} \\ -w_{1} \\ -w_{2} \\$	45°c - 90°c - 90°c - 80°c - 80°c - 80°c - 70°c	There was a difference of 7°C
			What could the temperatures be?
		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Children could have any answer but those who have a cooler temperature in the evening are showing a greater understanding of temperature.



		Year 2							
	Geometry: Properties of Shape								
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk					
Recognise 3d shapes	Shape hunt. Hide shapes in a feely bag and children try to locate the given shape using the properties of the shapes they know.	Which shape is the odd one out? Explain your reasoning.	I'm thinking of a 2-D shape with more than 3 sides. What shape could Whitney be thinking of? Are there any other shapes it could be? What shape is Whitney definitely not thinking about? How do you know?	Group, sort, cube, cuboid, pyramid, sphere, cone, cylinder, circle, triangle, square, rectangle, pentagon, hexagon, octagon shape, flat, curved, straight,					
Recognise 2d shapes	Match the names of the shapes to the pictures. Square Triangle Rectangle Circle	Which shape is the odd one out? Explain why.	Cross out all the shapes that do not have circular faces.	<ul> <li>round, corner</li> <li>(point, pointed)</li> <li>hollow, solid,</li> <li>face, side, edge,</li> <li>vertices, make,</li> <li>build, draw,</li> <li>direction, journey,</li> <li>left, right, up</li> <li>down, forwards,</li> <li>backwards,</li> </ul>					



Count sides of 2d shapes	Colour the four-sided shapes.	If I put these shapes into order from the smallest number of sides to the largest, which shape would come third?	Here are 18 lollipop sticks. How many hexagons can you make?	sideways, across, close, far, near, along, though, to, from, towards, away from, movement, side, roll, turn, full turn, whole turn, half
		Why?	How many octagons can you make? What other shapes can you make with 18 lollipop sticks?	turn, stretch, bend, size, bigger, larger, smaller,

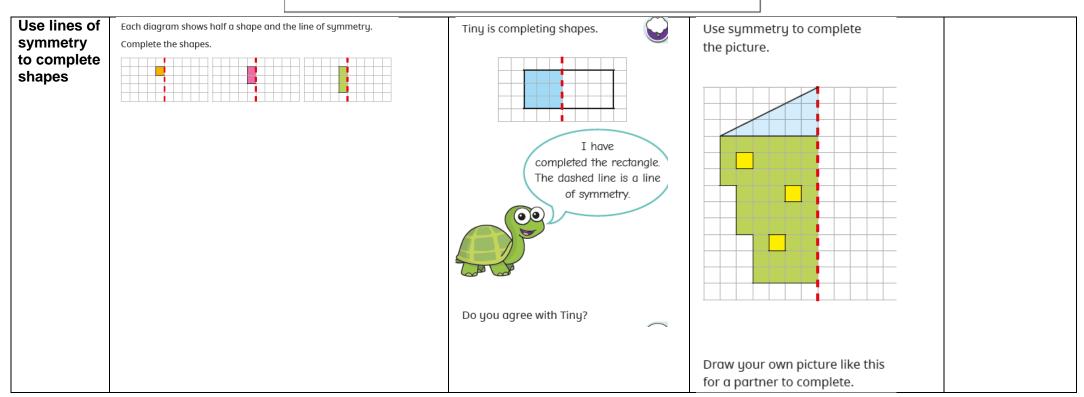


#### Count Complete the table. symmetrical, right Jai wants to collect a total of 11 Jack has created a pattern using shapes. vertices in Name Shape Number of vertices angle, 2d, 3d, vertices. He says, Pentagon 2d shapes dimensional, flat, what is the Rectangle 2 1 3 difference I need 2 rectangles between 2d and Square and a triangle. How many vertices does each step in the 3d shapes? pattern have? Triangle Regular and irregular shapes, Hexagon What do you notice? show me a vertex, vertical, Can you predict how many vertices the horizontal, how next step in the pattern will have? Is he correct? Explain how you know. have these shapes been Is there more than one way to continue sorted? repeating the pattern? pattern Can you create your own pattern and explore how the vertices change?

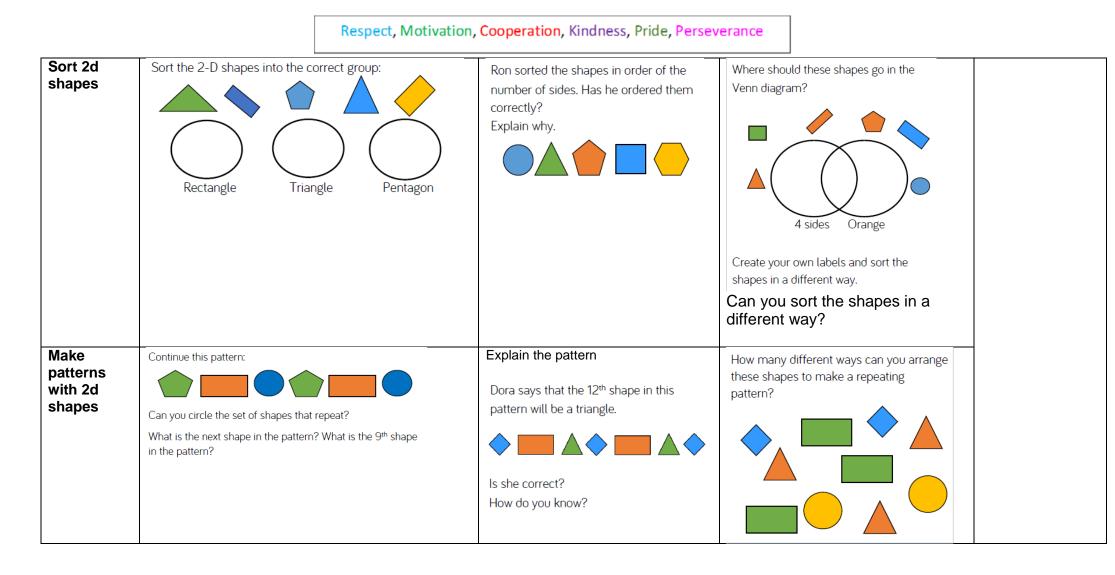


### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Draw 2d Use a geoboard to make different 2-D shapes. Can you make a Josh says if he adds two more Draw a large rectangle on squared paper rectangle? Can you make a square? Can you make a triangle? shapes dots he can draw a hexagon. or dotted paper. Draw a square inside the rectangle. Draw a triangle below the rectangle. Draw a pentagon that is bigger than the Could move on to compare sizes with friends. square. Can you give instructions to your partner Is he correct? Prove it. to help them draw different shapes? Lines of Draw the vertical lines of symmetry on these shapes. Ritesh has completed the table Can you draw more than one four-sided symmetry below. Is her correct? Explain shape that has a vertical line of symmetry? your answer. No vertical line of Vertical line of symmetry symmetry C.











#### Count faces Complete the table: Teddy says my 3-D shape has 6 faces. Whitney says, on 3d Mo says he must have a cube. Name of Number of shapes Shape Draw the faces Is Mo correct? shape flat faces I have a 3-D shape with 2 square faces and 4 Explain your answer. rectangular faces. What shape does Whitney have? Play this game with a friend. Describe the faces of a 3-D shape and they need to guess what it is. Complete the table: Count Eva says her 3-D POP Compare these 3-D shapes. edges on shape has 12 edges. Shape Edges Faces Name 3d shapes Dora says she could have a cube, cuboid or square-based pyramid. Is Dora correct? Explain your answer. What is the same and what is different?



Count vertices on	Look at these 3-D shapes:	Jack says:	What is the same about these 2 shapes?
3d shapes	How many vertices does each shape have?	All 3-D shapes have at least one vertex.	
		Is this true or false? Explain why	What is different about them? Talk about faces, edges and vertices in your answer.
Sort 3d shapes	How could you sort these objects? Can you find some other classroom objects to add to each set?	Annie is sorting 3-D shapes. She puts a cube in the cuboid pile. A cube is a type of cuboid. Do you agree? Why?	Jack is investigating which shapes stack and which shapes roll. He says: Some shapes will stack and roll. Is he correct? Stack Sort your shapes using the Venn diagram. Explain what you notice about each set. Do all shapes with flat surfaces stack?



	Respect, Motivation	n, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Persey	verance
Make patterns with 3d	Use some different coloured cubes to make a repeating pattern. Can you describe the pattern to your partner?	Name the hidden shapes under the splats.	What is the same about these patterns? What is different about these patterns?
shapes	Using colours? Using letters? Using sounds?		
		Explain how you know.	



	Year 2 Geometry: Position and direction							
Objective		Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk				
Describe movement	Use cones to create a route for a partner. Describe the route the partner takes using position and directional language. Complete the sentences using 'left' and 'right' to describe the position of the coins.	The pink doughnuts are on the left. The pink doughnuts are on the right.	Use the clues to colour the shapes.	Over, under, underneath, above, below, top, bottom, side, on, in, outside, inside, around, in front, behind, front, back, below, after, beside, next to, opposite, apart, between, middle, edge, centre, corner, direction,				



		Respect, Mot	ivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Pers	severance	
Describe turns	Turn a figure. Ask a partne the turn using the languag 'half turn', 'three-quarter tu and 'anticlockwise'.	e, 'full turn',	Could there be more than one answer? Why? Always, Sometimes, Never. If two objects turn in different directions they will not be facing the same way. Support this question with the use of physical resources.	Look at the number shape below	up, down, forwards, backwards, sideways, across, close, far, near, along, through, to, from, towards, away from, movement, side, roll, turn, whole/ full turn, half turn, three-quarter turn, quarter turn, stretch, bend, rotation, clockwise, anticlockwise, straight line,
Describe movement and turns together COMPUTIN G could be used within this objective.	Describe the route taken. Draw a line to show the ro Write directions for the rou		Is Whitney correct? A quarter turn clockwise is the same as a three- quarter turn anticlockwise. Convince me.	Are there any other routes that could be taken?	ninety degree turn, what direction was the turn,

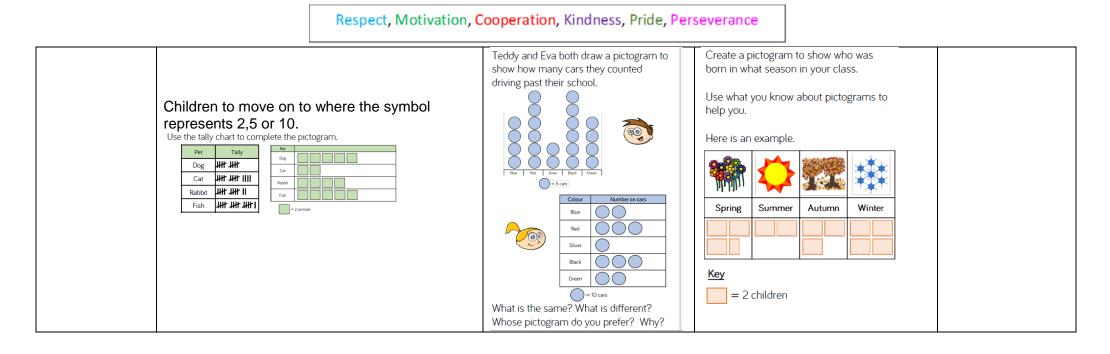


			How many different routes can you find to get from start to finish. Use the words 'forwards', 'backwards', 'clockwise', 'anti-clockwise' and 'quarter turn'.	
			Finish       Start	
Making patterns with shapes	Describe, continue and create patterns that involve using direction and turns. Fill in the missing shapes to complete the patterns. Image: Image: Ima	Spot the mistake in each pattern. Explain why they are incorrect.	How many different patterns can you create using this shape?	



		Year 2						
	Statistics (can link across curriculum e.g. COMPUTING/Topic/P.E)							
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk				
Interpret and construct simple pictograms.	Children to use counters to support this learning and build pictograms using concrete resources as a foundation.         Use the tally chart to help you complete the pictogram.         Image: Truit Tally Banana Grape IIII Grape IIII Grape Pear IIII Pear Apple III Pear Pear III Pear Pear III Pear Apple III Pear Pear III Pear Pear III Pear Pear III Pear Pear Pear Pear Pear Pear Pear Pear	Here is a pictogram showing the number of counters each child has. Dexter Alex Mo Rosie How could you improve the pictogram?	Use the clues below to help you complete the pictogram. • More Caramel was sold than Bubblegum flavour, but less than Strawberry flavour. • Vanilla was the most popular flavour. • Vanilla was the least popular. <del>Istawberry ???????????????????????????????????</del>	Chart, bar chart, table, axis, block diagrams, tally chart, quantity, diagram, pictograms, one to one correspondence, what will each symbol be worth? What will each block be worth?				

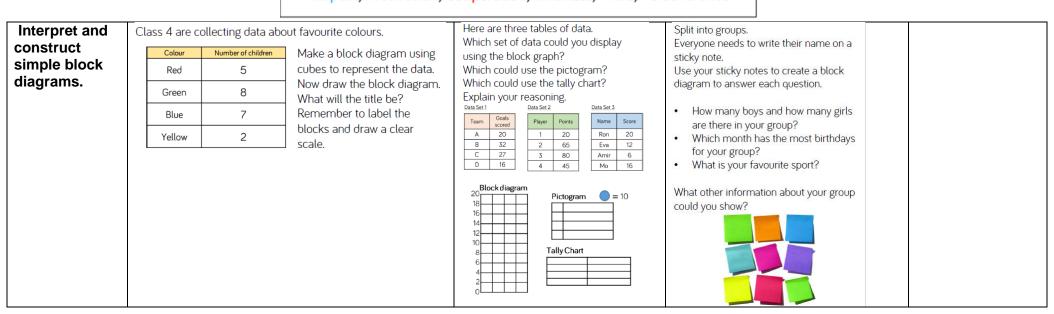






#### Interpret and Class 1 and Class 2 were each asked Dexter makes a tally chart of the Complete the tally chart. animals he saw at the zoo their favourite ice-cream flavours. Their construct Favourite Colour Tally Total Animal Tally results are shown in the tally charts. simple tally Blue 2 ₩ Red HH HH II Class 1 charts. S 1111 Yellow Total Flavour Green JHT JHT JHT П Vanilla What does the data tell you? Tell me the story. 5 Chocolate HT 11 Strawberry HH 11 Tick one box below that shows all of the Mint animals Dexter saw and explain why the others are incorrect. Class 2 Bex 1 Box 2 Box 3 Box 4 Flavour Total \*\*\* 10 10 10 10 (10 10 10 10) \*\*\*\* क के क देखें बाबाब बाबाब 20-10 ₩ ₩ || Vanilla *~~~~~* ~~~~ HH HH HH HH दि दि बी बी बी 22 Chocolate 3 444 बैं बैं बैं Strawberry ĮĮĮĮ बें बें बें ते ते ते ब ब ब Mint đ 4 What is the same? What is different?





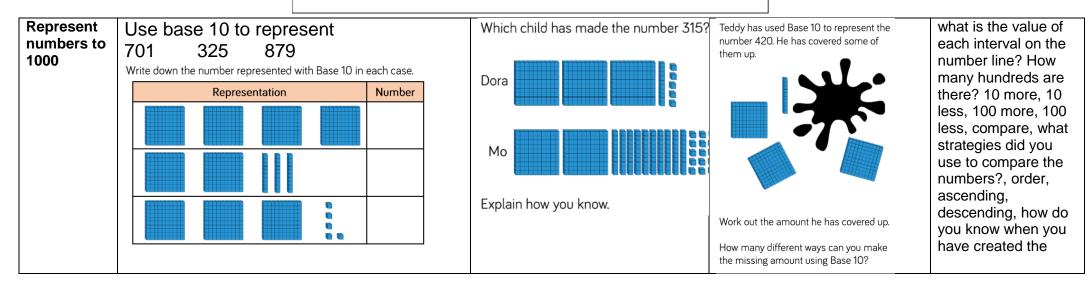


		Year 3		
Objective	Skill it	Number: Place Value Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk
Represent numbers to 100	Dora has used lines and dots to draw the number 43	Which picture does not show 23?     A     B     C <td>Here are three digit cards. <b>7 0 2</b> List the 2-digit numbers that can be made using these digit cards. What is the greatest 2-digit number you can make? What is the smallest 2-digit number you can make? What is the smallest 2-digit number of tens?</td> <td>Fewer, more, equal, less than, greater than, number, pair, zero, one, two, three to twenty, and beyond, none, zero, count (on/up/to/from/down), before, after, many, few, fewer, least, fewest, lesser, smallest, greater, same as, odd, even, units, ones, tens, ten more/less, digits, numeral, figure(s), compare, (in) order/ a different order, size, value, between, halfway between,</td>	Here are three digit cards. <b>7 0 2</b> List the 2-digit numbers that can be made using these digit cards. What is the greatest 2-digit number you can make? What is the smallest 2-digit number you can make? What is the smallest 2-digit number of tens?	Fewer, more, equal, less than, greater than, number, pair, zero, one, two, three to twenty, and beyond, none, zero, count (on/up/to/from/down), before, after, many, few, fewer, least, fewest, lesser, smallest, greater, same as, odd, even, units, ones, tens, ten more/less, digits, numeral, figure(s), compare, (in) order/ a different order, size, value, between, halfway between,

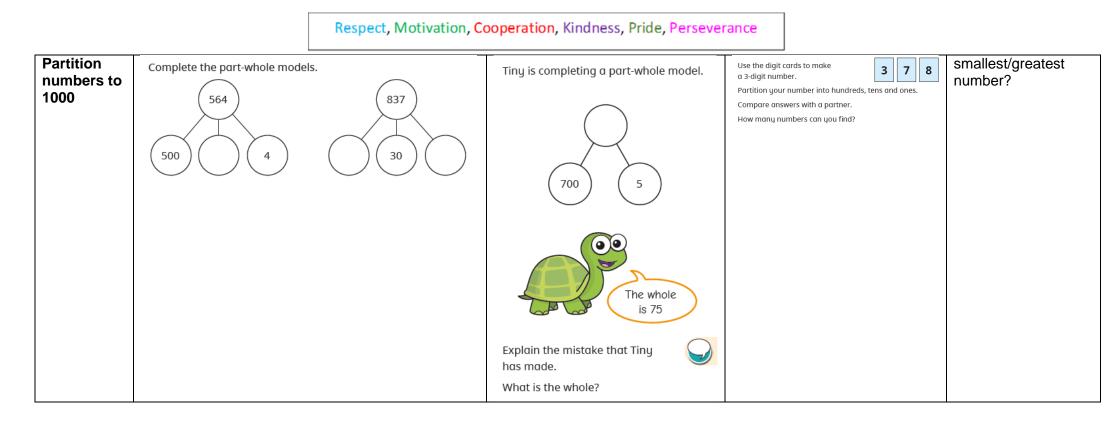


Partition numbers to 100	Here is a pa Complete th The whole is One part is The other p	ne sente s	ences. -	я. (				)	Explain the mistake Tiny has made. Use base 10 to show the correct answer.	Can you se	nes = 13 ones = ones = s + 3 ones = e a pattern	: 23  : 43	e be?	above, below. Numbers to one hundred, hundreds, partition, recombine, hundred more/less, estimate, how do we say this number? What numbers complete the part- whole? How many tens are there? How
Hundreds	Use base many tens Complete the 200 Also share	make e numb 300 900	e 100. per track 800	ks. 500	50	00	800		<b>True or False?</b> If I count in 100s from zero, all of the numbers will be even. Convince me.	Whitney thinks showing the n Hundreds O O O O O O O Do you agree? Using all of the smallest number What other number	umber eight. Tens <sup>9</sup> Explain why e counters, w per you can r	Ones c. hat is the nake?		many ones are there? Do groups of ten help you count? When ordering your numbers do you look at the tens or ones? Are the numbers in the sequence getting larger or smaller? Thousands, 3 digit numbers, 100s, 10s and 1s, place value grid, place holder (0),

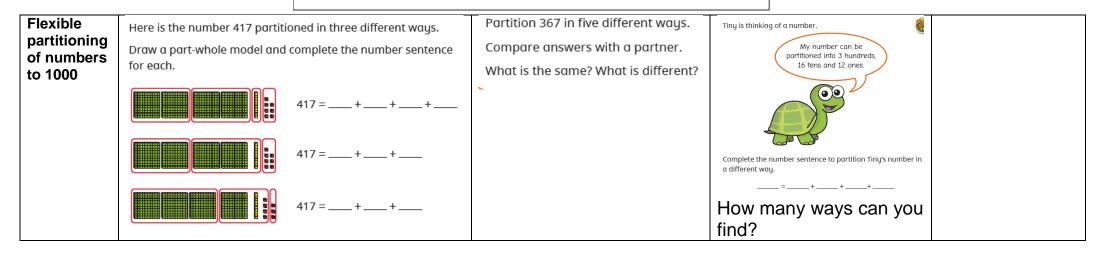




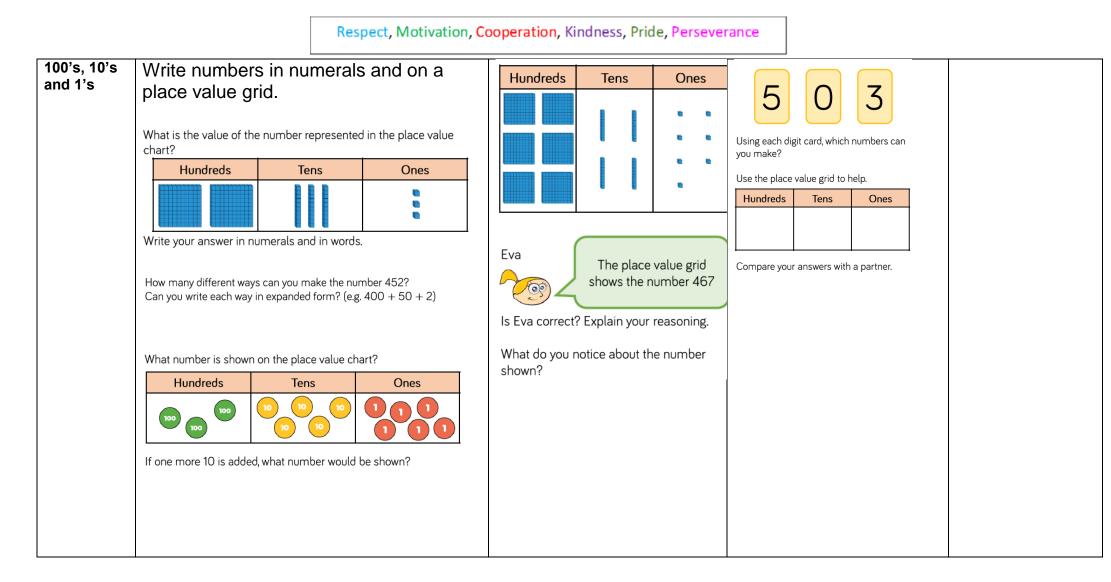








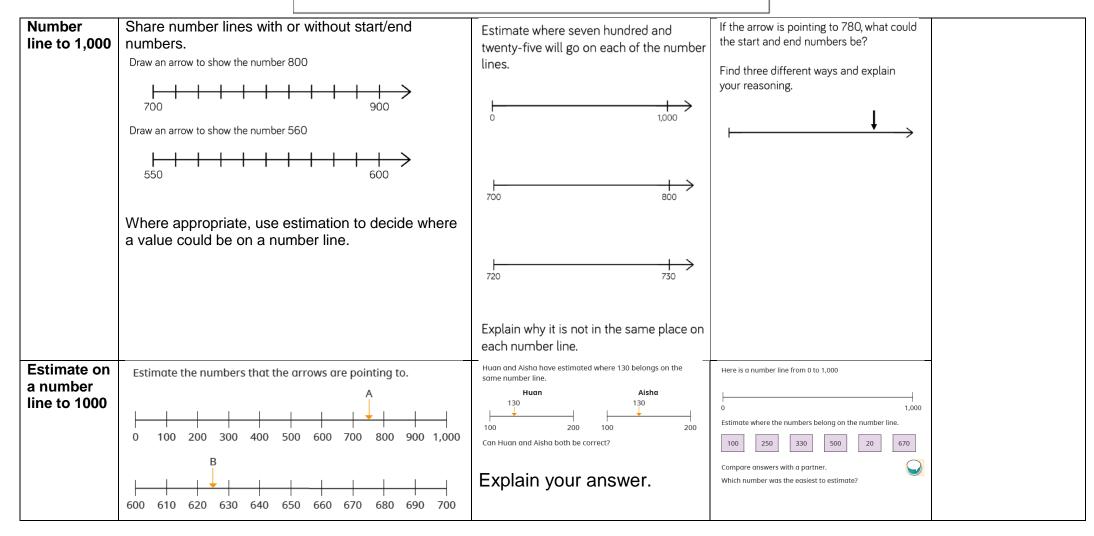






# Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Eva The number in the place value grid is the greatest number you can make with 8 counters. 100s 10s 0 0 Do you agree? Explain your answer.







		Respect, Motivation, Co	ooperation, Kindness, Pride, Persever	rance
Find 1, 10, 100 more or	Show ten more and ten less than t 10 and place value counters.	ne following numbers using Base	10 more than my number is the same as 100 less than 320	A counter is missing on the place value chart.
less than a given number	550 72	4 302	What is my number? Explain how you know.	Hundreds Tens Ones
Compare objects to 1000	Children use objects to rep Use <, > or = to make the stat		True or False?	What number could it have been? 8b. How could all the Base 10 below be arranged to make the statement correct?
		$\bigcirc$	Explain your answer.	Find 5 possible answers.



#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Compare Amir has 3 jars of sweets. Look at the statement below. Use <, > or = to make the statements correct. numbers to 1000 501 399 3 Sweets Sweets Sweets four 204 704 704 hundreds, hundred ? 11 tens < and fiftyand 10 80 tens 800 seven В ones Jar A contains 235 sweets. Which numbers could fill the gap? Jar C contains 175 sweets. Jar A has the most sweets in. Jar C has the least sweets in. How many sweets could be in jar B? Explain how you know. Order 7b. Binky the rabbit wants to reach the Here is a list of numbers. True or False? carrot. She can only travel in the maze by numbers finding up to 6 descending numbers. 312, 321, 123, 132, 213, 231 three 300 + 15 200 + 171 When ordering numbers you only need 322 hundred and thirty to look at the place value column with three Place the numbers in ascending order. 32 tens and 350 + 35 363 hundred 5 ones the highest value. and forty Now place them in descending order. 2 hundreds, 10 tens and 300 + 68 352 71 ones 1 hundred 200 372 300 + 8 21 tens and + 186 9 ones



Count in 50's	Use knowledge of counting in 5s to support. Complete the number tracks.									Which is quicker: counting to 50 in 10s or counting to 150 in 50s?	How many routes can Binky take? 9b. Betsy has been saving 50p coins to buy her mum a present. She has saved seven coins. Does she have enough coins to buy	
	50	750	150 700	200 650			350 500	450	350	Explain your answer.	to buy the present for £8 and 50p?	sent for £8 and 50p?



		Year 3							
Number: Addition and Subtraction									
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk					
Apply number bonds within 10 Add and subtract multiples of 100	Complete the bar models.	I know that $5+2 = 7$ . I also know that $50 + 2 = 70$ , because 50 is ten times 5	Complete part – whole models.	What does part mean? What does whole mean? How many where there at the start? Which number represents the total? Number bonds, number line, add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether, inverse, double, near double, half, halve, equals, is					
	203060Write the fact family for each bar model.	and 70 is ten times 8. Do you agree? Explain your answer.	Is there more than one way to complete?						
	Complete: 2 ones and 3 ones is equal to ones. 2 tens and 3 tens is equal to tens. 2 hundreds and 3 hundreds is equal to hundreds.	Odd One Out Which is the odd one out? Explain why.	+ = 800 Each of the missing numbers are multiples of 100 Find all the possible missing numbers.						
		+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		the same as (including equals sign), difference between, how					



		Respo	ect, Motivation, C	ooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseveran	се	
Add 3 digit and 1 digit numbers – not crossing 10	Hund Use the place value g 214 – 3			Hundreds       Tens       Ones         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         Image: Index draft of holds 160 million       Image: Index draft of holds 160 million         <	Hundreds       Tens       Ones         Image: Open state of the state of	many more to, how much more is?, subtract, take away, minus, how many fewer is than? How much less is? Predicting, find, find all, find different, investigate, column addition, column subtraction, multiples,
Subtract a 3	Hundreds	Tens	Ones	When subtracting a number	How many ways can you	exchange, place
digit number and a 1 digit number – not crossing 10.	246 - 5 =		88	in the ones column, all the other numbers will stay the same. Is this statement correct? Convince me.	make the number 789? You can only subtract from the ones column.	holder (zero), how many tens can be added without exchanging? Patterns between calculations, which strategy



Add a 3 digit number and	We can use a number line to calculate 346 + 7	Which questions are harder to calculate?		vould you use and why? Near
a 1 digit	46 + 4 = 50 $50 + 3 = 5346 + 4 = 50$ $50 + 3 = 5350 + 3 = 5350 + 3 = 53$	234 + 3 =	When 7 and 5 are added together in the <b>N</b>	numbers,
number – crossing 10	Use this method to calculate:	506 + 8 =		estimate, easonable,
	564 + 8 716 + 9 327 + 5	455 + 7 =		nverse
		521 + 6 =	What other digits would always give a 2 in the ones column? Prove it.	
		Explain your answer.		
Subtract a 1 digit number from a 3	Teddy uses Base 10 to calculate 321 – 4	Explain how you would solve these calculations:	7b. Use four of these digit cards to write a subtraction sentence that gives an answer between 690 and 700.	
digit number – crossing		564 = 558		
10	Use this method to calculate: 322 – 4 322 – 7 435 – 7	8 = 725	8 5 0 7 4	
		352 = 361	Find two possibilities.	
Add 3 digit number and 2 digit	Complete using <, > or = 773 + 1	When I calculated 392 subtract 20 I used my	Write <b>one</b> calculation that could complete <b>all</b> of the statements.	
number – not crossing	653 + 10	known fact that 9-2=7 Rosie	456 - 10 <	
100	721 + 10 () 653 + 10	Fundaire Desistence attack	466 + 1 >	
		Explain Rosie's method.	466 + 0 =	
			Is there more than one way?	

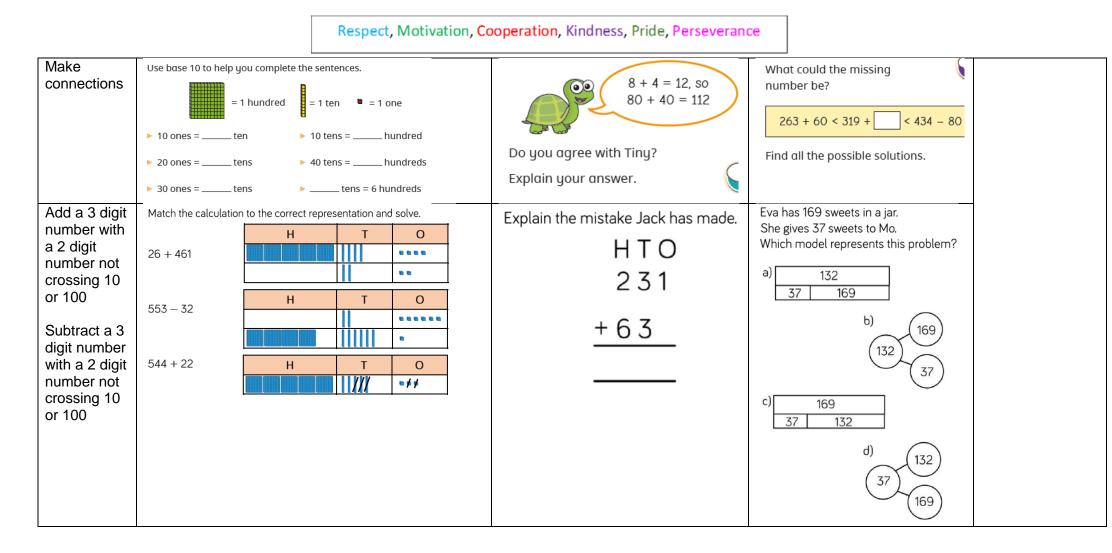


Subtract a 3 digit number and a 2 digit number – not crossing 100	478 – 24 =	Provide reasoning questions that draw out the place value of numbers.	674 - <u>. 3</u> 6 4 1	
Add 3 digit number and 2 digit number – crossing 100	Mo uses Base 10 to calculate 176 + 40	Which is the odd one out? Why? 336 + 80 453 + 60	Sort these calculations into two groups. Justify your answer. 257 + 60 70 + 637 40 + 234 20 + 391	
	Use Mo's method to calculate: 276 + 40 266 + 40 266 + 70	347 + 70 285 + 80	Compare your groups with a friend. Are they the same?	
Subtract a 3 digit number and 2 digit number – crossing 100	Count back in tens to solve 240 – 70	Whitney thinks the rule for the function machine is subtract 60 Is she correct? Explain why.InputRuleOutput567?497	How many different methods could you use to solve 837 – 90? Share your methods with a partner.	

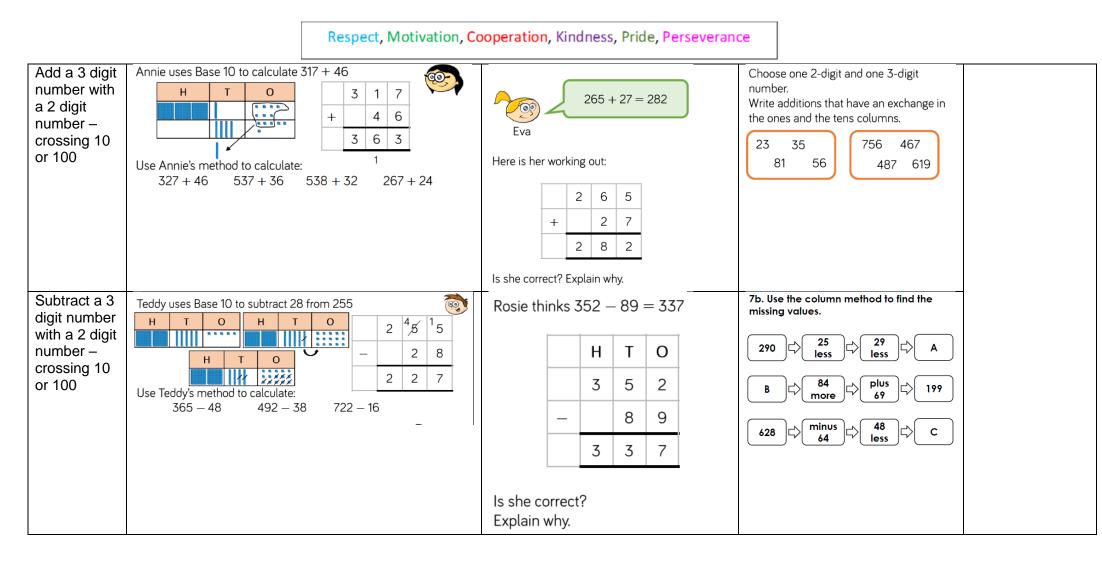


Add and subtract 100s	Use the place value grid and E hundred and thirty-four add th Hundreds		you calculate two Ones	306 + 300 = 906 - 300AlexIs she correct?Explain how you know.	Teddy starts with the number 356         He adds a multiple of 100         His new number is greater than 500 but         less than 800         Complete the table.         Numbers he couldn't have added         added	
Spot the pattern – making it explicit		vhole models or		Dora uses column addition to solve         251 + 4         251 + 4         +       4         255         Is this the most efficient method?         Explain what Dora could have done.         Tell Dora how she can use your strategy to solve 241 + 40 and 241 + 400	Investigate Does adding and subtracting ones to a 3-digit number only affect the ones column? Does adding and subtracting tens to a 3-digit number only affect the tens column?	











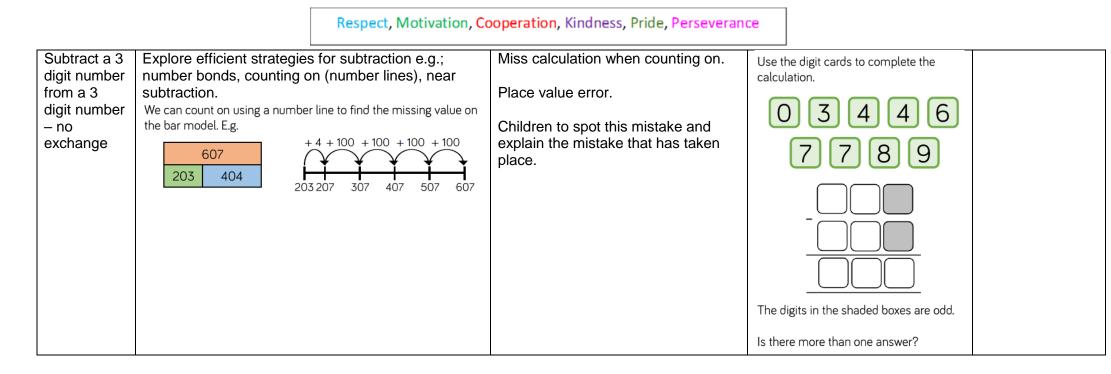
#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Add two 3 Jack is calculating 506 + 243Complete the calculations. Roll a 1 to 6 die. digit Fill in a box each time you roll. н Т 0 numbers – Here is his working out. 0000 00000 + crossing = 11 10/100 Can you make the total: 5 6 10 10 10 00 (starting with An odd number 3 ٠ 2 4 +no exchange and moving An even number 9 • 2 9 onto exchange) A multiple of 5 • Can you spot Jack's mistake? The greatest possible number ٠ Work out the correct answer. Complete the models. The smallest possible number • 187 457 178 349 286 356 Complete the statements to make them correct. 487 + 468 487 + 368

325 + 259 326 + 258

391 + 600 401 + \_\_\_\_ =

Explain why you do not have to work out the answers to compare them.

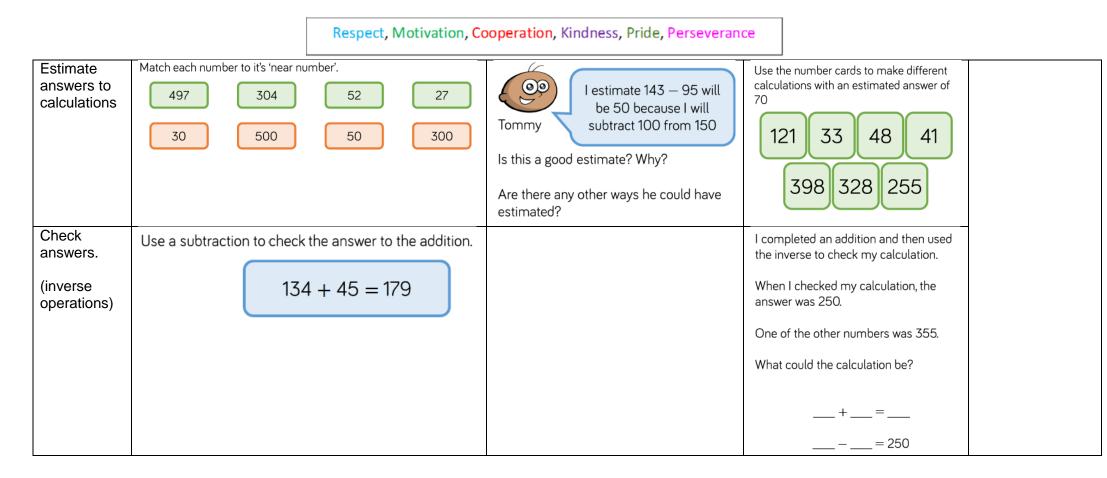




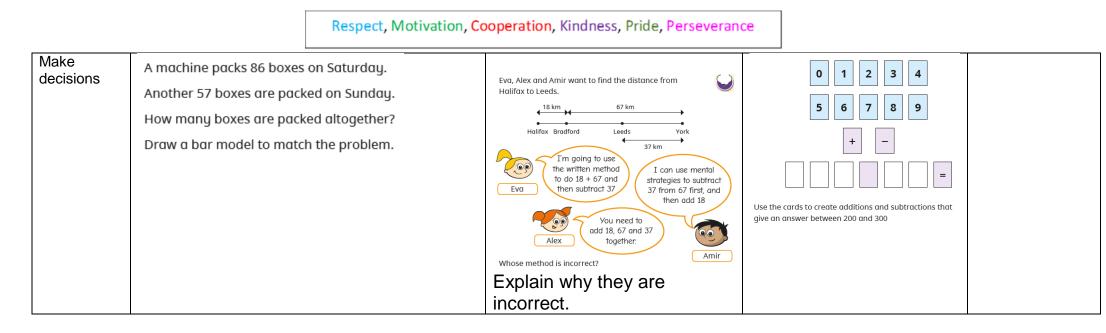


#### Subtract a 3 Complete the column subtractions showing any exchanges. Eva is working out 406 - 289Work out the missing digits. digit number Н Т H Т 0 Н Т 0 0 from a 3 Here is her working out: 0 digit number Н Т 6 8 2 3 0 7 3 4 5 - exchange Step 1 Step 2 2 9 5 5 3 4 \_ 1 \_ 4 1 5 ? 3 \_ ×0<sup>1</sup>6 2 8 1 \_ <u>- 289</u> 7 -<u>289</u> 027 5 3 1 Explain her mistake. What should the answer be? Complement Dexter uses a hundred square to show that 47 + 53 = 100 Sort the additions into the table. Annie has £1 in total in her hands. s to 100 32 + 78 83 + 17 55 + 55 49 + 16 47 + 53 = 10040 7 + 3 -10 66 + 34 91 + 19 52 + 47 7 + 93 10 -50 Bond to 100 Not a bond to 100 90 Use Dexter's method to show that the total of each addition is 100 What coins could be in Annie's closed hand? 19 + 81 32 + 68 76 + 24 Explain your thinking to a partner. 1











		Year 3				
Number: Multiplication and Division						
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical		
				talk		
Multiplication – equal groups	Describe the equal groups.	Which row of money is the odd one out?	8b. Sort the contents of the cooler into equal groups.	Odd, even, count in twos, threes, fives, fours, eights count in tens (forwards from/ backwards from), how many times, lots of, groups, once, twice, three		
			Find three ways.	ties, five times, multiple of, multiply, multiply by, repeated addition, array, row, column, double, halve,		
Use arrays		Explain why.		share, share equally, group in		
Multiples of 2				pairs, threes etc.,		
Multiples of 5 and 10				equal groups of, divide, divided by, left, left over,		
Sharing and grouping				describe the rule,		

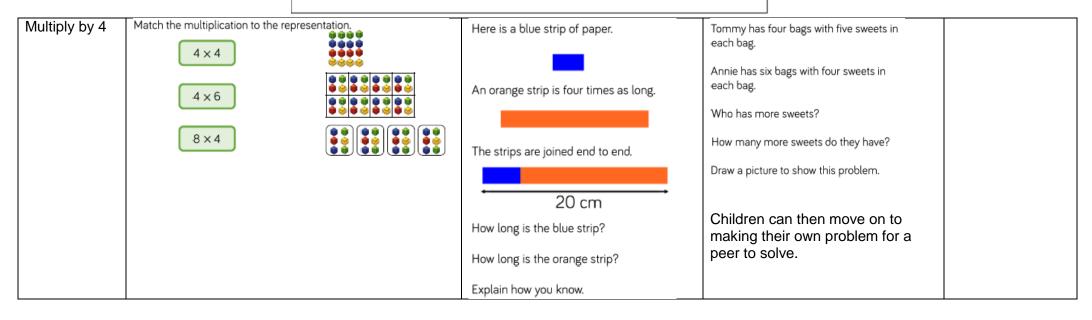


Multiply by 3	There are five towers with 3 cubes in each tower. How many cubes are there altogether? +++=	If $5 \times 3 = 15$ , which number sentences would find the answer to $6 \times 3$ ? • $5 \times 3 + 6$ • $5 \times 3 + 3$ • $15 + 3$ • $15 + 6$ • $3 \times 6$ Explain how you know.	There are 8 children. Each child has 3 sweets. How many sweets altogether? Use concrete or pictorial representations to show this problem. Write another repeated addition and multiplication problem and ask a friend to represent it.	equal, unequal, why are we using the addition symbol? Multiplication, lots of, arrays, commutative, times tables, how many do you have to begin with? Division, what is the same/different about the groups?
Divide by 3	Circle the counters in groups of 3 and complete the division.	Jack has 18 seeds. He plants 3 seeds in each pot. Which bar model matches the problem? A 18 6 6 6 6 B 18 B 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Explain your choice.	8b. Choose the digit cards that will complete this number sentence by finding the possibilities for '?'.         3       ?       ?       9       8         ideal       :       3       ?       9       8         ideal       :       3       =       1         Use facts up to 12 x 3 to help.       :       3       :       :	What do you notice about the pattern? Comparing, inequality symbols, column multiplication, exchange, how do we record the exchange? How can we partition our number? Remainder,

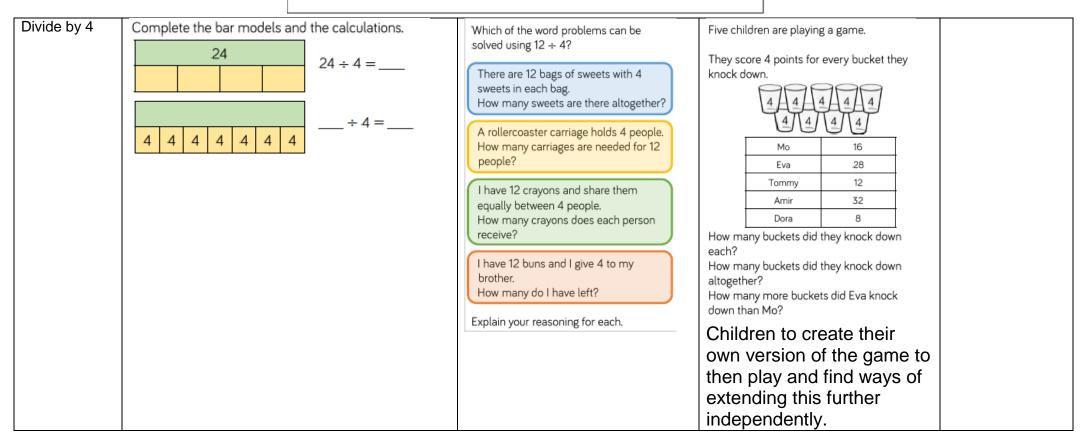


3 times tables	Complete the number sentences.		Start this rhythm:	Sort the cards below so they follow round	scaling, times as
	1 triangle has 3 sides. 3 triangles have sides in total. triangles have 6 sides in total. 5 triangles have sides in total.	1 × 3 = 3 3 × = × = 6 × =	Clap, clap, click, clap, clap, click. Carry on the rhythm, what will you do on the 15th beat? How do you know? What will you be doing on the 20th beat? Explain your answer.	in a loop. Start at $18 - 3$ Calculate the answer to this calculation. The next card needs to be begin with this answer. $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	many, systematically, possibilities,

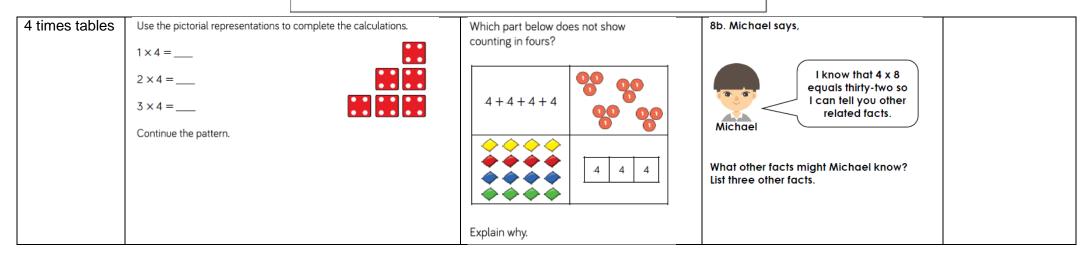




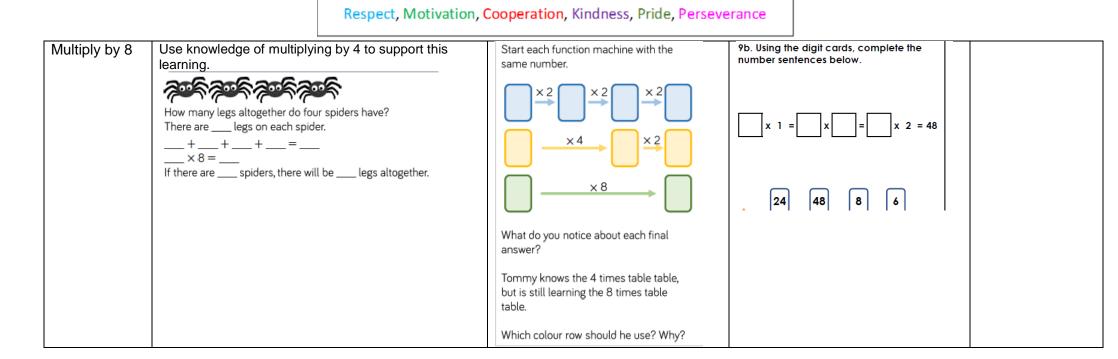




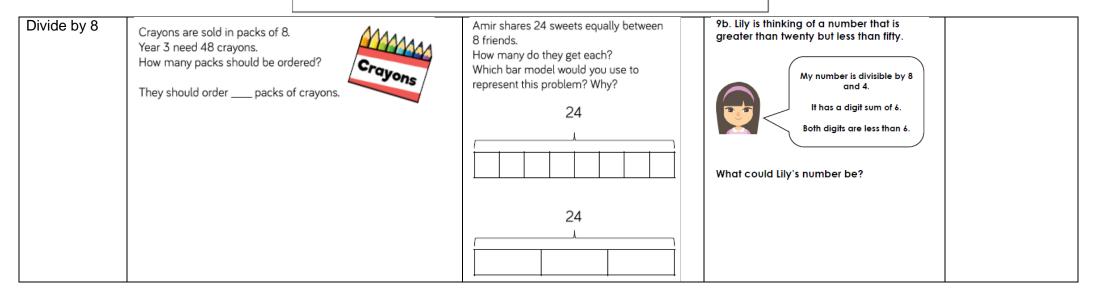




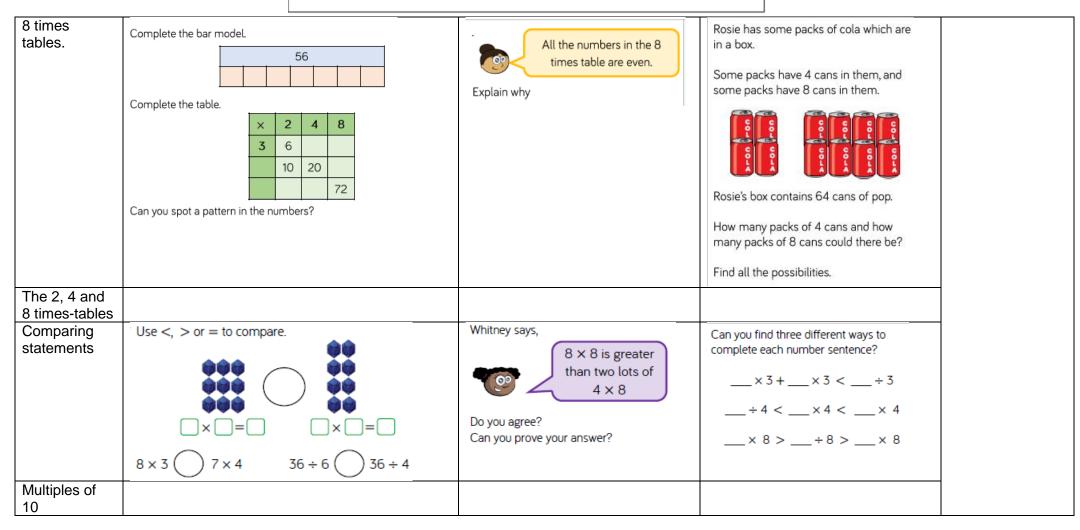




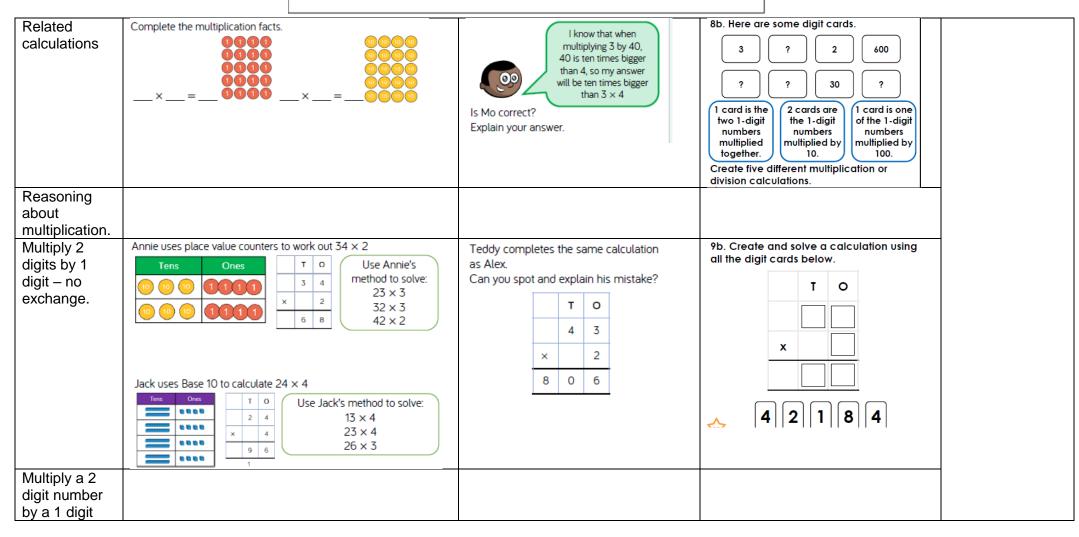








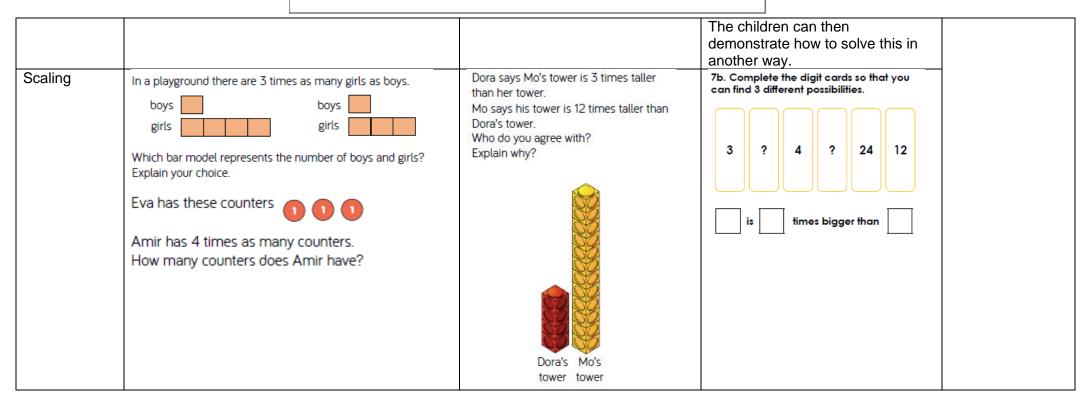




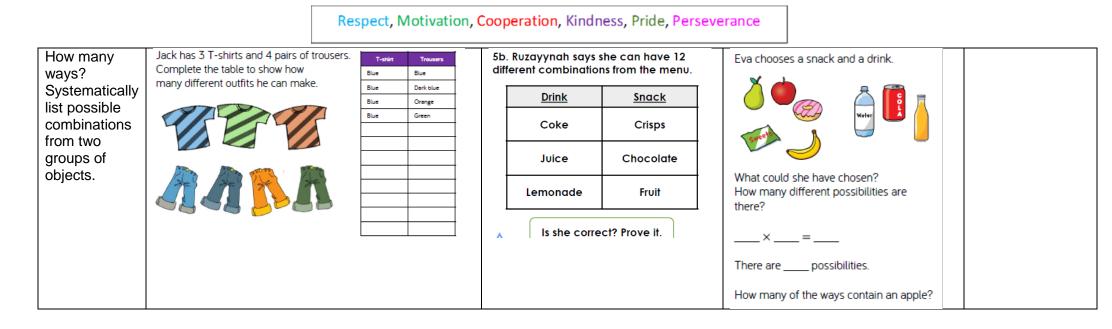


number – with exchange. Link multiplication and division.			
Divide 2 digits by 1 digit – flexible partitioning	Ron uses place value counters to solve $84 \div 2$	Teddy answers the question 44 ÷ 4 using place value counters.         Image: colspan="2">Tens       Ones         Image: colspan="2">Image: colspan="2" Colspa=	<ul> <li>9a. Solve the problem below.</li> <li>Violet is thinking of a number.</li> <li>I subtract 5 from my number and then divide it by 4. The answer is twenty-one.</li> <li>What is Violet's number?</li> </ul>
Divide a 2 – digit number by a 1 – digit number – no exchange. Divide 2 digit by 1 digit – remainders.	How many squares can you make with 13 lollipop sticks? There are lollipop sticks. There are groups of 4 There is lollipop stick remaining. $13 \div 4 = \_$ remainder Use this method to see how many triangles you can make with 38 lollipop sticks.	Which calculation is the odd one out? Explain your thinking. $64 \div 8$ $77 \div 4$ $49 \div 6$ $65 \div 3$	Jack has 15 stickers. He sorts his stickers into equal groups but has some stickers remaining. How many stickers could be in each group and how many stickers would be remaining?









	Year 3			
		Number: Fractio	ns	
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical
	1		-	talk
What is a				Whole, equal
fraction?	l			parts, four equal
Understand				parts, one half,
the	1			two halves, a
denominators	1			quarter, two



of unit fractions. Compare and order unit fractions.				quarters, fraction, three quarters, one third, a third, equivalence, equivalent,
Understand the numerators of non-unit fractions.				unequal, are the parts equal? How do you know? Splitting a whole into two equal
Compare and order non- unit fractions.				parts, $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{1}{3}$ , what does the 1
Understand the whole.	Complete the missing information.	Teddy says, I have one pizza cut into 6 equal pieces. I have eaten $\frac{6}{6}$ of the pizza. Does Teddy have any pizza left? Explain your answer.	7b. Jay, Mia and Salik are sharing strawberries. Together they have eaten $\frac{8}{8}$ of the strawberries.	represent, what does the 3 represent. How many thirds make a whole? $\frac{1}{4}$ , unit fraction, non-unit fraction, numerators,
			How many strawberries could Jay, Mia and Salik have each eaten? Show six combinations.	denominators, $\frac{3}{4}$ , tenths, decimals, is a fraction always less than



Tenths	If the frame represents 1 whole, what does each box represent? Use counters to represent: <ul> <li>One tenth</li> <li>Two tenths</li> <li>Three tenths</li> </ul> <li>One tenth less than eight tenths</li>	Odd One Out	8a. Joanne is thinking of a tenth.         My numerator is an even number.         My fraction is a non-unit fraction.         The numerator is a multiple of two.         What could Joanne's fraction be?         Write three possibilities in words.	one? How many tenths make a whole? What is a tenth? Can you see a pattern between the fractions? How can we use our times tables to help us find equivalent fractions?
Count in tenths	Children to also explore what happens when counting beyond $\frac{10}{10}$ . The counting stick is worth 1 whole. Label each part of the counting stick. Can you count forwards and backwards along the counting stick?	Teddy is counting in tenths. Seven tenths, eight tenths, nine tenths, ten tenths, one eleventh, two elevenths, three elevenths Can you spot his mistake?	7b. Use the clues given to find the missing fraction. I count backwards ten tenths. I count forwards seven tenths My answer is $1\frac{2}{10}$ . What fraction did I start with?	Compare, order, addition and subtraction of fractions,

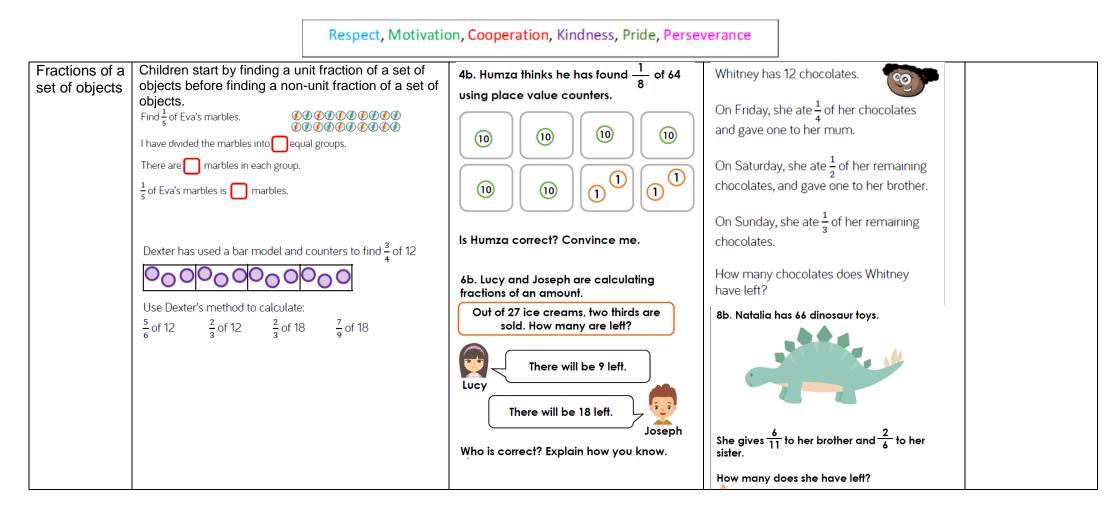


Tenths as decimals	Complete the table.	Words	Fraction	Desimal	True or False?	9b. Order these numbers from smallest to largest.
decimais	Here is a decimal writter	Ones $igodoldsymbol{\phi}$	Tenths 8 ially?	0.1	10 cm is one tenth of 1 metre 10 cm is 0.1 metres. Amir Explain your answer.	The cord your answers as decimals.         To       two         10       tenths         10       tenths         Smallest       Largest

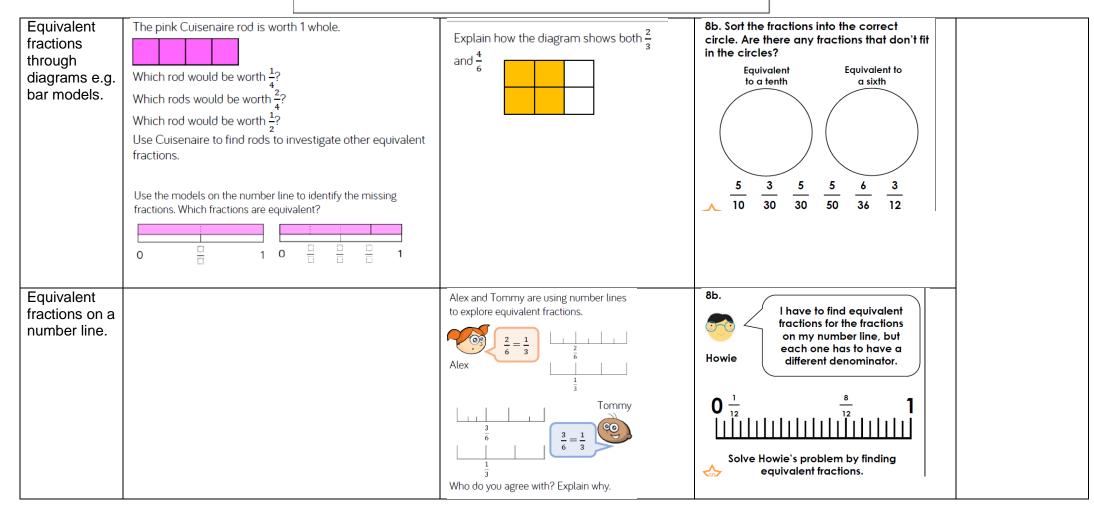


Fractions on a number line.	Show $\frac{1}{5}$ on the number line. Use the bar model to help you. $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Eva has drawn a number line. Eva has drawn a number line. Tommy says it is incorrect. Do you agree with Tommy? Explain why.	8b. Zara walks home from the park.         She stops to buy an ice-cream when she is $\frac{3}{9}$ of the way there. At $\frac{6}{9}$ of the way home, she stops to have a drink. At $\frac{8}{9}$ of the way there, she waves to her friend.         Park       Home	
Count in fractions on a number line				





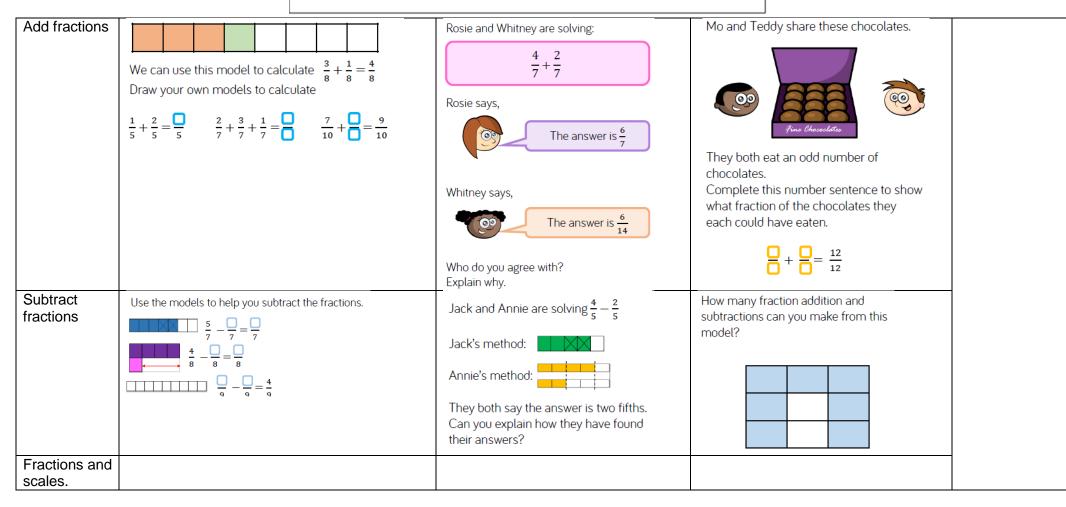






#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Compare Complete the missing denominator. Use paper strips to compare the fractions using >, < or = fractions How many different options can you I know that $\frac{1}{3}$ is larger than $\frac{1}{2}$ because 3 is larger than 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\bigcirc \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{6}$ $\bigcirc \frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\bigcirc \frac{5}{8}$ find? When the denominators are the same, the \_\_\_\_\_ the $\frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{1}$ $>\frac{1}{10}$ numerator, the \_\_\_\_\_ the fraction. Do you agree with Dora? Explain how you know. Shade the blank diagrams so the Order Order the fractions in descending order. fractions When the denominators fractions are ordered correctly. 00 are the same, the larger $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{8}{8}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ the numerator, the smaller Fractions in ascending order the fraction. Is Jack correct? Prove it. Fractions in descending order Create your own diagrams for a friend to solve.

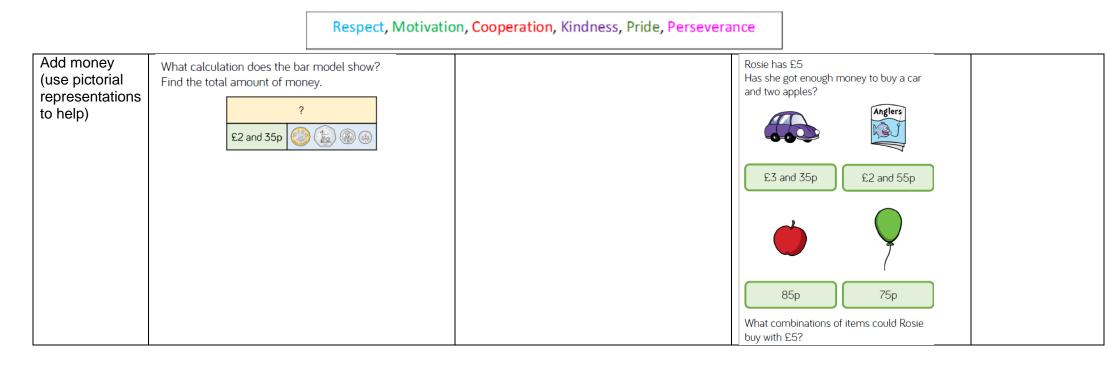




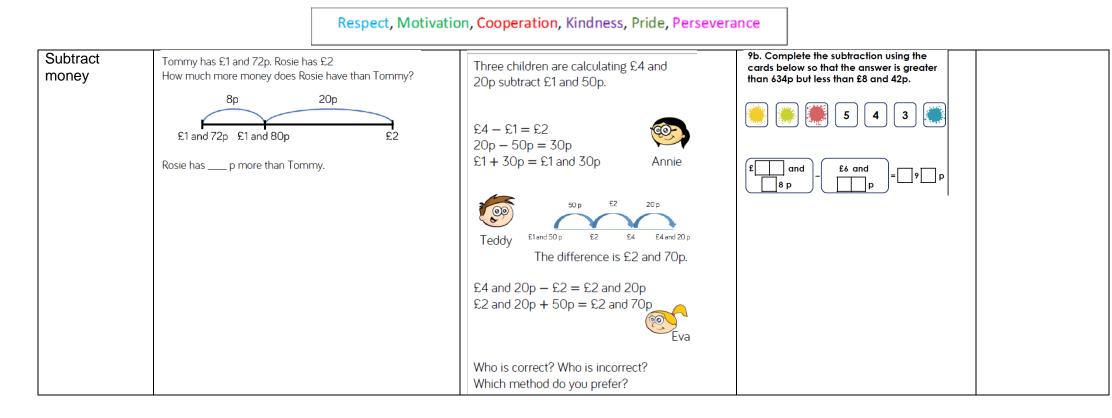


		Veer 2						
		Year 3						
	Measurement: Money							
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk				
Pounds and pence	Match the amounts that are equal.         Fifteen pounds       Fifteen pence       Fifty pounds       Fifty pence         Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence         Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence         Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence         Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence         Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence         Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence         Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence         Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence         Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence       Image: Comparison of the pence <t< td=""><td>6b. Alan and Felix are finding the total of the notes and coins below.</td><td>Amir has 5 different coins in his wallet.</td><td>Coins, notes, pounds, pennies, £, P, money, count, pence, change, convert, greater than, less than, compare, what is the value of the coin/note? How many pennies are there in £1, do the notes have</td></t<>	6b. Alan and Felix are finding the total of the notes and coins below.	Amir has 5 different coins in his wallet.	Coins, notes, pounds, pennies, £, P, money, count, pence, change, convert, greater than, less than, compare, what is the value of the coin/note? How many pennies are there in £1, do the notes have				
Convert pounds and pence	Write the amounts in pounds and pence.	Whitney thinks that she has £10 and 3p. Is she correct?	Dexter has 202 pence. He has <b>one</b> pound coin. Show five possible combinations of other coins he may have.	greater value than coins? How do you know you have made amount?				

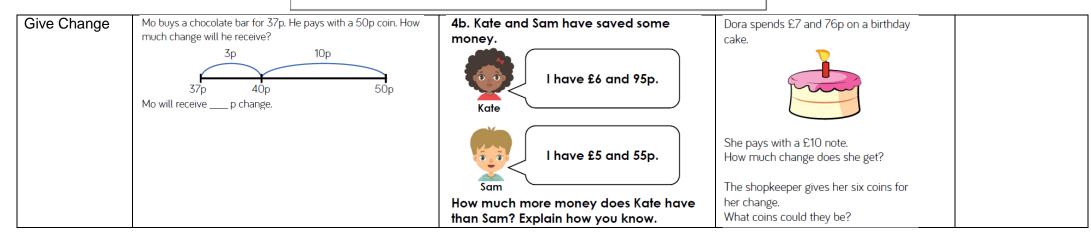












	Year 3				
	Measurement: Length and perimeter				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk	



Measure in metres and centimetres.	Measure the lines to the nearest centimetre. Can you measure the lines in millimetres?	Tommy thinks that this chocolate bar is 4 cm long. Is he correct?	7b. This man is 1m and 76cm tall. Find 3 objects in your classroom that are shorter than the man. Write the measurements of the objects carefully in m and the closest 1cm.	Height, length, compare, measure, long, short, longer, taller, shorter, narrow, wide, centimetre, metre, kilometre, millimetre, nearest cm, measuring from 0, how long is? How
Measure in				tall is? Orientation, when
mm Measure in				would we
cm and mm				measure in
Metres, centimetres and millimetres.				metres? When would we measure in cm? estimating prior to



#### Equivalent If a = 10 cm, calculate the missing measurements. 9a. Stanley has used digit cards to make measuring, Three children are partitioning 754 cm lengths m two pairs of equivalent lengths. perimeter. and cm 100cm=1m ) <u>cm</u> ? cm Teddy says, l used two even digit cards. á 10mm=1cm 1 m 75 m and 4 cm 09 Convert, what is 1 metre = cm b = cm c = cm perimeter? Can you match the equivalent measurements? cm = m Whitney says, 2 100 cm 9 m 200 cm 5 m 7 m and 54 cm 300 cm 500 cm .m = cm 2 m 1 metre 2 Jack says, 900 centimetres 3 m Which digit cards could he have used? 54 cm and 7 m Who is correct? Explain why. Equivalent Rosie is measuring a sunflower using a 9b. Find the odd one out. Fill in the blanks. 30 cm ruler. lengths mm 0 mm There are \_\_\_\_ mm in 1 cm. Rosie says, and cm The sunflower $23\frac{1}{2}$ cm 204mm 0 cm 1 cm 0 is 150 cm tall. a = \_\_\_\_ cm \_\_\_\_ mm C. b = \_\_\_\_ cm \_\_\_\_ mm D. Rosie is incorrect. 23m 5mm 235mm \_ cm \_\_\_\_ mm Explain what mistake she might have d = \_ cm \_\_\_ mm made. 2 cm 1 cm How tall is the sunflower? Write 2 equivalent lengths for the odd one

out.

Not to scale

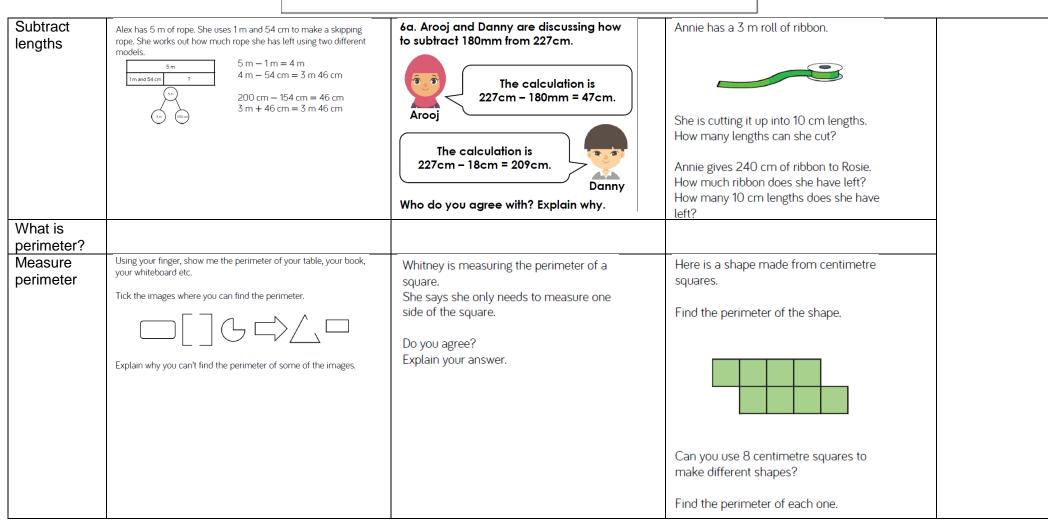


Compare	Complete the sentences.			Always, Sometimes, Never?	Sort the lengths into		
lengths	Child	Height	Rosie is than Jack.		Longer than a Shorter than a		
	Rosie	109 cm	Jack is than Dora.	mm lengths are smaller than cm lengths.	metre	metre	
	Amir	1 m 5 cm	Amir is than Rosie.		metre	metre	
	Jack	135 cm					
	Dora 1	1 m 45 mm	Dora is than Amir.				
					L		
					1 m 65 cm 165	mm 165 m	
					165 cm	m 5 1 cm 65 mm	
					Are any of the length	is equivalent?	

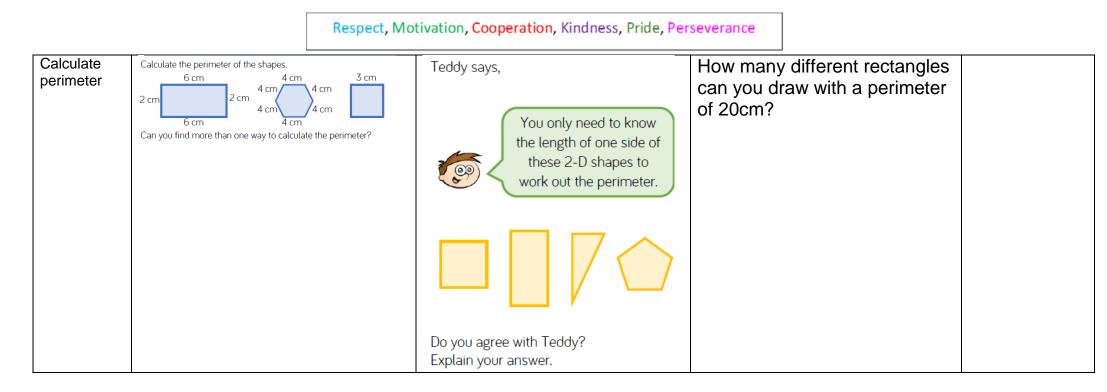


	Kesp	ect, Motivation, cooperation, kindness, Filde, F		
Add lengths	Ron builds a tower that is 14 cm tall. Jack builds a tower than is 27 cm tall. Ron puts his tower on top of Jack's tower How tall is the tower altogether?	Eva and her brother Jack measured the height of their family.	Eva is building a tower using these blocks. 100 mm 80 mm 50 mm How many different ways can she build a tower measuring 56 cm? Can you write your calculations in mm and cm?	
		Who is correct? Prove it.		



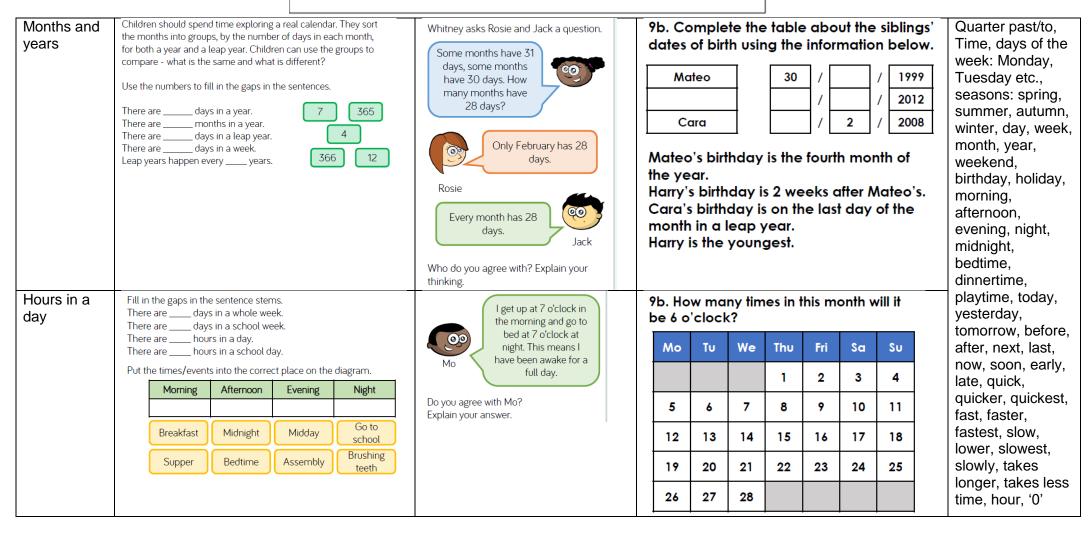






		Year 3		
		Measurement: Time		
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical
				Talk







		<u> </u>		1
Telling the	Give each child a clock with moveable hands.		7b. Find the odd one out.	clock, half past,
time to five	Children represent different times to the nearest 5 minutes on			clock, watch,
minutes	their own clock.	$\bigwedge_{10}$ $2$		hands, minutes,
minutes	Discuss whether the minute hand is past or to the hour in different times.			
	onerent umes.	<b>-9</b> $\varphi$ 3-		how long ago?,
	XI XII XII XII XII			how long will it be
				to?, how long
			$\mathbf{i}$	will it take to?,
	VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VII		A. Twenty minutes to nine	how often?,
	What time is shown on each clock?	This clock has lost its minute hand.		always, never,
	What time is shown on each clock?		B. Twenty minutes past nine	often, sometimes,
	minutes past minutes to	What time could it be?		
		Justify your answer.	C. Ten minutes to four	usually, once,
				twice etc., first,
			D. Twenty minutes past eight	second, next,
Telling the	Show children various times to the nearest minute for them to	5b. The time is twenty-four minutes to ten.	This clock has lost its minute hand.	twelve hour,
time to the	read.	Which arrow is the correct minute hand?	What time could it be?	twenty-four hour,
minute	Give each child a clock with moveable hands.			roman numerals I
	Children represent different times to the nearest minute on their own clock.	12	<b>T</b>	to XII, analogue,
	Discuss whether the minute hand is past or to the hour in different			digital can you
	times.			show me,
	Draw the hands on the clock from the following times.	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		duration,
				compare, hour,
	$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & 1 \\ 10 & 2 \\$			what time does
	$\begin{bmatrix} -9 & 0 & 3 \\ -8 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 0 & 3 \\ -8 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 0 & 3 \\ -8 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$	···· · ···		
		Explain why.	7 5	the day start?
	Four minutes to 4 24 minutes to 8 24 minutes past 8		v ° v	Which hand
			Could it be more than one time?	shows the



Using a.m. and p.m.	Using a visual timetable, sort the events into morning and afternoon. Create sentences to describe when events take place.	I slept from 8 p.m. to 8 a.m.	during th	e down an act ne times listed ne is a.m., p.m	below.	Tick to		minutes/hours? Am/pm, clockwise,
	For example: Maths is in the morning. Guided Reading is in the afternoon.		Time	Activity	a.m.	p.m.	Both	anticlockwise,
		Dora	8:48					seconds,
			7:16					
		Teddy	10:06					
		Who is more likely to be correct? Explain how you know.	9:22					
24 hour clock	Create a diary using pictures to show your day from waking up to going to bed. Label these events using both 12-hour clock and	Is Teddy correct? Prove it.		e is an informa It shows when			a	
	24-hour clock times.		Tı	rain A	2	2:09		
		If the time has an 8 in it, it has to be 8 o'clock.	Ti	rain B	1	3:34		
			Tr	rain C	C	9:48		
			Т	rain D	1	5:27		
		Teddy	T	rain E	1	6:21		
				rains in order st leaving in t			aving	

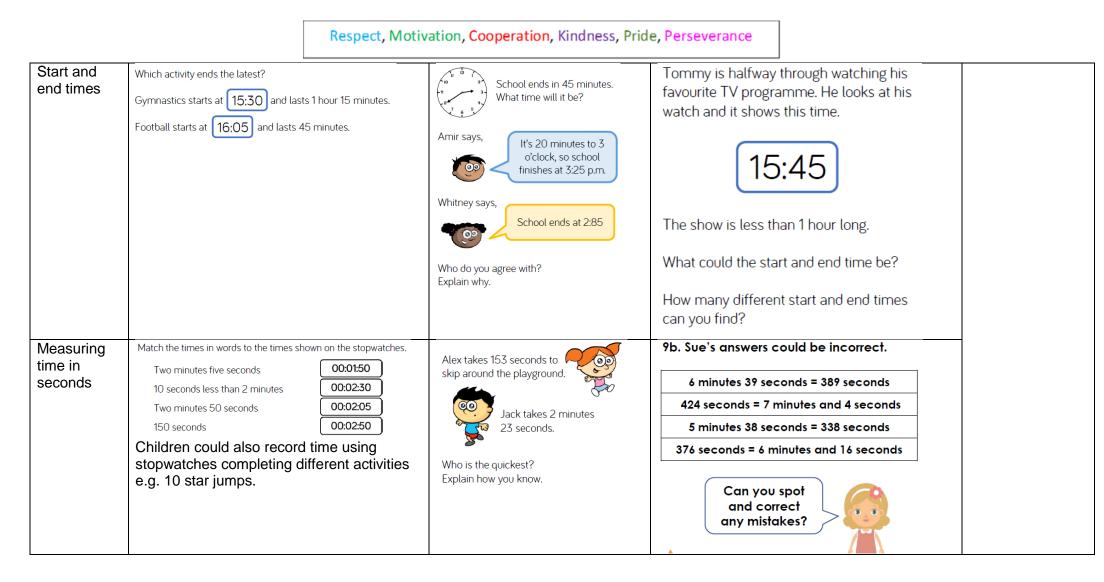


#### Finding the 8b. Piper the Witch has 1 hour and 3 Calculate the duration of the TV programmes. Lunchtime begins at: minutes to brew a potion. She mixes duration TV Programme Start Time Finish Time Duration ingredients for 27 minutes, lets it boil for 18 Pals 06:30 07:30 minutes and cackles for 13 minutes. Dennis the 15:15 18:15 explorer Lunchtime ends at: The football 12:00 14:00 show 1:10 10:40 12:40 An adventure Teddy and Rosie are working out how long lunchtime lasts for. I did three quarters **()** of an hour then added 10 Teddy How much time does she have left? <u>\_\_\_\_\_</u> I did 1 hour take away 5 minutes Rosie Whose method is correct?



Comparing durations	Use the symbols < , > and = to compare the following durations. 2:00 p.m 6:00 p.m. 08:00 a.m 12:00 p.m.	Jack's school starts at ten to 9 and finishes at quarter past 3	9b. Which plane would get from Gatwick to Dublin the quickest?
	07:30 a.m 09:30 a.m. 01:40 a.m 02:40 p.m. 03:30 a.m 05:00 p.m. 03:30 p.m 05:00 a.m.	He uses the number line to calculate how long the school day is.	How much longer does it take Plane 3 to get from Cardiff to Dublin than Plane 2?
		45 mins 4 hours 50 mins 3:15 4:00 8:00 8:50 Jack works out the school day is 5 hours and 35 minutes long. Jack is incorrect. Explain his mistake.	Plane         Gatwick         Cardiff         Dublin         Glasgow           1         07:05         07:51         08:47         09:34           2         09:54         10:32         10:58         11:56           3         12:02         12:42         13:37         14:10







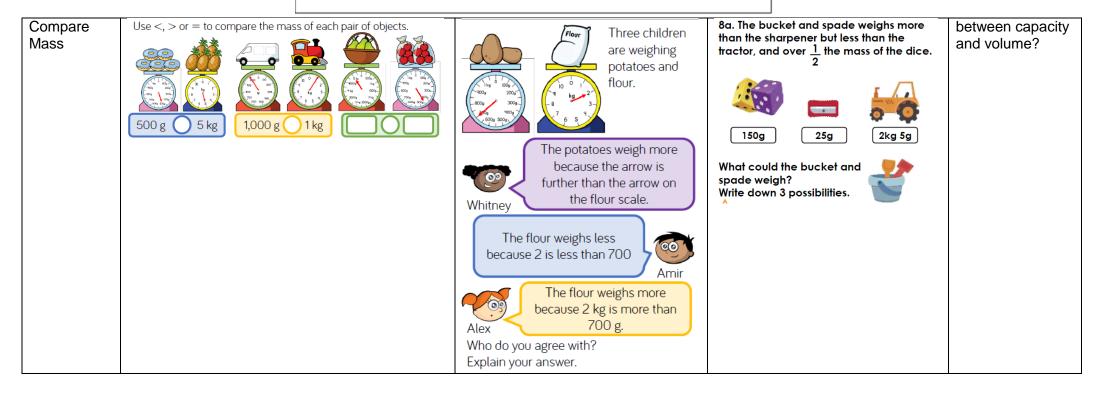
Use Roman	Through reading a range of analogue clocks –	
numerals I	children start to recognise roman numerals I –	
to XII to tell	XII as 1-12.	
and write the		
time		
uno		

	Year 3 Measurement: Mass, Capacity a	nd tomporaturo	
Objective		Deepen it	Mathematical
Objective	Apply it	Deebeu u	
			Talk
Use scales			Full, half full,
			empty, holds,
Measure			weight, weighs,
mass in			balances, heavy,
grams			heavier, heaviest,



#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Measure light, lighter, Using only 3 objects and a weighing scale, Who do you agree with? Find the mass of each item. Flour Mass in lightest, scales, try to get as close to 2 kg as possible. Explain why. kilograms capacity, volume, Explain why you chose those objects. and grams. Work out how much more or how much mass. less is needed to make it 2 kg. temperature, degrees, grams, kilograms, 00 The potatoes weigh 13 kg millilitre, litre, Amir centigrade, We don't know how much thermometer, 09 the potatoes weigh because volume, millilitre, the number is hidden. litre, how could Jack you tell something is lighter than....? The potatoes weigh more than half of 10 kg How much Rosie heavier is.... than....? Can you calculate the weight of the Estimate, scale, potatoes? Explain how you did it. how is scale like a Equivalent number line? masses Compare, what is (kilograms the same/different and grams)

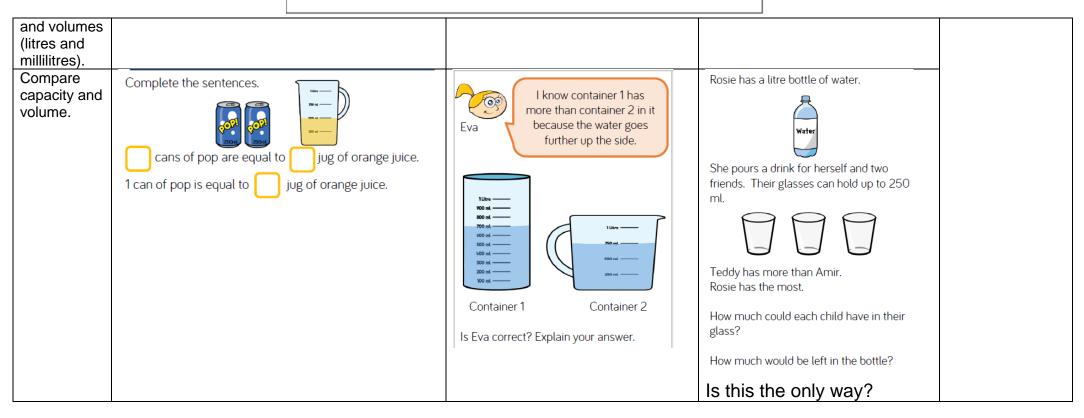




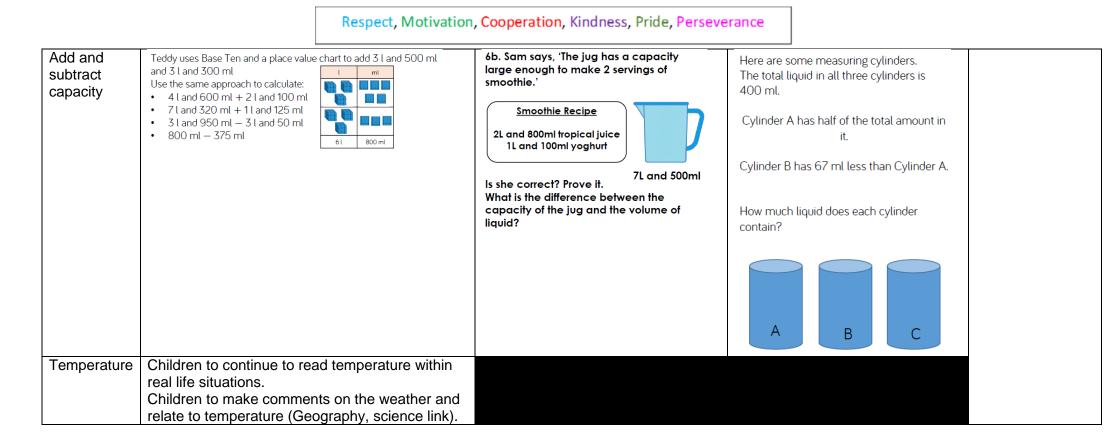


Add and subtract Mass	The jar of cookies has a mass of 800 g. The empty jar has a mass of 350 g. How much do the cookies weigh? 3 kg and 450 g + 4 kg and 200 g	6a. Which missing weight is the odd one out – A, B or C? Convince me. 9kg and 600g A 2kg and 455g B 2200g C 3kg and 4kg and 750g 1 1 2 kg	The green parcel weighs 5 kg. Can you work out what the blue and brown parcel weigh? 7 kg and 250 g 9 kg and 400 g Weigh altogether?	
Measure capacity and volume in millilitres.	Use a variety of scales, discuss what's the same, what's different about the scales. Using different containers explore which measurement (litres or millilitres) would be used to measure the liquid inside. Discuss what things would be measured in litres and in millilitres. Use the sentence stem to describe the capacity and volume of each container. The volume of liquid isThe capacity of the container is	4b. Which is the odd one out? Explain your answer. A B C 500 300 100ml 200 200 100	Use a variety of containers. Can you estimate how much liquid they hold? Check your estimates using measuring jugs and cylinders to see how accurate you were.	
Measure capacity and volume in litres and millilitres. Equivalent capacities				







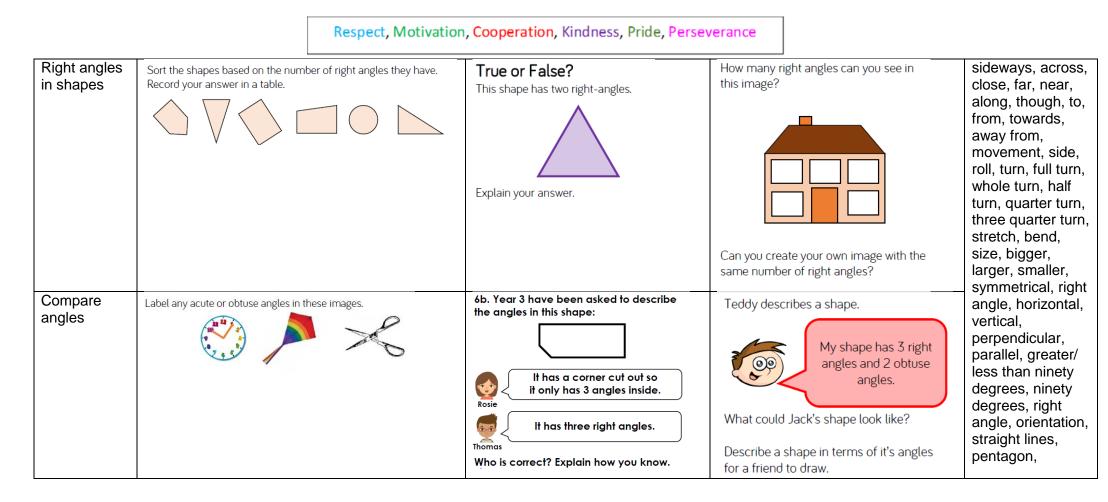


Year 3
Geometry: Properties of Shape



Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk
Turns and angles	Take children outside or into the hall where they can practice moving in turns themselves. Label 4 walls/points (for example: North, South, East, West). Give children instructions to encourage them to make $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ , $\frac{3}{4}$ and whole turns from different starting points. Allow children the opportunity to give instructions too. Look at the hands of the clock. Turn the minute hand one quarter of a turn clockwise. Where is the large hand pointing? What is the new time?	The arrow on a spinner started in this position. After making a turn it ended in this position. Jack says, Jack says, The arrow has moved a quarter turn anti-clockwise. Alex says, Alex says, The arrow has moved a three-quarter turn clockwise. Who do you agree with?	The letter 'X' has four angles. Write your name in capital letters. How many angles can you see in each letter? How many angles are there in your full name?	Group, sort, cube, cuboid, pyramid, prism, sphere, cone, cylinder, circle, triangle, square, rectangle, shape, flat, curved, straight, round, corner (point, pointed) hollow, solid, face, side, edge, make, build, draw, direction, journey, left, right, up down, forwards, backwards,

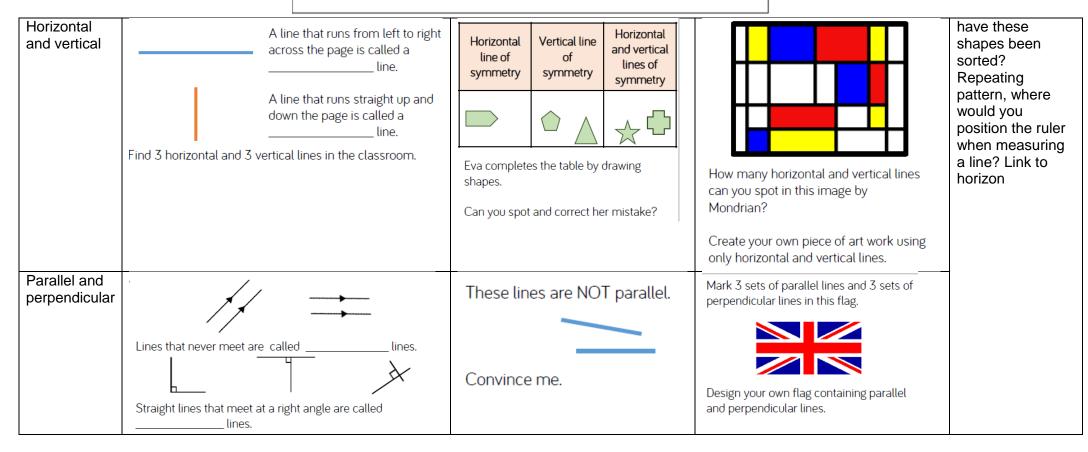




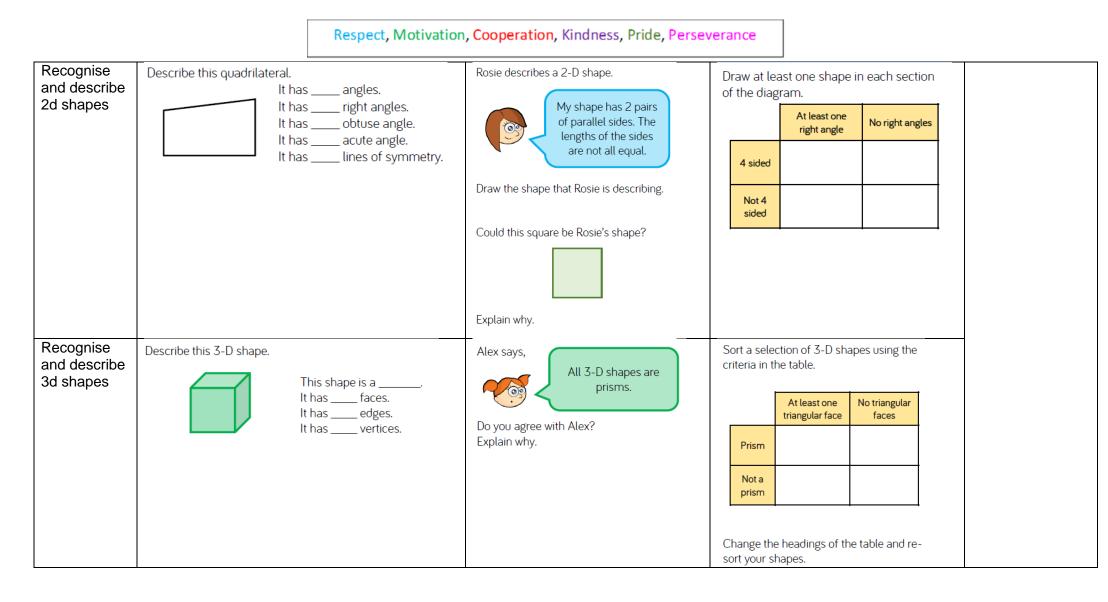


#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Draw straight polygon, Measure these lines. Record your measurements in cm and Alex measures the line. lines mm. hexagon, \_\_\_\_ cm and \_\_\_\_ mm accurately octagon, vertices, 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 through 2d, 3d, \_\_\_\_ cm and \_\_\_\_ mm quadrilateral, measuring dimensional, flat, She says it is 10 cm 4 mm \_\_\_\_ cm and \_\_\_\_ mm acute, obtuse, curved faces, Is Alex correct? what is the Explain why. difference Use straight lines to show the route the between 2d and car could take to get out of the maze. 3d shapes? Regular and Work out the length of the route to the irregular shapes, nearest cm show me a vertex, vertical, Is this the shortest route? horizontal, how







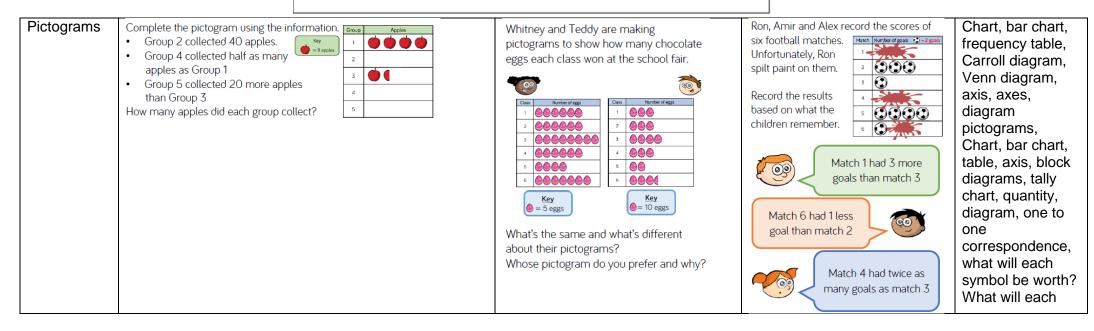




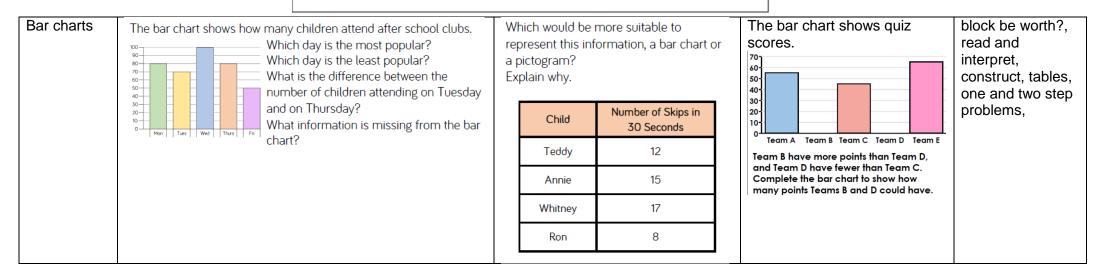
Making 3d shapes	Children make a 3-D shape using Play-Doh/clay/plasticine/ polydron.	Rosie says,	I have 9 straws and 6 balls of Play-Doh.
Shapes	Ask them to make a different one to their partner. Write down the similarities and differences between them. Discuss what the properties of each shape are.	I can create a model of a square-based pyramid using 3 straws and 3 balls of Play-Doh.	
		Explain the mistake Rosie has made.	What 3-D shape can I create using all of the straws and Play-Doh? Have a go at
		How many straws and balls of Play-Doh would you need to create a pyramid?	making it.

		Year 3		
	Sta	atistics (can link across curriculum e.g. COMPU	TING/Topic/P.E)	
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk









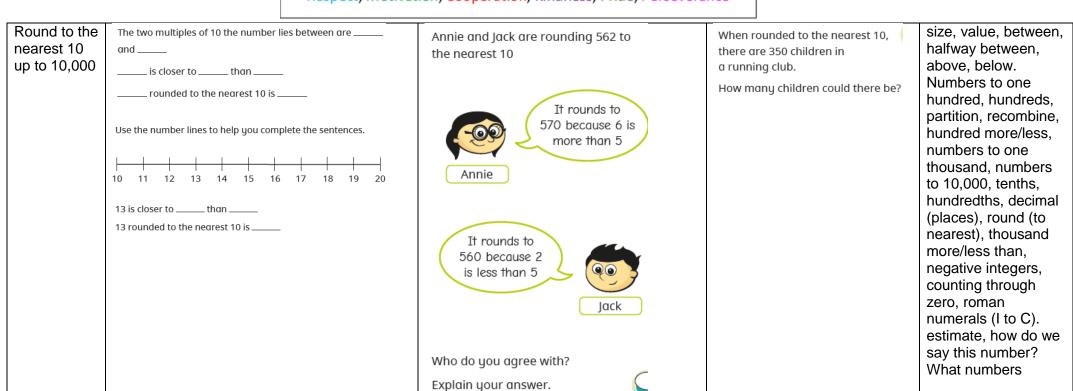


		Respect, Mot	ivation, Coop	eratio	on, Kindnes	ss, Pride,	, Persevera	ance		
Tables	The table shows the increase in • The cost of Ron's new ticket	t is 60p. How much 44p 49p	Eva has created a table to show how many boys and girls took part in after					How many questions can you create for your partner about this table?		
<ul> <li>was his ticket last year? How increased by?</li> <li>Which ticket price has increased by?</li> </ul>	64p 69p		scho	ool clubs last	week. Boys	Girls		Day	Number of hours shop is open	
	<ul> <li>Which ticket price has increased and the second seco</li></ul>		85p 93p		Monday	11	9		Monday	8
	the least?	98p £1	98p         £1.03           £1.05         £1.11		Tuesday	18	12		Tuesday Wednesday	8
					Wednesday	13	11			4
					Thursday	8	8		Thursday	10
					Friday	9	7		Friday	7
			ls	Is E	says, Sego 2 va correct? lain why.	after scho	s took part in pol clubs last veek.		Saturday	12

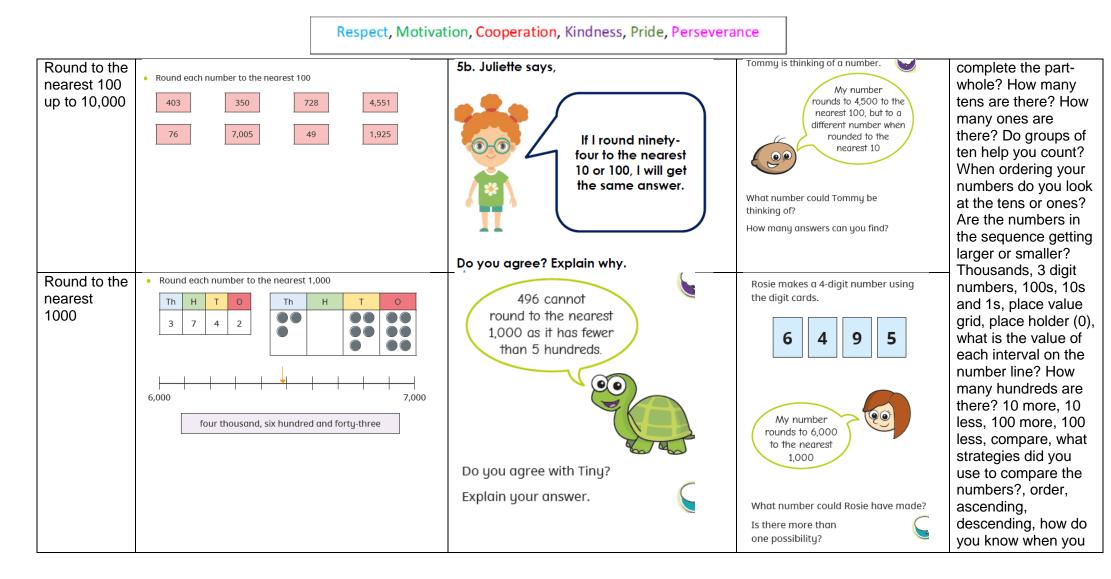


	Year 4				
Number: Place Value					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk	
Represent numbers to 1000	There are hundreds, tens and ones.         The number is         When a number has no, then we use as a placeholder.         What numbers are represented?         100       100       100         100       100       100         100       100       100         100       100       100         100       100       100	This is the number 19 What mistake has Ron made? What is the number?	Whitney and Dexter have each made a number.         Image: Construction of the same about their numbers?         What is different?	Fewer, more, equal, less than, greater than, number, pair, zero, one, two, three to twenty, and beyond, none, count (on/up/to/from/down), before, after, many, few, fewer, least, fewest, lesser, smallest, greater, same as, odd, even, units, ones, tens, ten more/less, digits, numeral, figure(s), compare, (in) order/ a different order,	

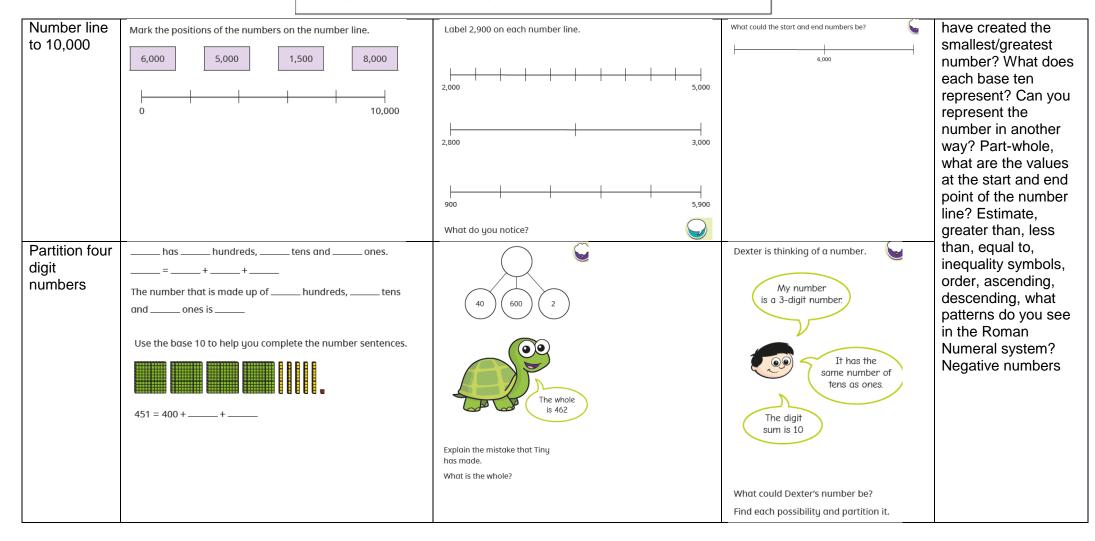




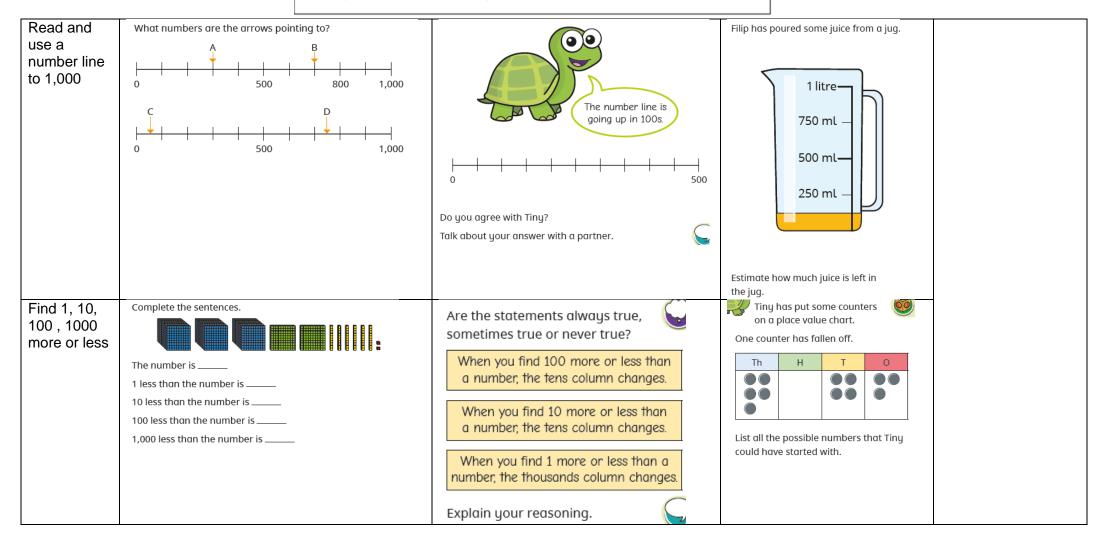




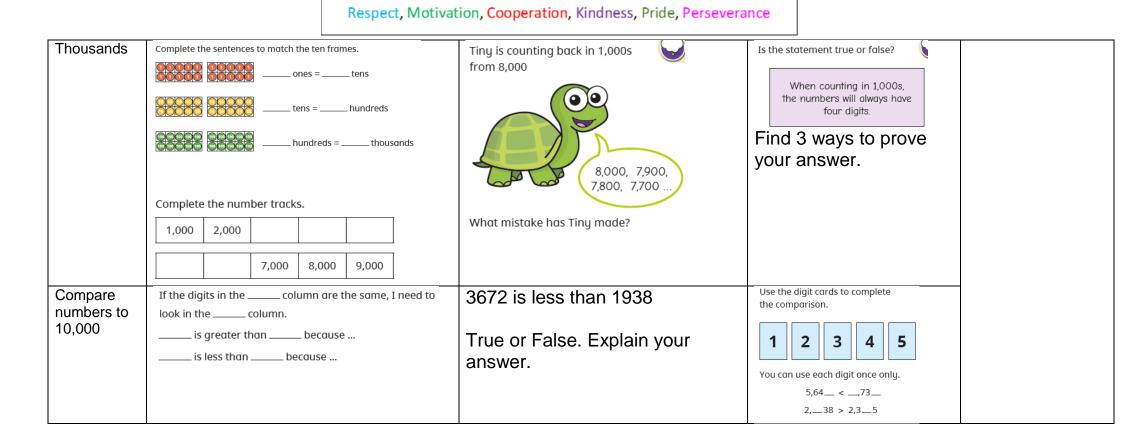








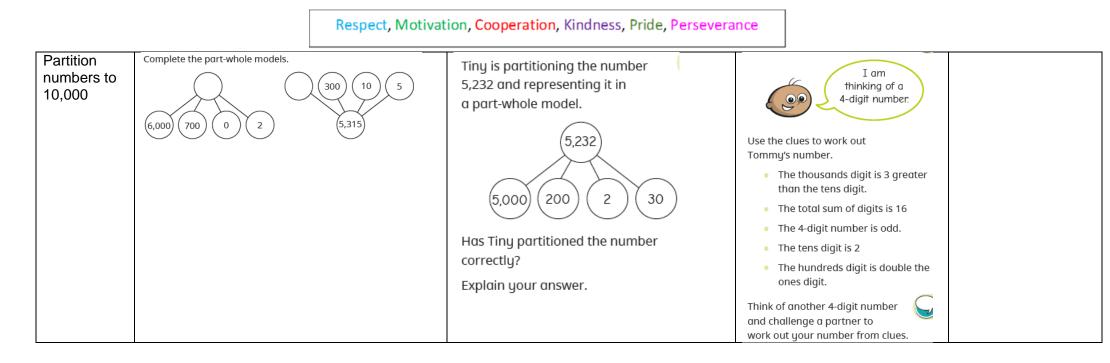




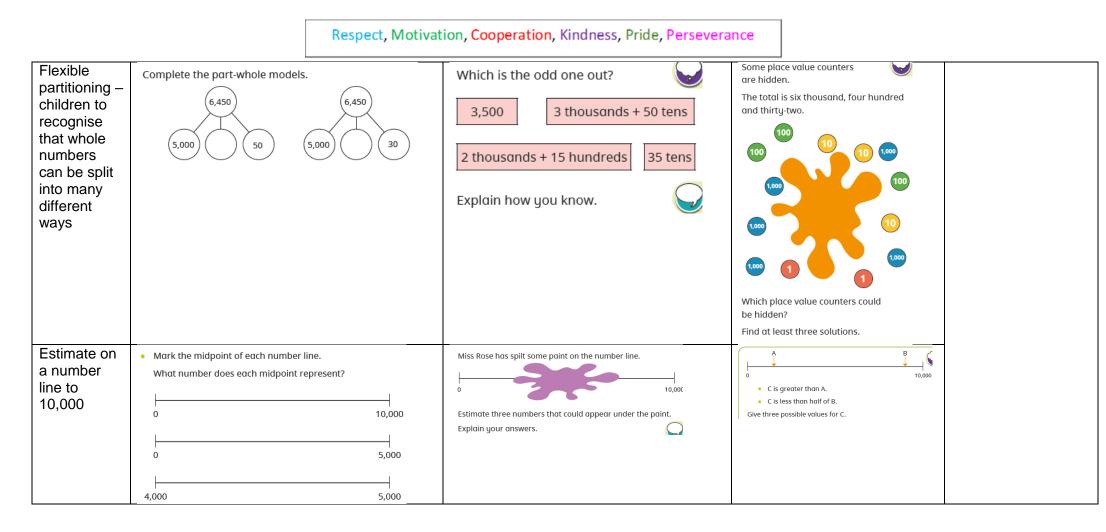


	Write <, > or = to compare the numbers.		
	321 g 3,012 g 7,000 m 4,629 m		
	98 1,032 £5,612 £5,628		
	3,402 1,897 4,002 865		
	4,283 4,238 1,902 1,920		
Represent numbers to 10,000	What numbers are represented on the place value charts?     Th   H   T   O     Th   H   T   O	In this number there are 5 thousands.	Jack has two 1,000 counters and three 100 counters.
10,000		7450	
	Write your answers in words and numerals.	True or False? Explain your	What 4-digit numbers can he make?
·۲	l	answer.	





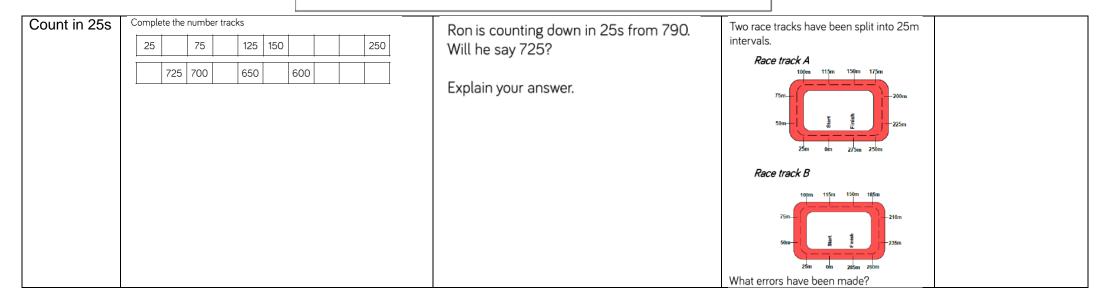






Order numbers to 10,000	Here are four digit cards. <b>4 0 5 3</b> Arrange them to make five different 4-digit numbers. Put your numbers in ascending order.	Aisha has written five numbers in ascending order. 1,354 3,273 4,314 889 9,993 smallest greatest What mistake has she made?	These numbers are in order from greatest to smallest. 3,6_4 3,_29 3,5_8 The same digit is missing from each number. What is the missing digit?
Round to nearest 10,100 and 1000	Number7,1264,9962,006499Rounded to the nearest 10 </th <th>5,683 rounded to the nearest 10 is 5,700 What mistake has Tiny made? What is the correct answer?</br></th> <th>Whitney puts some counters on a place value chart to make a number.       Image: Comparison of the comparison of the</th>	5,683 rounded to the nearest 10 is 5,700 	Whitney puts some counters on a place value chart to make a number.       Image: Comparison of the







#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Count in 9b. Glenn rolls a dice to add or subtract How many sweets are there altogether? Rosie says, 1,000s. If he rolls an even number he adds 1000s that number of thousands. If he rolls an odd number he subtracts that number of Sweets Sweets thousands. Sweets **1 1** If I count in thousands Start number: ten hundreds 1.000 and 300 tens 1,000 1.000 from zero, I will always There are three jars of \_\_\_\_ sweets. have an even answer. . There are \_\_\_\_\_ sweets altogether. If he only uses three of the dice, what could his total be? Find four possibilities. True or false? Explain how you know. Recognise Fill in the missing temperatures on the thermometers. Can you spot the mistake in these Teddy counted down in 3s until he negative number sequences? reached --18 numbers He started at 21, what was the tenth 2, 0, 0, -2, -4a) number he said? b) 1, -2, -4, -6, -8 c) 5, 0, -5, -10, -20 Explain how you found the mistake and convince me you are correct.



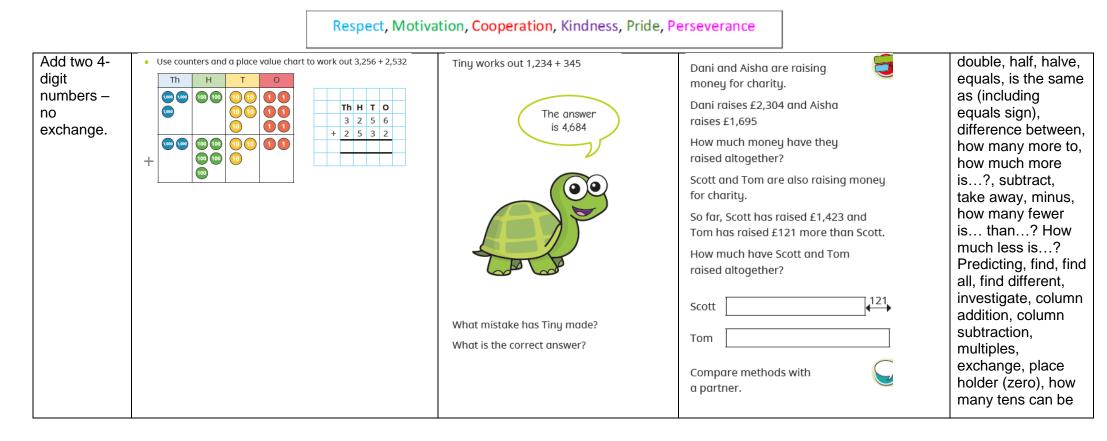
Roman numerals to	Write each number in Roman numerals.205060	62	Is the statement true or false?	Work out the calculation, giving your answer in Roman numerals.
100	64 78 85	99	XX + II = XXII, so XXII + XXII = XXIIXXII Explain your answer.	XIV + XXXVI Make up some other calculations using Roman numerals that have the same answer.

	Year 4 Number: Addition and Subtraction				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk	
Add 1s, 10s, 100s and 1000s – introduction	Use concrete representation Use a place value chart to complete the number sentences. 1,364 + 3 =	Complete the sequence.	How many ways can you make the total x, using the digit cards below by adding?	What does part mean? What does whole mean?	
of adding 1000s.	1,364 + 30 = 1,364 + 300 = 1,364 + 6,000 =	What is the sequence increasing by each time? Explain how you know.		How many where there at the start?	

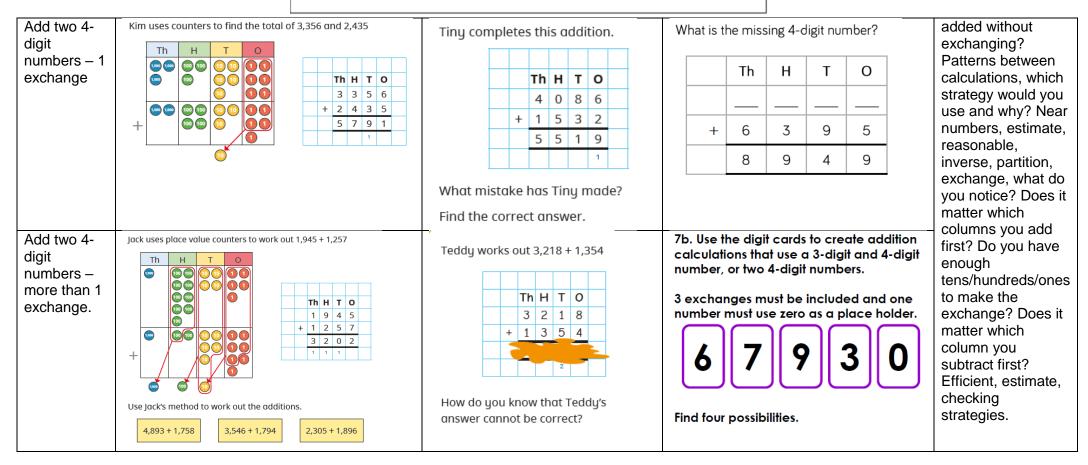


10s, 100s       Use a place value chart to conumber sentences.         and 1000s –       number sentences.         introduction $1,364 - 1 = \_$ of $1,364 - 60 = \_$ 1000s. $1,364 - 200 = \_$ $1,364 - 1,000 = \_$	nplete the Rosie is finding the missing number in 300 = 2,895	How many ways can you make the total x, using the digit cards below by subtracting?	Which number represents the total? Number bonds, number line, add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether, inverse, double, near
--	---	--	--

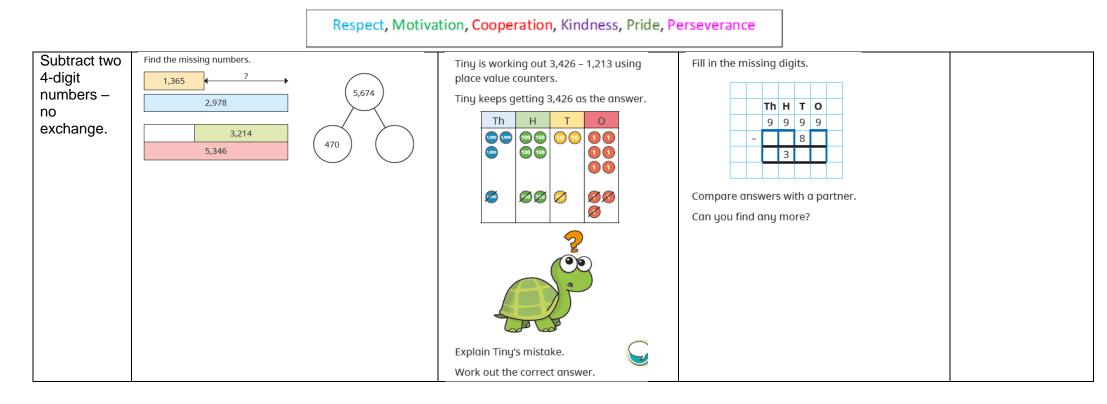




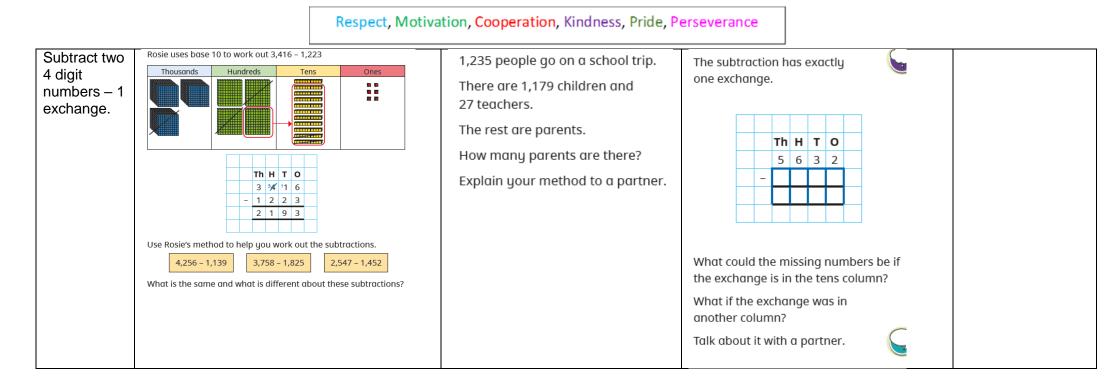




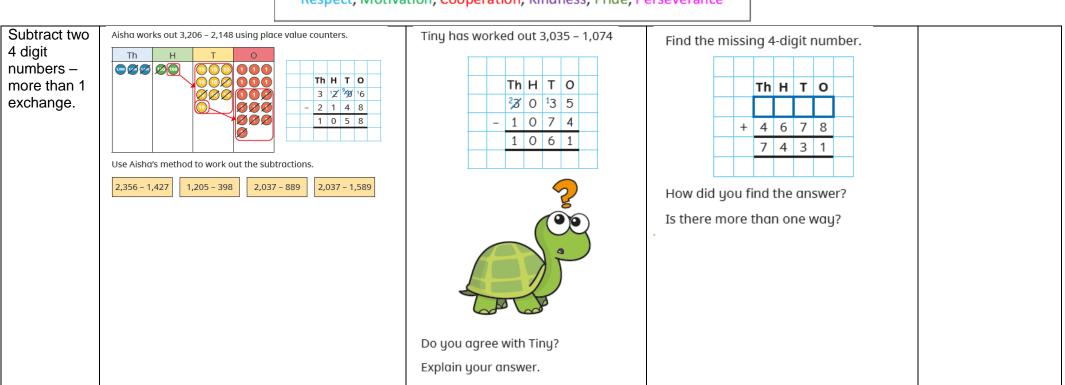




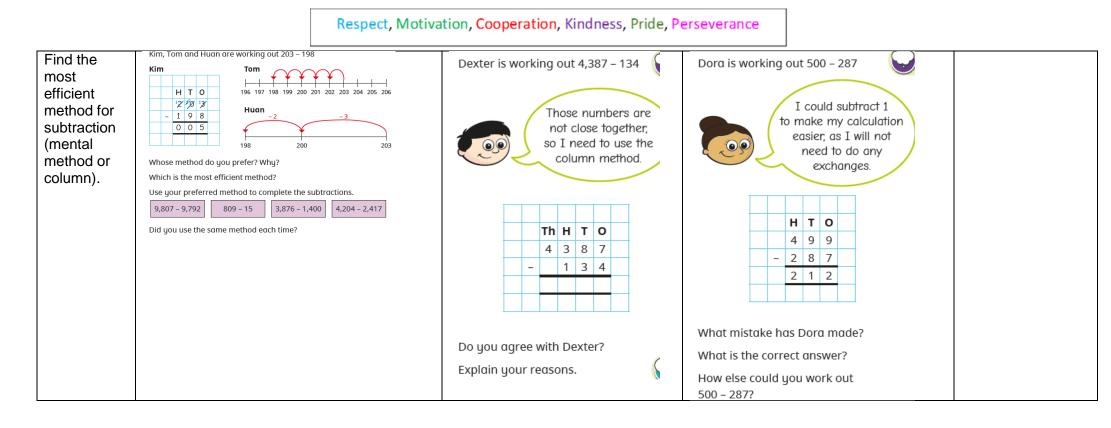




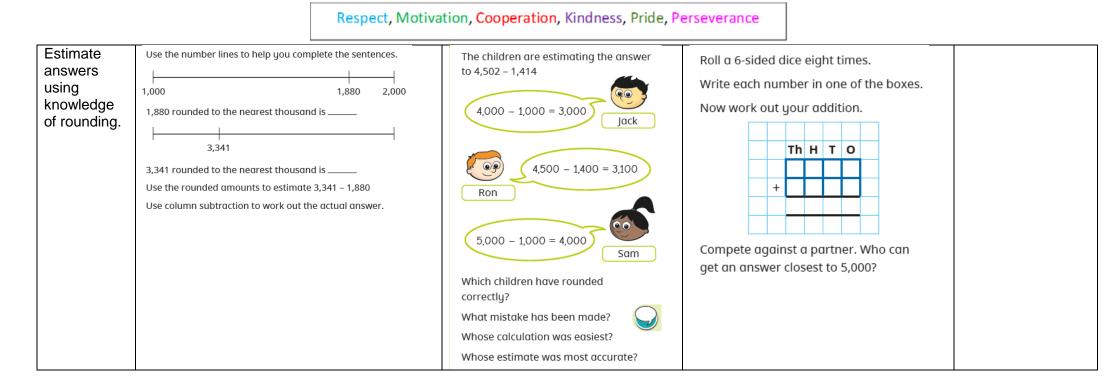




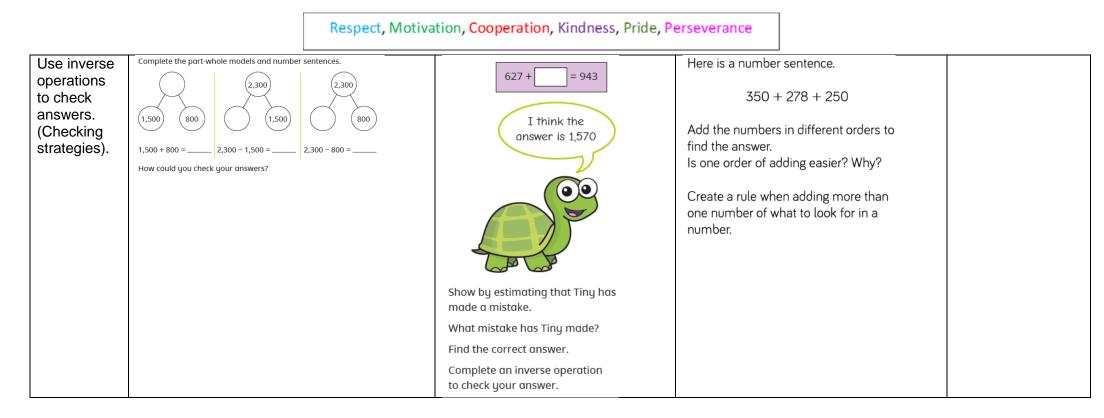












	Year 4				
	Number: Multiplication and Division				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk	

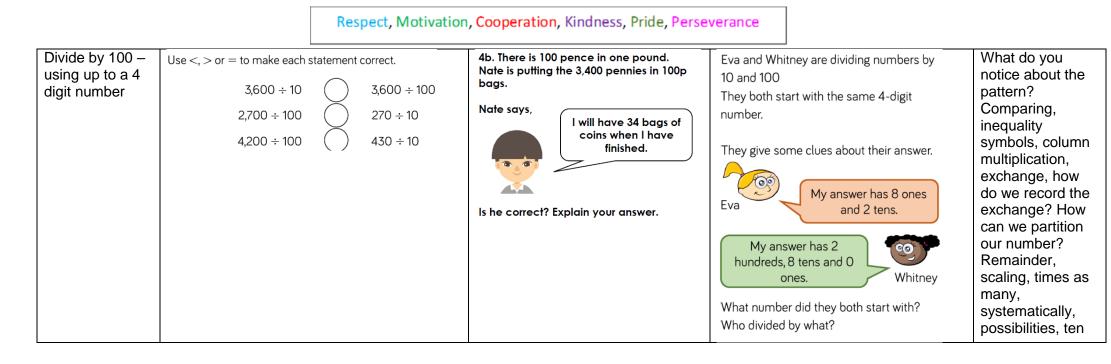


#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Multiply by 10 – Ones Write the calculation shown by the place Odd, even, count Annie has multiplied a whole number by Always, Sometimes, Never value counters. using up to a 4 in twos, threes, 10 Each row has \_\_\_\_\_ tens and \_\_\_\_\_ ones. digit number fives, count in If you write a whole number in a place Each row has a value of \_\_\_\_\_. Her answer is between 440 and 540 tens (forwards value grid and multiply it by 10, all the from/ backwards There are rows. digits move one column to the left. What could her original calculation be? from), how many The calculation is X times, lots of, Explain your answer. How many possibilities can you find? Use place value counters to calculate: groups, once, twice. three ties. $10 \times 3$ $4 \times 10$ $12 \times 10$ five times. Show other way of multiplying by 100, 10 Multiply by 100 $3 \times = = = = 3 \text{ ones} = 3$ 7b. Use the digit cards to complete the x 10, to get the same answer. calculations. You can use each card multiple of. – using up to a 3 Complete: more than once. multiply, multiply digit number Which representation does **not** show 3 x \_ tens = \_ by, repeated multiplying by 100? addition, array, 3 0 Δ Explain your answer. row. column. 3 × hundreds = double, halve, x 100 x 8 x 100 > 5share. share equally, group in pairs, threes etc., x 7 x 10 x 10 < 2 x x 100 equal groups of, Investigate the possible calculations. divide, divided by, left, left over, 300 describe the rule. product, multiples 3 of; four, eight, fifty and one hundred, scale up, multiplication



Divide by 10 – using up to a 4 – digit number	Use place value counters to show the steps to divide 30 by 10 10 10 10 Can you use the same steps to divide a 3-digit number like 210 by 10?	While in Wonde and everything s around her beca Are these meas	shrank. All the ame ten times	e items smaller!	Four children are in a race. The numbers on their vests are: facts up to 12 x 12, division facts, inverse, derive, equal, unequal,
		Item	Original measurement	After shrinking 2,200 cm	350 35 why are we using the addition
	1	Height of a door Her height	220 cm 160 cm	2,200 cm 16 cm	3,500 53 symbol?
	1	Length of a book		43 mm	Use the clues to match each vest number of, arrays,
	1	Height of a mug	220 mm	?	Use the clues to match each vest number to a child.
		Can you fill in th Can you explain Write a calculati each item.	n what Alice dic	d wrong?	<ul> <li>Jack's number is ten times smaller than Mo's.</li> <li>Alex's number is not ten times smaller than Jack's or Dora's or Mo's.</li> <li>Dora's number is ten times smaller than Jack's.</li> <li>times tables, how many do you have to begin with? Division, what is the same/different about the groups?</li> </ul>







#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Multiply by 1 Complete the calculation shown by the number pieces. times Which answer could be the odd one out? Circle the incorrect calculations and and 0 What makes it the odd one out? bigger/smaller, There are \_\_\_\_ ones. write them correctly. hundred times ×\_\_\_= bigger/smaller, 3 + 0 =\_\_\_\_ There is \_\_\_\_\_ six. $5 \times 0 = 50$ how can dividing \_\_\_\_×\_\_\_=\_\_\_ by 10 help you to 3-0=\_\_\_\_ $19 \times 1 = 19$ divide by 100? Show 3 x 0 using concrete manipulatives. What does zero 3 × 0 = \_\_\_\_ $7 \times 0 = 7$ mean? Fact family, multiples, $1 \times 1 = 2$ Explain why the answer is different. commutativity, associative law, $0 \times 35 = 0$ factors, factor pairs, $0 \times 0 = 1$ correspondence problems, bus $1 \times 8 = 9$ stop Choose one calculation and create a drawing to show it.

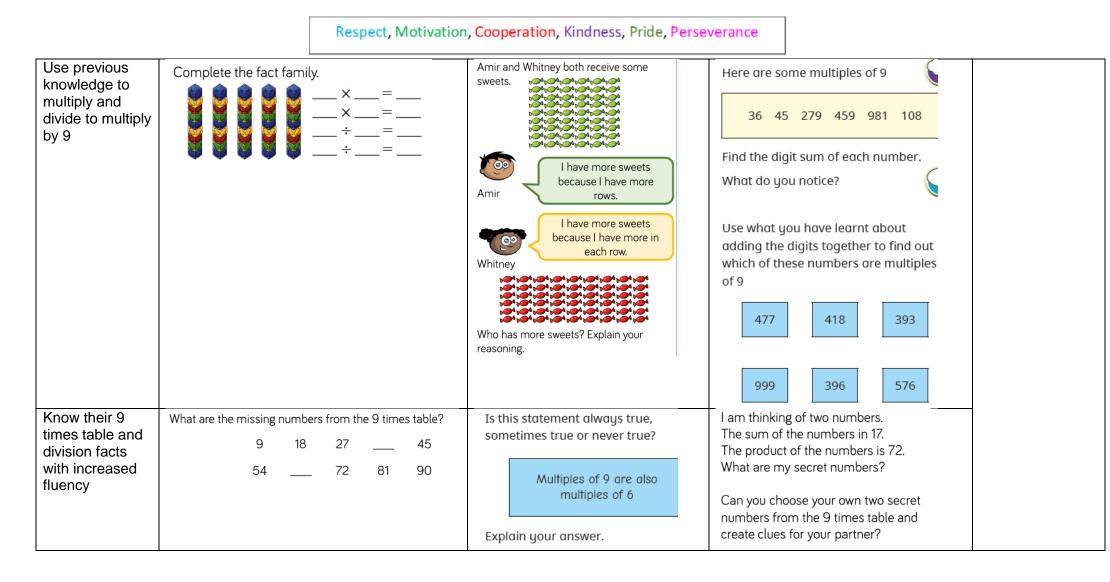


Divide by 1 and itself	Use counters and hands to complete.  • 4 counters <b>shared</b> between 4 hands ÷ =	Mo says,	Use $<$ , $>$ or $=$ to complete the following:
	<ul> <li>4 counters shared between 1 hand</li></ul>	25 divided by 1 is equal to 1 divided by 25 Do you agree? Explain your answer.	$8 \div 1 \bigcirc 7 \div 1$ $6 \div 6 \bigcirc 5 \div 5$ $4 \div 4 \bigcirc 4 \div 1$
			Draw an image for each one to show that you are correct.
Related facts – multiplication and division			
Multiples of 3			



Use previous knowledge to multiply and divide to multiply by 6	Complete the sentences. There arelots ofeggs. There areeggs in total. X = First there wereeggs. Then they were shared intoboxes. Now there areeggs in each box. ÷ =	Always, Sometimes, Never When you multiply any whole number by 6 it will always be an even number. Explain your answer.	Draw a bar model to represent each problem. Tom has 54 cakes. He shares them equally into 6 boxes. How many cakes will go in each box? Tom puts 54 cakes into boxes. There are 6 cakes in each box. How many boxes will he need?
Know their 6 times tables and division facts with increased fluency	Complete the number sentences. $1 \times 3 = \_$ $1 \times \_ = 6$ $2 \times \_ = 6$ $2 \times 6 = \_$ $3 \times 3 = \_$ $3 \times 6 = \_$	Dexter is thinking of two numbers. The sum of my numbers is 15 and their product is 54 What are Dexter's numbers? Explain your answer.	Here are some facts about multiples of 3 and 6         If an even number has a digit sum that is a multiple of 3, then the number is a multiple of 3 and 6         If an odd number has a digit sum that is a multiple of 3, then it is a multiple of 3 but not of 6         195       15       624       592       128       348         Multiple of 3 only       Multiple of of 3 or 6       Not a multiple of 3 or 6         Can you think of your own numbers that follow the rules?







The 3, 6 and 9				
times – tables.				
Use previous knowledge to	Rosie uses number pieces to represent seven times four. She does it in two ways.	Show that	Three children are playing a game.	
multiply and divide to multiply	4 sevens 4 lots of 7 $4 \times 7$ $7 \text{ fours}$ $7 \text{ lots of 4}$ $7 \times 4$	9 × 7 = 9 × 8 – 9	They score 7 points for every cup they knock down.	
by 7	Use Rosie's method to represent seven times six in two ways.		7 7 7	
		Draw an array to help you explain your answer.		
			7 7 7 7 7	
			Here are their scores.	
			Esther 56	
			Brett 77	
			Alex 28	
			How many cups did each child knock down?	



Know their 7 times table and division facts with increased fluency	Complete the multiplications. $11 \times 7 = $ $7 \times 9 = $ $70 = $ $100 = $ $70 = $ $100 = $ $70 = $ $70 = $ $100 = $ $70 = $ $100 = $ $100 = $ $70 = $ $100 = $	True or False? $7 \times 6 = 7 \times 3 \times 2$ $7 \times 6 = 7 \times 7 + 8$ Explain your answer to a friend. Prove using a drawing.	Children are arranged into rows of 7 There are 5 girls and 2 boys in each row. <b>There are 84 children in total.</b> How many girls are there?
Building on knowledge of the 1, 2 and 10 times tables, explore the 11 and 12 times- tables through partitioning.	Fill in the blanks. $2 \times 10 = $ $2 \times 1 = $ $2 \log 10 \log \ln uts = $ $2 \log 10 \log \ln ut = $ $2 \log 10 \log \ln uts = $ $2 \log 10 \log \ln ut = $ $2 \log 11 \log \ln ut = $ $2 \times 10 + 2 \times 1 = 2 \times 11 = $	Rosie uses a bar model to represent 88 divided by 11 88         11 </td <td>Here are the prices of tickets to see a play. Adult       Child         <math>\pounds 12</math> <math>\pounds 6</math>         What possible combination of adults and children could attend if they spend <math>\pounds 60</math>?         How many possibilities are there?</td>	Here are the prices of tickets to see a play. Adult       Child $\pounds 12$ $\pounds 6$ What possible combination of adults and children could attend if they spend $\pounds 60$ ?         How many possibilities are there?



	Here is one batch of muffins.
	Teddy bakes 11 batches of muffins.         How many muffins does he have altogether?
	In each batch there are 3 strawberry, 3 vanilla, 4 chocolate and 2 toffee muffins. How many of each type of muffin does Teddy have in 11 batches? Teddy sells 5 batches of muffins.
	How many muffins does he have left?
11 times-table and division facts	
12 times-table and division facts	

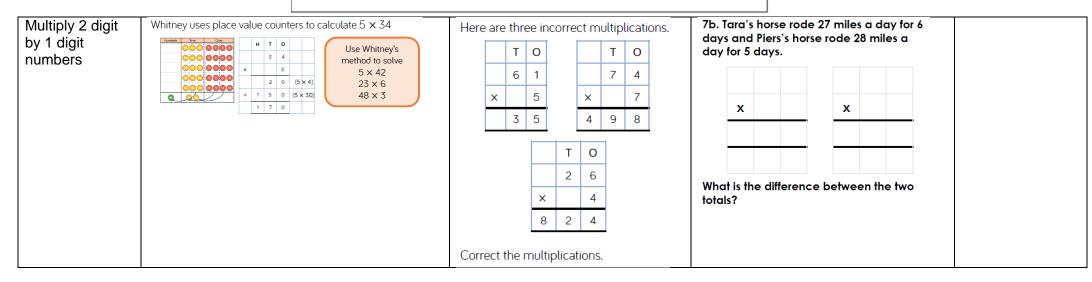


#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Multiply 3 Choose three digit cards. Use counters or cubes to represent the calculations. Is the statement true or false? Choose which order you will complete the multiplication. Arrange them in the calculation. numbers $5 \times 2 \times 6$ 8×4×5 $2 \times 8 \times 6$ X X $9 \times 8 = 9 \times 4 \times 2$ How many different calculations can you make using your three digit cards? Which order do you find it the most Explain your reasoning. efficient to calculate the product? How have you grouped the numbers? Recognise Tommy says Some numbers are equal to the sum of Here is an example of a factor bug for 12 all their factors (not including the number factors and Complete the factor bug for 36 The greater the itself). factor pairs number, the e.g. 6 more factors it 6 has 4 factors, 1, 2, 3 and 6 $\bigcirc$ will have. Add up all the factors not including 6 itself. 1 + 2 + 3 = 6Are all the factors in pairs? 6 is equal to the sum of its factors (not Draw your own factor bugs for 16, 48, 56 and 35 Is Tommy correct? including the number itself) Use arrays to explain your answer. How many other numbers can you find that are equal to the sum of their factors? Which numbers are less than the sum of their factors? Which numbers are greater than the sum of their factors? Use factor pairs



Children develop their mental multiplication by exploring different ways to calculate (efficient multiplication).	Class 4 are calculating 25 × 8 mentally. Can you complete the calculations in each of the methods? <u>Method 1</u> $25 \times 8 = 20 \times 8 + 5 \times 8$ $= 160 + = = = 5 \times = = =$ <u>Method 3</u> $25 \times 8 = 25 \times 10 - 25 \times 2$ = - = - = = = + = = = Can you think of any other ways to mentally calculate 25 × 8? Which do you think is the most efficient? How would you calculate 228 × 5 mentally?	Teddy has calculated 19 $\times$ 3 20 $\times$ 3 = 60 60 - 1 = 59 19 $\times$ 3 = 59 Can you explain his mistake and correct the diagram?	8b. Roll a dice four times to create a calculation that multiples a 3-digit number by a 1-digit number. Solve the multiplication using an efficient method.	
Use informal written methods to multiply 2 digit and 1 digit numbers.	There are 8 classes in a school. Each class has 26 children. How many children are there altogether? Complete the number line to solve the problem. $10 \times 8 = 80$ $10 \times 8 = 6 \times 8 = 6 \times 8 = 6 \times 8 = 10 \times 8 = 6 \times 8 = 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10^{-10}$ Use this method to work out the multiplications. $16 \times 7$ $34 \times 6$ $27 \times 4$	Ron is calculating 46 multiplied by 4 using the part-whole model. $46 \times 4$ 1624 $40 \times 4$ 160 $6 \times 4$ = 24 Can you explain Ron's mistake?	Here are 6 multiplications. $43 \times 5$ $54 \times 6$ $38 \times 6$ $33 \times 2$ $19 \times 7$ $84 \times 5$ Which of the multiplications would you calculate mentally? Which of the multiplications would you use a written method for? Explain your choices to a partner. Did your partner choose the same methods as you?	

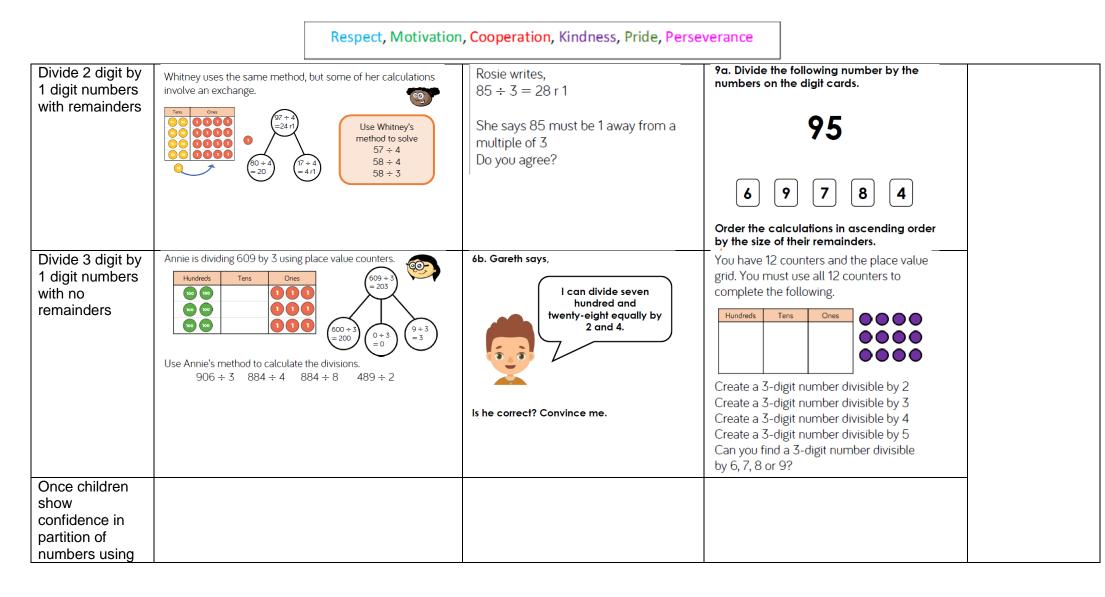






#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Multiply 3 digit 7b. Match the numbers which have an Complete the calculation. Spot the mistake answer of 2,274. by 1 digit Hundreds Tens Ones Н Т О numbers 000 100 100 Alex and Dexter have both completed the 2 0 3 542 3 same multiplication. 100 100 000 3 100 100 379 7 680 5 Alex Dexter H T O H T O 758 6 2 3 4 3 2 4 6 × 6 × Which numbers cannot be used? 1 2 0 4 1 4 0 4 2 2 2 2 Who has the correct answer? What mistake has been made by one of the children? Jack is dividing 84 by 4 using place value counters. Eva has 96 sweets. Divide 2 digit by Dora is calculating $72 \div 3$ First, he divides the tens. Before she starts, she says the She shares them into equal groups. 1 digit numbers Then, he divides the ones. calculation will involve an exchange. She has no sweets left over. - no remainders Tens Ones How many groups could Eva have shared Tens Ones = 21 Do you agree? her sweets into? Explain why. 80 ÷ 2 =20 00 Use Jack's method to calculate: 69÷3 88 ÷ 4 96÷3





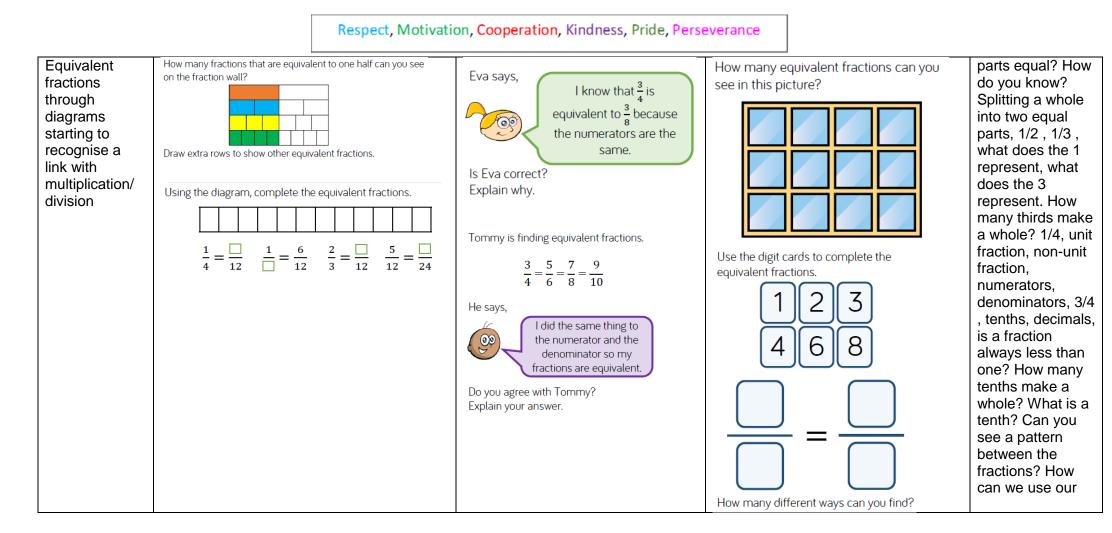


place value grid introduce bust stop as a short division written method. Correspondence	An ice-cream van has 4 flavours of ice-cream and 2 choices of	Alex has 6 T-shirts and 4 pairs of shorts.	Here are the meal choices in the school	
problems	Ice-cream flavour       Toppings         Vanilla       Sauce         Chocolate       Flake         Strawberry       Banana         How many different combinations of ice-cream and toppings can be made?       Complete the multiplication to represent the combinations.	Dexter has 12 T-shirts and 2 pairs of shorts. Who has the most combinations of T- shirts and shorts? Explain your answer.	StarterMainDessertSoupPastaCakeGarlic BreadChickenIce-creamBeefSaladFruit SaladThere are 2 choices of starter, 4 choicesof main and 3 choices of dessert.How many meal combinations can youfind? Can you use a systematicapproach?Can you represent the combinations in a multiplication?If there were 20 meal combinations, how many starters, mains and desserts might there be?	



	Year 4					
		Number: Fractions				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk		
Explore fractions in different representations – what is a fraction?	Here are 9 cards. Sort the cards into different groups. Can you explain how you made your decision? Can you sort the cards in a different way? Can you explain how your partner has sorted the cards?	Always, Sometimes, Never? Alex says, If I split a shape into 4 parts, I have split it into quarters. Explain your answer.	7b. Which image is the odd one out? A. B. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C	tenths, equivalent decimals and fractions, Whole, equal parts, four equal parts, four equal parts, one half, two halves, a quarter, two quarters, fraction, three quarters, one third, a third, equivalence, equivalent,		
Understand the whole.				unequal, are the		





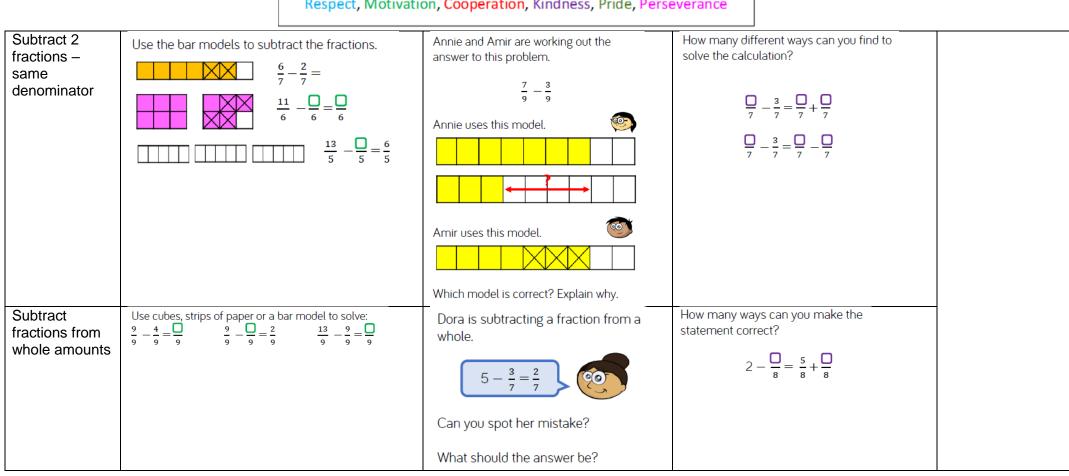


Equivalent fractions on a number line. Fractions greater than 1	Complete the part-whole models and sentences. There are quarters altogether. quarters = whole and quarter.	Rosie says, <u>16</u> is greater than $\frac{8}{2}$ because 16 is greater than 8 Do you agree? Explain why.	3 friends share some pizzas. Each pizza is cut into 8 equal slices. Altogether, they eat 25 slices. How many whole pizzas do they eat?	times tables to help us find equivalent fractions? Compare, order, addition and subtraction of fractions, greater than, how many x make a whole? Quantity,
Count in fractions beyond 1. – include number lines with mixed fractions.	Complete the number line. $ \begin{array}{c c} \hline \\ \hline \\$	Circle and correct the mistakes in the sequences. $\frac{5}{12}, \frac{8}{12}, \frac{11}{12}, \frac{15}{12}, \frac{17}{12}$ $\frac{9}{10}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{6}{10}, \frac{3}{10}, \frac{1}{10}$	Here is a number sequence. $\frac{5}{12}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{10}{12}, \frac{14}{12}, \frac{19}{12}, \dots$ Which fraction would come next? Can you write the fraction in more than one way?	
Partition a mixed number. Compare and order mixed numbers. Understand improper fractions.				

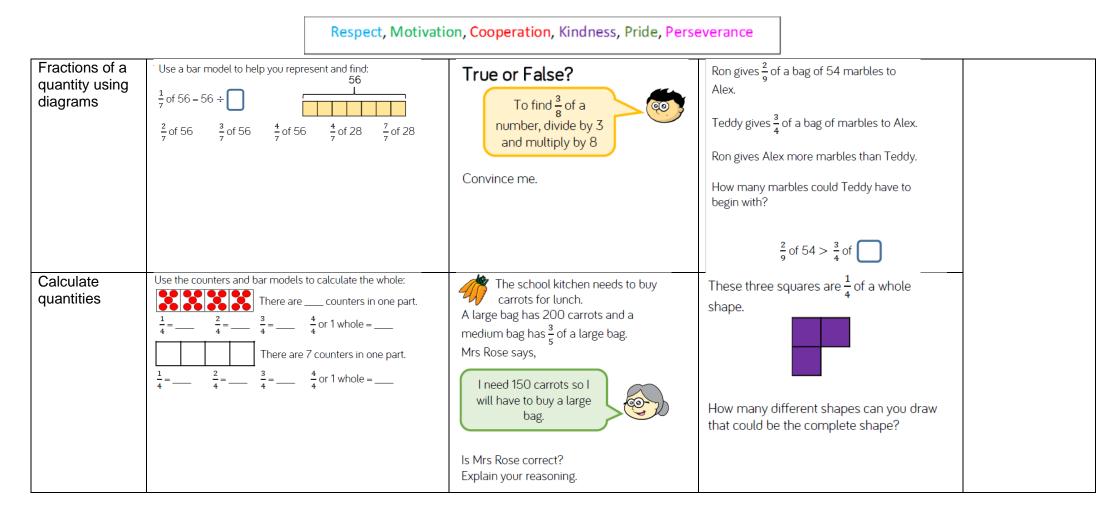


Convert mixed		1		
numbers to	1	1	1	1
improper		1	1	1
fractions.	1	۱۲	<u>                                     </u>	
Convert		1		1
improper	1	1	1	1
fractions to	1	1	1	1
mixed	1	1	1	1
numbers.		<sup>1</sup>		j
Add 2 or more	Use the number line to add the fractions.	Alex is adding fractions.	How many different ways can you find to	1
fractions –			solve the calculation?	1
same	$\frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}$	3 2 5	'	1
denominator		$\frac{3}{9} + \frac{2}{9} = \frac{3}{18}$	1	1
	$\frac{4}{9} + \frac{5}{9} + \frac{8}{9} = \frac{1}{9} + \frac{11}{9} + 1 = \frac{1}{9} + \frac{5}{9} + \frac{7}{9} = \frac{17}{9}$			1
		,	$\frac{\Box}{\Box} + \frac{\Box}{\Box} = \frac{11}{9}$	1
		Is she correct? Explain why.		1
<u>ر</u>	/	· · · · ·	·′	·









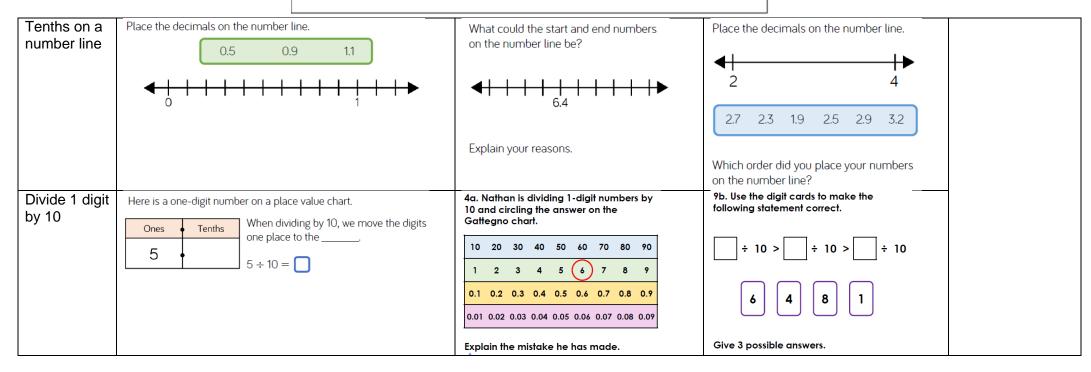


	Year 4							
	Number: Decimals							
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk				
Recognise tenths and hundredths	If the hundred square represents one whole :         Each square is out of equal squares.         Each square represents         Each row is out of equal rows.         Each row represents	Who is correct? Dora 5 hundredths is equivalent to 50 tenths. 50 hundredths is equivalent to 5 tenths. Amir Explain why.	Ron says he can partition tenths and hundredths in more than one way.	Decimals, tenths, hundredths, equivalent decimals and fractions, order, compare, place value, what is a tenth? Where would we use tenths in real life? How many tenths are equivalent to a whole? Number line, relevant scale, divide by 10 – split into 10				



Tenths as decimals	Complete the tab	le. Words five tenths	Fraction	Decimal 0.9	Which ten frame is the odd one out?	six tens six tenths What is the same? What's different? Show me.	equal parts, Gettegno chart, zero as a place holder, part, whole, decimal place, compare, order, ascending, descending, which digit do we
Tenths as fractions. Tenths on a place value grid	' Complete the s grid. One There are C The decimal re	es Tenths	s One:	als in the place value	Two children are making eleven tenths.	Use five counters and a place value grid. Place all five counters in either the ones or the tenths column.	use to compare these decimals? Round up, round down, integers, halves, quarters





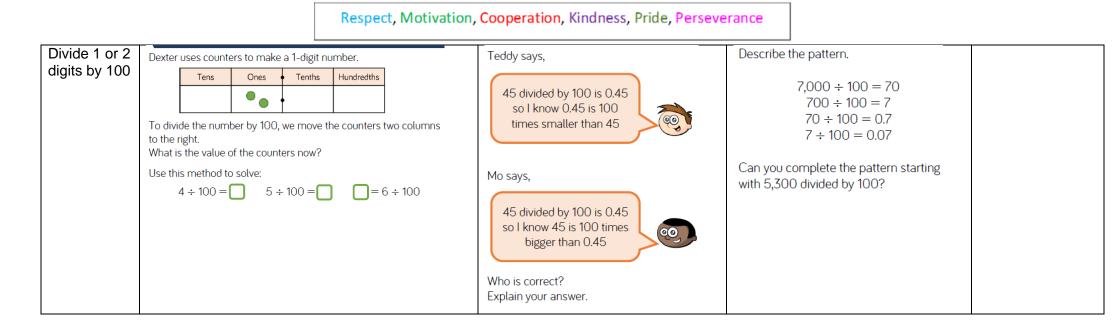


Divide 2 digit by 10	Teddy uses counters to make a 2-digit number.TensImage: TenthsHundredthsImage: TensImage: TenthsImage: TenthsImage: TensImage: Tens <thimage: ten<="" th=""><th>Dexter says, When I divide a 2-digit number by 10, my answer will always have digits in the ones and tenths columns. Show that Dexter is incorrect.</th><th>8b. Write numbers on the cards to create calculations to complete the statement.         <math>\div</math> 10 =         <math>\div</math> 10 =         73       4.2         66         5.3         Find 3 possibilities.</th></thimage:>	Dexter says, When I divide a 2-digit number by 10, my answer will always have digits in the ones and tenths columns. Show that Dexter is incorrect.	8b. Write numbers on the cards to create calculations to complete the statement. $\div$ 10 = $\div$ 10 =         73       4.2         66         5.3         Find 3 possibilities.
Hundredths as fractions– recognise hundredths are dividing one equal whole into 100 parts.	Complete the number lines. $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	4a. Ollie has completed this section of a number line below.         67       68       69       7       71       72       73         100       100       100       10       100       100       100         Is he correct? Explain how you know.	Complete the statements. 3 tenths and 2 hundredths = 2 tenths and hundredths 14 hundredths and 3 tenths = 4 tenths and hundredths 5 tenths and 1 hundredth < 5 tenths and hundredths 5 tenths and 1 hundredth > tenths and 5 hundredths Can you list all the possibilities?

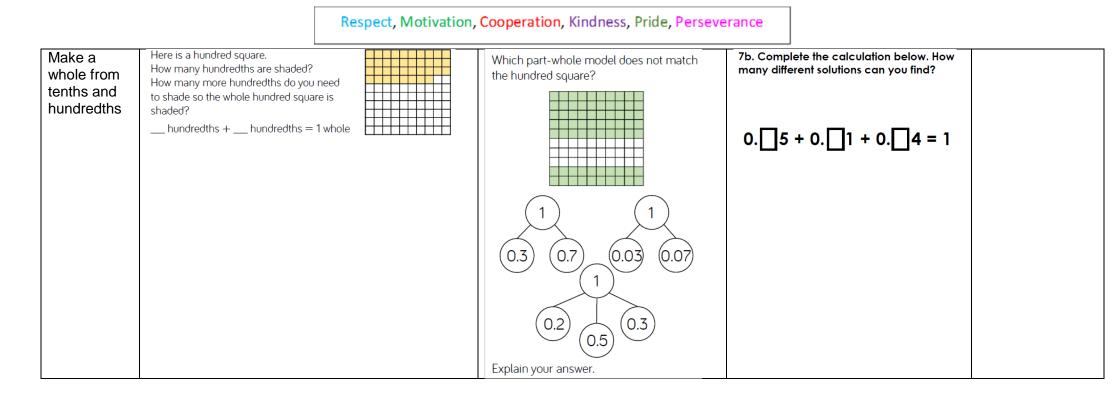


Hundredths	Complete the tabl	e.			Dora says, 8b. Use the digit cards to	8b. Use the digit cards to make three	
as decimals	Image	Words	Fraction	Decimals	decimals that are greated	r than one with a	
		56 hundredths			17 hundredths is the same as 1,700		
			$\frac{17}{100}$		Is she correct? Explain your answer.	7 1 7	
				0.2	Write the equivalent fract decimal you create.	ion for each	
Hundredths on a place value grid	Write the decimal rep	lundredths The	h place value g re are <u> </u>		5b. Paul is using a place value chart and three counters to make different numbers.Use four counters and a place Place all four counters in eith tenths or hundredths column	ner the ones,	
	Ones Tenths Hundredths There are hundredths.				Paul says, If I use all the counters, the smallest number	s can you	
			e decimal represented is		Describe the numbers you have that includes 1 whole is 1.2	ave made by	
					Is he correct? Explain how you know. There are ones, ter hundredths.	iths and	
					ones + tenths + hu	ndredths =	

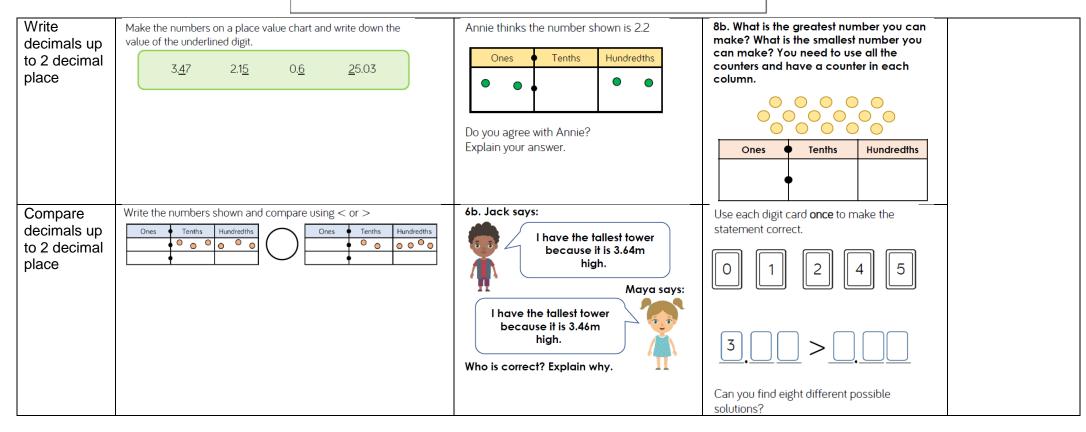




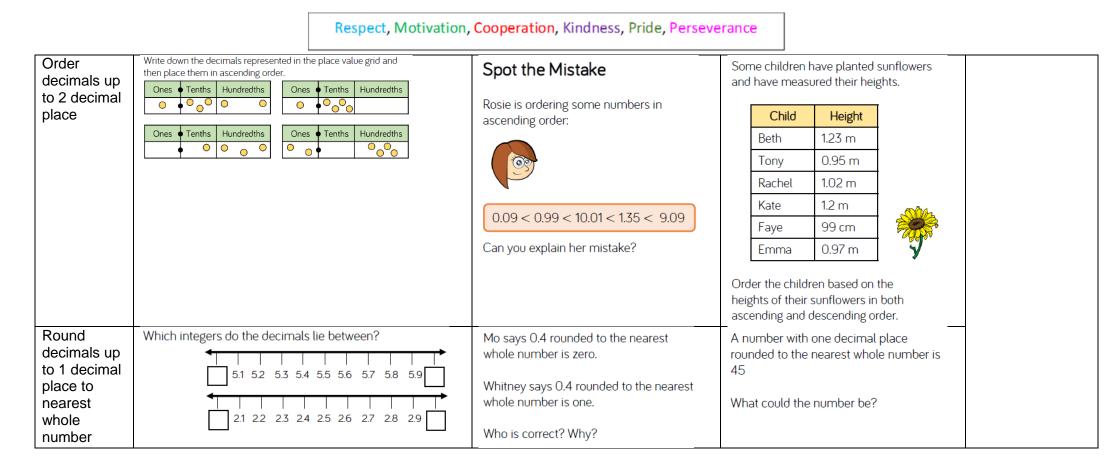




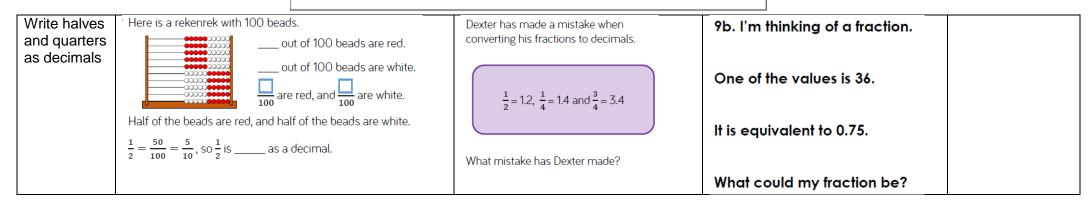










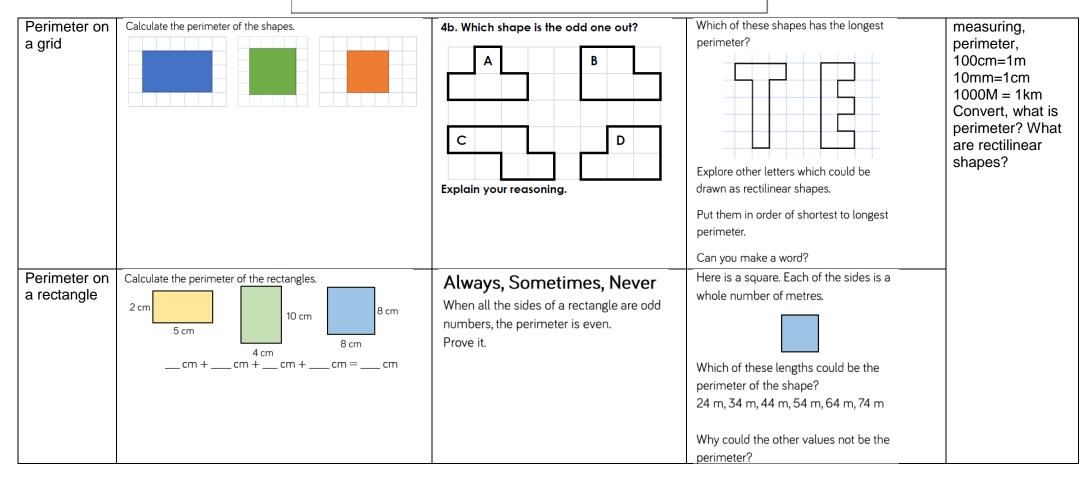


	Year 4				
		Measurement: Length ar	nd perimeter		
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical	
			-	Talk	
Measure in				Height, length,	
kilometres				compare,	
and metres.				measure, long,	



Equivalent lengths Kilometres and metres.	Complete the statements. 3,000 m = km 5 km = m 500 m = km 9,500 m = km	2b. Is the following statement correct? $9\frac{1}{2}$ km > 9,500m	Complete the missing measurements so that each line of three gives a total distance of 2 km.	short, longer, shorter, narrow, wide, centimetre, metre, kilometre, perimeter, rectilinear, taller, millimetre, nearest cm, measuring from 0, how long is? How
		Explain your answer.	1,250  m 1,250  m $\frac{1}{2} \text{ km}$ $\frac{3}{4} \text{ km}$	Orientation, when would we measure in metres? When would we measure in cm? estimating prior to







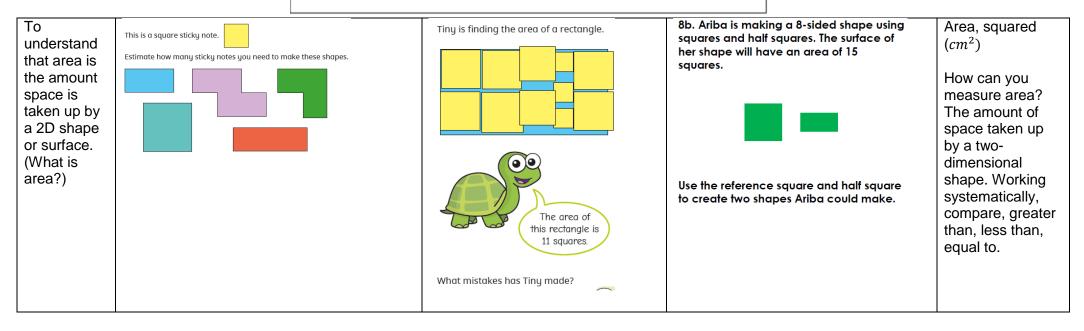
#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Perimeter of Calculate the perimeter. Here is a rectilinear shape. All the sides rectilinear are the same length and are a whole 3cm shapes 3cm number of centimetres. 7cm 9cm 3cm 7cm 3cm 3cm Which of these lengths could be the perimeter of the shape? 48 cm, 36 cm, 80 cm, 120 cm, 66 cm Can you think of any other answers which could be correct? Find missing Find the perimeter of the shapes. 10 cm 4 cm lengths in 3 cm rectilinear 4 cm 8 cm shapes. 4 cm 5 cm 3 cm Use addition and subtraction to find missing sides.



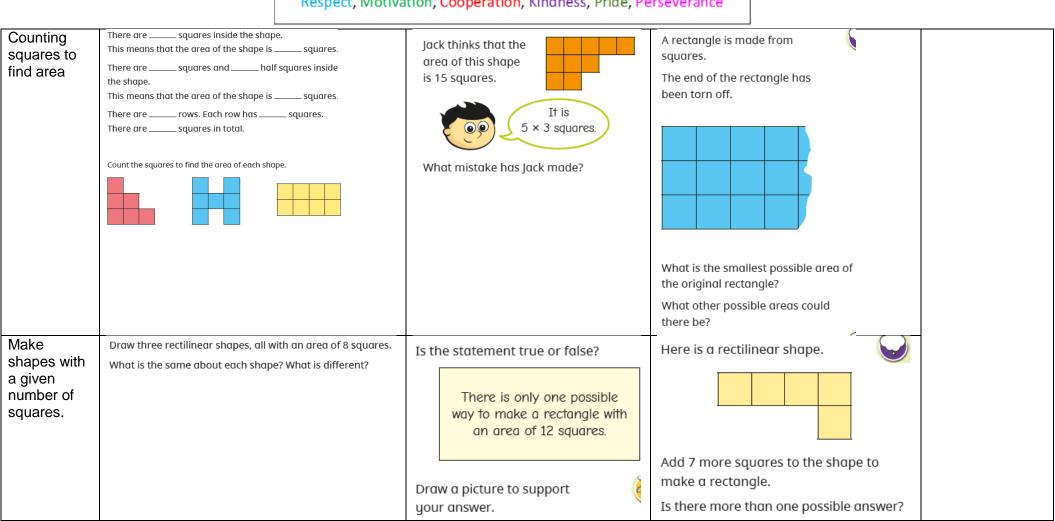
Perimeter of		
regular		
polygons.		
Perimeter of		
polygons.		

	Year 4				
	Measurement: Area				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical	
				Talk	

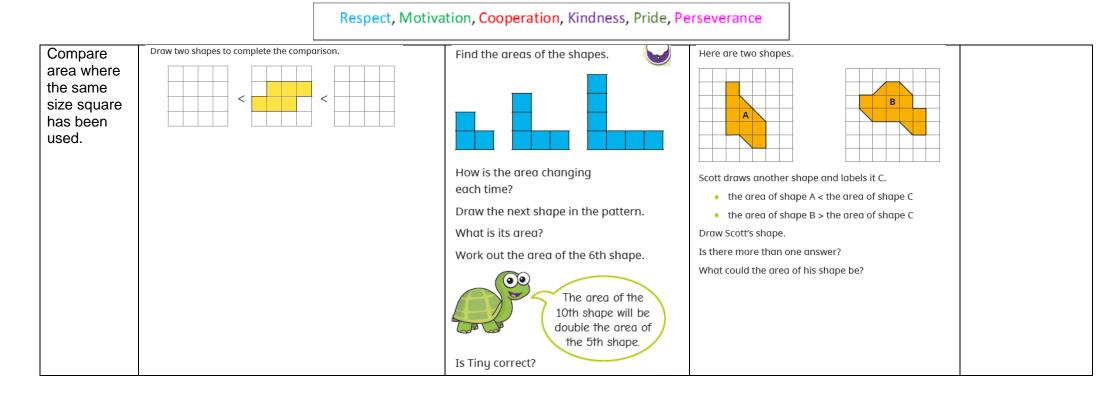












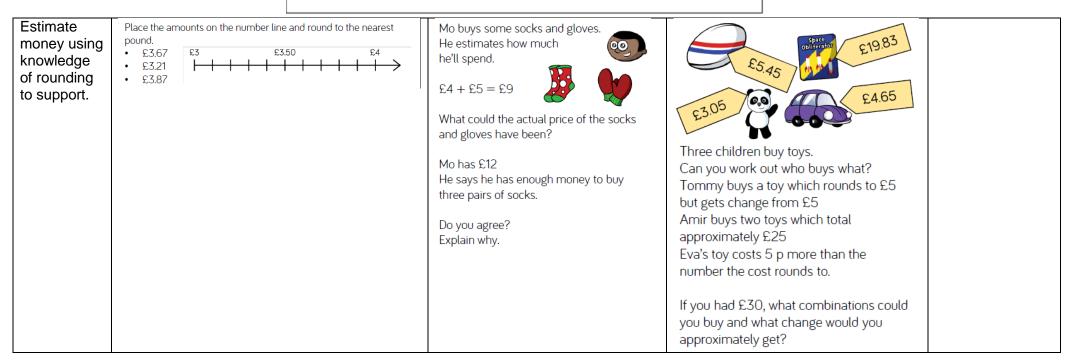


		Year 4		
		Measurement: Money		
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk
Pounds and Pence with the introduction of decimals and money.	How much money is in each purse?	Some children are converting 1206 p into pounds. Who is correct? $1206 \text{ p} = \pounds 12.6$ Whitney $1206 \text{ p} = \pounds 12.06$ Rosie $1206 \text{ p} = \pounds 120.6$ Teddy What have the others done wrong?	<ul> <li>Eva has these coins:</li> <li>Eva has these coins:</li> <li>Eva has these coins:</li> <li>Eva has these coins:</li> <li>Eva has three coins at a time.</li> <li>Decide whether the statements will be always, sometimes or never true.</li> <li>She can make a total which ends in 2</li> <li>She can make an odd amount.</li> <li>She can make an amount greater than £6</li> <li>She can make a total which is a multiple of 5 pence</li> <li>Can you think of your own always, sometimes, never statements?</li> </ul>	Coins, notes, pounds, pennies, £, P, money, count, pence, change, convert, estimate, compare, greater than, less than, compare, what is the value of the coin/note? How many pennies are there in £1, do the notes have greater value than coins? How do you know you have made



		Respect, Motivat	i <mark>on, Cooperation,</mark> Kindness, Pride, Pe	erseverance	
Order money	Children begin by ordering represented in the same for and 4,652 p, or £45.62 and Two classes save their pennies for a Class A saves 3,589 pennies. Class B saves 3,859 pennies. Order the amounts in ascending o 130 p £0.32 132	ormat e.g. 4,562 p d £46.52. <sup>a</sup> year. rder.	What would you rather have, five 50p coins or twelve 20p coins? Explain your answer fully.	Amir has these digits cards. 4632 He uses them to fill the frame below: E He makes a total that is more than three pounds but less than six pounds. How many amounts can he make? Order your amounts in ascending order.	amount? Ascending, descending, order, rounding, addition, subtraction, multiplication, division







Four	A family is going bowling.				Dexter buys a teddy bear for £6.00, a	A class has £100 to spend on books.
operations with money.	How much does it cost for 1 child and 1 adult at peak time? How much does it cost for 1 adult and 2 children off peak?	Tickets Adult Child	Peak           £8           £4.20	Off Peak           £6           £5.30	board game for £4.00, a CD for £5.50 and a box of chocolates for £2.50 He has some discount vouchers. He can either get £10.00 off or pay half price for his items. Which voucher would save him more? Explain your thinking.	Book PricesHardback = $\pounds 8$ Paperback = $\pounds 4$ How many books could they buy for $\pounds 100?$ How many different ways can this bedone?



	Year 4						
Objective	Skill it	Measurement: Time Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk			
Hours, minutes and	Sort the activities under the headings depending on the approximate length of time they take to complete.	Dora says, To convert hours to		Quarter past/to, Time, days of the			
seconds	One hour One minute One second	minutes, I multiply th number of hours by 6		week: Monday, Tuesday etc.,			
	Clap Run around the playground Blink	Homoer of hours by t	Eva 114 seconds	seasons: spring,			
	Swimming PE lesson Tie your shoe	Is she correct? Can you explain why?	Dexter 199 seconds	summer, autumn,			
	lesson		Teddy 100 seconds	winter, day, week,			
			Whitney 202 seconds	month, year, weekend,			
			Ron 119 seconds	birthday, holiday,			
			Which child finished the race the closest to two minutes? What was the difference between the fastest time and the slowest time? Give your answer in minutes and second	morning, afternoon, evening, night, midnight, bedtime,			



Years, months, weeks and days	Use a calendar to help you complete the sentences. There are months in a year. There are days in February. months have 30 days, and months have 31 days. There are days in a year and days in a leap year.	Always, sometimes or never? There are 730 days in two years. Explain your answer.	Amir, Rosie and Jack describe when their birthdays are. Amir says, My birthday is in exactly two weeks. Rosie says, My birthday is in exactly 2 months. Jack says, My birthday is in 35 days. Use the clues to work out when their birthdays are if today is the 8 <sup>th</sup> June.	dinnertime, playtime, today, yesterday, tomorrow, before, after, next, last, now, soon, early, late, quick, quicker, quickest, fast, faster, fastest, slow, lower, slowest, slowly, takes longer, takes less time, hour, '0'
Analogue to digital – 12 hour	The time is past 10 This can also be written as minutes past 10 The digital time is : Write each of these times in the digital format. $v_{0}$ $v_{0}$	Annie converts the analogue time to digital format. Here is her answer. 22 : 02 Explain what Annie has done wrong. What should the digital time be?	U2 : 21 On a 12 hour digital clock, how many times will the time be read the same forwards and backwards?	time, hour, '0' clock, half past, clock, watch, hands, minutes, how long ago?, how long will it be to?, how long will it take to?, how often?, always, never, often, sometimes, usually, once,



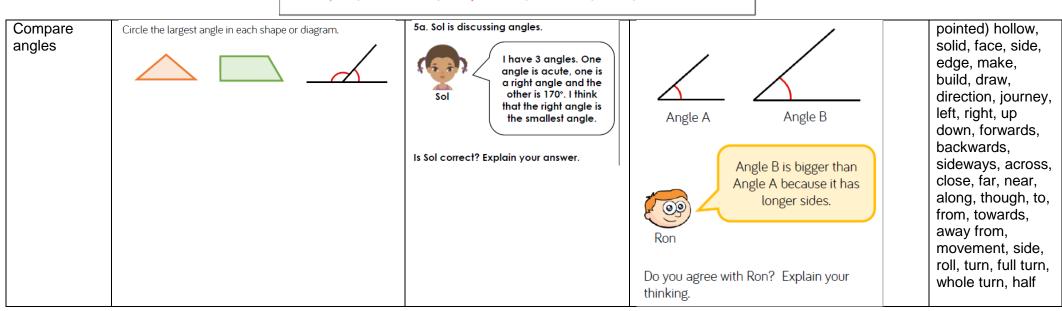
Г

		Respect, Motivation, Co	ooperation, Kindness, Pride, Persevera	ince	
Analogue to digital – 24 hour	Sally leaves school at the time She arrives home 1 hour later. What will the time be on a 24 h digital clock?		Jack says, To change any time after midday from 12 hours to 24 hours digital time just add 12 to the hours Will this always be true? Are there any examples where this isn't the case?	Can you match the time dominoes together so that the touching times are the same?	twice etc., first, second, next, twelve hour, twenty-four hour, roman numerals I to XII, convert, analogue, dialogue, 12 hour, 24 hour, digital can you show me, duration, compare, hour, what time does the day start? Which hand shows the minutes/hours? Am/pm, clockwise, anticlockwise, seconds,

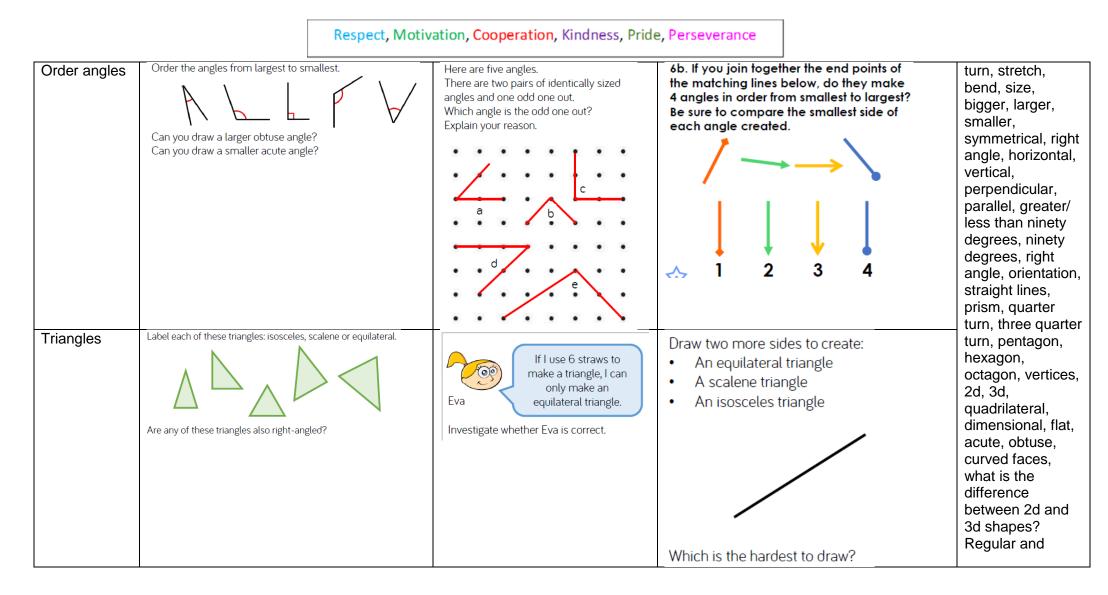


		Year 4		
		<b>Geometry: Properties of S</b>	Shape	
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk
Identify angles	Sort the angles into acute, obtuse and right angles.	Is the angle acute, obtuse or a right angle? Can you explain why?	<ul> <li>9b. Using the digits below can you create more obtuse or acute angles?</li> <li>2 4 8 1</li> </ul>	Group, sort, cube, cuboid, pyramid, sphere, cone, cylinder, circle, triangle, square, rectangle, shape, flat, curved, straight, round, corner (point,





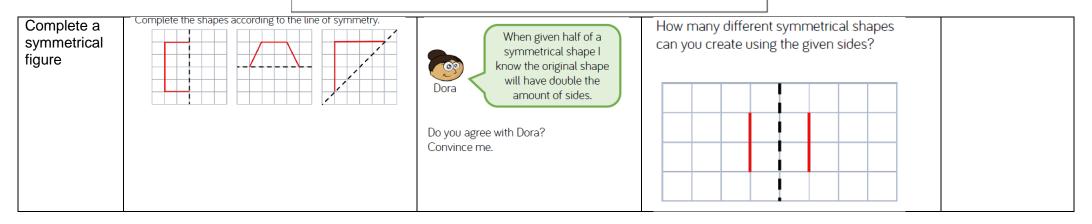




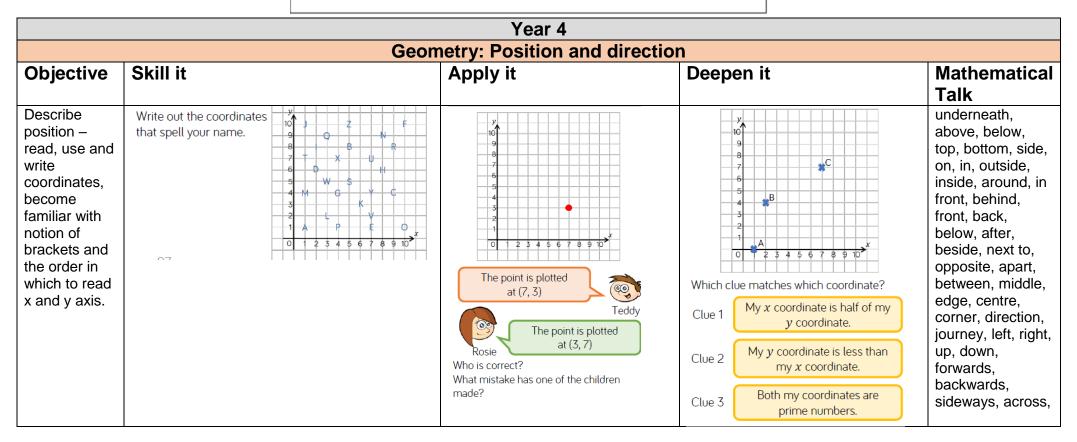


Quadrilaterals	Label the quadrilaterals using the word bank.	Complete each of the boxes in the table You will need:	irrogular abanaa
Quadrilaterals			irregular shapes,
	trapezium square rhombus rectangle parallelogram	with a different quadrilateral. 4 equal 2 pairs of equal sides of	ws horizontal, how have these
		4 right angles make using the straws?	sorted? Repeating
		No right angles Calculate the perimeter	of each shape. pattern, where would you position the ruler when measuring
		Which box cannot be completed? Explain why.	a line? Link to horizon, acute,
Lines of symmetry	Using folding, find the lines of symmetry in these shapes.	A triangle has 1 line of symmetry unless you change the orientation. Is Jack correct? Prove it.	shapes can you obtuse, polygon,

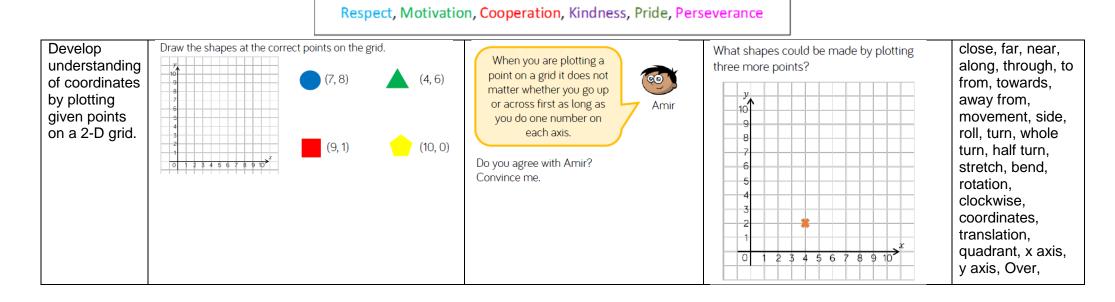




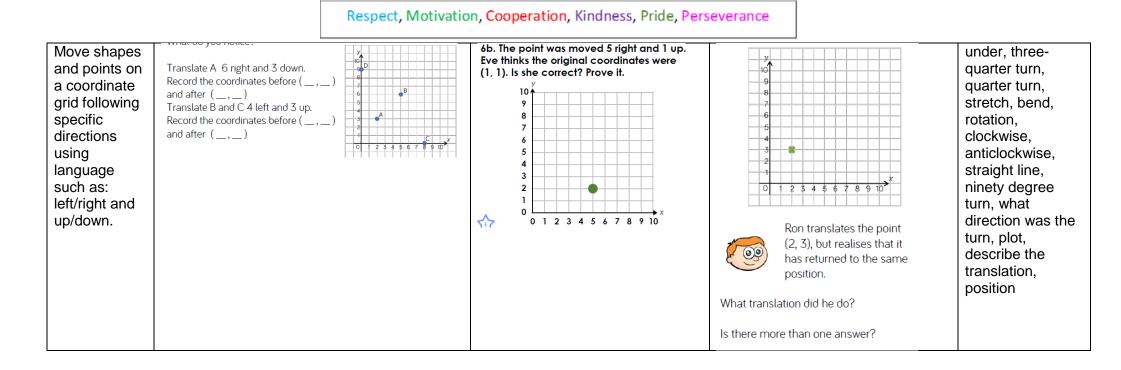




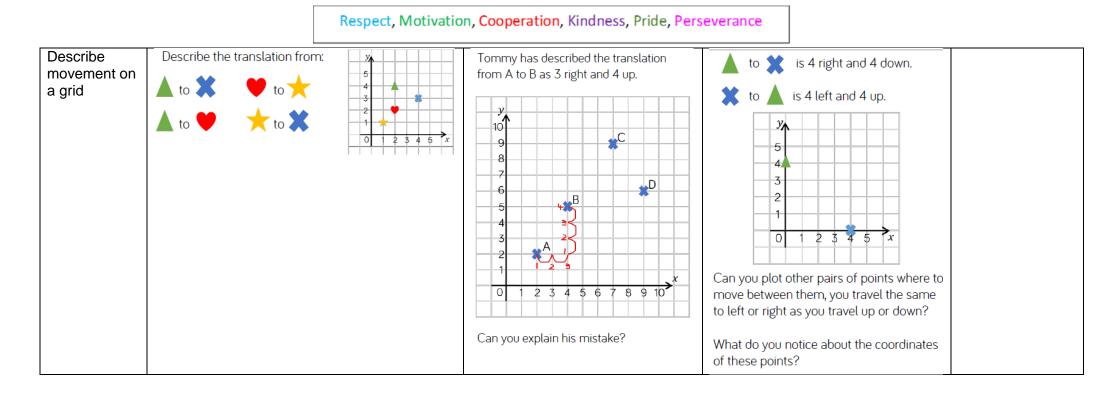








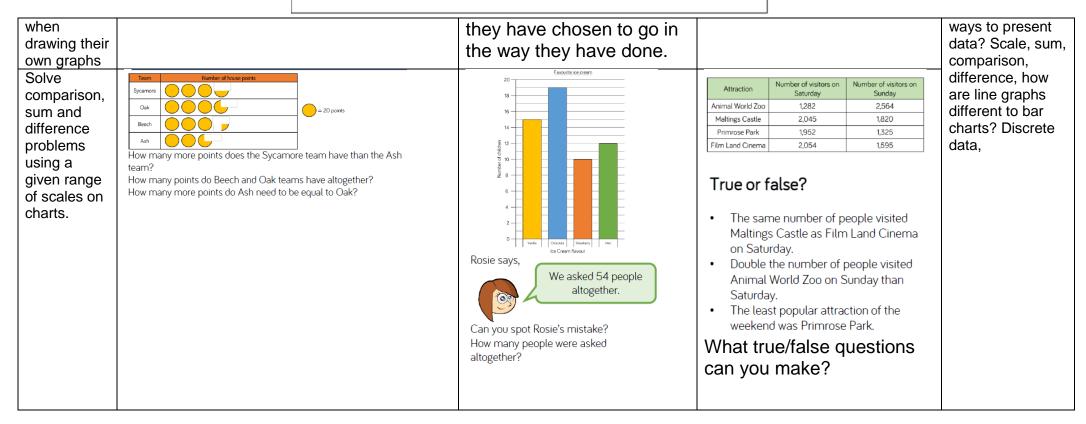




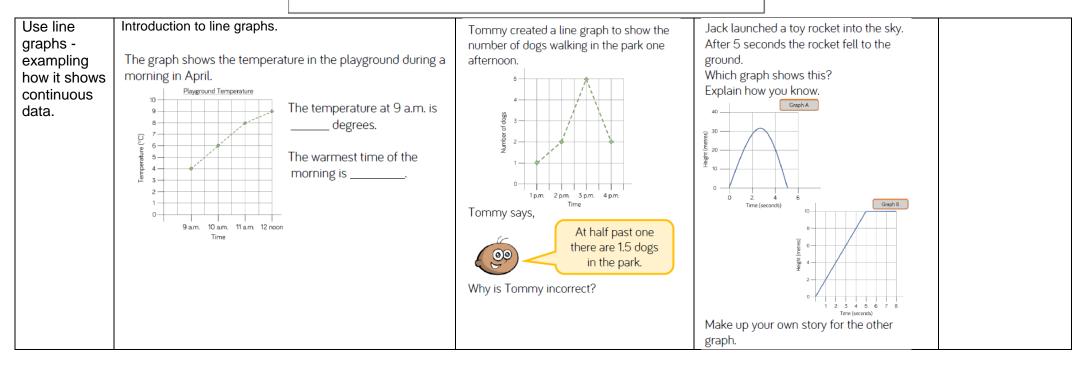


	Year 4					
- Statistics (can link across curriculum e.g. COMPUTING/Topic/P.E)						
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk		
Interpret charts	Bar chart, tally chart, pictograms and tables.         Complete the table using the information in the bar chart.         Image: state of the table using the information in the bar chart.         Image: state of tables         Image: state of tables	Alex wants to use a pictogram to represent the favourite drinks of everyone in her class. I will use this image to to represent 5 children. Explain why this is not a good idea.	Here is some information about the number of tickets sold for a concert.         Image: sold for a	Chart, bar chart, frequency table, Carroll diagram, Venn diagram, axis, axes, diagram pictograms, continuous data, line graphs, table, block diagrams, tally chart, quantity, diagram, one to one correspondence, what will each symbol be worth? What will each block be worth?, read and interpret,		
Decide what scale will be most appropriate	Children to be provided with data to drawer their own graphs – in an appropriate way to share the data.	Children self-correct as they are drawing explaining why or why not	Link to other areas of the curriculum e.g. science or recording data in P.E.	construct, tables, one and two step problems, what are the different		

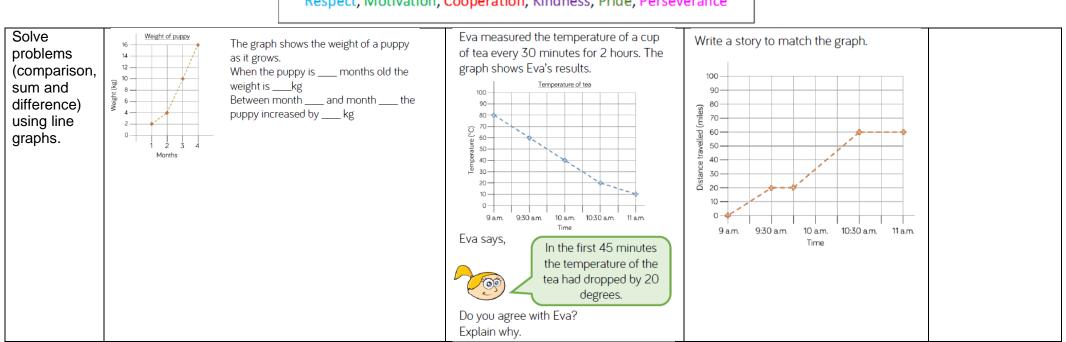












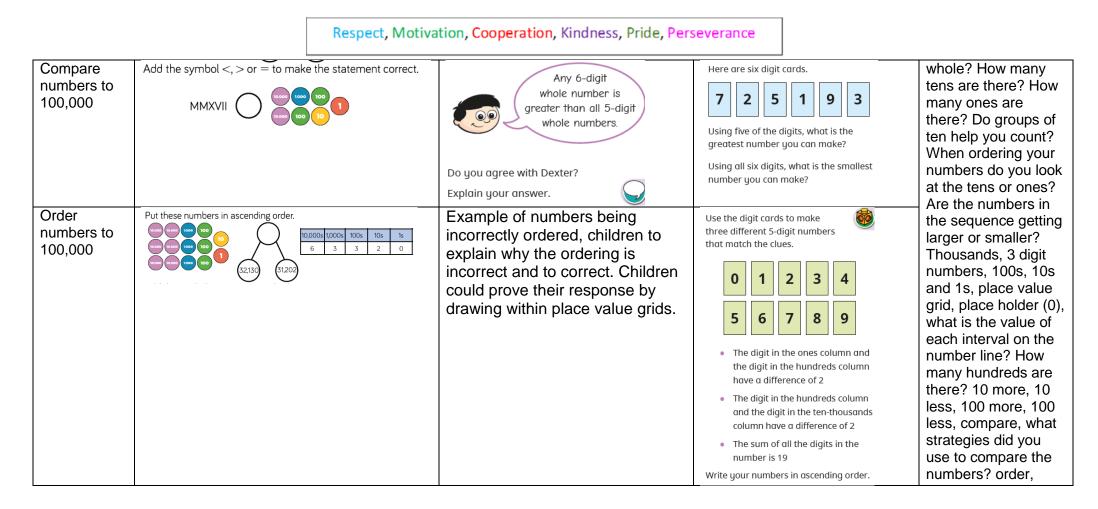


Year 5					
Number: Place Value					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk	
Numbers to 10,000	Match the representations to the numbers.	Tommy says he can order the following numbers by only looking at the first three digits. 12,516 12,832 12,679 12,538 12,794 Is he correct? Explain your answer.	Filip has made five numbers using the digits 1, 2, 3 and 4 He is using a letter to represent each digit. Here are his numbers. AABCD ACDCB DCABA CDADC BDAAB Use the clues to work out each number. • The first number in the list is the greatest number. • The digits in the fourth number add up to 12 • The third number is the smallest number.	Fewer, more, equal, less than, greater than, number, pair, zero, one, two, three to twenty, and beyond, none, count (on/up/to/from/down), before, after, many, few, fewer, least, fewest, lesser, smallest, greater, same as, odd, even, units, ones, tens, ten more/less, digits, numeral, figure(s), compare, (in) order/ a different order, size, value, between,	



Round to nearest 10, 100, 1000 and 10,000	8,317 people attend a pop concert. Round the number of people at the concert to the nearest 10 Round the number of people at the concert to the nearest 100 Round the number of people at the concert to the nearest 1,000	4,725 rounded to the nearest 1,000 is 5,025 Explain why Tiny is wrong.	When rounded to the nearest 10, a number is 50 When rounded to the nearest 100, the number is zero. Find all the possible whole number values of the number.	halfway between, above, below. Numbers to one hundred, hundreds, partition, recombine, hundred more/less, numbers to one thousand, numbers to 100,000, numbers counting through zero, roman numerals (I to C). Estimate, how do we say this number? What numbers complete the part-
Numbers to 100,000	A number is shown in the place value grid. 10,000s 1,000s 100s 10s 1s Write the number in figures and in words. Alex adds 10 to this number Tommy adds 100 to this number Eva adds 1,000 to this number Write each of their new numbers in figures and in words.	Rosie counts forwards and backwards in 10s from 317 Circle the numbers Rosie will count. 427 997 -7 1,666 3,210 5,627 -23 7 -3 Explain why Rosie will not say the other numbers.		

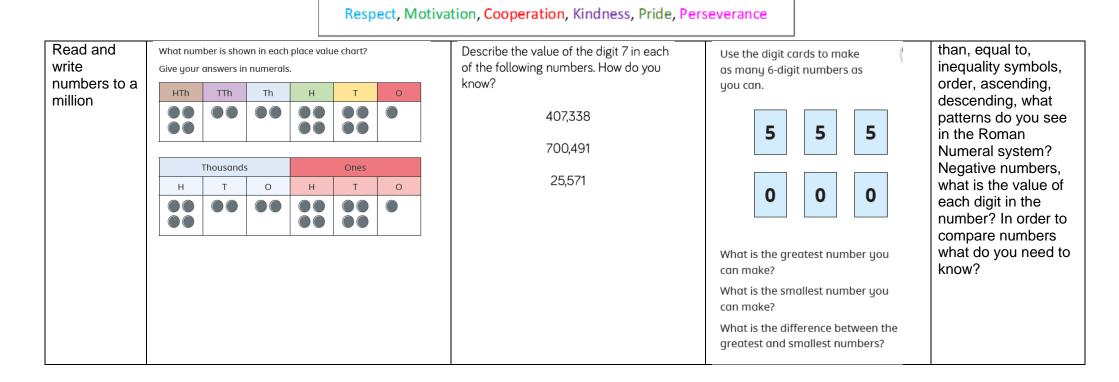






Round numbers within 100,000	The circumference of Earth is 24,901 miles. Round this distance to the nearest 1,000 miles. Round this distance to the nearest 10,000 miles.	By rounding both numbers to the nearest 10,000, estimate the answer to the calculation.	Round 59,996 to the nearest 1,000 Round 59,996 to the nearest 10,000 What do you notice about the answers?	ascending, descending, how do you know when you have created the
	Which is the better approximation to use? 40,000 50,000 What number is halfway between 40,000 and 50,000? Draw an arrow to show the approximate position of 48,725 on the number line. Round 48,725 to the nearest 10,000	47,826 + 88,112 Is your estimate greater than or less than the actual answer? How do you know?	Can you think of three more numbers where the same thing could happen?	smallest/greatest number? What does each base ten represent? Can you represent the number in another way? Part-whole, what are the values at the start and end point of the number line? Estimate, greater than, less

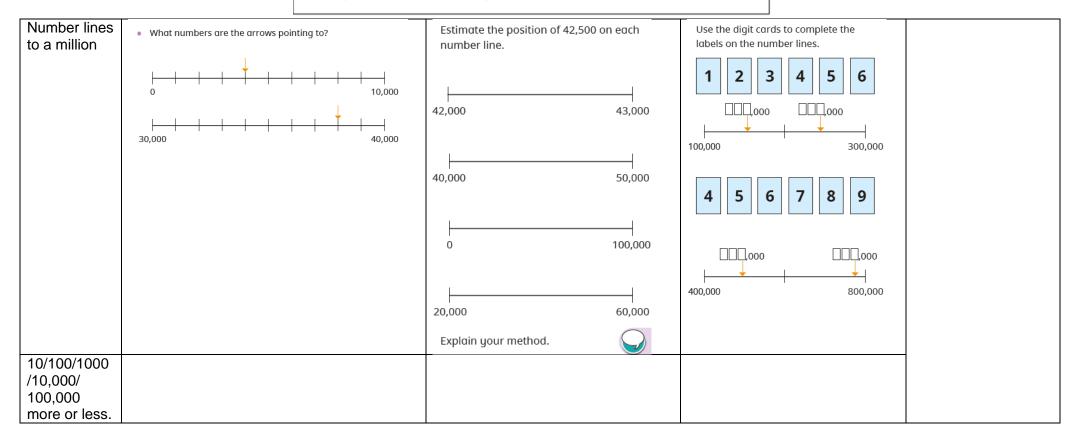




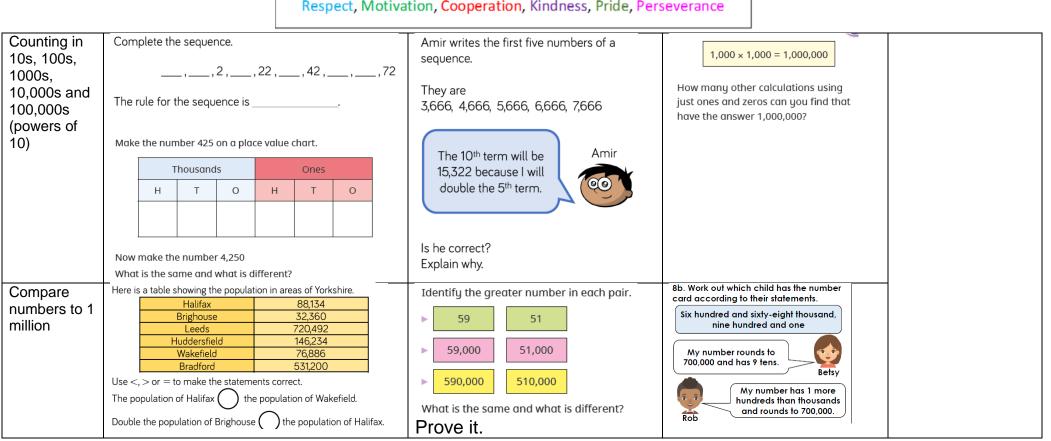














Order numbers to 1 million	Put the number cards in order of size. 13,010 13,100 13,011 13,110 13,111	Example of numbers being incorrectly ordered, children to explain why the ordering is incorrect and to correct. Children could prove their response by drawing within place value grids.	The missing number is an odd number. When rounded to the nearest 10,000 it is 440,000 The sum of the digits is 23 475,000 ? 407,500 Greatest Smallest What could the number be? Can you find three possibilities?
Round numbers to 1 million	Round 450,985 to the nearest 10 100 1,000 10,000 100,000	4b. Match the statements to the correct numbers below.         Rounds to 729,000       728,400         Rounds to 730,000       729,400         Rounds to 728,000       728,700         Explain how each number has been rounded.       728,700	The difference between two 3-digit numbers is two. When each number is rounded to the nearest 1,000 the difference between them is 1,000 What could the two numbers be?



Negative numbers in context	Use of negative numbers not minus. Estimate and label where 0, -12 and -20 will be on the number line. -25 25	<ul> <li>True or False?</li> <li>The temperature outside is -5 degrees, the temperature inside is 25 degrees. The difference is 20 degrees.</li> <li>Four less than negative six is negative two.</li> <li>15 more than -2 is 13</li> <li>Explain how you know each statement is true or false.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Put these statements in order so that the answers are from smallest to greatest.</li> <li>The difference between -24 and -76</li> <li>The even number that is less than -18 but greater than -22</li> <li>The number that is half way between 40 and -50</li> <li>The difference between -6 and 7</li> </ul>	
Roman numerals to 1000	Each diagram shows a number in digits, words and Roman Numerals. 500 five hundred 1,000	XL - X = L         XL - X = L         Do you agree with Rosie?         Explain your answer.	Solve CCCL + CL = How many calculations, using Roman Numerals, can you write to get the same total?	



	Year 5					
Number: Addition and Subtraction						
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk		
Mental strategies.						
Add whole numbers with more than 4 digits (column) with exchanging- building upon previous knowledge)	Use the column method to work out the additions.	What mistake has been made? 1,562 + 301 = 4,572	Work out the missing numbers.         4       4       4         4       4       4       4         4       4       4       4       4         4       4       4       5       4       4         4       4       5       4       5       4       4         4       4       5       5       2       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       5       4       5       4       5       4       5       4       5       4       5       4       5       4       5       4       5 </td <td>Which number represents the total? Number bonds, number line, add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether, inverse, double, near double, half, halve, equals, is the same</td>	Which number represents the total? Number bonds, number line, add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether, inverse, double, near double, half, halve, equals, is the same		

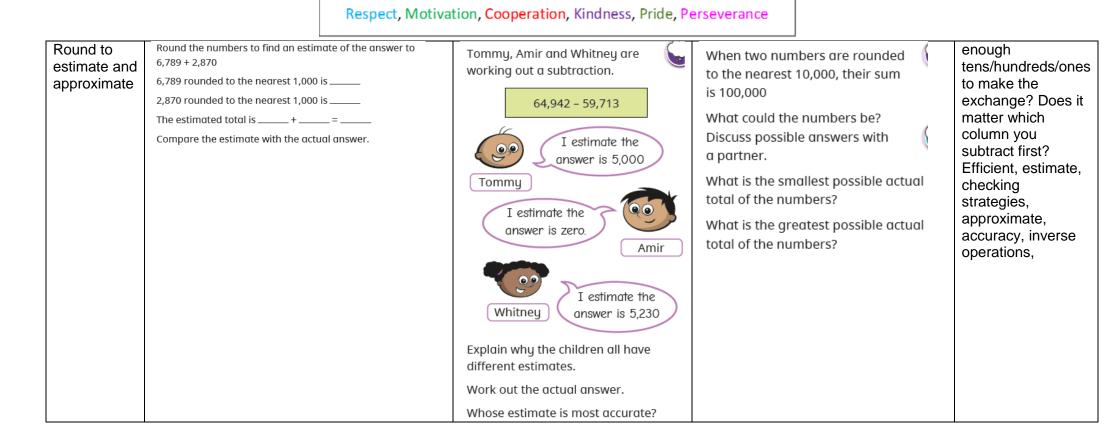


	Dexter is estimating the sum of a 6-digit number and a 5-digit number. My 6-digit number rounds to 200,000 to the nearest 10,000 I have rounded my 5-digit number to the nearest 1,000 My estimate of the total is one-quarter of a million.	as (including equals sign), difference between, how many more to, how much more is?, subtract, take away, minus, how many fewer is than? How much less is? Predicting, find, find all, find different, investigate, column addition, column subtraction,
	What could Dexter's numbers be? What is the greatest possible total of Dexter's numbers? What is the smallest possible total of Dexter's numbers?	investigate, column addition, column

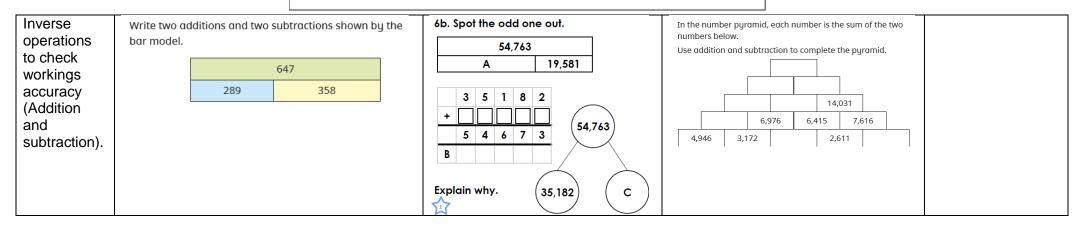


Subtract whole	Use concrete representation		Tiny is working out		Eva makes a 5-digit number.	Patterns between calculations, which
numbers with more	Work out the subtraction. Use the place value chart and the column method to help you.		a subtraction.	_	Mo makes a 4-digit number.	strategy would you use and why? Near
than 4 digits (column)	Tth         Th         H         T         O         I		53,209 - 27,452 = 34,257		The difference between their numbers is 3,465	numbers, estimate, reasonable,
with exchanging- building	Image: state	Wha	t mistake has Tiny made?		What could their numbers be?	inverse, partition, exchange, what do you notice? Does it
upon previous knowledge						matter which columns you add first? Do you have











#### Use A milkman has 250 bottles of milk. On Monday, Whitney was paid £114 Filip is writing a report. knowledge He writes the first 460 words on Monday and another of addition On Tuesday, she was paid £27 more than 735 words on Tuesday. and on Monday. The report must be at least 2,500 words long. subtraction How many more words does Filip need to write? to solve On Wednesday, she was paid £27 less During the day, he collects another multi step than on Monday. Mr Rose is buying items for his home. 160 from the dairy and delivers problems. He has a budget of £1,500 375 bottles. How much was Whitney paid in total? washing machine tumble dryer dishwasher Nijah works out how many bottles How many calculations did you do? £479 are left. £329 Is there a more efficient method? He buys a washing machine and a tumble dryer. 375 - 250 = 125Does he have enough money left to buy the dishwasher? 125 + 160 = 285Do you agree with Nijah? Explain your answer. Compare calculations Find missing numbers.



		Year 5					
	Number: Multiplication and Division						
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk			
Multiply by 10 – using up to a 5 digit number	Use counters to make 234 on a place value chart.	Ms Rose has £1,020 Mr Trent has £120 Ms Rose has 10 times more money than Mr Trent. Is Tiny correct? Explain your reasoning.	Annie has multiplied a whole number by 10 Her answer is between 440 and 540 What could her original calculation be? How many possibilities can you find?	TalksquareSquared numbercubeCubed numbersOdd, even, countin twos, threes,fives, count intens (forwardsfrom/ backwardsfrom), how manytimes, lots of,groups, once,twice, three ties,five times,multiple of,multiply, multiplyby, repeatedaddition, array,row, column,			
Multiply by 100 – using up to a 5 digit number	4 × 100 = 204 × 100 = 156 × 100 = ► = 324 × 100	Show other way of multiplying by 100, 10 x 10, to get the same answer.	Aisha has won 300 points in a computer game. Brett has 100 times the number of points Aisha has. How many more points does Brett have than Aisha?				



E

		Respect, Motiv	vation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseve	rance	
			Which representation does <b>not</b> show multiplying by 100? Explain your answer.		double, halve, share, share equally, group in pairs, threes etc., equal groups of, divide, divided by, left, left over, describe the rule,
			(100)		product, multiples of; four, eight, fifty and one hundred,
					scale up, multiplication facts up to 12 x 12, division facts,
					inverse, derive, equal, unequal, why are we using the addition
Multiply by 1000 – using up to a 5	Write <, > or = to complete th $71 \times 1,000$		Show other way of multiplying by 1000, 10 x 10 x 10, to get the same answer.	Jack is thinking of a 3-digit number. When he multiplies his number by 100, the ten thousands and hundreds digit are	symbol? Multiplication, lots of, arrays, commutative,
digit number	100 × 32 (		Correct the sum below and explain the mistake.	the same. The sum of the digits is 10	times tables, how many do you have to begin with? Division,
			32 x 100 = 320	What number could Jack be thinking of?	what is the



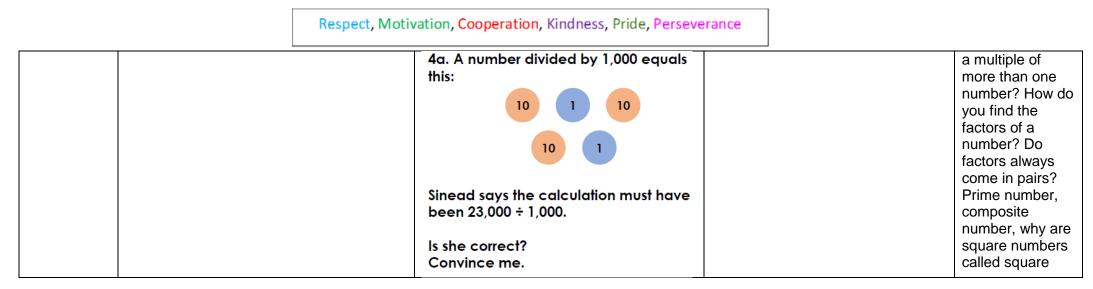
Divide by 10 - using up to a 5 - digit number		While in Wonde and everything around her bec Are these meas	Four children are in on their vests are: 350		
	If you divide the number by 10, where do the counters move to? What is the result of dividing the number by 10?	ltem	Original measurement	After shrinking	3,500
		Height of a door	220 cm	2,200 cm	Use the clues to ma
		Her height	160 cm	16 cm	to a child.
		Length of a book	340 mm	43 mm	• Jack's number
		Height of a mug	220 mm	?	<ul><li>than Mo's.</li><li>Alex's number</li></ul>
		Can you fill in t	he missing me	asurement?	<ul> <li>Smaller than Ja</li> <li>Dora's number than Jack's.</li> </ul>
		Can you explair	n what Alice di	d wrong?	
		Write a calculat each item.	ion to help you	u explain	

same/different ren are in a race. The numbers about the groups? Common 35 multiples, What do you notice 53 about the pattern? lues to match each vest number Comparing, inequality symbols, column s number is ten times smaller multiplication, exchange, how number is not ten times do we record the er than Jack's or Dora's or Mo's. number is ten times smaller exchange? How can we partition our number? Remainder, scaling, times as many,



#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Divide by Show other way of dividing by 100, 10 systematically, Use the digit cards to fill in the missing 604,000 ÷ 100 = \_\_\_\_\_ 100 - using divide 10, to get the same answer. possibilities, ten digits. up to a 5 64,000 ÷ 100 = \_\_\_\_\_ times Is the statement always, sometimes or 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 digit number bigger/smaller, never true? hundred times bigger/smaller, 170 ÷ 10 = \_\_\_ how can dividing Dividing by 100 is the same as by 10 help you to $20 \times 10 = 3,00$ dividing by 10 twice. divide by 100? What does zero 1,8\_0 ÷ 10 = 1\_6 mean? Fact $_9 \times 100 = 5, _00$ Explain your answer. family, multiples, commutativity, $6_{-}=6,400 \div 100$ associative law. Divide by Show other way of dividing by 1000, 10 Divide each number by 10, 100 and 1,000 factors, factor Here are the answers to some problems: 1000 – using divide 10 divide 10, to get the same pairs, 80,000 300,000 547,000 5 digit answer. correspondence 5.700 6.203 number 405 397 problems, factors, how do you find multiples Can you write at least two questions for of a number? each answer involving dividing by 10, 100 Can a number be or 1,000?







·				
Find multiples of whole numbers	Here are the first three multiples of 5	• The product of two even numbers is a multiple of an odd number.	Find the sum of the digits of all the numbers in the 9 times-table up to 10 × 9 What do you notice? Find the digit sums of these multiples of 9 648 8,388 9,378	numbers? Why are cube numbers called cube numbers? In which direction do the digits move when you multiply//divide? Area model,
			82,602 99,999 What do you notice? What is the connection between numbers that are multiples of 9 and their digit sums?	

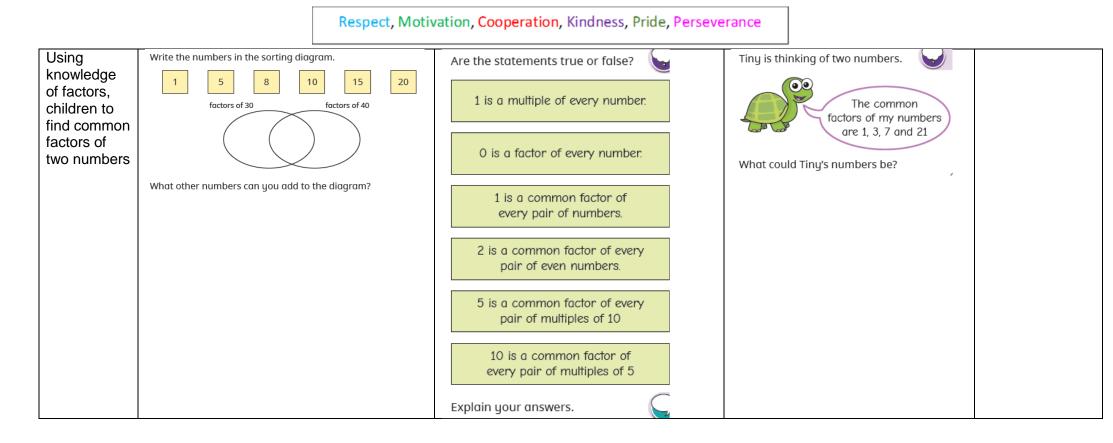


Common multiples	Here is a hundred square.	Are the statements always, sometimes or never true?	Find different ways of completing the sentences.	
	21       22       23       24       25       26       27       28       29       30         31       32       33       34       35       36       37       38       39       40         41       42       43       44       45       46       47       48       49       50         51       52       53       54       55       56       57       58       59       60	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Common multiples of 2 and 3 are	
	61       62       63       64       65       66       67       68       69       70         71       72       73       74       75       76       77       78       79       80         81       82       83       84       85       86       87       88       89       90		and All multiples of 30 are also multiples of and	

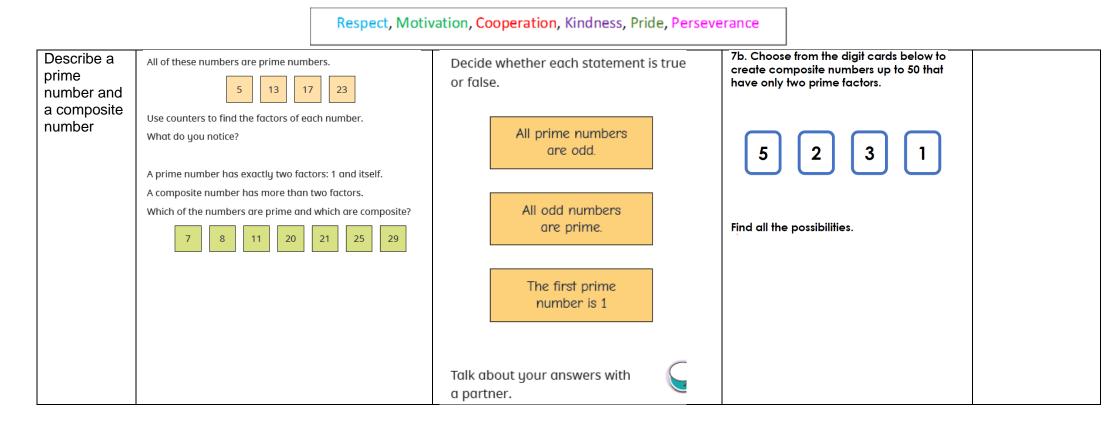












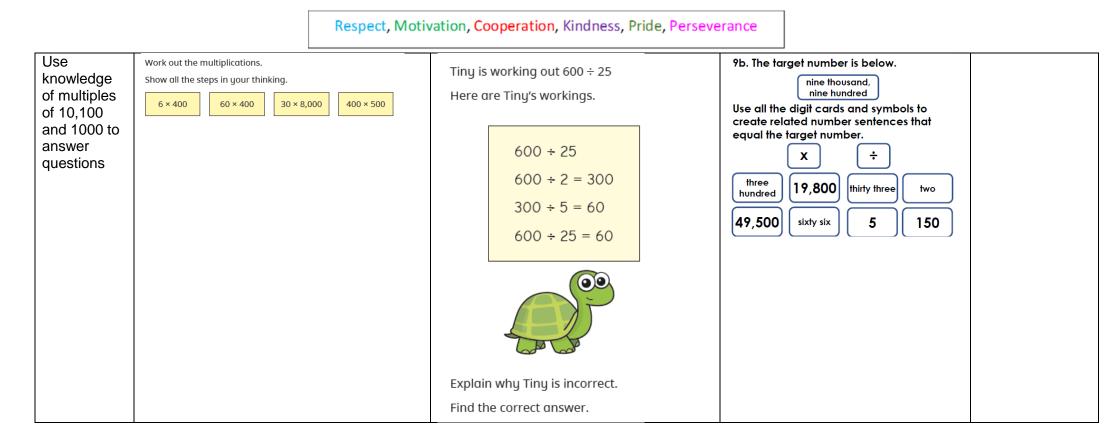


		Respect, Motiv	vation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Persev	erance
Recall prime numbers up to 19 and know how to work out a prime number up to 100	Sort the numbers into the table. 12 2 7 20 9 15 Prime Even Odd	3 17 21 Composite	Dora says all prime numbers have to be odd. Her friend Amir says that means all odd numbers are prime, so 9, 27 and 45 are prime numbers. Explain Amir's and Dora's mistakes and correct them.	Sort all the prime numbers between 10 and 100 into the table.         Number of ones         1       3       7       9         1       3       7       9         Why do no 2-digit prime numbers have 0, 2, 4, 6 or 8 ones?       0       2.4, 6 or 8 ones?
Know what a squared number is in relation to factors	Use counters to decide whether each n	x 3 = 9	Esther thinks 6² = 12 Do you agree? Explain your answer.	Why do no 2-digit prime numbers have 5 ones? Some square numbers can be written as the sum of two prime numbers. Here is an example. $2 + 2 = 4$ Find some other square numbers that can be written as the sum of two prime numbers.

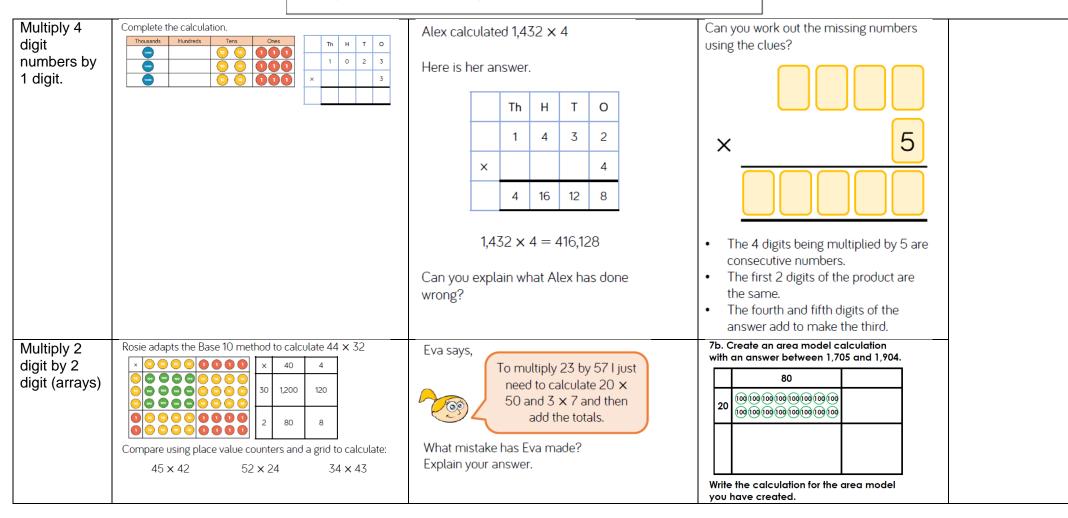


Know that a	Complete the table.			Rosie says,	Here are three cards.
cubed	Size of cube	Calculation	Number of cubes		
number is	1 <sup>3</sup>		1	5 <sup>3</sup> is equal to 15	A B C
multiplying a whole	2 <sup>3</sup>		8		
number by	33	3 × 3 × 3			Each card represents a cube number.
itself 3	4 <sup>3</sup>				Use the clues to work out the numbers.
times.	53			Do you agree?	• A × A = B
	63	6 × 6 × 6		Explain your answer.	• B + B - 3 = C
	L	1	11		<ul> <li>digit sum of C = A</li> </ul>

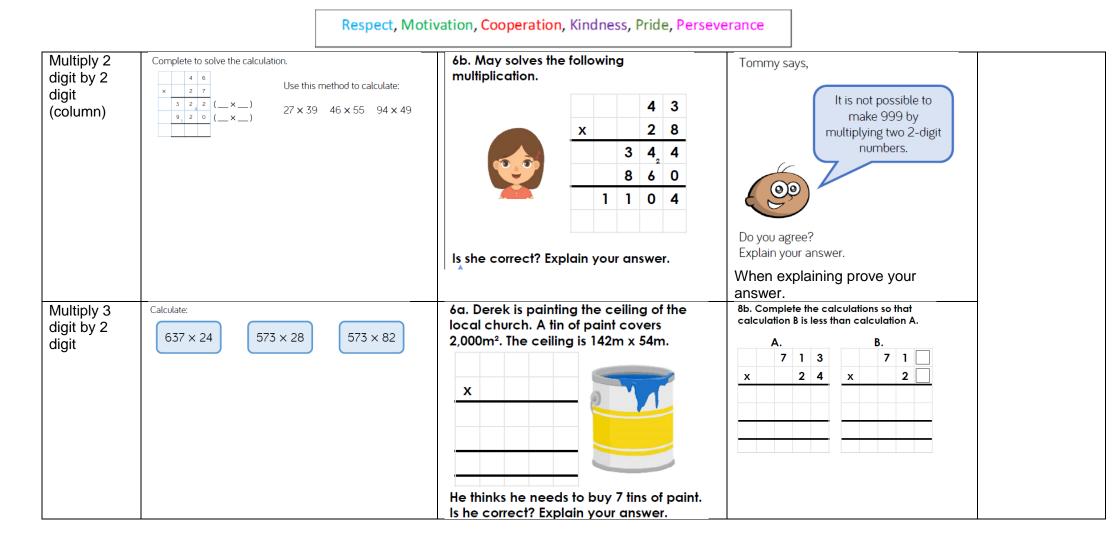




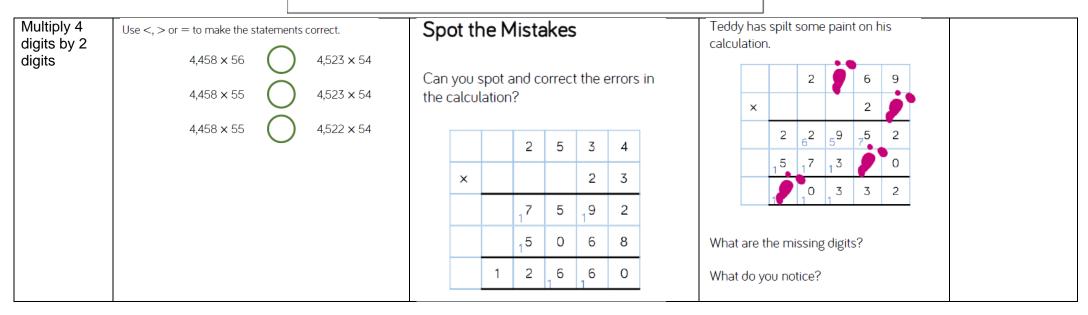














#### Here is a method to calculate 4,892 divided by 4 using place Divide 4 digit 9b. Shahab has got 6 counters to place in Spot the Mistake value counters and short division. the place value grid to create a by 1 digit calculation. 00 Explain and correct the working. The ones column has no counters. 18 1 2 2 3 What calculation can Shahab complete if DO 4 8 9 <sup>1</sup>2 he is dividing by 6 and has no Thousands Hundreds Tens Ones remainders? 10 00 100 100 1(1)(1)Use this method to calculate: Thousands Hundreds Tens Ones 2,472 ÷ 3 $6.610 \div 5$ $9.360 \div 4$ 3 1 0 1 3 9 4 1 4 Divide 4 digit Here is a method to solve 4,894 divided by 4 using place value 4b. Hannah and Alice are calculating Always, Sometimes, Never? counters and short division. by 1 digit 8.359 ÷ 8. with A three-digit number made of remainders 1 2 2 3 The answer is consecutive descending digits 4 4 8 9 4 r2 divided by the next descending digit 1,043 r15. always has a remainder of 1 Hannah Use this method to calculate: 6,613 ÷ 5 2,471 ÷ 3 9,363 ÷ 4 The answer is $765 \div 4 = 191$ remainder 1 . . 1.044 r7.

Who is correct? Explain your reasoning.

Alice

find?

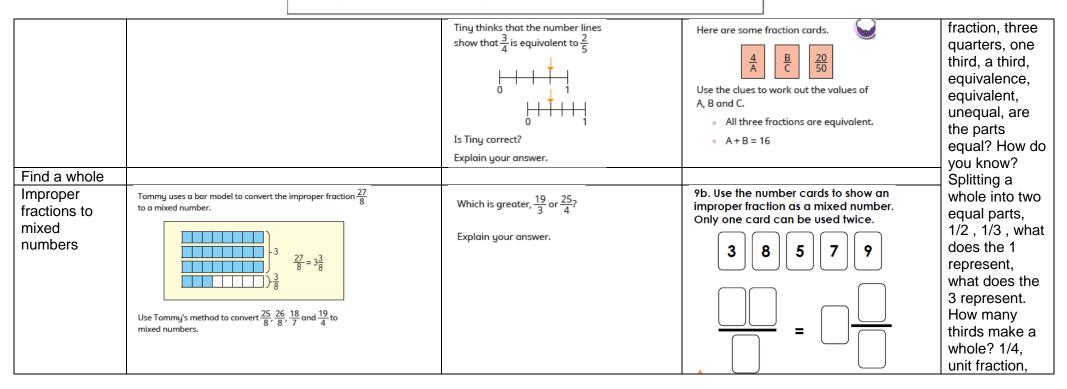
How many possible examples can you



Short division		
Efficient division		
division		
Solve problems with		
problems		
with		
multiplication and division.		
and division.		

	Year 5					
	Number: Fractions					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk		
Find and recognise equivalent fractions using models to link between multiplication and division (both unit and non-unit fractions).	Take two pieces of paper that are the same size.         Fold one piece into 2 equal parts and         the other piece into 8 equal parts.         Explain how the pieces of paper show that $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$ Use more pieces of paper to find other fractions         equivalent to one half. $             \frac{1}{6}  \frac{1}{12}  \frac{1}{12}$	Are the statements true or false? $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{10}{20}$ $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{15}{30}$ $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{40}{400}$ $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{20}{100}$ $\frac{1}{6} = \frac{12}{66}$ $\frac{1}{7} = \frac{4}{10}$ Explain your answers.	Give 2 possible values for A and B. $\frac{2}{A} = \frac{B}{48} = \frac{24}{C}$	tenths, equivalent decimals and fractions, Whole, equal parts, four equal parts, one half, two halves, a quarter, two quarters,		

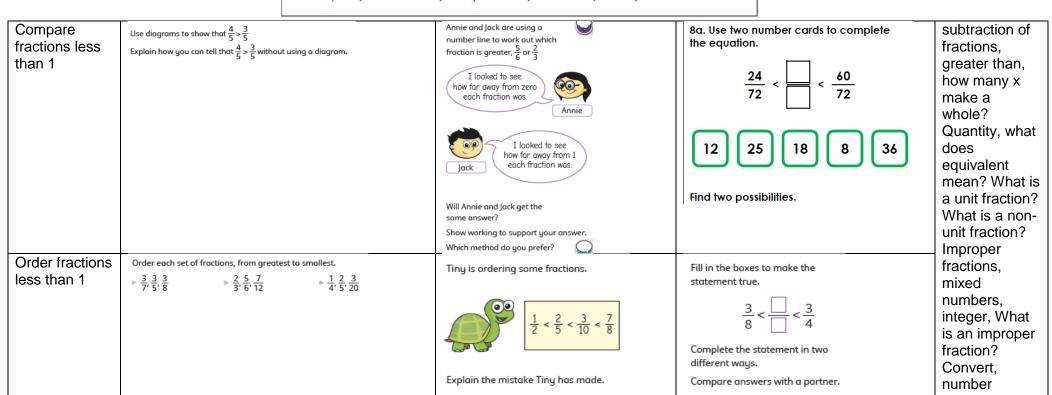




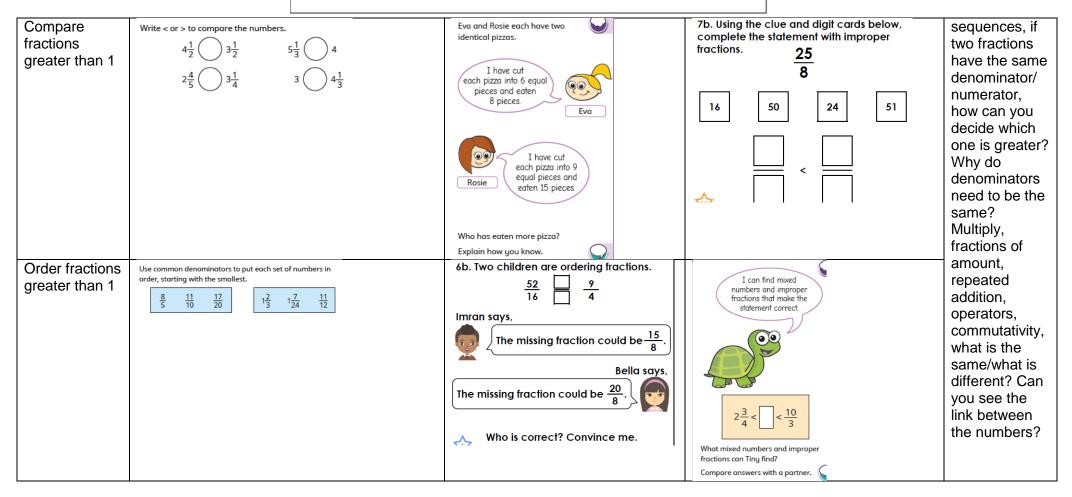


Mixed numbers to improper fractions	Each circle represents one whole.	5b. Karl says, 3 $\frac{2}{8}$ as an improper fraction is $\frac{26}{8}$ . Do you agree with Karl? Explain your answer.	How many different ways can you complete the statements? $2\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$ $2\frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$ Compare answers with a partner. What do you notice?	non-unit fraction, numerators, denominators, 3/4 , tenths, decimals, is a fraction always less than one? How many tenths make a whole? What is a tenth? Can you see a pattern between the fractions? How can we use our times tables to help us find equivalent fractions? Compare, order, addition and
Number sequences with fractions – count up and down	Use the counting stick to count up and down in these fractions. • Start at 0 and count up in steps of $\frac{1}{4}$ • Start at 4 and count down in steps of $\frac{1}{3}$ • Start at 1 and count up in steps of $\frac{2}{3}$	Three children are counting in quarters. Whitney $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{6}{4}, \frac{7}{4}$ Teddy $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, 1, 1\frac{1}{4}, 1\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4},$	Play the fraction game for four players. Place the four fraction cards on the floor. Each player stands in front of a fraction. We are going to count up in tenths starting at 0 When you say a fraction, place your foot on your fraction. $1 \\ 10 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 10 \\ 1 \\ 2$ How can we make 4 tenths? What is the highest fraction we can count to? How about if we used two feet?	

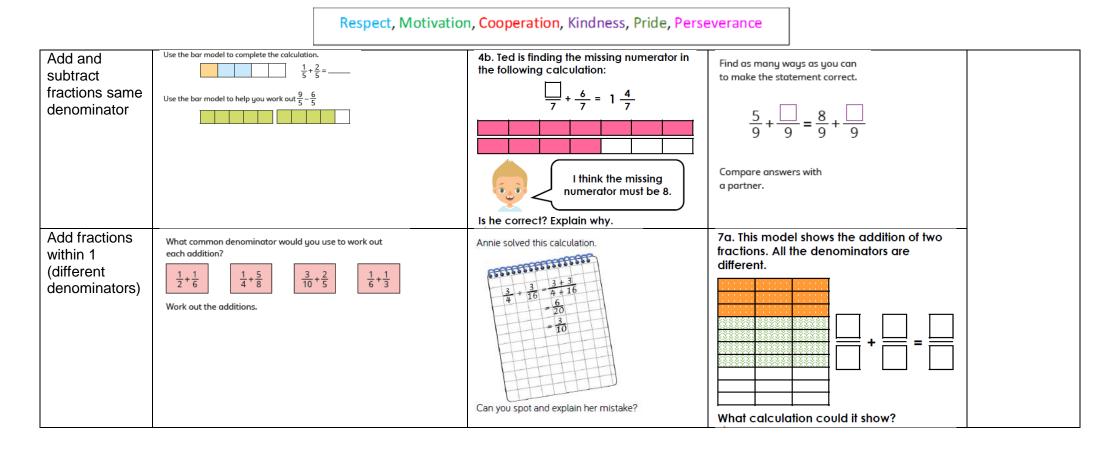












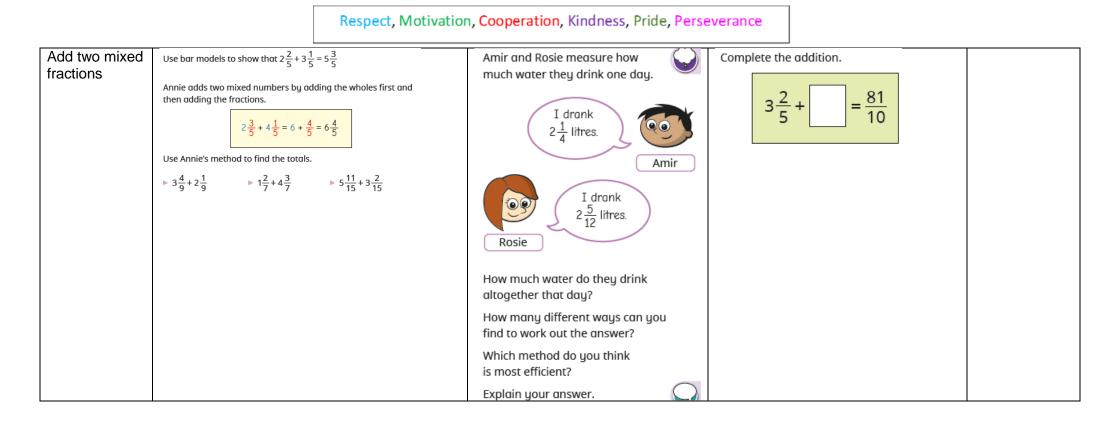


Subtract fractions (different denominators)	Find the difference between each pair of fractions. $ \begin{array}{c} \frac{5}{12} \text{ and } \frac{3}{4} \\ \begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{5} \text{ and } \frac{19}{15} \\ \begin{array}{c} \frac{20}{9} \text{ and } \frac{4}{3} \end{array} $	Subtract each fraction from one whole. $\begin{array}{c c} 3\\ \hline 3\\ \hline 5\\ \hline 7\\ \hline \\ 12\\ \hline \\ 2\\ \hline 9\\ \hline \\ 9\\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	Two fractions have a difference of one half. What could the fractions be? Compare answers with a partner.
Add 3 or more fractions – denominators are multiples	Add the sets of fractions, giving your answers as mixed numbers. $ \ge \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{7}{12} \qquad \ge \frac{1}{4} + \frac{7}{8} + \frac{3}{16} \qquad \ge \frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{5}{12} $	What connections can you see between the fractions and your answers? Eva is attempting to answer: $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{3}{20}$ $\underbrace{\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{3}{20} = \frac{7}{35}}_{5}$ Do you agree with Eva? Explain why.	Kim uses the diagram to add three fractions.
			What could her fractions be? How many different combinations can you find?

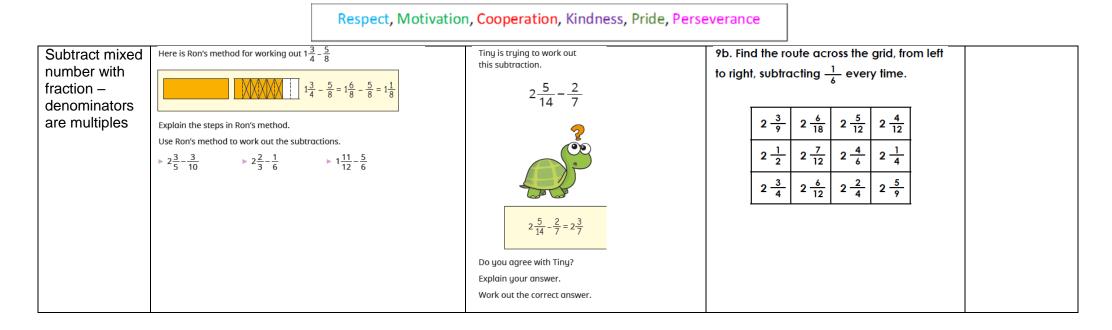


Add mixed	Tom adds a fraction to a mixed number	Jack and Whitney have some juice.	What could the values of
numbers with non-unit fraction	by adding the fractions separately and then adding the wholes. Use Tom's method to work out the additions.	Jack drinks $2\frac{1}{4}$ litres and Whitney drinks $2\frac{5}{12}$ litres. How much do they drink altogether?	A and B be? $A\frac{5}{12} + \frac{B}{4} = 5\frac{1}{6}$ Compare answers with a partner.
	$3\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{5} \qquad 4\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{2}{7} + 3\frac{4}{7} \qquad \frac{2}{9} + 3\frac{5}{9}$	Complete this using two different methods.	
	7, 3, 7	Which method do you think is more efficient? Why?	

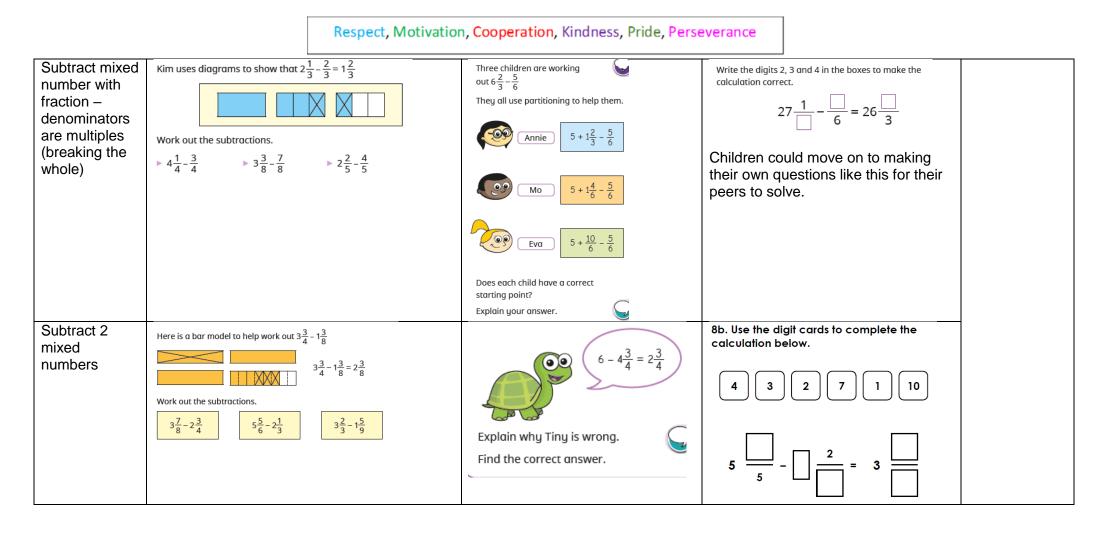




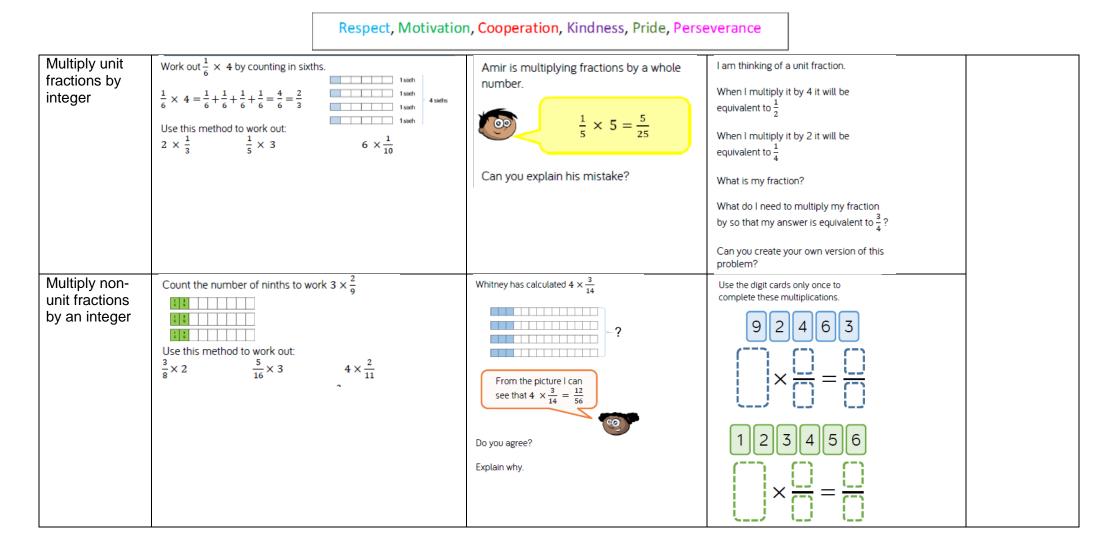




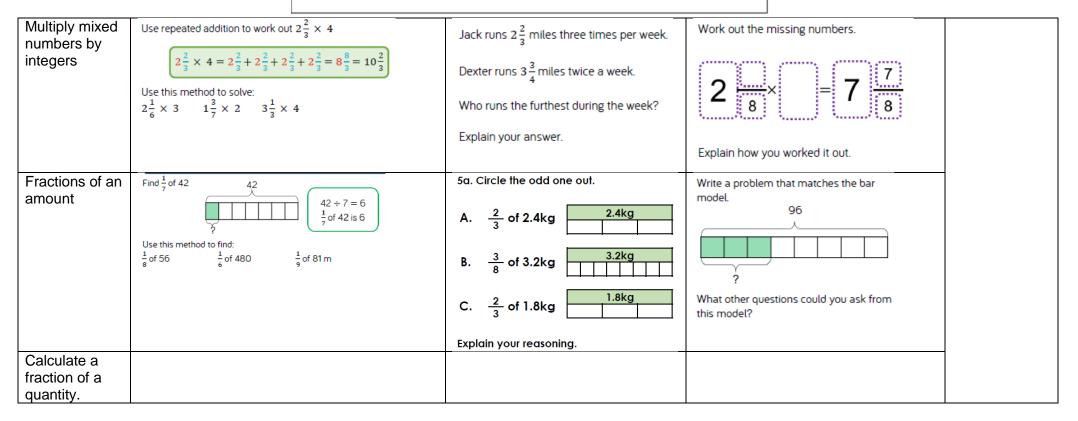




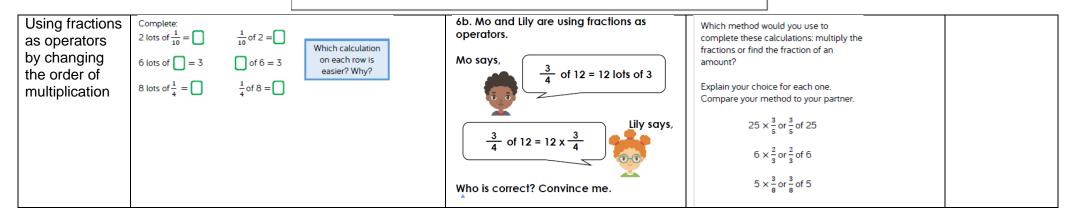








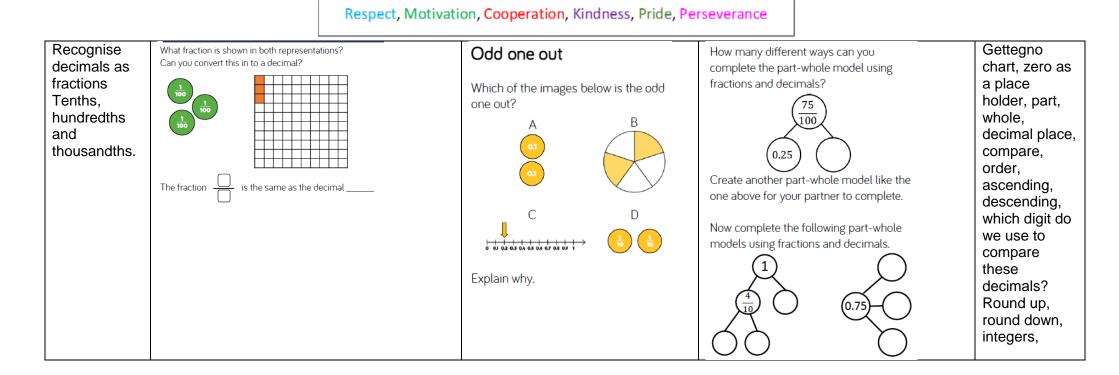






		Year 5		
		Number: Decimals		
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk
Read and write decimal up to 2 d.p.	Which number is represented on the place value chart?         Ones       Tenths         Image: Construction of the place value chart?         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and complete the stem sentences.         Image: Construction of the place value chart and construction of the place value chart and construction of the place value chart and consten sentences.	Dexter says there is only one way to partition 0.62 0.62 0.62 0.02 Prove Dexter is incorrect by finding at least three different ways of partitioning 0.62	8b. Tammy is thinking of a number. My number lies between 10 + 13 + 0.3 + 0.13 and 20 + 3 + 0.1 + 0.16. The hundredth is an odd number. What number is Tammy thinking of? Is there more than one possible answer?	Decimals, tenths, hundredths, thousandths, equivalent decimals and fractions, order, compare, place value, what is a tenth? Where would we use
Equivalent fractions and decimals (tenths). Equivalent fractions and decimals (hundredths). Equivalent fractions and				tenths in real life? How many tenths are equivalent to a whole? Number line, relevant scale, divide by 10 – split into 10 equal parts,







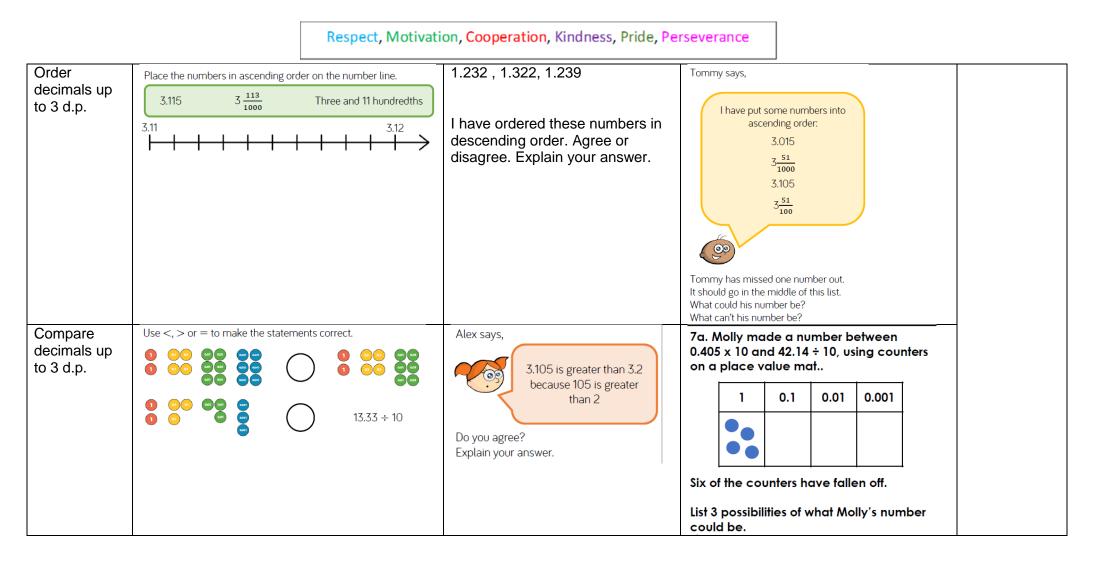
Understand thousandths using a place value chart to support.	Use the place value counters to help you fill in the final chart.	Rosie thinks the 2 values are equal.	8b. Use the digit cards to complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Each card can be used more than once.         2       7       0       8       1         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Each card can be used more than once.         2       7       0       8       1         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Each card can be used more than once.         2       7       0       8       1         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Each card can be used more than once.       1         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different ways.         Image: Complete the statement below in 3 different belo	halves, quarters, part- whole, what is the value of x? When do we need to use zero as a place holder? Complements, number bonds, sequences,
Read and write thousandths as decimals	Use the place value chart and counters to represent these numbers. Write down the numbers as a decimal. a) a) b) 4 ones, 6 tenths, 0 hundredths and 2 thousandths c) 3 $\frac{34}{1000}$	Three children are representing the number 0.504 $0.504 = \frac{504}{1000}$ Annie $0.504 = \frac{3}{10} + \frac{2}{10} + \frac{4}{1000}$ Alex $0.504 = \frac{5}{10} + \frac{4}{1000}$ Teddy Who is correct? Explain why.	Ron has 8 counters. He makes numbers using the place value chart. At least 3 columns have counters in. What is the largest and the smallest number he can make with 8 counters? 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	rules, multiply, divide, what do you notice about the numbers when you multiply/ divide?



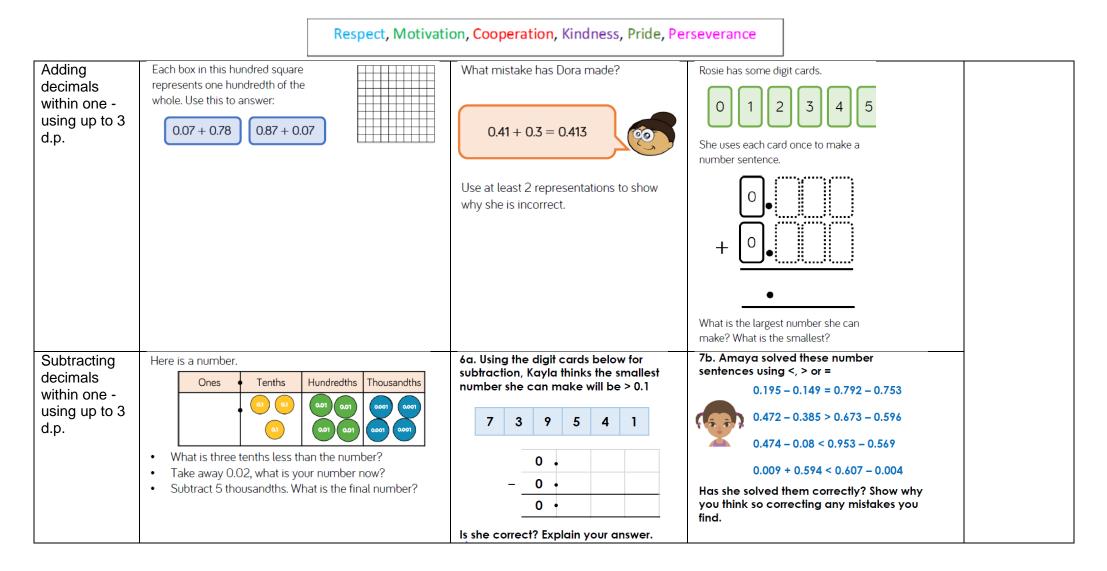
#### Rounding Complete the number lines and round the representations to the A number between 11 and 20 with 2 Whitney is thinking of a number. nearest whole number: decimals to decimal places rounds to the same Ones • Tenths Ones • Tenths Ones • Tenths the nearest number when rounded to one decimal 0 00 Rounded to the nearest whole her whole and place and when rounded to the nearest number is 4 tenth whole number? Rounded to the nearest tenth her number is 3.8 Write down at least 4 different numbers What could this be? Is there more than one option? that she could be thinking of. Explain why. Order and compare decimals (same

number of decimal place).

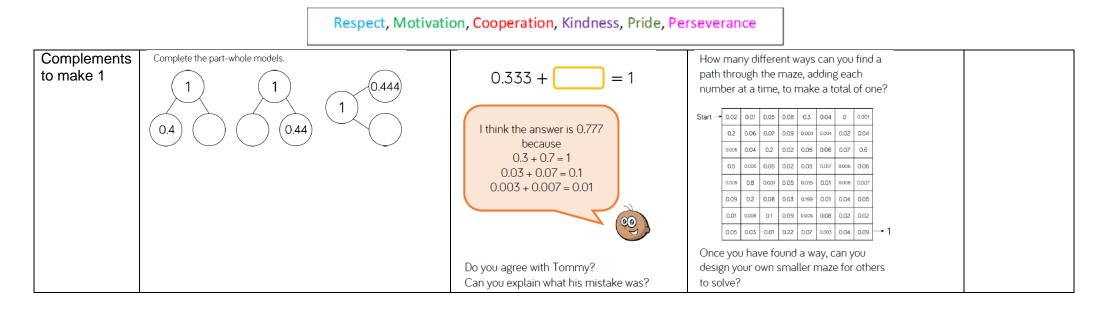




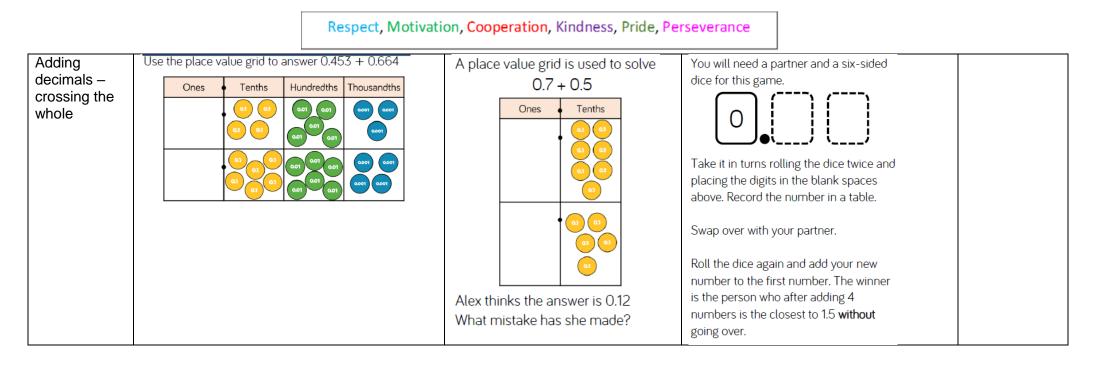




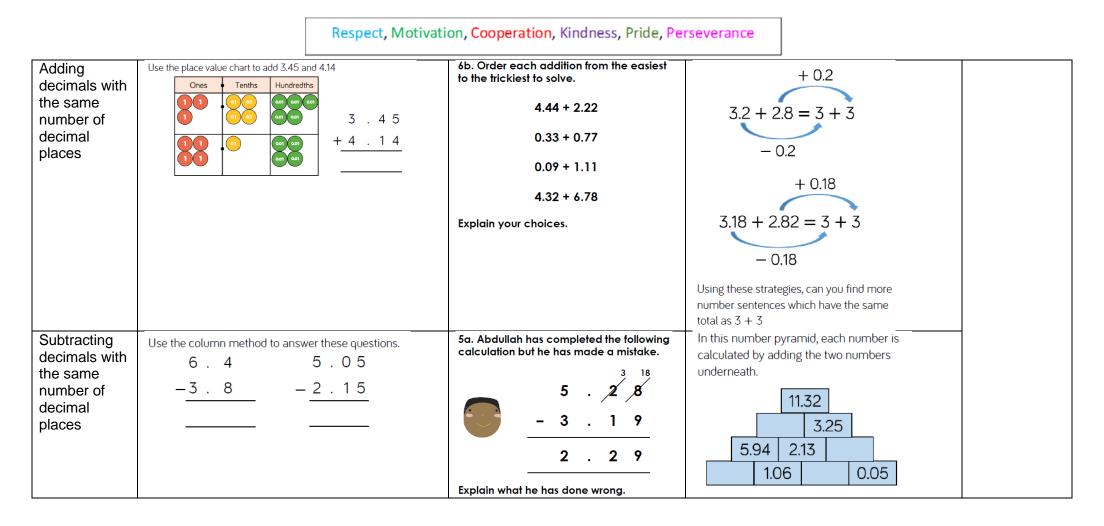




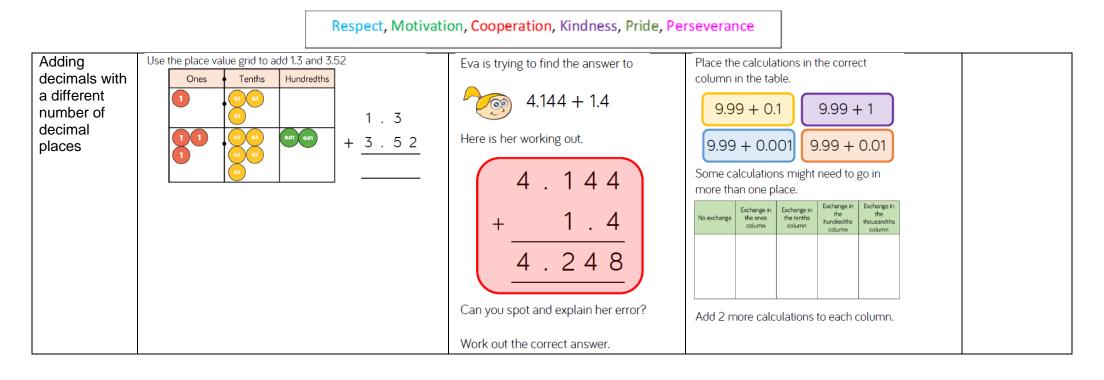






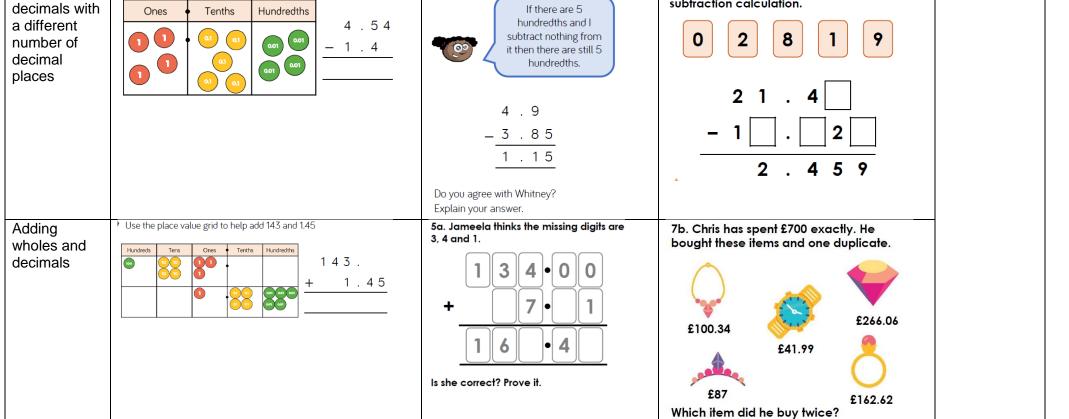




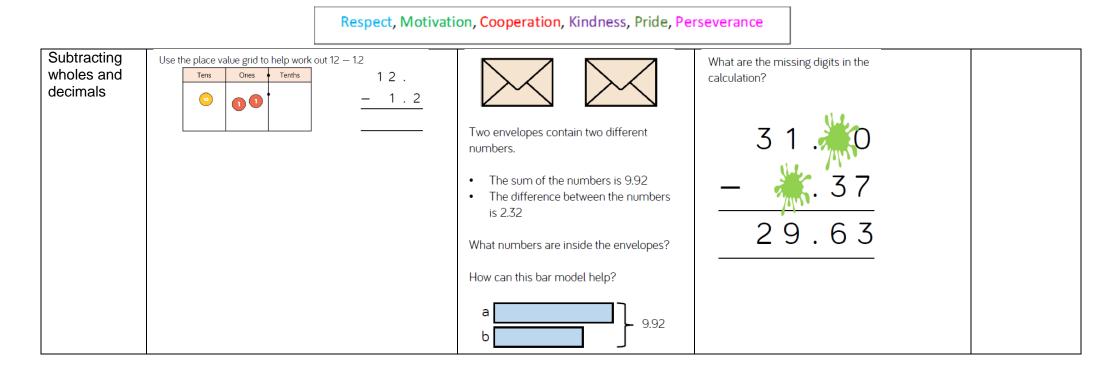




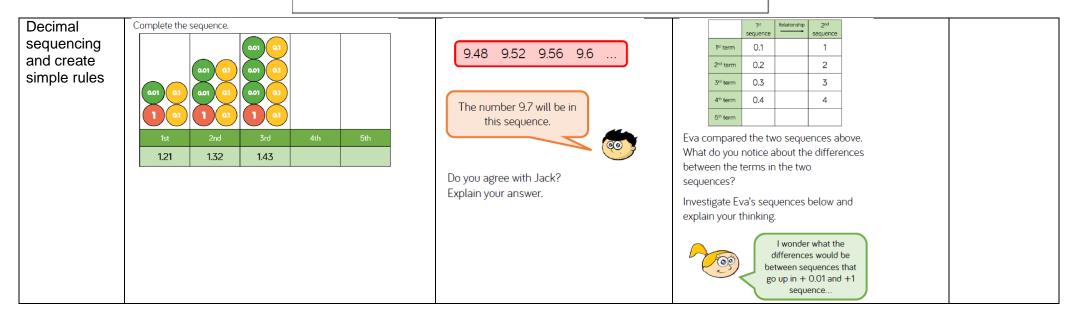
#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance 7a. Use the digit cards to complete the Subtracting Use the place value grid to help subtract 1.4 from 4.54 subtraction calculation. If there are 5 Ones Tenths Hundredths hundredths and I 4.54 subtract nothing from 2 8 1 9 0 - 1.4 00 it then there are still 5 hundredths. 0.01 2 4 4.9 \_ 3 . 8 5 2 1.15 2 4 5 9 . Do you agree with Whitney? Explain your answer. <sup>1</sup> Use the place value grid to help add 143 and 1.45 5a. Jameela thinks the missing digits are 7b. Chris has spent £700 exactly. He 3, 4 and 1. bought these items and one duplicate. Hundreds Tens Ones Tenths Hundredths 143. 100



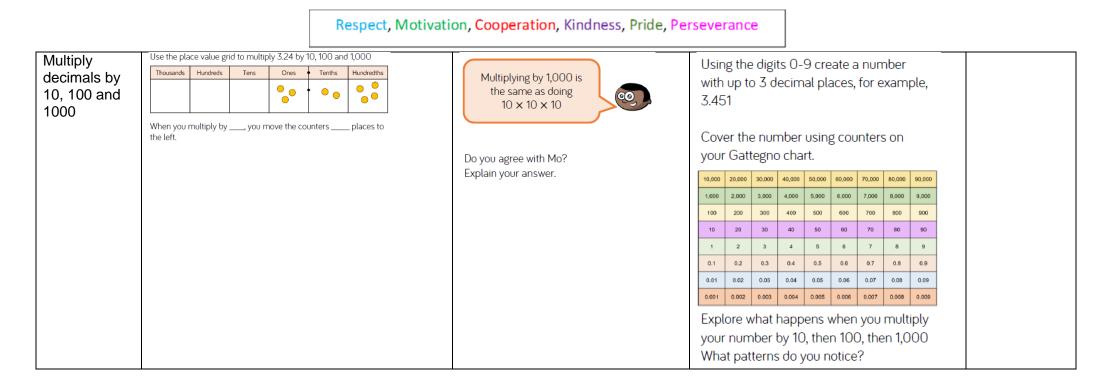




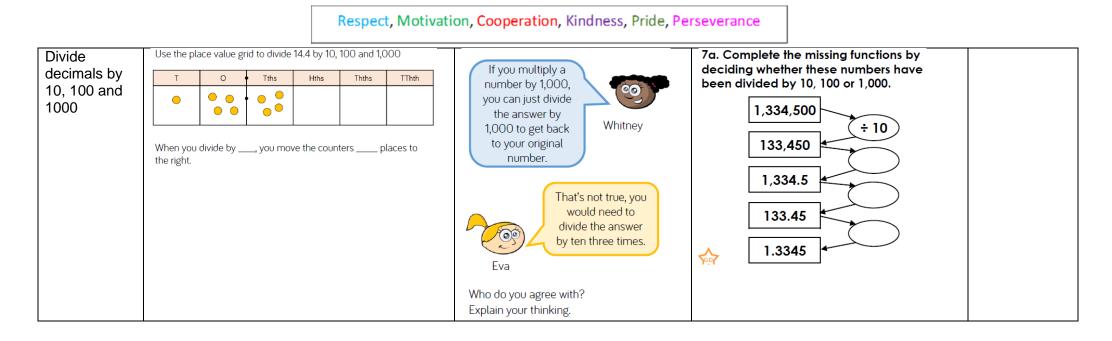








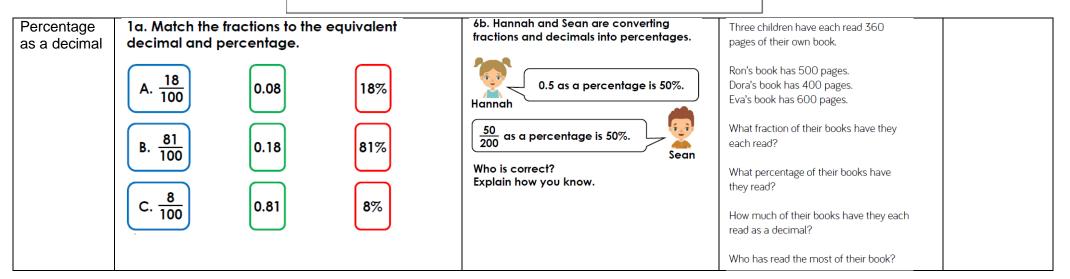






		Year 5						
	Number: Percentages							
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk				
Introduction to percent and what percentage is.	Complete the sentence stem for each diagram.	Dora and Amir each have 100 sweets. Dora eats 65% of hers. Amir has 35 sweets left. Who has more sweets left? Explain your answer.	8b. Put the cards in order from largest to smallest.15 parts per 5059%4 parts out of 2032%7 parts per 206 parts out of 10	Percent, percentage, what is percentages, per 100, %, per cent = per hundred, fraction, decimal,				
Percentage as a fraction	7b. True or false? 42% is equivalent to $\frac{84}{200}$	Teddy says, To convert a fraction to a percentage, you just need to put a percent sign next to the numerator. Is Teddy correct? Explain your answer.	At a cinema, $\frac{4}{10}$ of the audience are adults. The rest of the audience is made up of boys and girls. There are twice as many girls as boys. What percentage of the audience are girls?	equivalent,				





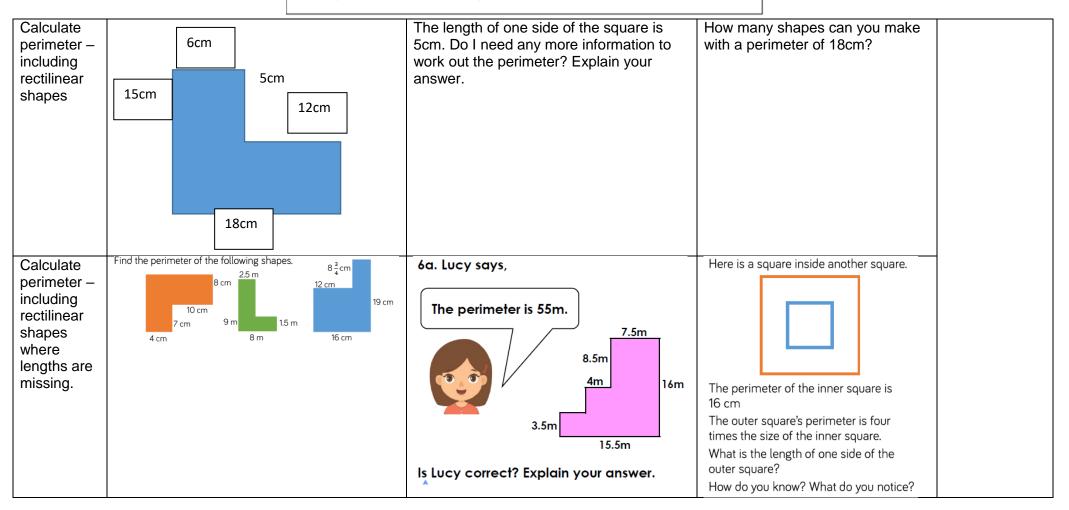


Equivalent fraction,	Draw arrows to show the position of each representation on the number line.	4b. Circle the	odd one out.		Sort the fraction percentages in			
decimal and percentages.	$40\% \qquad \qquad \frac{4}{5}$	0.4	<u>4</u> 10	$\frac{1}{25}$	50% Seven	100% 60%	30 60 0.25	
	0% 100%	<u>2</u> 5	<u>20</u> 50	40%	tenths 70 hundredths	$\frac{1}{4}$	7%	
		Explain your re	easoning.		Less than $\frac{1}{2}$	Equal to $\frac{1}{2}$	Greater than $\frac{1}{2}$	



		Year 5				
Measurement: Perimeter						
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk		
Measure perimeter - including rectilinear shapes	Measure the perimeter of the rectangles. Measure the perimeter of the shapes.	5a. Judy says, I used a ruler to measure the shape below. The perimeter is 16cm. What mistake has Judy made? Prove it!	Activity Investigate different ways you can make composite rectilinear shapes with a perimeter of 54 cm.	perimeter, rectilinear, Orientation, Convert, what is perimeter? What are rectilinear shapes? Composite		



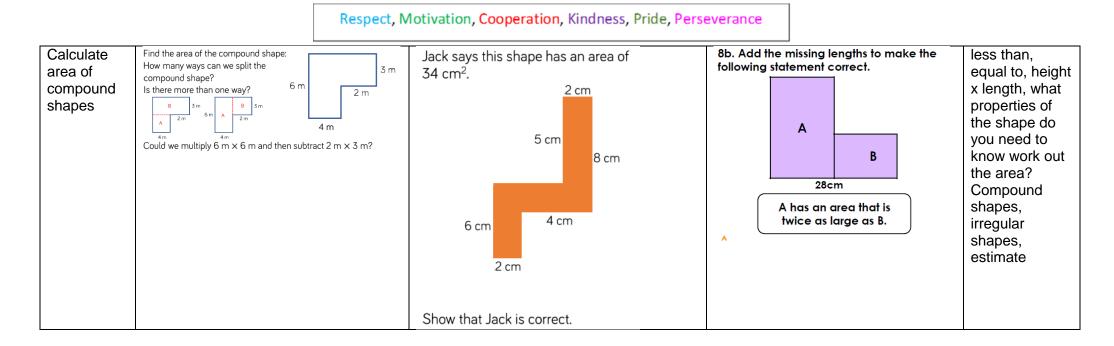




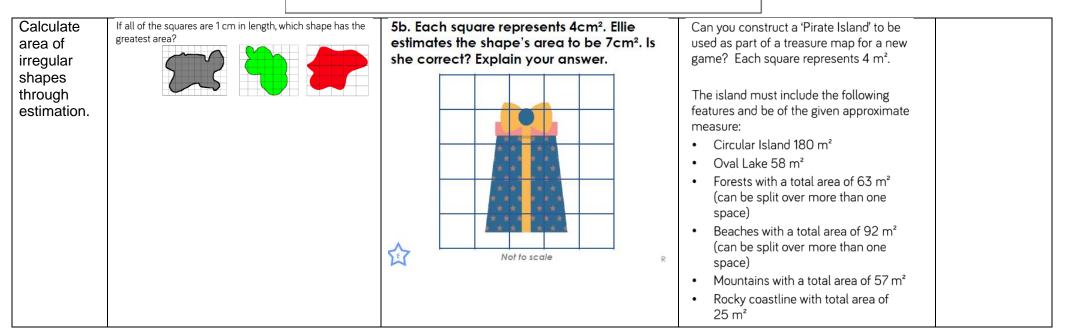
Perimeter		
of polygons.		

	Year 5						
Objective	Skill it	Measurement: Area	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk			
Calculate area of rectangles using formula	<ul> <li>How many rectangles can you draw with an area of x cm<sup>2</sup></li> <li>What is the area of this shape if: <ul> <li>each square is 2 cm in length?</li> <li>each square is 3.5 cm in length?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	6b. Josh has estimated the area of a rectangle. The estimated area of this rectangle is 24cm <sup>2</sup> because 4cm x 6cm = 24cm <sup>2</sup> . 3.8cm 6.4cm Is Josh correct? Prove it.	Investigate how many ways you can make different squares and rectangles with the same area of 84 cm <sup>2</sup> What strategy did you use?	Area, squared ( <i>cm</i> <sup>2</sup> ) How can you measure area? The amount of space taken up by a two- dimensional shape. Working systematically, compare, greater than,			









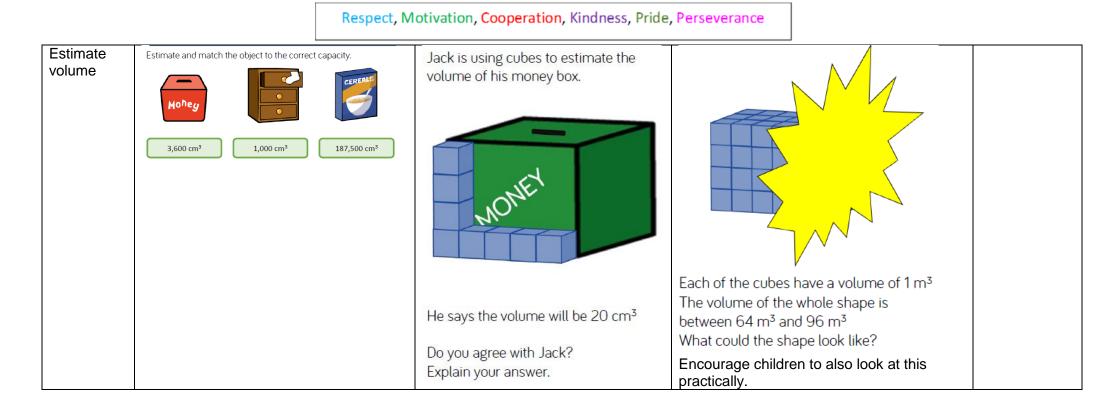


	Year 5					
		Measurement: Volume				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk		
Introduction to what volume is	Take 4 cubes of length 1 cm. How many different solids can you make? What's the same? What's different? Make these shapes.	6a. Amina is calculating the volume of her shape. My shape has a length of 6 cubes, a width of 2 cubes and a height of 2 cubes. To find the volume 1 add these together. Is Amina correct? Explain your answer.	How many possible ways can you make a cuboid that has a volume of 12 cm <sup>3</sup> ?	Volume, cubed, <i>cm</i> <sup>3</sup> , same, difference, compare, estimate, capacity, how is capacity different to volume? Greatest, smallest, how		

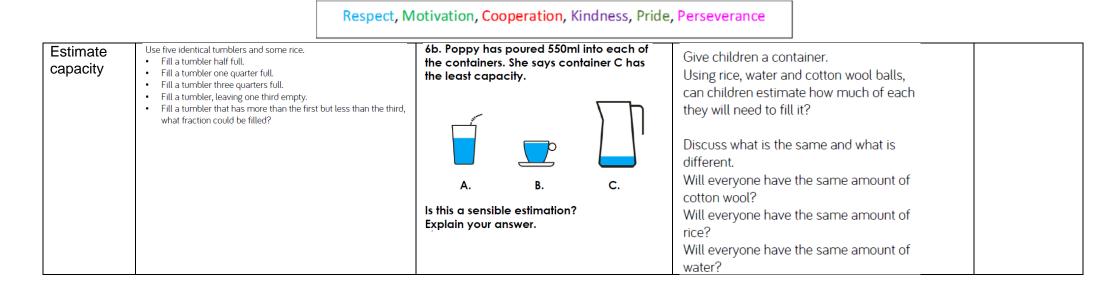


Compare volume counting cubes	Work out the volume of each solid. Shape A Shape B Shape A has a volume of cm <sup>3</sup> Shape B has a volume of cm <sup>3</sup> Which has the greatest volume?	Shape A has a height of 12 cm. Shape B has a height of 4 cm. Dora says Shape A must have a greater volume. Is she correct? Explain your answer.	Amir, Whitney and Mo all build a shape using cubes. Mo has lost his shape, but knows that it's volume was greater than Whitney's, but less than Amir's. Amir's Whitney's Whitney's What could the volume of Mo's shape be?	can we find the volume of this shape? What is the difference between volume and capacity?
--	---	---	--	--





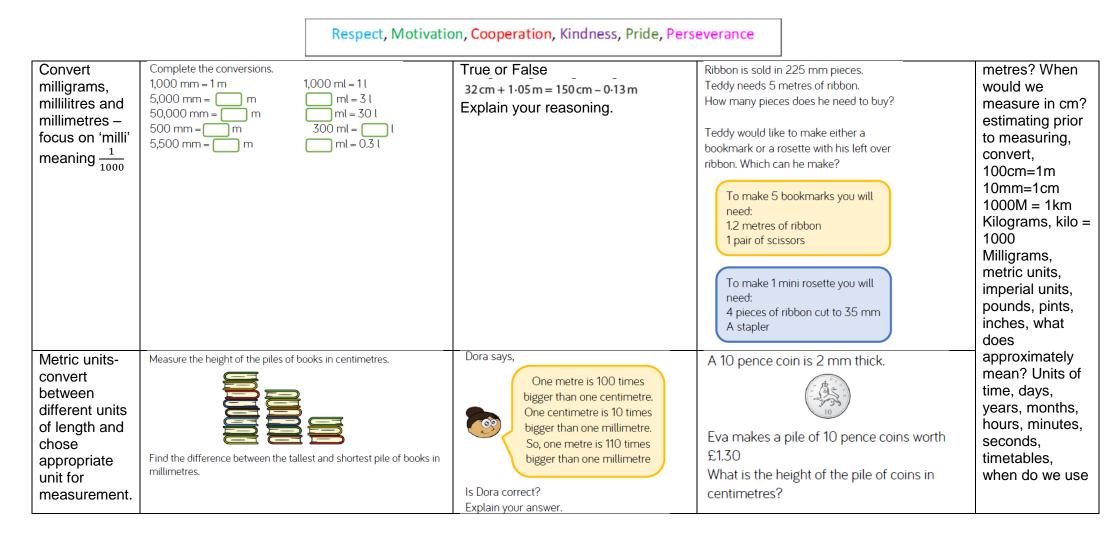






	Year 5						
	/	<b>Measurement: Converting uni</b>	its				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk			
Convert kilograms and kilometres – focus on use of 'kilo' meaning 1000	5 kg 4,500 g 12 kg 12,000 g 3.7 km 370 m 37,000 m 3.7 km	Eva is converting measurements. She says, I have divided by 1,000 to convert the measurements. Which conversions could Eva have completed? • 3 km	7b. Complete the circles so that each line adds up to 8.3kg in every direction. Give your answer in kilograms. 1.21kg 2,350g 1.25kg 9 10 kg	Height, length, compare, measure, long, short, longer, shorter, narrow, wide, centimetre, metre, kilometre, taller, millimetre, nearest cm, measuring from 0, how long is? How tall is? When would we measure in			







Introduced to Imperial units for measurement (pounds, pints, and inches).	One inch is approximately 2.5 centimetres 1 inch $\approx$ 2.5 cmUse the bar models to help with the conversions.? cm? in1 in 1 in 1 in5 cm16in $\approx$ cm16in $\approx$ cm10cm $\approx$ in15in $\approx$ cm33in $\approx$ m5.5m $\approx$ in	<ul> <li>Dora weighed 7.8 lbs when she was born.</li> <li>Amir weighed 3.5 kg when he was born.</li> <li>Who was heavier, Dora or Amir? Explain your answer.</li> </ul>	Jack's house has 3 pints of milk delivered 4 times a week. How many litres of milk does Jack have delivered each week?	timetables in everyday life?
Convert units of time	Complete the conversions. 1 year = months years = 24 months years = 60 months 2.5 years = months 3 years 2 months = months years months = 75 months	Can 21 days be written in weeks? Can 25 days be written in weeks? Explain your answers.	Teddy's birthday is in March. Amir's birthday is in April. Amir is 96 hours older than Teddy. What dates could Teddy and Amir's birthdays be?	

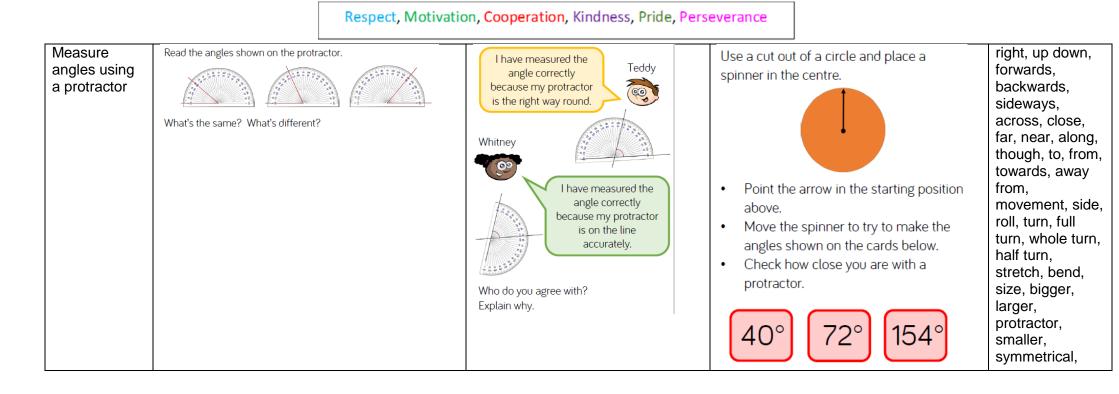


Use	Use the timetable to answer the questions.	Bus Timetable	Make a timetable of your school day.	
		Highway Rd 06:50 07:25 08:45 09:10 09:45		
timetables to	Bus Timetable Halifax Bus Station 06.05 06.35 07.10 07.43 08.15	Rain Rd         07:00         07:25         07:41         08:55         09:19         09:53           Coldcot Rd         07:11         07:41         07:51         09:04         09:28         10:02		
retrieve	Halifax Bus Station         06:05         06:35         07:10         07:43         08:15           Shelf Roundabout         06:15         06:45         07:59         08:15	Westland Rd         07:18         07:59         07:59         09:11         09:38         10:02		
information	Shelf Vilage Hall         O6:16         O6:46         O7:35         O8:30	Bod Rd 07:29 08:12 08:09 09:16 09:47 10:16		
Information	Woodside         O6:21         O6:50         O7:28	Kingswell Rd         07:33         08:15         08:14         09:20         09:53         10:21           Long Rd         07:45         08:30         08:30         10:05         10:40	School School	
	Odsal 06:26 06:55 07:33 08:15 08:45			
	Bradford Interchange 06:40 07:10 07:48 08:30 09:00	Use the bus timetable to answer the following questions: If you needed to travel from Coldcot Rd and arrive at Kingswell Rd by 8:20, which		
	Is the time to get from Shelf Roundabout to Bradford Interchange	would be the best bus to catch?		
	the same for every bus?			
	Why might the time not always be the same?	Explain why.	Calculate how many hours each week you	
	Why are some of the times blank?			
			spend on each subject.	
			Can you convert this into minutes?	
			Can you convert this into seconds?	
			Carryou convert this into seconos:	
			If this is an average week, how many	
			- · · · ·	
			hours a year do you spend on each	
			subject?	
			Can you convert the time into days?	
			Carryou convert the time into days:	
	1	Voor 5		
		Year 5		
	G	eometry: Properties of Shap	00	
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it Mathematica	al
•		,	. Talk	
			Tain	'



Measure angles in degrees	Use the sentence stems to describe the turns made by the minute hand. Compare the turns to a right angle. The turn from 12 to 4 is larger than a right angle. The turn from to is than a right angle. It is an angle.	Which angle is the odd one out? <b>180° 45° 79° 270°</b> Could another angle be the odd one out for a different reason?	<ul> <li>Pick a starting point on the compass and describe a turn to your partner. Use the mathematical words to describe your turns:</li> <li>Clockwise</li> <li>Anti-clockwise</li> <li>Degrees</li> <li>Acute</li> <li>Obtuse</li> <li>Reflex</li> <li>Right angle</li> </ul>	Group, sort, cube, cuboid, pyramid, sphere, cone, cylinder, circle, triangle, square, rectangle, shape, flat, curved, straight, round, corner (point, pointed) hollow, solid, face, side, edge, make, build,
			Can your partner identify where you will finish?	

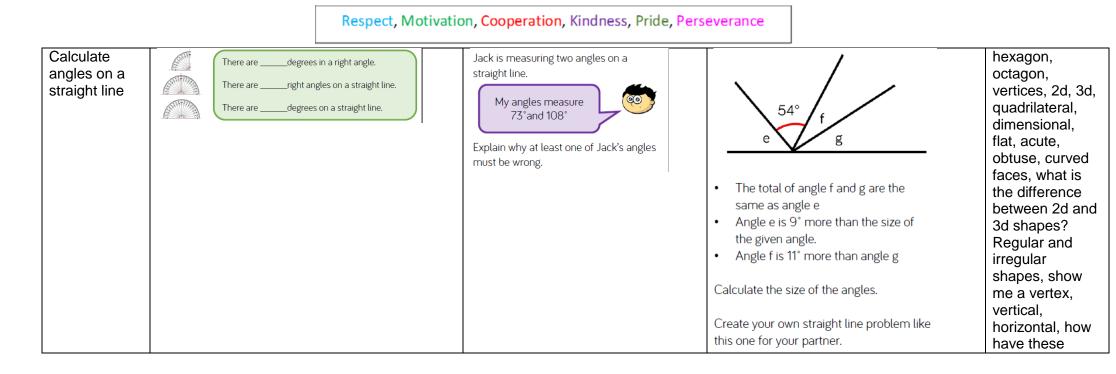




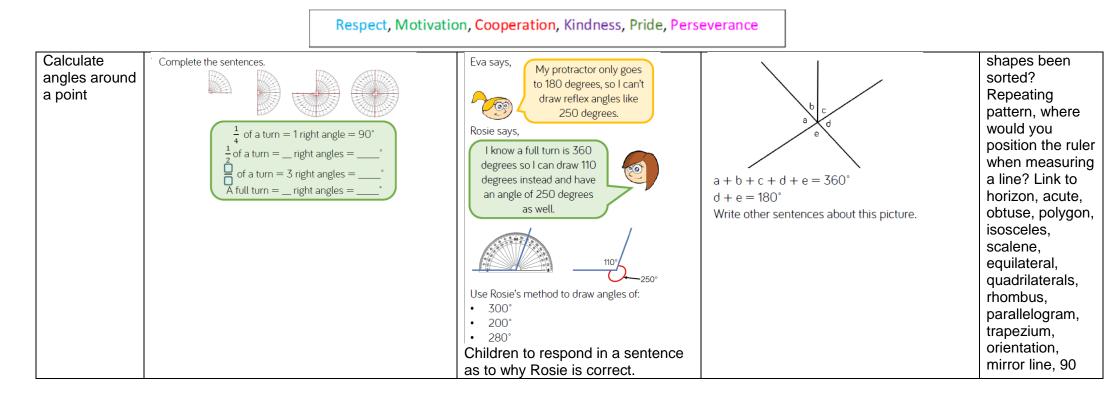


Draw lines and angles accurately	Draw lines that measure: 4 cm and 5 mm 45 mm 4.5 cm What's the same? What's different? Draw: angles of 45° angles of 80° angles of 20°	<ul> <li>Always, sometimes or never true?</li> <li>Two acute angles next to each other make an obtuse angle.</li> <li>Half an obtuse angle is an acute angle.</li> <li>180° is an obtuse angle</li> <li>Give examples to prove your answers.</li> </ul>	Use Kandinsky's artwork to practice measuring lines and angles.	right angle, horizontal, vertical, perpendicular, parallel, greater/ less than ninety degrees, ninety degrees, orientation, straight lines, prism, quarter turn, three quarter turn, pentagon,
--	--	---	--	---

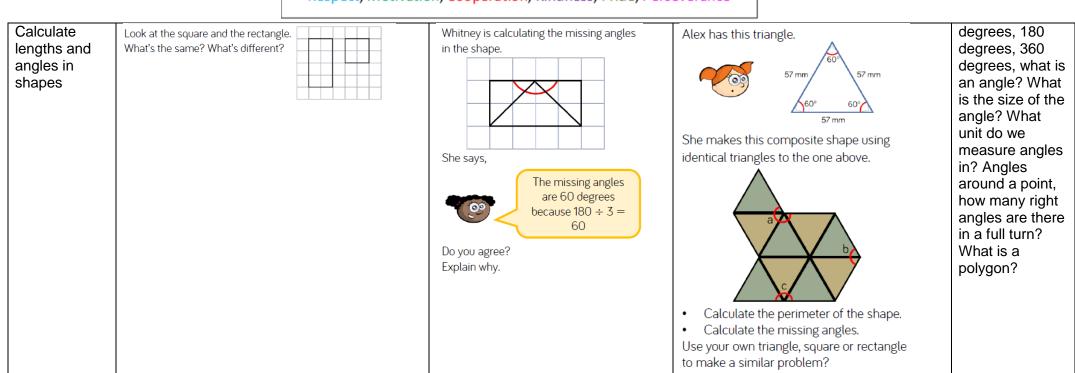




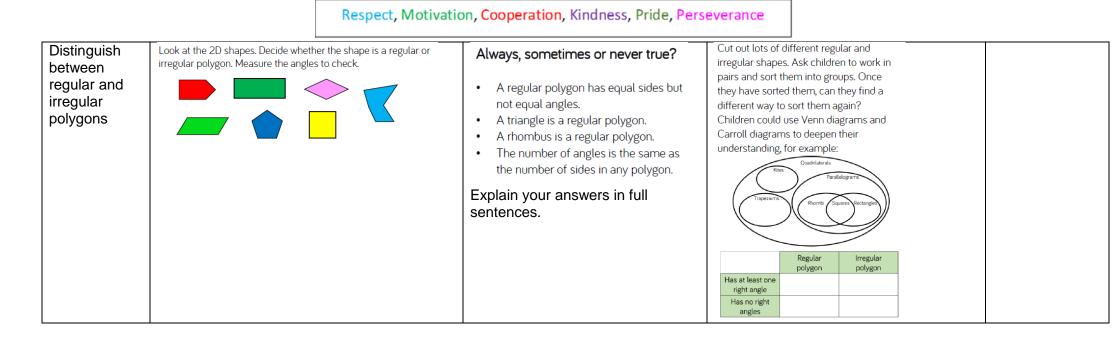




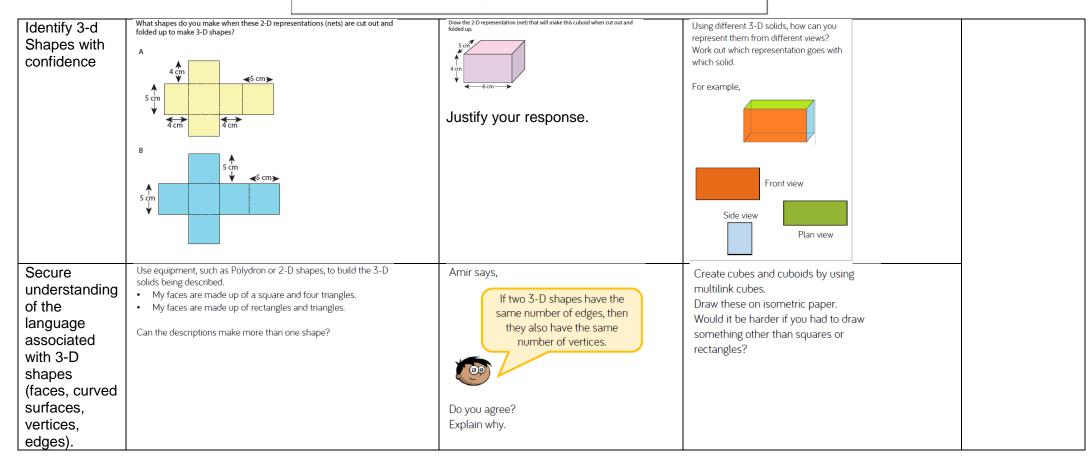




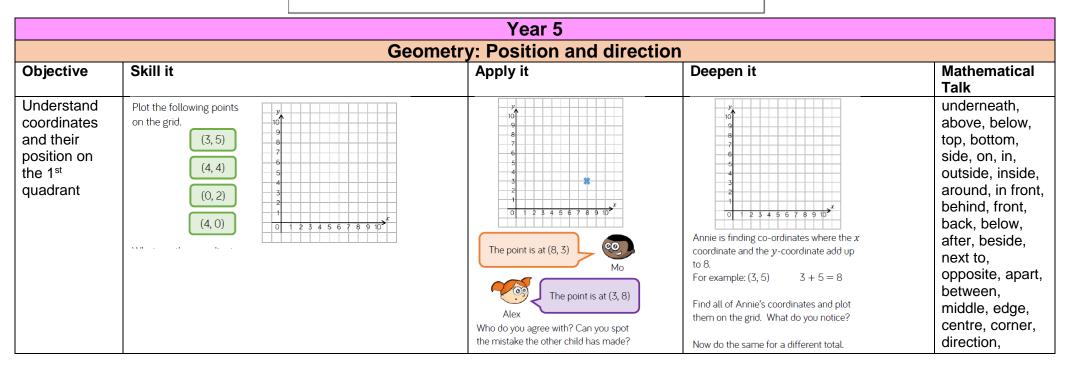






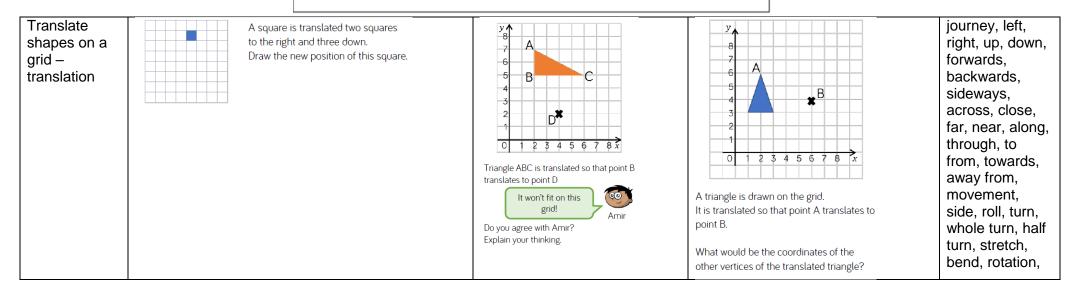








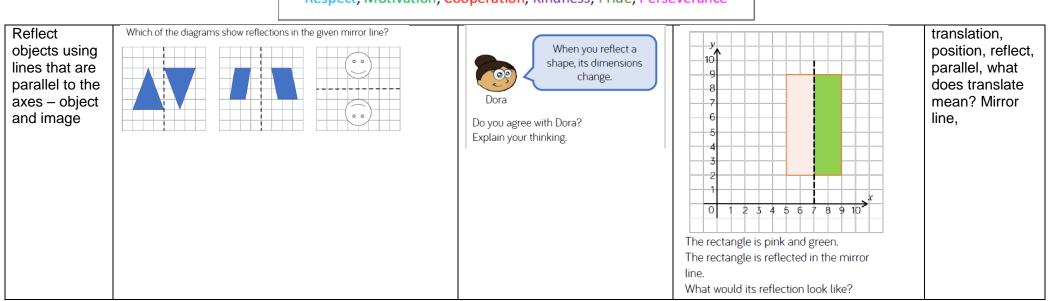




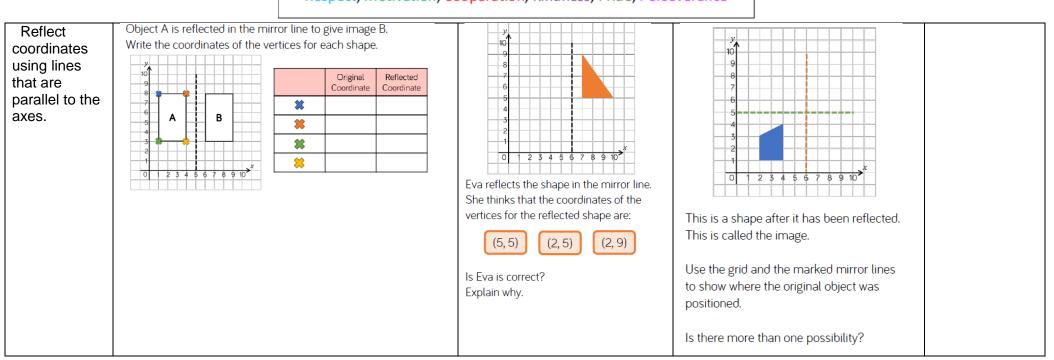


Translate coordinates	Translate each coordinate 2 down, 1 right. Record the coordinates of its new position.	These three coordinates have all been translated in the same way.		clockwise, coordinates,
on a grid	Before       After         Before       After         Before       After         Before       After         Before       C         Before       After         C       C	$(-,-) \qquad (3,1)$ $(-,5) \qquad (4,3)$ $(4,-) \qquad (6,1)$ Can you work out the missing coordinates? Describe the translation.	A rectangle is translated two to the left and 4 up. Three of the coordinates of the translated rectangle are: (6, 8) (10, 14) and (10, 8). What are the coordinates of the original rectangle?	translation, quadrant, x axis, y axis, Over, under, three-quarter turn, quarter turn, stretch, bend, rotation, clockwise, anticlockwise, straight line, ninety degree turn, what direction was the turn, plot, describe the





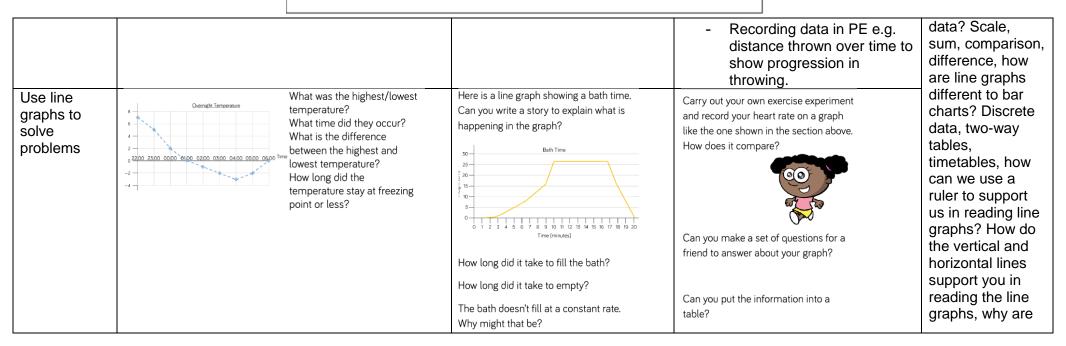






		Year 5		
	Statistics (can link ac	ross curriculum e.g. COMPL	JTING/Topic/P.E)	
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk
Read and interpret line graphs	Here is a line graph showing the temperature in a garden. What was the temperature at 5 p.m.? What was the difference in and 7 p.m.? When was the temperature 4°C? Estimate the time when the temperature was 0°C. Estimate the temperature at 6 p.m.	Match the graph to the activity.	The graph shows the number of cars sold by two different companies. Key - Ace Motors - Briggs - Ace Motors - Briggs - Briggs - Ace Motors - Briggs - Briggs	Chart, bar chart, frequency table, Carroll diagram, Venn diagram, axis, axes, diagram pictograms, continuous data, line graphs, table, block diagrams, tally chart, quantity, diagram, one to one correspondence, what will each symbol be worth? What will each
Draw line graphs	Here is a table showing the conversion between pounds and rupees. Present the information as a line graph.Pounds12345678910Rupees80160240320400480560640720800	Here is a table of data.Time (min)1530456075Distance (km)2546677298Which intervals would be the most appropriate for the vertical axis of the line graph?Explain your answer.	Encourage the children to collect their own data and present it as a line graph. As this objective is taken from the science curriculum, it would be a good idea to link it to investigations. Possible investigations could be: Measuring shadows over time Melting and dissolving substances Plant growth - Recording data in Science.	block be worth? read and interpret, construct, tables, one and two step problems, what are the different ways to present







Read and interpret	Here is a t answer th			tion aboi	ut planets. Use the table to		100 m sprint (s)	Shot put (m)	50 m Sack race (s)	Javelin (m)	column and row headings
tables	Planet	Time for Revolution 88 days	Diameter (km)	Time for Rotation 59 days	How many planets take more than one day to rotate?	Amir	15.5	6.5	18.9	11.2	important in a
	Venus Earth	225 days 365 days	12,104 12,756	243 days 24 hours	Which planets take more than one year to make one	Dora	16.2	7.5	20.1	13.3	table? If I am finding the
	Mars Jupiter Saturn	687 days 12 years 29 years	6,794 142,984 120,536	25 hours 10 hours 11 hours	revolution?	Teddy	15.8	6.9	19.3	13.9	difference what
	Uranus Neptune	84 years 165 years	51,118 49,500	17 hours 17 hours	Write the diameter of Jupiter in words.	Rosie	15.6	7.2	18.7	14.1	operation do I
				· · · · - ·	Jiameter of Mars and Earth? ime for rotation between	Ron	17.9	6.3	18.7	13.3	use? How can I calculate the tot
	Mercury a						ks that h he has t				in the row/column?
						)o you a Explain y	gree? our ans	wer.			

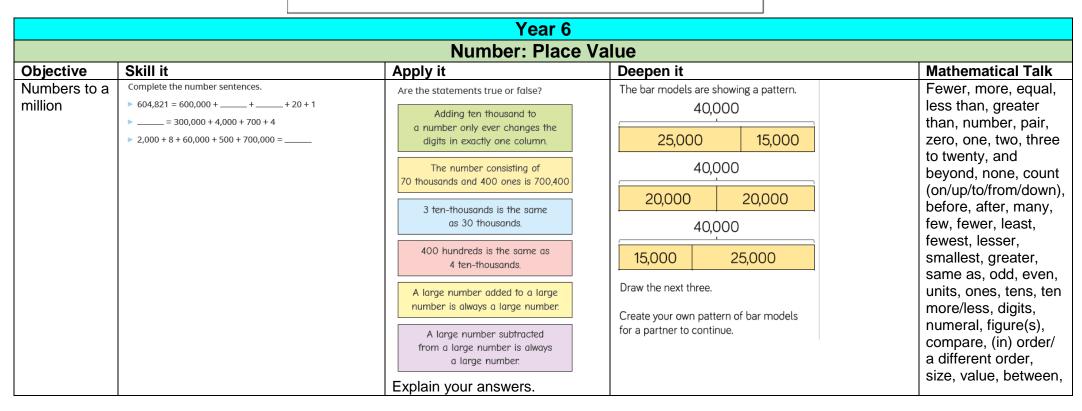


Read and	This two-way table	le shows th	e staff at	Liverpool	police sta		120 people were asked 🔪 📗 🥢	120 people were asked 🔨 📙 🥢
interpret two-			Male	Female	Total		where they went on	where they went on
way tables	Со	onstable	55	24	79	ł	holiday during the	holiday during the 📃 🔍 🚬
	Se	ergeant	8	5	13		summer months of	summer months of
1		nspector	2	4	6		last year.	last year.
1		efInspector	1	1	2		Use this information to create a two-way	Use this information to create a two-way
1		Total	66	34	100		table.	table.
	<ul> <li>How many fem</li> <li>How many ma</li> <li>How many peo</li> <li>How many ma altogether?</li> </ul>	ale sergear onstables a eople work	nts are th re there a at Liverp	ere? altogether? ool police	station?		In June, 6 people went to France and 18 went to Spain. In July, 10 people went to France and 19 went to Italy. In August,15 people went to Spain. 35 people went to France altogether. 39 people went to Italy altogether. 35 people went away in June. 43 people went on holiday in August.	went to Spain. In July, 10 people went to France and 19 went to Italy. In August,15 people went to Spain. 35 people went to France altogether. 39 people went to Italy altogether. 35 people went away in June.

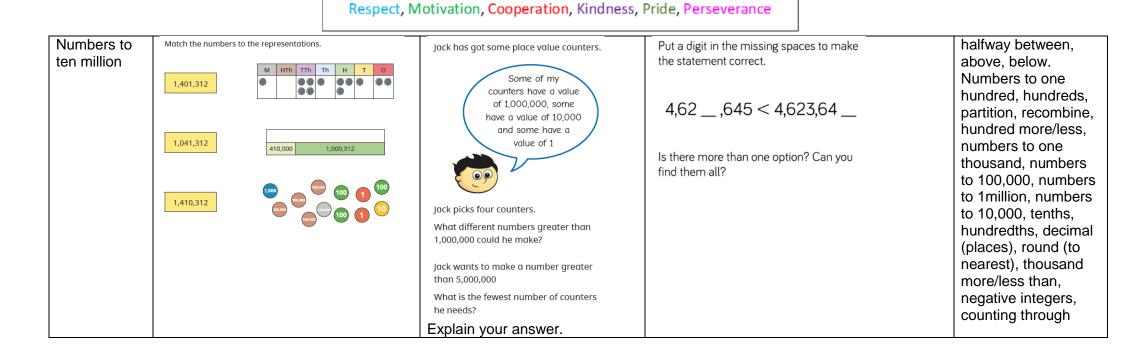


Read and	Use the tir	netable to	answ	ver the	ouest	ions					Bu	us Timetable		T											
					·				Highway Rd Rain Rd	06:50		07:25 08:45 0 07:41 08:55 0				reWatch		Watch +1		luizTime		ry Channel			
interpret	1	Halifax	06:05		s Timetab		09:15		Coldcot Rd			07:41 08:55 0			5 p.m.	News	5 p.m.	Puppy Playtime	5pm	Talk the Talk	5 p.m.	Cheese Please Cook with			
Timetables		Shelf			07.10	07:59			Westland Rd			07:59 09:11 0			5:30 p.m.	Weather	6 p.m.	News	5:30 p.m.	Quizdom	6 p.m.	Lydia			
		Shelf Village			07:23	08:00			Bod Rd			09:16 0			5:45 p.m.	Deep Blue	6:30 p.m.	Weather	6pm	What's the Q?	6:30 p.m.	Pizza Pasta Pietro			
		Woodside				00.00	00.02		Kingswell Rd Long Rd		08:15 0	8:14 09:20 0	09:53 10:21 10:05 10:40		6pm	Pampered Pets	6:45 p.m.	Deep Blue	6:30 p.m.	aMAZEment	6:45 p.m.	5 Minute Menu			
		Odsal			-	08:15	08:45								7pm	Safari	7 p.m.	Pampered Pets	7:30 p.m.	Buzzed Out	7 p.m.	Budget Baker			
		Bradford		07:10					Use the bus time				1s: way Rd to Westland Rd?	12	8:15 p.m.	Animal Antics	8 p.m.	Safari	8pm	Guess the Noise	8 p.m.	Lots of Lollies			
				·	I				Can you travel to				way no to westiand no?	ir -	9:15 p.m.	Worldly Wonders	9:15 p.m.	Animal Antics	9pm	Dance & Decide	9:15 p.m.	Biscuit Bites			
	On the 06	35 hus h	now lo	ng dor	s it ta	ke to c	oet fro	m Shelf to	Which journey be	etween Ra	n Rd and Kir	ngswell Rd takes	s the longest time, the b	bus		Wonders				Decide					
	Bradford?	.55 663,1		18 000	.5 11 10		sectio		that leaves Rain R	Rd at 7:25	or the bus th	nat leaves Rain Ro	d at 7:41?		<b>D</b>										
						471			Explain your reas	oning.					Ror	n wants	s to v	atch	the fo	ollowir	ng i v				
	Can you tr														pro	gramn	nes: (	Chees	e Ple	ease. W	/haťs	the			
	Which jour	rney takes	s the lo	วngest	time	betwee	en She	elf Village and							· ·	0									
	Bradford?														Q, a	MAZE	men	t, BUO	get B	saker, s	sarari,	,			
															Dar	nce & [	Decid	e.							
															Wil	l Ron b	be ab	le to v	vatch	hall th	e sho	ws			
																		0							
															ne	has ch	osen	?							
															It is	18:45.	How	long	is it ı	until 'G	Indeed	the			
																		long	13 11 1		00033	the			
															Noi	se' is o	n?								
														1	Writ		Ir O	wn c		stion	s ha	sed o	on		
														1	the	inforr	nati	on ir	<u>n th</u>	e tim	etat	ole.		 	

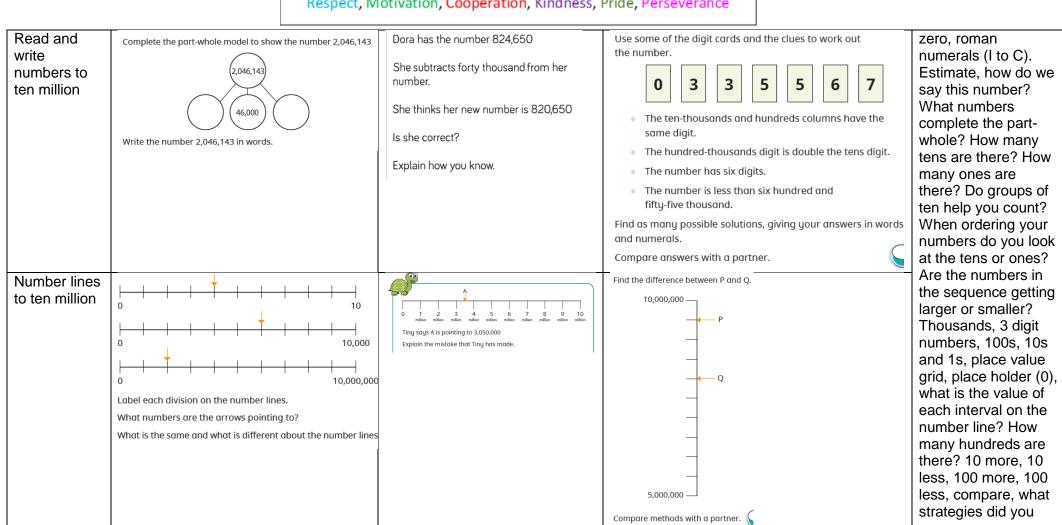








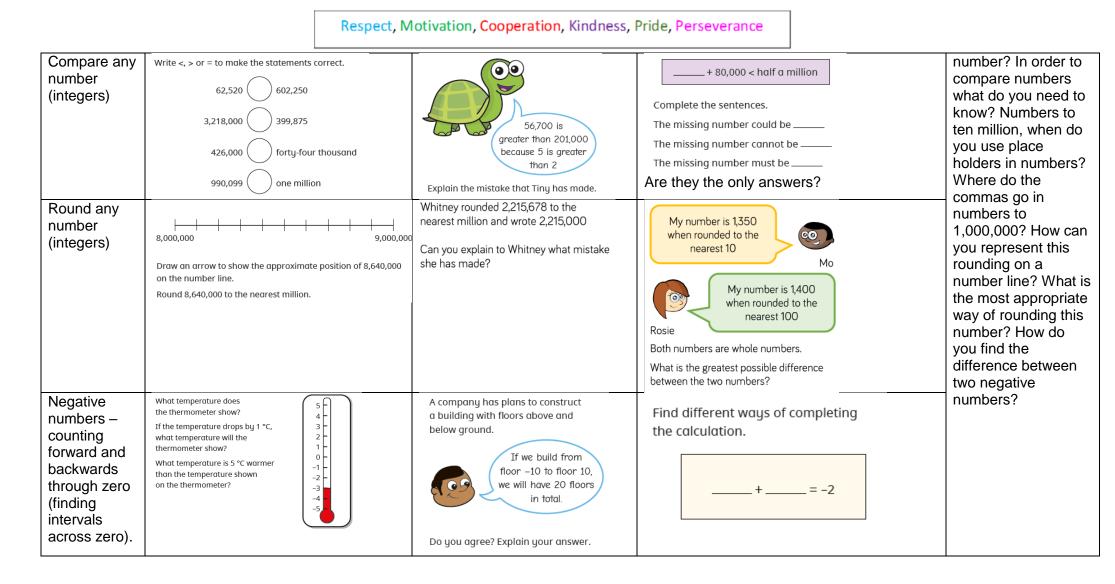






Powers of 10.	What number is shown in the place value chart?       HTh     TTh       HTh     T	I have multipled the number by 10. Am I correct? Give reason	The Gattegno chart shows the answer to a calculation using powers of 10	use to compare the numbers? order,
Multiply and divide confidently by powers of 10.	Multiply the number by 10 and show the answer in a place value chart. What is the same and what is different? Multiply the number by 100 and show the answer in a place value chart. What is the same and what is different?	e Give	1,000,000       2,000,000       3,000,000       4,000,000       5,000,000       6,000,000       7,000,000       9,000,000         100,000       200,000       300,000       400,000       500,000       600,000       700,000       800,000       900,000         10,000       20,000       30,000       40,000       50,000       60,000       70,000       800,000       90,000         1,000       2,000       30,000       40,000       500       600       700       800       900         100       200       300       400       500       600       700       80       900         11       2       3       4       5       6       7       8       9         Find two integer calculations using powers of 10 that give this answer.         Give your answers as calculations, for example:	ascending, descending, Gattegno, how do you know when you have created the smallest/greatest number? What does each base ten represent? Can you represent the number in another
Order any number (integers)	Write the numbers in ascending order. 6,503,102 651,300 6,550,021 690,210	I have ordered this numbers in descending order. True or false? Convince me.	Compare answers with a partner.         Eva has put eight 6-digit numbers in ascending order.         • The first number in her list is 345,900         • The last number in her list is 347,000         • All the other numbers in her list have a digit sum of 20         • None of the numbers in her list have any repeated digits.         Find the other six numbers in Eva's list and write them in ascending order.	way? Part-whole, what are the values at the start and end point of the number line? Estimate, greater than, less than, equal to, inequality symbols, order, ascending, descending, what patterns do you see in the Roman Numeral system? Negative numbers, what is the value of each digit in the





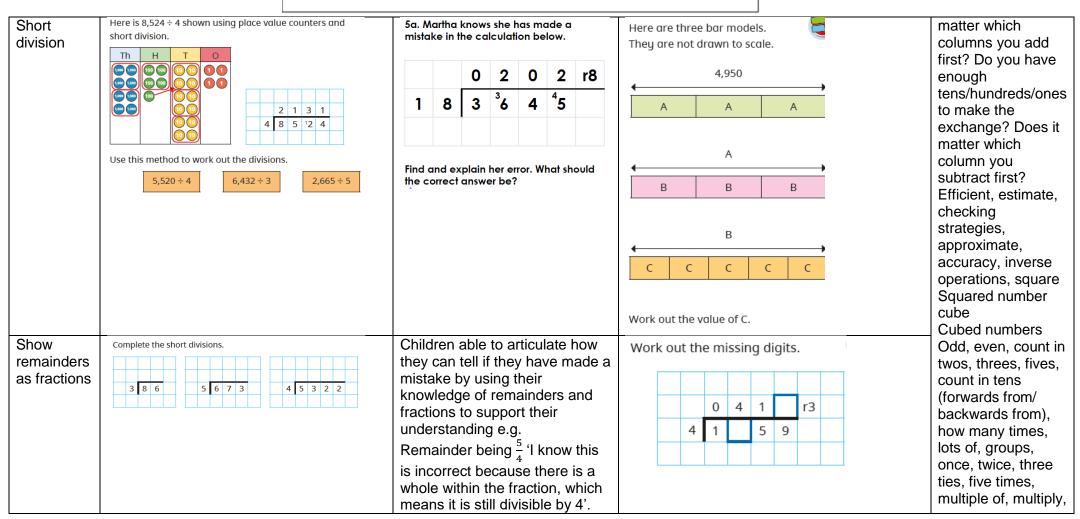


	Year 6											
	Number: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division											
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk								
Add any number (integers)	Work out the additions.         6       2       3         +       3       5       6       4       7         +       3       5       8       1       +       2       9       0       8       7         -	Here is a bar model.          A       B         631,255         • A is an odd integer that rounds to 100,000 to the nearest 10,000         • The sum of the digits of A is 30         • B is an even integer that rounds t 500,000 to the nearest 100,000         • The sum of the digits of B is 10         • A and B are both multiples of 5         What could be the values of A and B?         Explain your reasoning to a partner.	7a. The answer to an addition calculation using two 6-digit numbers is one million, ninety-eight thousand, three hundred and fifty-four. One 6-digit number has only even digits. What could the calculation be?	Which number represents the total? Number bonds, number line, add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether, inverse, double, near double, half, halve, equals, is the same as (including equals sign), difference between, how many more to,								



Subtract	Work out the subtractions.	Find the difference between A and B.	7b. The answer to a subtraction	how much more
any			calculation using two 6-digit numbers is	is?, subtract,
number	7     5     2     8     1     6     3     4     6     0     8       -     3     1     5     -     5     3     9     -     1     2     7     2     7		seven hundred and twenty-four thousand,	take away, minus,
(integers)		20,000 26,000	four hundred and twenty-seven.	how many fewer
		в		is than? How
			One 6-digit number has only odd digits.	much less is?
		32,500 42,500		Predicting, find, find
			What could the calculation be?	all, find different,
		Explain your method to a partner.		investigate, column addition, column
Multiply up to 4-digit	Work out the multiplications.	The product of a		subtraction,
number by	4 2 6 7 3 0 4 6	4-digit number and	2 3 4	multiples,
2 digit	x         3         4         x         7         3	a 2-digit number will		exchange, place
number		always have at least six digits.		holder (zero), how
			5 7 8	many tens can be
				added without
			Write the digits in the boxes to	exchanging?
			find the greatest product.	Patterns between
			You can use each digit once only.	calculations, which
		Do you agree with Dexter?		strategy would you
				use and why? Near
		Explain your answer.		numbers, estimate,
				reasonable, inverse, partition,
				exchange, what do
				you notice? Does it
				you no
L				

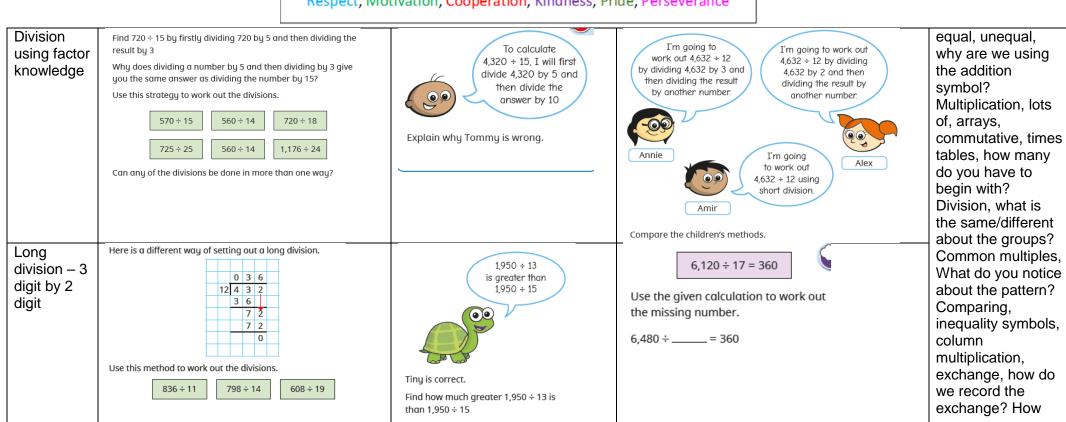






Show remainders	Children show division with money (pounds and pence).	True or False Convince me	Work out the divisions.	multiply by, repeated addition,
as decimals	Exchanging onto the decimal when having a remainder.	Prove the answer	275 ÷ 11 3,366 ÷ 11	array, row, column, double, halve,
uecimais				share, share
			6,036 ÷ 12 2,356 ÷ 12	equally, group in
				pairs, threes etc., equal groups of,
			Compare methods with a partner.	divide, divided by,
Short	650 children from a school go to a theme park.	Explain why you need x number	Children are faced with a range of problems	left, left over,
division	On the first ride, each car seats 4 children.	of carts when not all of them will	in different situations where they decide	describe the rule,
with	How many cars are needed for the whole school to go on the	be full?	whether rounding would be necessary.	product, multiples
remainders	first ride?			of; four, eight, fifty
<ul> <li>rounding</li> </ul>	On the second ride, each car seats 6 children.			and one hundred,
remainders	How many cars are needed for the whole school to go on the			scale up,
depending	second ride?			multiplication facts
on question				up to 12 x 12,
being				division facts,
asked.				inverse, derive,





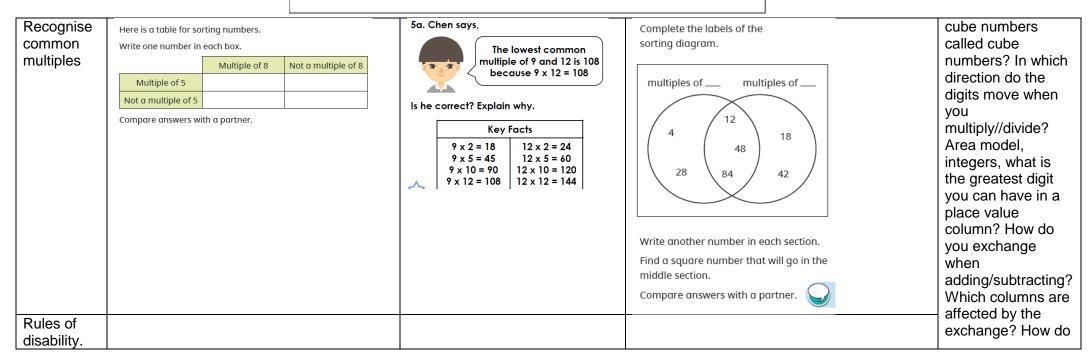


Long division 4 digit by 2 digit	There are 1,989 footballers in a tournament. Each team has 11 players and 2 substitutes. How many teams are there in the tournament?	Which calculation is harder? 1,950 ÷ 13 1,950 ÷ 15	Which numbers up to 20 can 4,236 be divided by without having a remainder? What do you notice about all the numbers?	can we partition our number? Remainder, scaling, times as many, systematically, possibilities, ten
Long division with remainders – interpret remainders when needed	Mrs Hall needs 380 cupcakes for a party. Cupcakes are sold in boxes of 15 How many boxes of cupcakes does she need to buy? Will she have any cupcakes spare? How do you know?	Explain why. 835 ÷ 17 = 48 r19 Explain why the calculation cannot be correct.	Two digits are missing from the division.	times bigger/smaller, hundred times bigger/smaller, how can dividing by 10 help you to divide by 100? What does zero mean? Fact family, multiples, commutativity, associative law, factors, factor pairs, correspondence problems, factors,

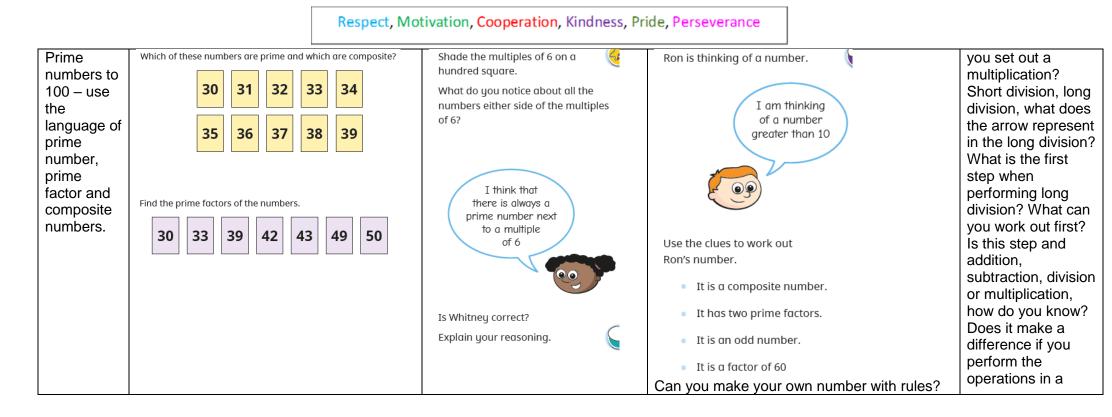


		Respect, Mot	tivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pr	ride, Perseverance	
Recognise common factors of two numbers with increased confidence – can record in Venn diagram and tables	List the factors of 24 List the factors of 36 What are the common factor	rs of 24 and 36?	A fruit stall has 49 pears and 56 oranges. The pieces of fruit are put into boxes with an equal number of pears or oranges in each box. Tiny There will be 8 pieces of fruit in each box There will be 7 pieces of fruit in each box Who is correct, Tiny or Jack? Explain how you know.	Brett has two pieces of string. One is 160 cm long and the other is 200 cm long. He cuts them both into smaller pieces. All the pieces are the same length. What are the possible lengths of the smaller pieces of string?	how do you find multiples of a number? Can a number be a multiple of more than one number? How do you find the factors of a number? Do factors always come in pairs? Prime number, composite number, why are square numbers called square numbers? Why are

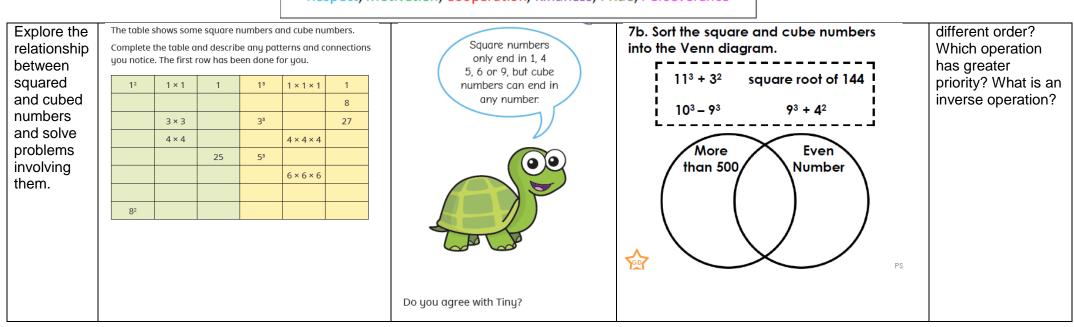




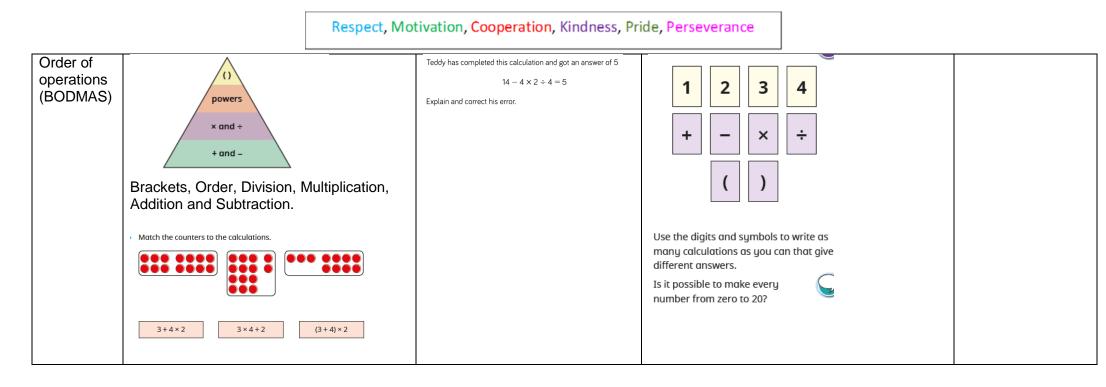




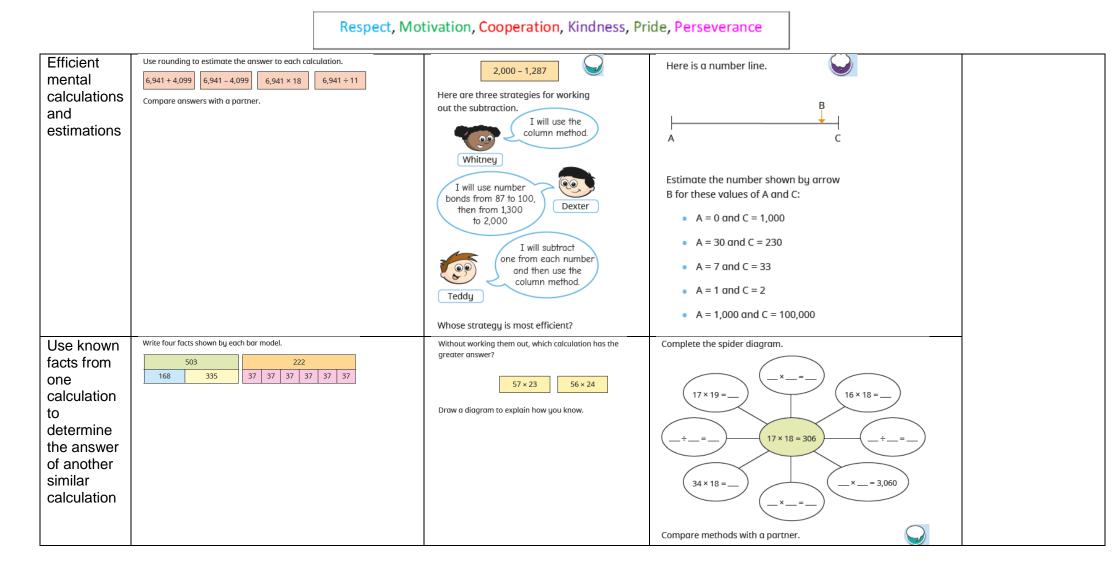














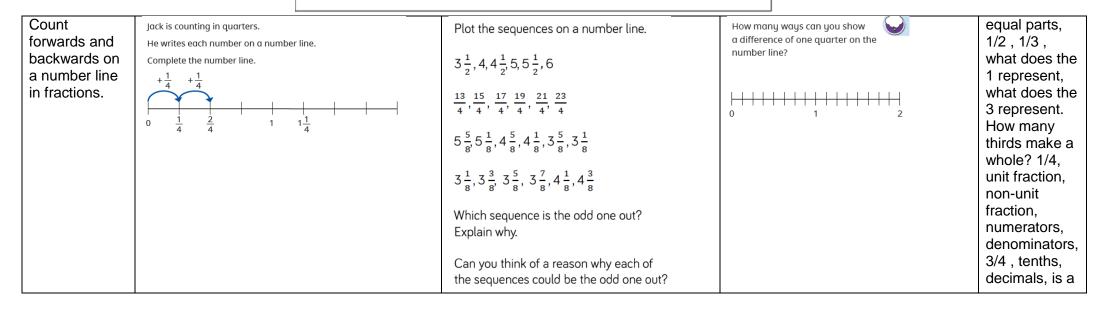
		Respect, Mot	tivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pr	ride, Perseverance	
Solve multi- step questions involving the four operations	<ul> <li>The total mass of apples in a box is 25 kg. The total mass of oranges in a box is 24 kg.</li> <li>There are 32 boxes of apples and 25 boxes of oranges in a supermarket. What is the total mass of apples and orange</li> <li>A customer orders 300 kg of apples and 600 How many boxes of fruit will the customer reference of the supermarket.</li> </ul>	ges? 10 kg of oranges.	What is the best way to solve this calculation? Explain why you think that. A coach has 55 seats and a minibus has 17 seats. 431 people from a school go on a trip. The school books 6 coaches and 8 minibuses. How many spare seats will there be?	24 bottles of water cost £15	

	Year 6				
	Number: Fractions				
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk	

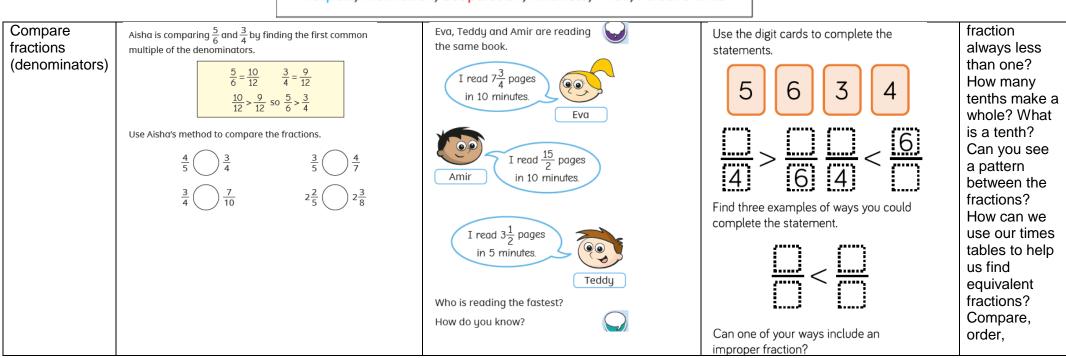


Simplify fractions using previous knowledge of equivalent fractions for support.	Alex is simplifying $\frac{8}{12}$ by dividing the numerator and denominator by their highest common factor. Factors of 8: 1, 2, 4, 8 Factors of 12: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12 4 is the highest common factor. Use Alex's method to simplify these fractions: $\frac{6}{9}  \frac{6}{18}  \frac{10}{18}  \frac{10}{15}  \frac{15}{50}$	Tommy is simplifying $4\frac{12}{16}$ $4\frac{12}{16} = 1\frac{3}{4}$ Explain Tommy's mistake.	Sort the fractions into the table. Simplifies to $\frac{1}{2}$ Simplifies to $\frac{1}{3}$ Simplifies to $\frac{1}{4}$ $5 \\ 15 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 10 \\ 9 \\ 12 \\ 2 \\ 8 \\ 12 \\ 8 \\ 12 \\ 8 \\ 12 \\ 8 \\ 12 \\ 8 \\ 12 \\ 8 \\ 12 \\ 12$	tenths, equivalent decimals and fractions, Whole, equal parts, four equal parts, one half, two halves, a quarter, two quarters, fraction, three quarters, one third, a third, equivalence, equivalent, unequal, are the parts equal? How do you know?
Equivalent fractions on a number line.				Splitting a whole into two

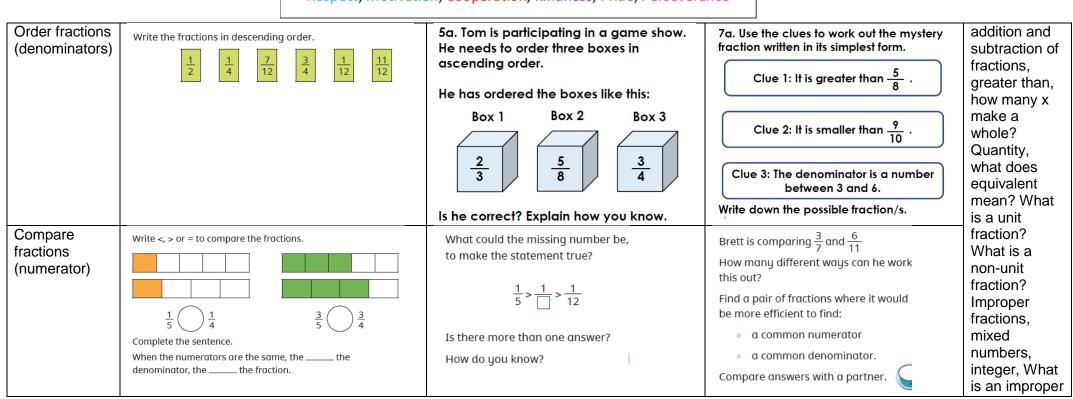








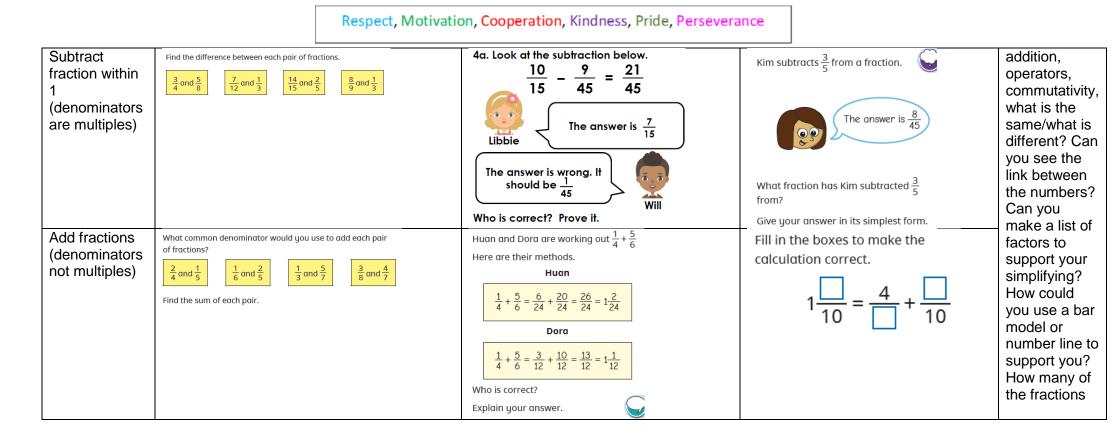






Order fractions (numerator)	Write each set of fractions in ascending order. $\frac{3}{3}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{3}{11}, \frac{3}{100}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{8}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{2}{10}, \frac{8}{12}, \frac{4}{6}$ $2\frac{3}{7}, 2\frac{6}{9}, 2\frac{18}{20}, \frac{20}{7}, 2\frac{3}{10}$	6b. Adeel ordered a set of fractions from largest to smallest.120 245 715 3045 8110 24Explain his mistake and write the fractions 	7b. Stephan measures three trees.         Tree A is 3 $\frac{15}{55}$ metres tall.         Tree B is $\frac{36}{10}$ metres tall.         Tree C is 3 $\frac{21}{49}$ metres tall.         Which tree is the tallest?	fraction? Convert, number sequences, if two fractions have the same denominator/ numerator, how can you
Add fractions within 1 (denominators are multiples)	Use the bar model to help add the fractions. 1 + 5 + 5 + 12 Work out the additions. 1 + 1 + 2 + 5 + 12 + 12	numerator. Tiny is adding fractions. Here are Tiny's workings. $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{15} = \frac{4}{20} = \frac{1}{5}$ Explain Tiny's mistake. Find the correct answer.	Use the same digit in both boxes to complete the calculation. $\frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{9}{20}$ Find all the possible answers.	decide which one is greater? Why do denominators need to be the same? Multiply, fractions of amount, repeated

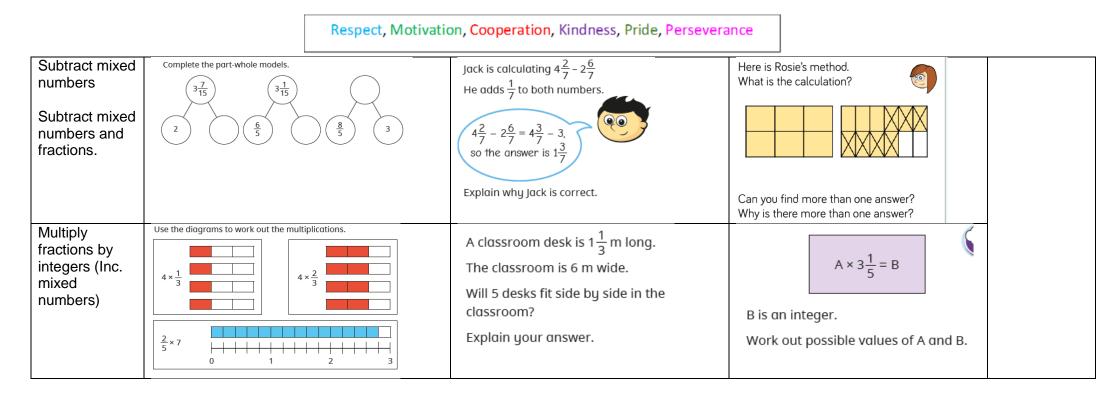




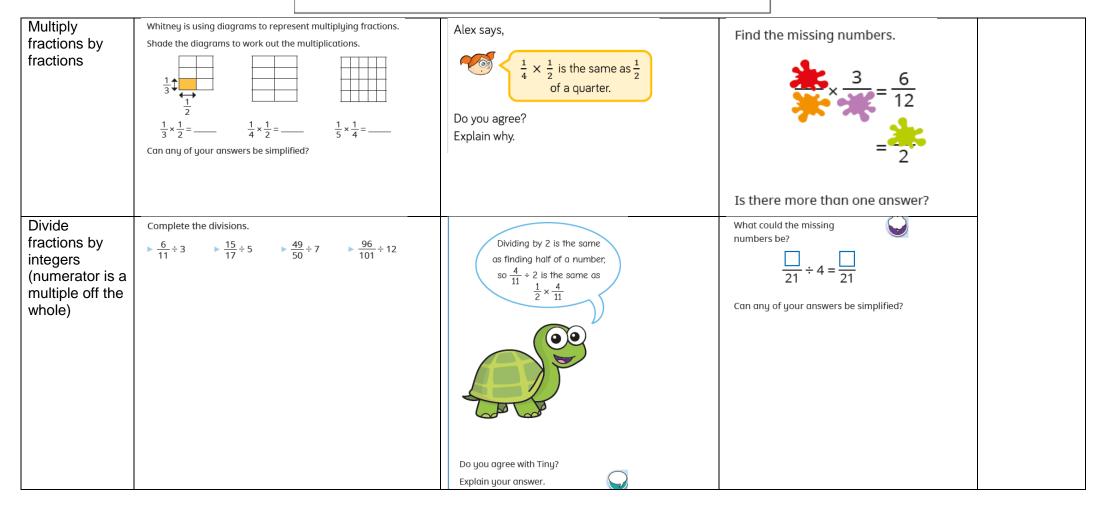


	Respect, Motivati	on, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Persevera	ance	
Subtract fractions (denominators not multiples)	Annie is calculating $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{1}{2}$ She finds the first common multiple of 9 and 2 first common multiple of 9 and 2 is 18 $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{14}{18} - \frac{9}{18} = \frac{5}{18}$ Use this method to find the differences. $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{4}{9} - \frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{5}{7} - \frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{11}{12} - \frac{3}{8}$	5b. Which calculation is the odd one out? A. $\frac{4}{5} - \frac{8}{12}$ B. $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{7}$ C. $\frac{4}{5} - \frac{2}{3}$ Explain how you know.	A car is travelling from Halifax to Brighton. In the morning, it completes $\frac{2}{3}$ of the journey. In the afternoon, it completes $\frac{1}{5}$ of the journey. What fraction of the journey has been travelled altogether? What fraction of the journey is left to travel? If the journey is 270 miles, how far did the car travel in the morning? How far did the car travel in the afternoon? How far does the car have left to travel?	for you need to convert? Multiples, factors, how can you partition the mixed numbers? Multiply, divide, when I multiply is my answer getting greater or
Add mixed numbers Add Mixed numbers and fractions.	What method would you use to work out the additions? $3\frac{2}{7}+4$ $3\frac{2}{7}+\frac{4}{7}$ $3\frac{2}{7}+4\frac{4}{7}$ How are they similar? How are they different?	8a. Olivia says, I think that $\frac{10}{7} + \frac{10}{4} = 3\frac{13}{14}$ . Is Olivia correct? Convince me.	On Saturday and Sunday, Nijah ran a total of $4\frac{1}{2}$ km. Suggest how far Nijah ran on each day. Find more than one answer.	smaller than each fraction? How many equal parts are there altogether? What is the value of each equal part?

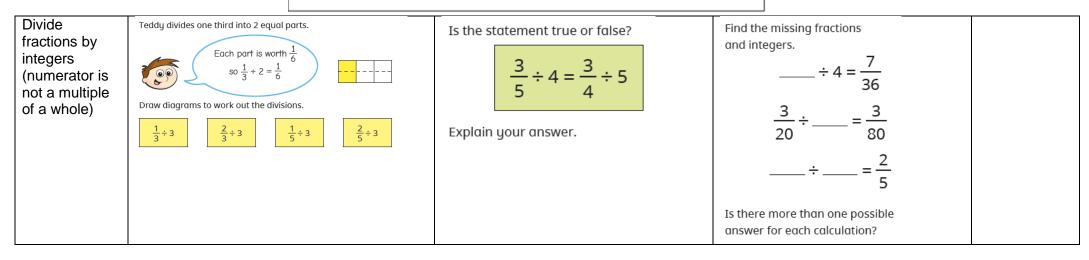




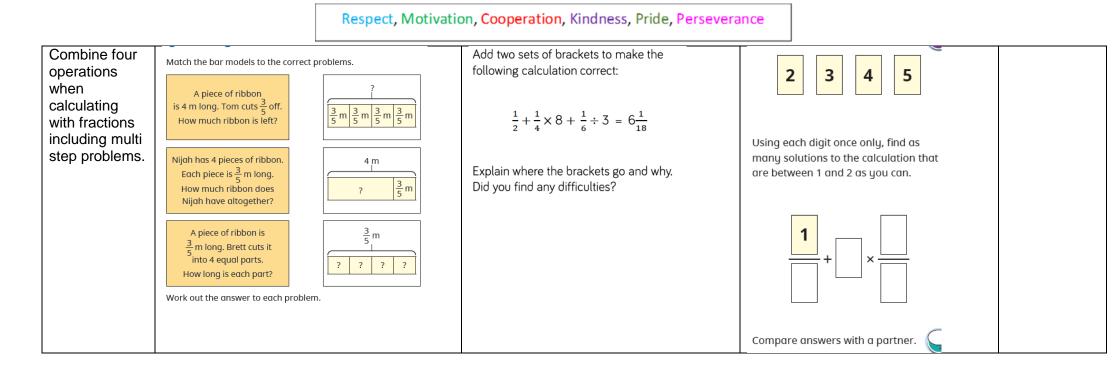




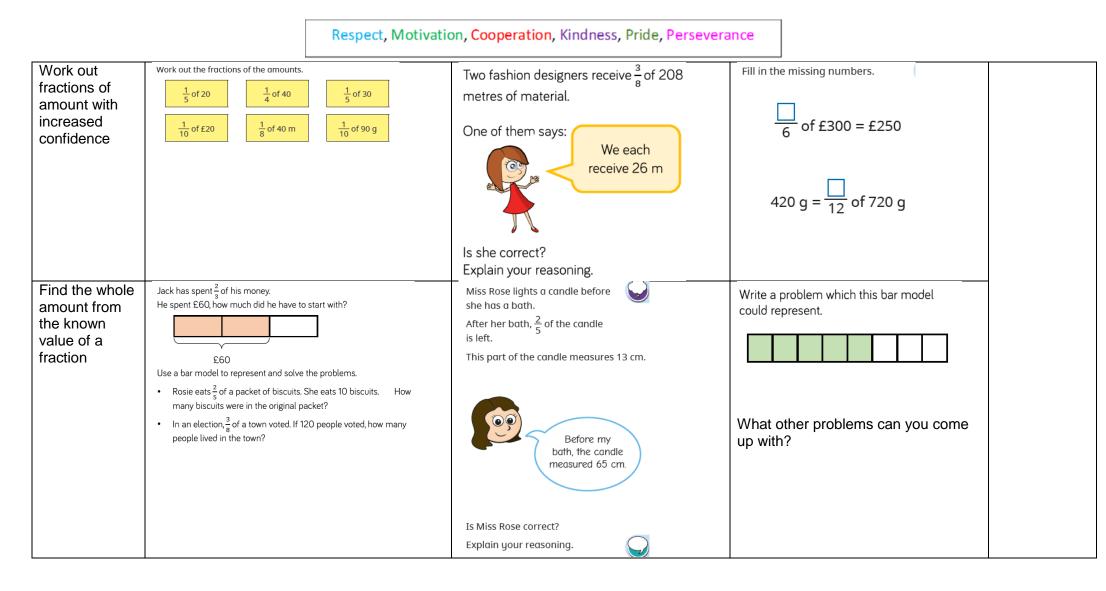












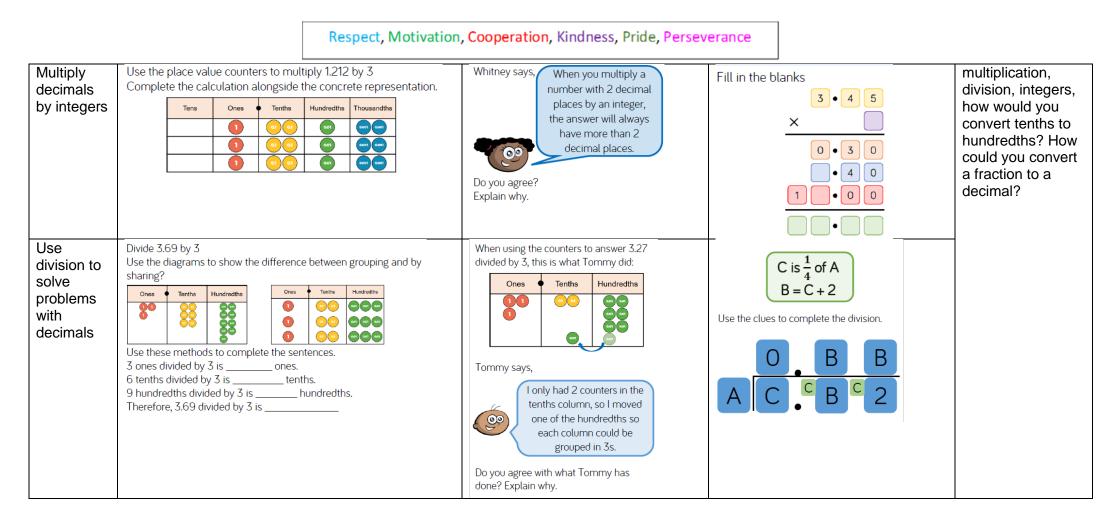


		Year 6		
		Number: Decima	Is	
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk
Describe value of up to 3 d.p.	Complete the sentences.	Tommy says, The more decir places a numb has, the smaller number is. Do you agree? Explain why.	ber er the 3.454 4.445	Decimals, tenths, hundredths, thousandths, equivalent decimals and fractions, order, compare, place value, what is a tenth? Where would we use tenths in real life? How many tenths are equivalent to a whole? Number line, relevant scale, divide by 10 – split into 10
Round decimals				equal parts, Gettegno chart,
Add and subtract decimals.				zero as a place holder, part, whole, decimal

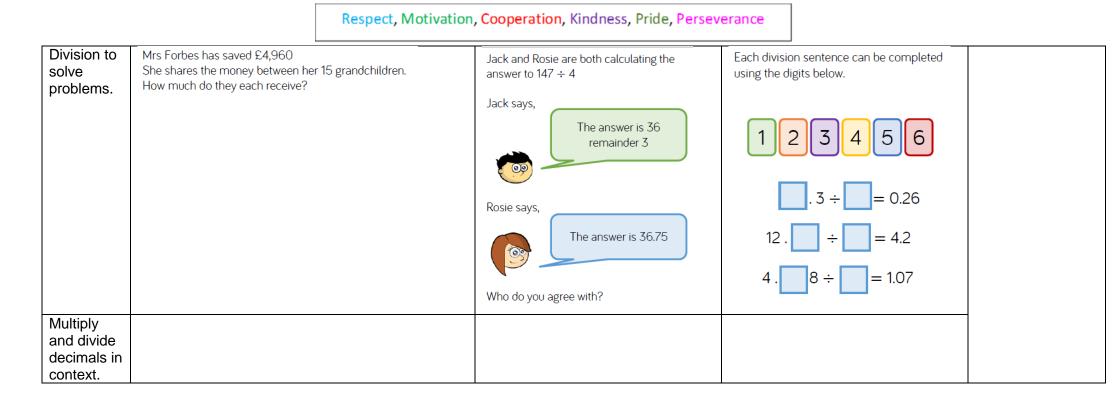


#### 9b. Create a calculation using the Multiply place, compare, Dora says, Identify the number represented on the place value chart. operation and number cards below. decimals order, ascending, Thousands Hundreds Ones Hundredths Tens Tenths by 10, 100 descending, which and 1000 digit do we use to When you multiply 0.375 37.5 375 3,750 compare these by 100, you should decimals? Round add two zeros. Multiply it by 10, 100 and 1,000 and complete the sentence stem up, round down, x 10 x 1,000 x 100 for each. integers, halves, When multiplied by \_\_\_\_\_ the counters move \_\_\_\_\_ places to the quarters, part-How many combinations can you make whole, what is the using two operations per calculation? value of x? When Cards can be used more than once. Do you agree? do we need to use Explain your thinking. zero as a place holder? Divide Use the place value chart to divide the following numbers by 10, 100 Using the following rules, how many ways Eva says, Complements. and 1.000 decimal by can vou make 70? number bonds, 10, 100 Use a number from column A Hundreds Tens Ones Tenths Hundredths Thousandths When you divide by 10, • sequences, rules, Use an operation from column B. • and 1000 100 or 1,000 you just multiply, divide, Use number from column C. • take away the zeros or move the decimal point. what do you notice Δ С 107 44 1.36 5 0.7 0.1 about the numbers 1 7 70 10 when you multiply/ 700 100 divide? When 7,000 1,000 multiplying/dividing what patterns do you notice? Do you agree? Column Explain why.











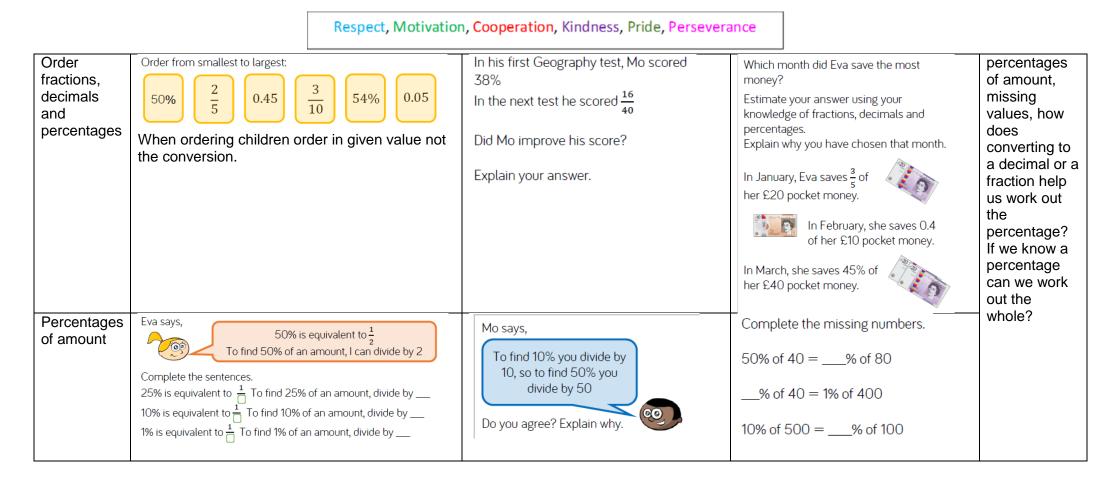
Write	Complete the ta	ole.		Alex says,	7a. Find the digits represented by the
decimals as	Decimal	Fraction in tenths or hundredths	Simplified fraction		Clue: The digit sum of the pentagon and the circle is 3.
fractions	0.6	$\frac{6}{10}$	$\frac{3}{5}$	0.84 is equivalent to $\frac{84}{10}$	and the circle is 3.
					$\bigcirc$ . $\bigcirc$ = $\bigcirc$ $\checkmark$
	0.95			Do you agree? Explain why.	Are there other possibilities?
Convert	Match the fractio	ns to the equival	ent decimals.	True or False?	Mo shares 6 bananas between some
fractions to decimals To find equivalents	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ \hline 5\\ \hline 1\\ \hline 25\\ \hline 1\\ \hline 4\\ \hline 4\end{array}$	0.0	4	0.3 is bigger than $\frac{1}{4}$ Explain your reasoning.	friends. Fiends. Fach friend gets 0.75 of a banana. How many friends does he share the bananas with? Show your method. Children could then explore alternative methods.

Year 6	
Number: Percentages	

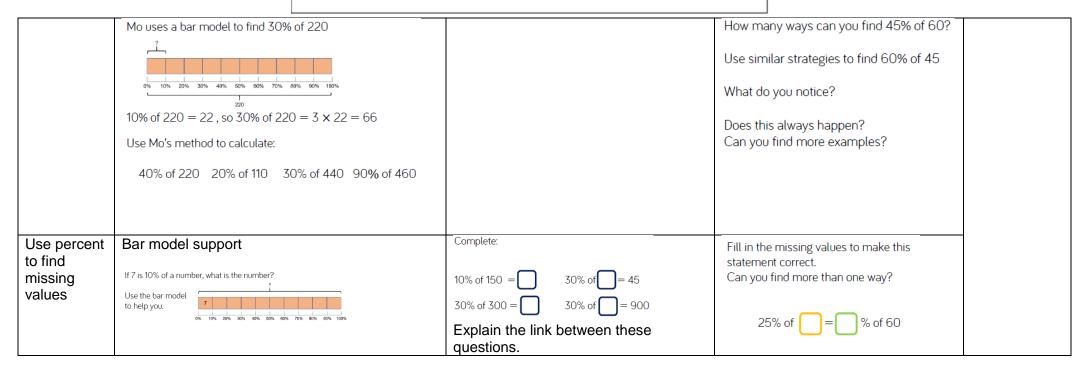


Objective	Skill it			Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk
Understand percentages						Percent, percentage,
Fractions as division						what is percentages,
Fractions to	Complete the tal	ble.	_	In a Maths test, Tommy answered 62%	9a. Issa has converted a fraction into a	per 100, %,
percentages	Fraction	Percentage	]	of the questions correctly.	percentage. He says,	per cent = per
	$ \begin{array}{r} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{10} \\ \frac{1}{5} \\ \end{array} $			Rosie answered $\frac{3}{5}$ of the questions correctly. Who answered more questions correctly? Explain your answer.	My numerator contains a 2 and my denominator contains a 3. My percentage is equal to or >60%. What could his fraction and percentage combinations be? Find four examples each with a different denominator.	hundred, fraction, decimal, equivalent, how can you convert tenths to hundredths? What does
Equivalent	Complete the table.			Amir says 0.3 is less than 12% because 3	How many different fractions can you	per cent
fractions,	Decimal	Fraction	Percentage	is less than 12	make using the digit cards?	mean? Equivalent
decimals	0.35	35 100	35%	Euclain why Appir is wrong		fractions,
and percentages	0.27			Explain why Amir is wrong.	123456	decimals,
	0.6				How many of the fractions can you	percentages,
	0.06				convert into decimals and percentages?	order,





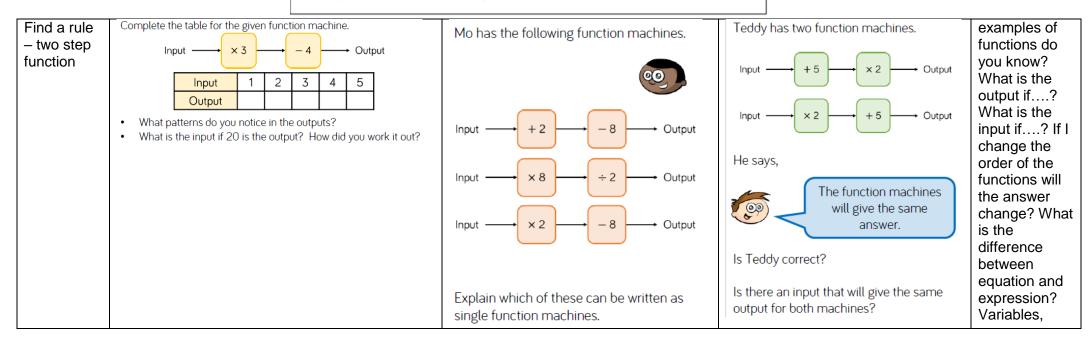






	Year 6						
		Number: Algebra					
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk			
Find a rule – one step function	<ul> <li>Here is a function machine.</li> <li>Input</li></ul>	5a. If the function for the number of wizards is the number of ninjas x 7, how many wizards are there?	Eva has a one-step function machine. She puts in the number 6 and the number 18 comes out. 6	Function, input, output, algebra, rile, expressions, substitution, values, equations, what do you think one-step function means? What			







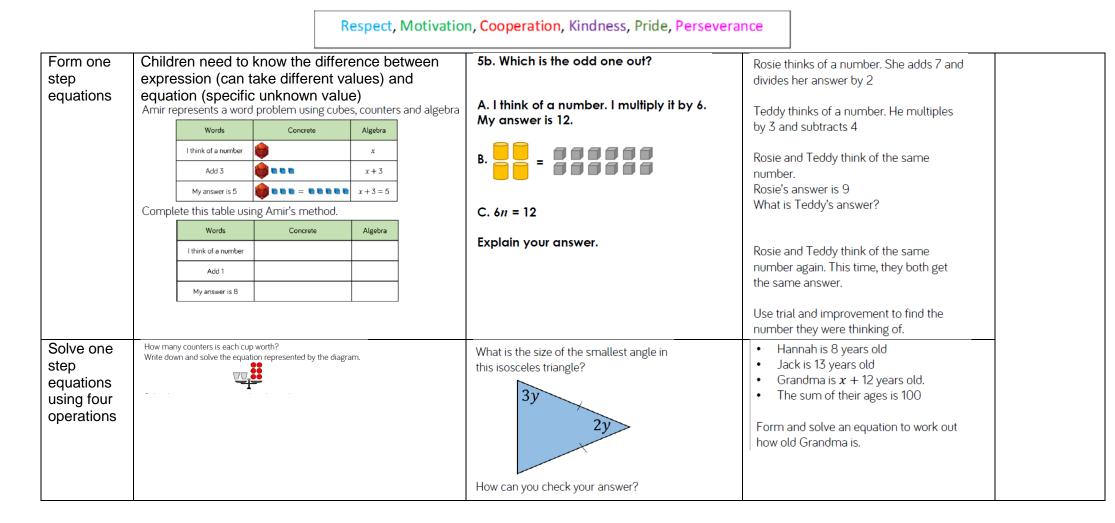
#### Amir inputs m into these function Forming 100 integer values, This function machine gives the same Mo uses cubes to write expressions for function machines. machines. trial and expressions output for every input. Input Output Input Output improvement, For example if the input is 5 then the output is 5 and so on. working Output systematically, x 2 Input Output Output Input x 2 Use Mo's method to represent the function machines. What is the output for each machine when the input is a? What is the missing part of the function? He says the outputs of the machines will be the same. Output Input +2 Output Input x 3 What other pairs of functions can you think that will do the same? Do you agree? Explain your answer. Substitution ' If $\checkmark$ = 7 and $\checkmark$ = 5, what is the value of: Here are two formulae. x = 2c + 6 $\bigstar + \heartsuit + \heartsuit$ p = 2a + 5Whitney says, If a = 7 and b = 5 what is the value of: x = 12 because cmust be equal to 3 a+b+bc = 10 - pbecause it's the 3rd What is the same and what is different about this question? letter in the alphabet Is Whitney correct? Find the value of *c* when a = 10Amir says, When c = 5, x = 31Amir is wrong. Explain why. What would the correct value of x be?



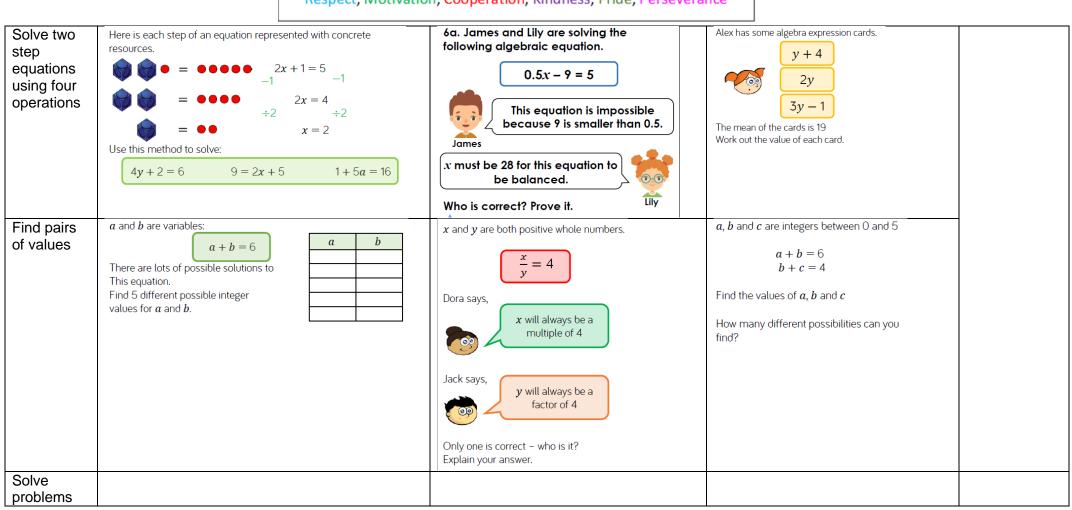
E

		Respect, Motivation	n, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Persevera	ince		
Use simple formulae to work out	Which of the following is a formula? $P = 2l + 2w \qquad $	20 = 3x - 2	6a. The formula for calculating speed ( $s$ ) is distance ( $d$ ) divided by time ( $t$ ).	The rule for making so as much flour $(f)$ as f		
values	Link to area and volume.		Which two formulae represent this?	Which is the correct for this?	ormula to represent	
			A. $s = d \div t$ B. $s = t \div d$	(A) b	В	
			C. $s = \frac{d}{t}$ Explain how you know.	$f = \frac{1}{4}$	f = 4b	
				f = b + 4 Explain why the others	4f = b	











with two			
unknowns.			

	Year 6						
Number: Ratio							
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk			
Understand that a ratio shows the relationship between two values – using ratio language	Complete the sentences.	Whitney lays tiles in the following pattern	8a. Euan has some red, blue and yellow counters. There are 4 blue counters for every red counter, and 16 counters altogether.	Ratio, relationship, value, fractions,			
	For every two blue flowers there are pink flowers. For every blue flower there are pink flowers.	If she has 16 red tiles and 20 yellow tiles remaining, can she continue her pattern without there being any tiles left over? Explain why.	Write all the possible sentences to show how many of each counter Euan may have.	symbol, scale, scale factors, enlarge, proportion, calculate, relationship between values, comparison, quantities, ratio symbol, what does the : symbol mean in the context			
See the link between ratio and fractions	The ratio of red counters to blue counters is $1 \div 2$ What fraction of the counters is blue? $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ What fraction of the counters is red? $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{2}{3}$	Which is the odd one out? Explain your answer.	<ul> <li>7b. Spencer is baking biscuits using oats, sugar and butter.</li> <li>The ingredients weigh 1,200g in total.</li> <li>Write 5 pairs of fractions to show the possible ratio of oats to sugar to butter.</li> <li>Show the fractions in their simplest form.</li> </ul>				

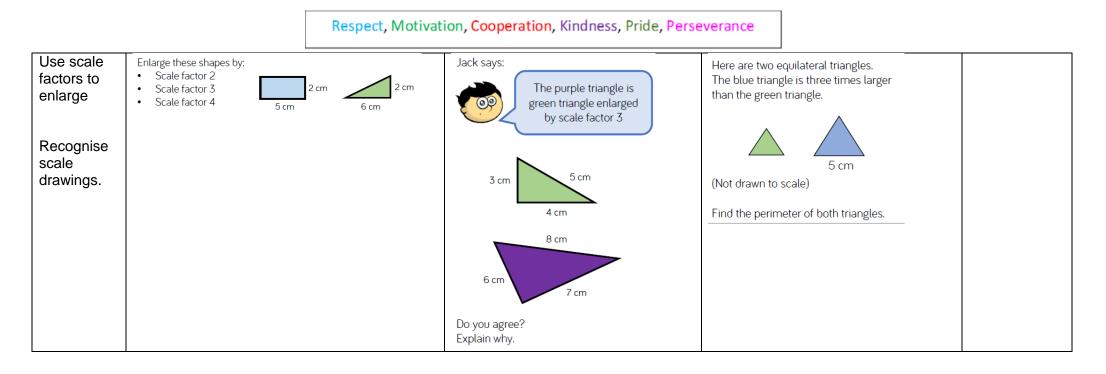


Know the ratio symbol	Complete:	<ul> <li>Tick the correct statements.</li> <li>Image: Constraint of the correct statements.</li> <li>There are two yellow tins for every three red tins.</li> <li>There are two red tins for every three yellow tins.</li> <li>The ratio of red tins to yellow tins is 2 : 3</li> <li>The ratio of yellow tins to red tins is 2 : 3</li> </ul>	In a box there are some red, blue and green pens. The ratio of red pens to green pens is 3:5 For every 1 red pen there are two blue pens. Write down the ratio of red pens to blue pens to green pens.	of ration? How can we represent the ratio using a bar model? For every there are what does similar mean?
		Explain which statements are incorrect and why.		

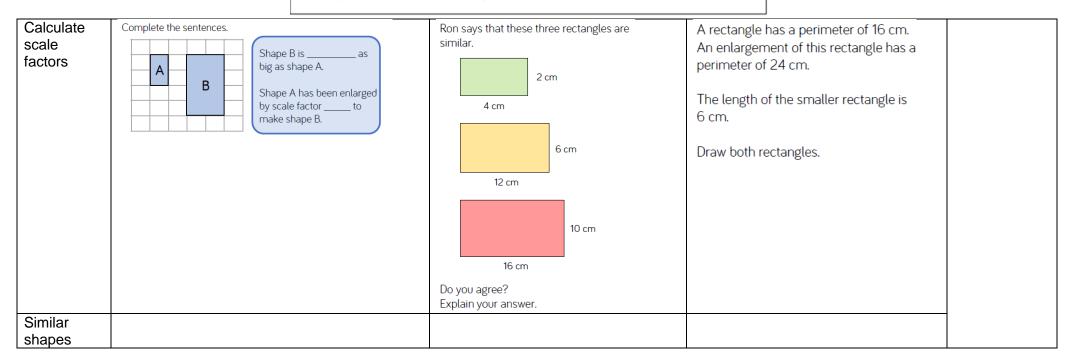


Calculate ratio	A farmer plants some crops in a field. For every 4 carrots he plants 2 leeks. He plants 48 carrots in total. How many leeks did he plant?	5a. A florist is arranging flowers. She wants to arrange the flowers using the ratio 3 yellow flowers to every 1 red flower.	Annie is making some necklaces to sell. For every one pink bead, she uses three purple beads.
	How many leeks did he plant? How many vegetables did he plant in total?	Have the flowers been arranged correctly? Explain your answer.	Each necklace has 32 beads in total. The cost of the string is £2.80 The cost of a pink bead is 72p. The cost of a purple bead is 65p. How much does it cost to make one necklace?

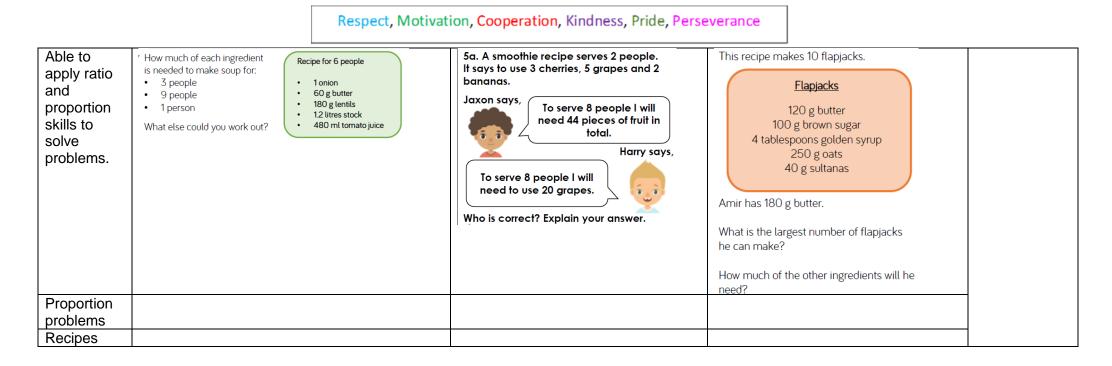








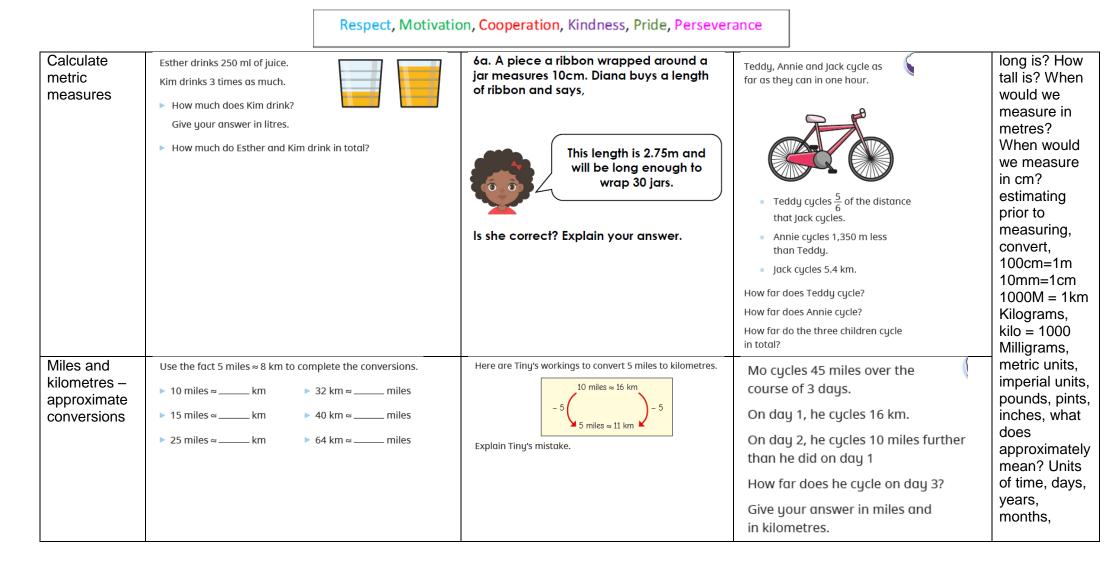






	Year 6					
Measurement: Converting units						
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk		
Read, write and recognise all metric measures for length, mass and capacity.	Sort the units of measurement into the table.         km       L       kg       mm       tonnes       g       cm       mL       m         Length       Mass       Capacity	It is impossible to measure the mass of a car in grams! Do you agree with Amir? Explain your thinking.	Ron's dog is about $\frac{1}{4}$ of the height of the door. Ron is three times the height of his dog.	Height, length, compare, measure, long, short, longer, shorter, narrow, wide, centimetre, metre, kilometre, taller, millimetre, nearest cm, measuring from 0, how		
Convert metric measures	Kg and 1,000 kg in 1 tonne.         Use this fact to complete the tables.         g       kg       tonnes         3,000       7,000       8         2,500       9,500       9,500	Dani thinks that 12,000 g is greater than 20 kg because 12,000 > 20 Do you agree? Explain your answer.	A shop sells one-litre bottles of water for 99p each. 300 ml bottles of water are on offer at 8 bottles for £2 Whitney wants to buy 12 litres of water. Find the cheapest way she can do this.			





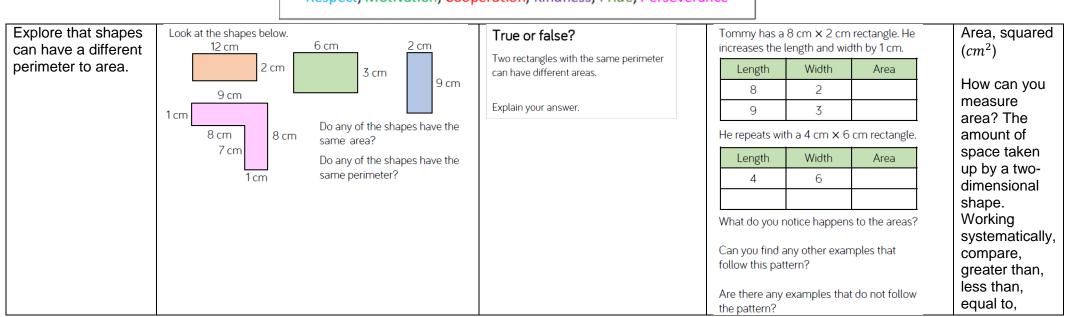


		Respect, Motivatio	on, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Persevera	ance	
Imperial measures Children need	Sort the units of measurement int		Amir wants to make a cake. Here are some of the ingredients he needs:	9b. Felix is ordering food for his party; each food item costs £10 per 100oz.	hours, minutes, seconds,
to know and use the	stone inch metr	e millimetre tonne	8 ounces caster sugar	Amount Needed	timetables, when do we
following facts:	gallon ounce pour	id foot kilometre	<ul><li> 6 ounces flour</li><li> 6 ounces butter</li></ul>	2 pounds sausages	use timetables in
• 1 foot is equal to 12	Length	Mass Capacity	This is what he has in his cupboards:	0.5 pounds bread rolls	everyday life? Mass,
inches	Metric		<ul> <li>0.5 lb caster sugar</li> <li>0.25 lb flour</li> </ul>	1 pound ketchup	capacity,
<ul> <li>1 pound is equal to 16 ounces</li> <li>1 stone is equal to 14 pounds</li> <li>1 gallon is equal to 8 pints</li> <li>1 inch is approximately</li> <li>2.5 cm</li> </ul>	Imperial		<ul> <li>0.25 Ib flour</li> <li><sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub> lb butter</li> <li>Does Amir have enough ingredients to bake the cake?</li> <li>If not, how much more does he need to buy?</li> <li>Convince me.</li> </ul>	What is the total cost of the food?	miles, kilometres, approximate conversions, when do we use imperial units instead of metric units?



		Year 6		
Objective	Measurement:	Perimeter, Area and Volu		Mathematical
Objective	Skii it	Apply it	Deepen it	Talk
Calculate the perimeter of rectilinear/compound shapes – including those with missing lengths	10b. Calculate the perimeter. 14 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cm 0.12m ▲ 20.75cm	9b. Connie says, The perimeter is 47.5cm. 0.06m 0.06m 5.5cm 3cm 8.5cm 3cm Is Connie correct? Explain your answer.	8a. A farmer is building a new barn. It needs to be the following shape and size: Perimeter 124m All four sides need to include half metres. What could the length of each side be in metres?	perimeter, rectilinear, Orientation, Convert, what is perimeter? What are rectilinear shapes? Composite,







#### Find and draw height x Sort the shapes into the Carroll diagram. Rosie and Dexter are drawing shapes with Three children are given the same rectilinear shapes length, what an area of 30cm<sup>2</sup> rectilinear shape to draw. Quadrilateral Not a quadrilateral properties of that have the same Area of 12 cm<sup>2</sup> the shape do area Amir says, "The smallest length is 2 cm." Area of 16 cm<sup>2</sup> you need to Rosie's shape Alex says, "The area is less than 30 cm<sup>2</sup>." know work out 2 cm Annie says, "The perimeter is 22 cm." the area? Dexter's shape Compound 0.5 cm 10 cm What could the shape be? Now draw another shape in each section of the diagram. shapes, How many possibilities can you find? 5 cm irregular 60 cm shapes, 4 cm estimate. Volume, Who is correct? cubed, cm3, Explain your reasoning. same. Area of a right difference, angled-triangle compare, Area of triangles estimate. Count squares to calculate the area of each triangle. What is the same about these two through counting capacity, how triangles? squares What is different? is capacity

Mo says the area of this triangle is 15cm<sup>2</sup>

Is Mo correct? If not, explain his mistake.

(approximation)

different to

can we find

What is the

difference

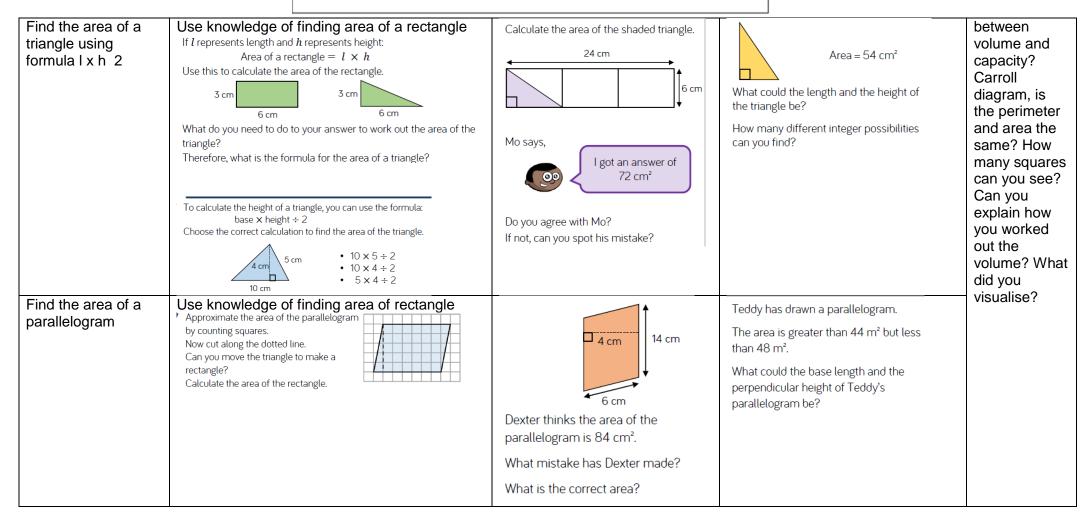
Can you create a different right angled

triangle with the same area?

the volume of this shape?

volume? Greatest. smallest, how





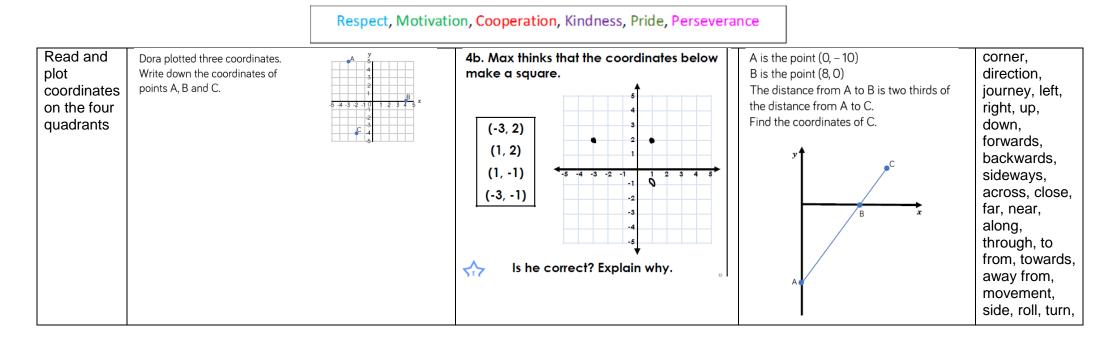


#### Find volume -If each cube has a volume of 1 cm<sup>3</sup>, find the volume of each solid. Tommy is making cubes using multilink. Amir says he will need 8 cm<sup>3</sup> to build this He has 64 multilink cubes altogether. counting cubes shape. Dora says she will need 10 cm<sup>3</sup>. How many different sized cubes could he make? He says, If I use all of my multilink to make 8 00 larger cubes, then each of these will be 2 by 2 by 2. Who do you agree with? How many other combinations can Tommy make where he uses all the Explain why. cubes? Find volume of a How many different ways can you Complete the sentences for each cuboid. Rosie says, cuboid using formula make a cuboid with the volume of You can't calculate the The length is: 4 cm $36 cm^{3}$ ? hxlxw The width is: \_ volume of the cube 5 cm The height is: 3 cm because you don't know 5 cm 0 the width or the height. 3 cm The area of the base is: \_\_\_\_\_ × \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_ Volume = The area of the base $\times$ \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_ 2 cm Do you agree? Explain why.



			Year 6		
		G	eometry: Position and direction	n	
Objective	Skill it		Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk
Read and plot coordinates on the first quadrant	Whitney plots three coordinates. Write down the coordinates of points A, B and C.		Mo has written the coordinates of points A, B and C. A (1, 1) B (2, 7) C (3, 0) Mark Mo's work and correct his mistakes.	Eva is drawing a trapezium. She wants her final shape to look like this: Eva uses the coordinates (2, 4), (4, 5), (1, 6) and (5, 6). Will she draw the shape that she wants to? If not, can you correct her coordinates?	underneath, above, below, top, bottom, side, on, in, outside, inside, around, in front, behind, front, back, below, after, beside, next to, opposite, apart, between, middle, edge, centre,

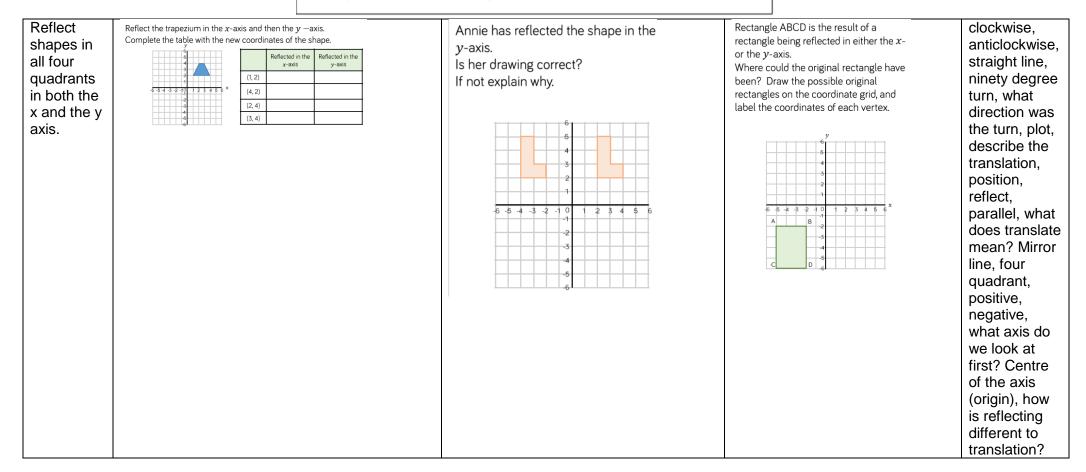






Translate shapes and	Use the graph to describe the translations.	Spot the Mistake.	8a. Here are the coordinates of a shape: (4, 2), (4, 10), (10, 10), (10, 6), (12, 6), (12, 2). If one coordinate translates to (-3, -3),	whole turn, half turn,
points in all four quadrants	From A to B translate 8 units to the left. From C to D translateunits to the right andunits down.	The green triangle has been translated 6 units to the left and 3 units down.	what could the other coordinates be? Find 2 possibilities.	stretch, bend, rotation, clockwise, coordinates,
	From <b>D</b> to <b>B</b> translate 6 units to the and 7 units From <b>A</b> to <b>C</b> translate units to the and units	y 6 4 3 2 1 1 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -10 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -10 - -6 -5 - -6 -5 - -6 -5 - -7 - -6 -5 - -7 - -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7		translation, quadrant, x axis, y axis, Over, under, three-quarter turn, quarter turn, stretch, bend, rotation,

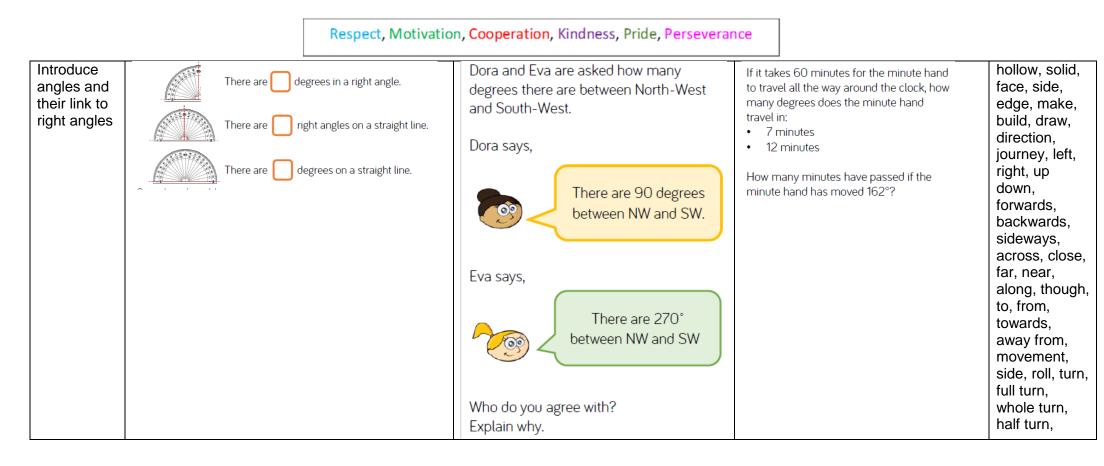




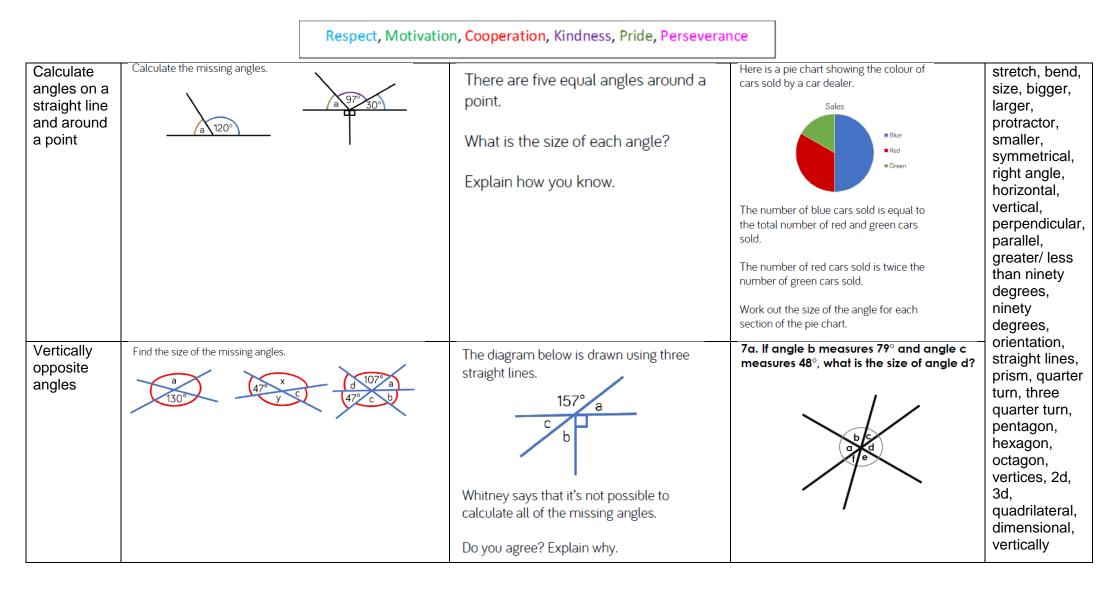


		Year 6		
	Gr	eometry: Properties of shape	e	
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical Talk
Measure angles with a protractor	Identify the type of angle, and measure the angle using a protractor.	Alex measures this angle:	Cut out a circle and draw a line from the centre to the edge. Add a spinner in the centre.	Group, sort, cube, cuboid, pyramid, sphere, cone, cylinder, circle, triangle, square, rectangle, shape, flat, curved, straight, round, corner (point, pointed)

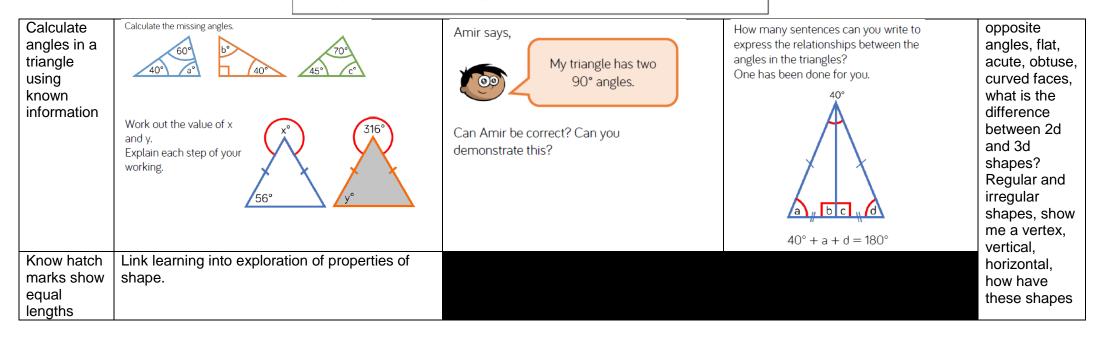




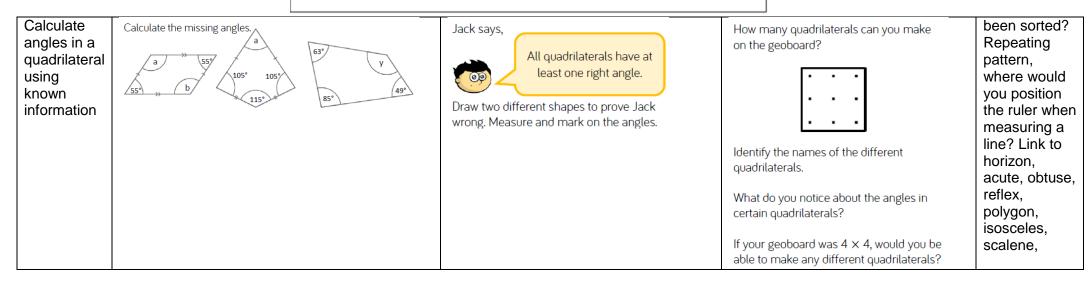








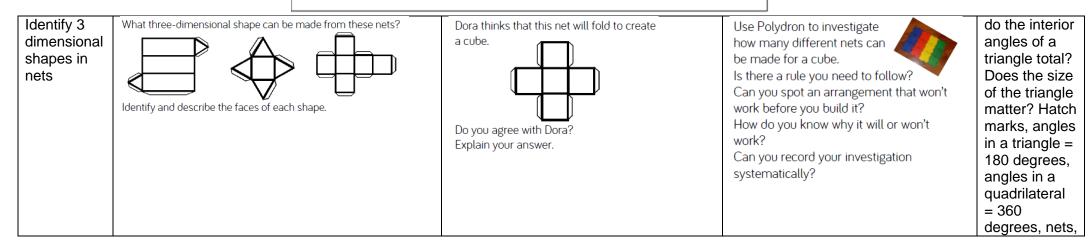






Calculate	Use t	he same m	ethod to co	mplete the	e table		6b. The sum of the interior angles of any	Use the clues to work out what shape	equilateral,
interior	0501						octagon will always equal 1080°.	each person has.	quadrilaterals,
angles in		Shape	No. of sides	No. of triangles	180 × no. of triangles	Sum of internal			rhombus,
polygons				triungles	thungtes	angles		Dora My polygon is made up of 5	parallelogram,
using		Quadrilateral	4	2	180 × 2	360°		triangles.	trapezium,
known		Pentagon	5	3					orientation,
information								The sum of my angles is Tommy	mirror line, 90
		Hexagon						more than 540° but less	degrees, 180
		Heptagon						than 900°	degrees, 360
								Alex	degrees, what is an angle?
	\//bat	: do you not	tion?					The sum of my angles is equivalent to the sum of	What is the
				um of anv	other polyg	ons?	Convince me that it is true.	angles in 3 triangles.	size of the
		/ 1	0	,	1 70				angle? What
								What is the sum of the interior angles of	unit do we
								each shape?	measure
Draw					draw the sh	apes.	5a. Asha says,	Eva has drawn a scalene triangle.	angles in?
shapes			n perimeter vith an area					Angle A is the biggest angle.	Angles
accurately						d a base of 6 cm.	I know that the interior angles of a regular	Angle B is 20° larger than angle C.	around a
			am with side				pontagon total 540° so	Angle C is the smallest angle, and it is 70°	point, how
							I think that one angle	smaller than angle A.	many right angles are
							will measure 110°.	Use a bar model to help you calculate the	there in a full
								size of each angle, then construct Eva's	turn? What is
							ls Asha correct? Explain why.	triangle.	a polygon?
							Draw a regular pentagon with sides of		Protractor,
							5cm. Check the size of each interior	Is there more than one way to construct	interior,
							angle.	the triangle?	exterior, what





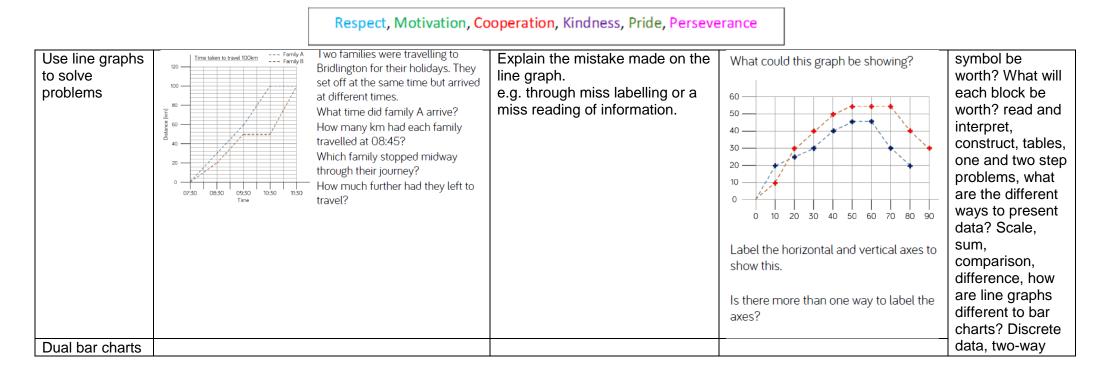


		Year 6		
	Statistics (can link acro	ss curriculum e.g. COMPUTING	/Topic/P.E)	
Objective	Skill it	Apply it	Deepen it	Mathematical talk
Read and interpret line graphs	<ul> <li>Provide questions where children have to retrieve information from a line graph.</li> <li>What is the same/different about the two line graphs?</li> <li>At what time of the day was the most rainfall recorded?</li> </ul>	Explain the mistake made on the line graph. e.g. through miss labelling or a miss reading of information.	Write a story and 3 questions for each of the 3 graphs below.	Where might you see a line graph in real life? How can you make sure you rea the graph accurately? Line graphs, circle, pie charts, radius, diameter, circumference, compass, x and y axis, intervals,



Draw line graphs	Using a set of data, children then draw their own line graph. This could be from data gathered	This graph shows the distance a car travelled.	This table shows the distance a lorry travelled during the day.	scale, frequency, data, centre,
accurately	during science, measuring distances thrown in	35	Time Distance in miles	mean, Chart, bar
,	P.E. over a period of time.	5 25	7.00 a.m. 10 8.00 a.m. 28	chart, frequency
			9.00 a.m. 42	table, Carroll
			10.00 a.m. 58	diagram, Venn
		0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55	11.00 a.m. 70	diagram, axis,
		Rosie and Jack were asked to complete	12.00 a.m. 95	axes, diagram
		the graph to show the car had stopped.	1.00 p.m. 95	pictograms,
		Here are their completed graphs.	2.00 p.m. 118	continuous data.
		22 22 20	Create a line graph to represent the information, where the divisions along the	line graphs,
		Rosie:	x-axis are every two hours.	table, block
			Create a second line graph where the	diagrams, tally
		0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55	divisions along the $x$ -axis are every hour.	chart, quantity,
		Jack:	Compare your graphs. Which graph is	
			more accurate?	diagram, one to
			Would a graph with divisions at each half hour be even more accurate?	one
		Who has completed the graph correctly?	noor de eventriore accurate:	correspondence,
		Explain how you know.		what will each

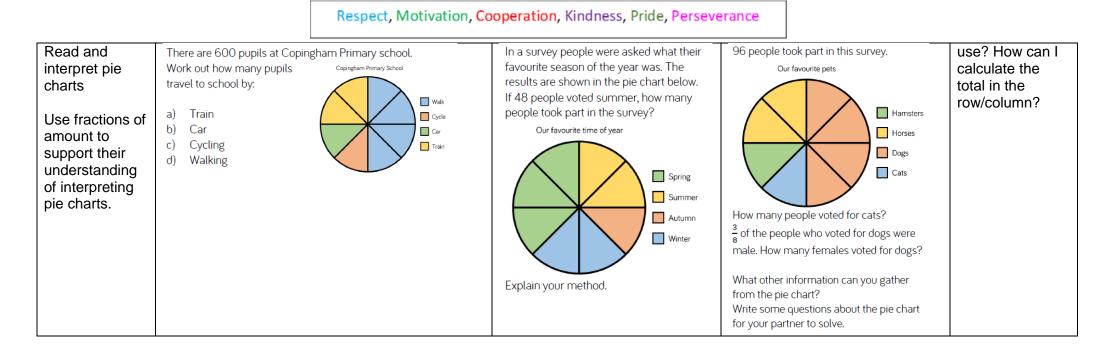




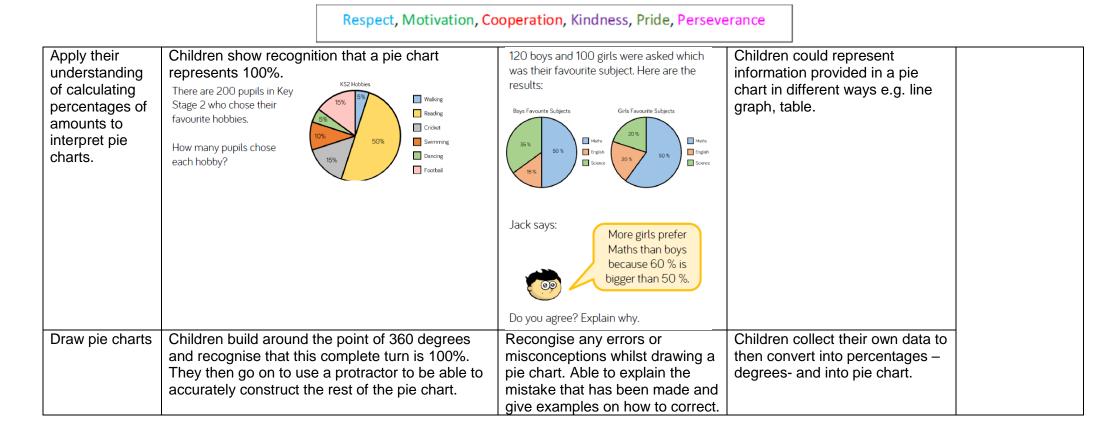


#### Respect, Motivation, Cooperation, Kindness, Pride, Perseverance Illustrate and Alex says: tables. Using the labels complete the diagram: Here are 2 circles. Circle A is blue; Circle B name parts of a is orange. The diameter of Circle A is $\frac{3}{4}$ the timetables, how The bigger the radius Radius circle diameter of Circle B. can we use a of a circle, the bigger Diameter the diameter. ruler to support us in reading line Centre graphs? How do Do you agree? Explain your reasoning. the vertical and Circumference horizontal lines support you in reading the line graphs, why are column and row If the diameter of Circle B is 12 cm, what is headings the diameter of Circle A? If the diameter of Circle A is 12 cm, what is important in a the radius of Circle B? table? If I am If the diameter of Circle B is 6 cm, what is finding the the diameter of Circle A? difference what If the diameter of Circle A is 6 cm, what is operation do I the radius of Circle B?

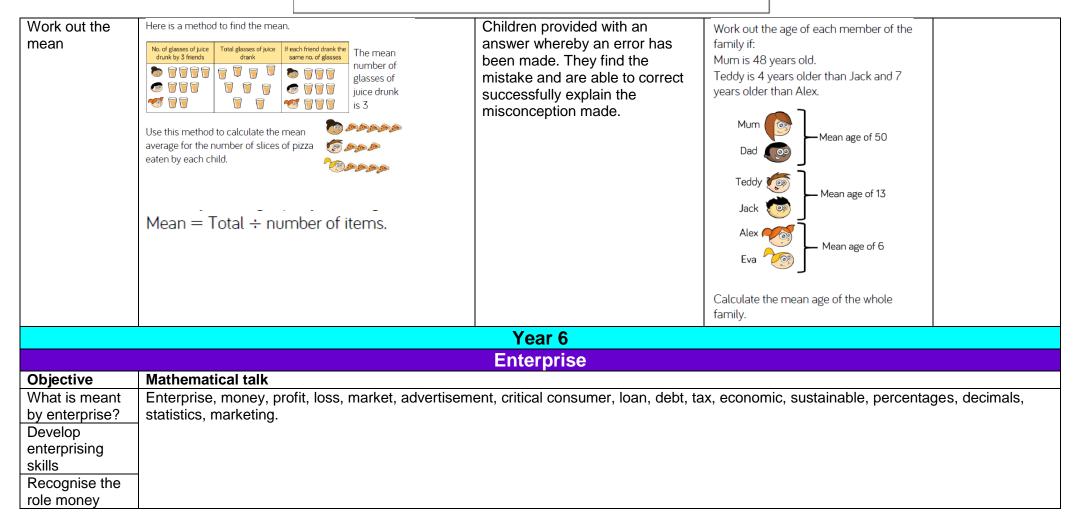














plays in their	
own and others'	
lives	
Manage money	
Recognise how	
to be a critical	
consumer	
Develop initial	
understanding	
of; loan,	
interest, debt,	
tax	
Recognise how	
resources can	
be allocated in	
different ways	
and how these	
economic	
choices affect	
individuals and	
sustainability of	
the	
environment.	
Solve problems	
using measure	
(money),	
percentages	
(profits),	



decimals,	
statistics	
Listen and	
respond to	
others	
appropriately	
Use spoken	
language to	
develop	
understanding	
through	
speculating,	
hypothesising,	
imagining and	
exploring ideas.	
Participate in	
discussions/	
presentations/	
debates	
Gain, maintain	
and monitor the	
interest of the	
listener.	